

```

1  #include <iostream>
2  using namespace std;
3
4  //function prototype
5  double *resize(double *Array, int &arraysize, int newarraysize, int count);
6  void currentArray(double *currArray, int &arraysize, int &count);
7  void newhighestaddress(double *updateArray, int array_capacity, double *pmax);
8  void newlowestaddress(double *updateArray, int array_capacity, double *pmin);
9
10 int main()
11 {
12     int count; //tracks the number of
13
14     //size of array given by user
15     int asize = 0;
16
17     cout << "Enter size of array: ";
18     cin >> asize;
19
20     //new size of array
21     int newsize = 0;
22     //newsize++;
23
24     //pointer to double variable
25     double *array = nullptr;
26
27     //allocate an array with size given by user
28     array = new double[asize];
29
30     //store in array with current size
31     currentArray(array, asize, count);
32
33     //store in array with updated size
34     array = resize(array, asize, newsize, count);
35
36
37     delete []array;
38     array = nullptr;
39     return 0;
40 }
41
42 //old array
43 void currentArray(double *currArray, int &arraysize, int &count)
44 {
45     int i = 0; // holds number of iterations
46
47     while(i<arraysize)
48     {
49         cout << "Enter a number into subscript[" << i << "] of array: " ;
50         cin >> *(currArray + i);
51         i++;
52     }
53
54     //display contents of array using for loop
55     /*
56     cout << "Numbers entered are: ";
57
58     for(int i=0; i<arraysize; i++)
59     {
60         cout << *(currArray + i) << " " ;
61     }
62     cout << endl;
63
64     //display the number of iteration
65     */
66     count = i;

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67     cout << endl;
68     cout <<"Iteration number: " << count << endl;
69
70
71 }
72 //updated array
73 double *resize(double *Array, int &arraysize, int newarraysize, int count)
74 {
75     double *p_max;
76     double *p_min;
77     double *NewArray = nullptr;
78
79     //allocate new array with updated size
80     NewArray = new double[arraysize + newarraysize];
81
82     //copy the contents from fold Array to NewArray
83     for(int i=0; i <arraysize; i++)
84     {
85         NewArray[i] = Array[i];
86     }
87
88     //add a new number in array
89     cout <<"Please enter element number " << count << ": ";
90     double add_element;
91     cin >> add_element;
92
93     //update new size of Array
94     arraysize = arraysize + newarraysize;
95     int capacity = arraysize;
96
97     //points to new added value
98     cout <<"Updating p_max to address " << &p_max << ", now pointing to value: "
<< add_element << endl;
99     cout <<"Read number: " << add_element << endl;
100
101     //deallocate memory space from old array
102     delete []Array;
103     Array = nullptr;
104
105     //add new number into new Array
106     for(int i=0; i<capacity; i++)
107     {
108         //assign new element to new array via pointer
109         *(NewArray+(capacity - 1)) = add_element;
110     }
111
112     //display updated contents of array
113     cout << "Current array elements: ";
114     for(int i=0; i<capacity; i++)
115     {
116         //display elements via pointer
117         cout << *(NewArray + i) << " " ;
118     }
119     cout << endl;
120     //display lowest element
121     newlowestaddress(NewArray, capacity, p_min);
122     cout << endl;
123     //display highest element
124     newhighestaddress(NewArray, capacity, p_max);
125
126     return NewArray;
127 }
128
129 //get lowest element in array
130 void newlowestaddress(double *updateArray, int array_capacity, double *pmin)
131 {

```

```

132 double lowest = 0;
133
134
135 lowest = *(updateArray); //assign subscript 0 as highest
136
137
138 for(int i=1; i<array_capacity; i++)
139 {
140     if( *(updateArray + i) < lowest)
141         lowest = *(updateArray + i);
142 }
143 //display lowest element and its variable address
144 cout <<"Current minimum = " << lowest << " at address " << pmin ;
145 }
146
147 //get highest element in array
148 void newhighestaddress(double *updateArray, int array_capacity, double *pmax)
149 {
150
151 double highest = 0;
152
153 highest = *(updateArray); //assign subscript 0 as highest
154
155 for(int i=1; i<array_capacity; i++)
156 {
157     if( *(updateArray + i) > highest)
158         highest = *(updateArray + i);
159 }
160 //display lowest element and its variable address
161 cout <<"Current maximum = " << highest << " at address " << pmax ;
162 }

```