# bbclib

An experimental clib. Code is taken from some of my (sometimes very) old applications.

A big work is done to use literate programming with notangle and noweave from the noweb package.

### using noweb

To generate the code:

```
notangle rbuffer.nw > rbuffer.h
```

To generate the documentation:

```
noweave -delay -index rbuffer.nw > rbuffer.tex
```

### make

On Linux or Cygwin, you can choose the compiler. A simple *make clean all* will use *gcc*. If you want to use *clang*, or any other compiler, just do:

```
make compiler=clang clean all
```

This is the list of available compilers:

- gcc, default,
- clang,
- watcom, for Open Watcom, version 1.9, with Wine on Linux,
- bc5, for Borlandc, version 5, with Wine on Linux.

This is the list of available target:

- lib, create the library,
- exe, create the library and the test program,
- all, the default target, build the target,
- clean, remove all the results of compilation,
- tests, build and run the tests,
- analyze, static analysis of the code.

## debug\_printf

This printf was done to get formatted output on RS232, from embedded software. I try to get a nice version which

does not use too much memory and which is safe to use.

Usage is very similar to *printf* with limitations.

- %s: to print a string (all modifiers are ignored).
- %c : to print a char (all modifiers are ignored).
- %[0][n][l]d: to print integers (cf. (1)) in decimal. Modifiers are:
  - [0] fill with 0 or spaces (default),
  - [n] length of filling, must be at most 32 (cf. (2)),
  - [l] long integer (cf. (1)).
- %[0][n][l]x : to print integers in hexadecimal. Modifiers are as above.
- %[0][n][l]b : to print integers in binary. Modifiers are as above.

I did not find bugs... well , it's not a great guaranty.

#### Notes:

- (1) Integers are 16 bits wide and long integers are 32 bits wide.
- (2) No control is done about field length.