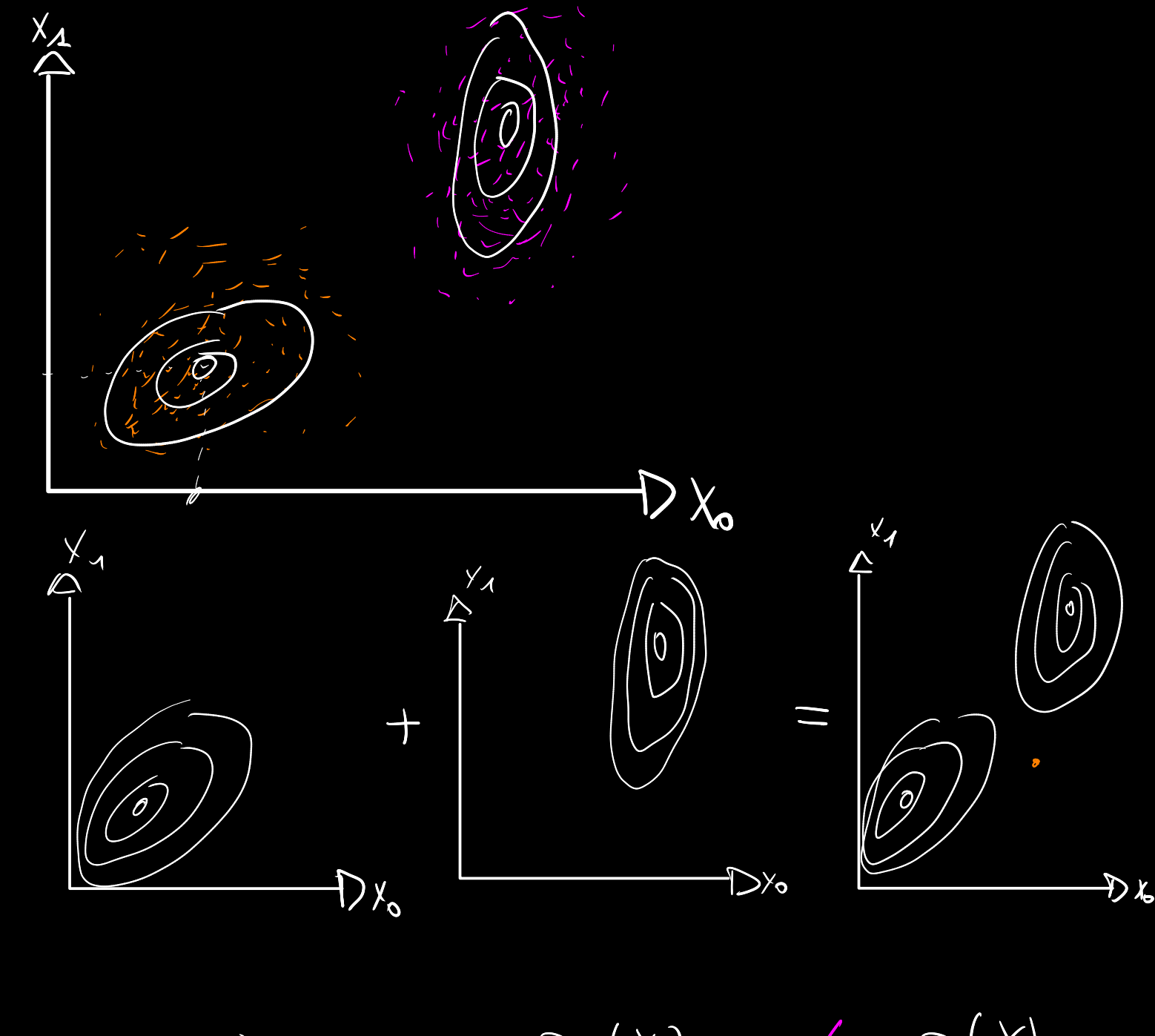


Multivariate Gaussian Mixture Models



$$p_0(\underline{x}) + p_1(\underline{x}) \neq p(\underline{x})$$

↑
violates normalization

↳ introduce "weighting" coefficients

$$p(\underline{x}) = \pi_0 p_0(\underline{x}) + \pi_1 p_1(\underline{x})$$

$$\text{in general } \sum_{d=0}^{D-1} \pi_d p_d(\underline{x})$$

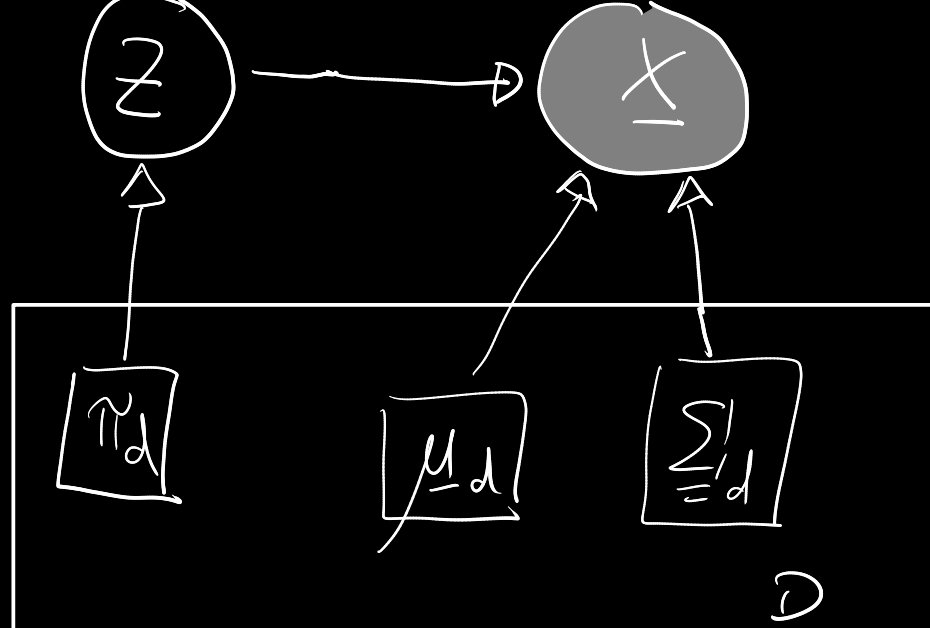
d Multivariate Normals

⇒ this is the marginal $p(\underline{x})$

↳ the assignment to one of the clusters/classes is a latent information

z ... cluster assignment

$$z \in \{0, \dots, D-1\}$$



$\underline{x} \sim \text{Multivariate Normal}$

$z \sim \text{Categorical}$

$$z \sim \text{cat}(z; \underline{\pi})$$

$$\underline{x} \sim \mathcal{N}(\underline{x}; \underline{\mu}_z, \underline{\Sigma}_z)$$

D ... number of clusters / classes

joint:

$$p(z, \underline{x}) = p(z) p(\underline{x} | z)$$

$$= \text{cat}(z; \underline{\pi}) \mathcal{N}(\underline{x}; \underline{\mu}_z, \underline{\Sigma}_z)$$

$$= \left(\prod_{d=0}^{D-1} \pi_d \mathbb{I}(z=d) \right) \frac{1}{\sqrt{(2\pi)^D \det(\underline{\Sigma}_z)}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2}(\underline{x} - \underline{\mu}_z)^T \underline{\Sigma}_z^{-1} (\underline{x} - \underline{\mu}_z)\right)$$

Marginalization

$$p(\underline{x}) = \sum_{d=0}^{D-1} p(z=d, \underline{x})$$

parameters

Categorical

Normal

$$D$$

$$D \cdot K$$

$$D \cdot \frac{K(K+1)}{2}$$

$$D \cdot \left(1 + K + \frac{K(K+1)}{2} \right)$$

$$\mathcal{O}(K^2)$$

problematic in high-dim spaces

3 forms of Multivariate Normals / Gaussian

	separate	shared
full	$D(1+K + \frac{K(K+1)}{2})$	$D(1+K) + \frac{K(K+1)}{2}$
diagonal	$D(1+K + K)$	$D(1+K) + K$
isotropic / spherical	$D(1+K + 1)$	$D(1+K) + 1$

e.g. all have variance of $\sigma^2=1$

↳ we always have to save $\underline{\pi} \in \mathbb{R}^D$ and D times $\underline{\mu}_d \in \mathbb{R}^K$

↳ savings occur in the covariance matrix