

**TrackMe project - Argiro' Anna Sofia,
Battaglia Gabriele, Bernardo Casasole**



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Design Document

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1. Introduction

1.1 Purpose

1.2 Scope

1.3 Definitions

- *User*: a person, third-party or user, that has registered;
- *Individual User*: every registered person from whom the system collects data;
- *Third-Party User*: every entity registered with the purpose to request data for external use;
- *Live Data*: the data on a IU produced in real time.
- *Stored Data*: the data on a IU collected so far.
- *Data Request*: a request for data made from a TPU.
- *Stored Data Request*: a data request for stored data.
- *Subscription Request*: a request for subscribing to newly generated data.

1.4 Acronyms

- API: Application Programming Interface
- TPU: Third-party User
- D4H: Data4Help
- ASOS: AutomatedSOS
- T4R: Track4Run
- UX: User experience

1.5 Abbreviations

- Ab: abbreviation

1.6 Revision history

- **v0.1 - 27/11/18** Document created
- **v0.2 - 30/11/18** Component view

1.7 Document Structure

Introduction

Architectural Design

User Interface Design

Requirements Traceability

Implementation, Integration and Test plan

Effort Spent

References

2. Architectural Design

2.1 Overview

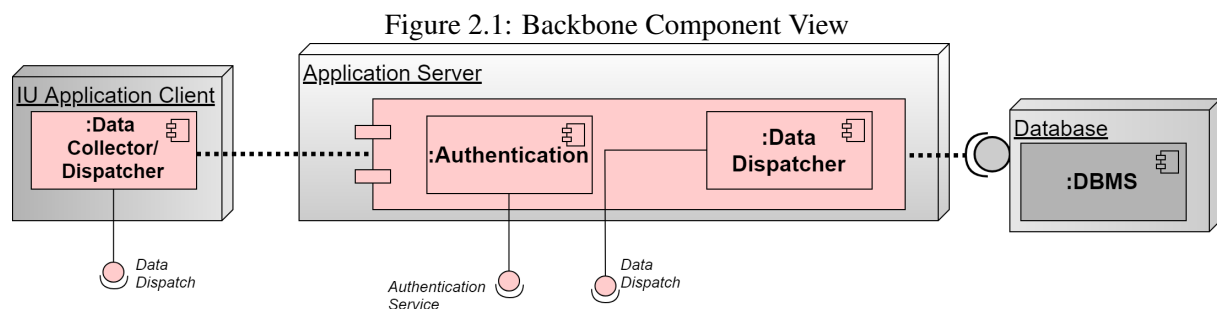
2.2 Component view

The system is divided in four subsystem:

- **Backbone:** The core of the system whose services are used from all othe subsystems
- **Data4Help**
- **AutomatedSOS**
- **Track4Run**

The last three are divided on the Application server in a router, to handle requests, and a module, connected to the DBMS, containing all other components of the subsystem.

2.2.1 Backbone



This is the backbone of the system: collects the data on the device, keep it synchronized though the system and provide functionality to receive Live Data and to access to Stored Data; furthermore provide functionality concernig authentication.

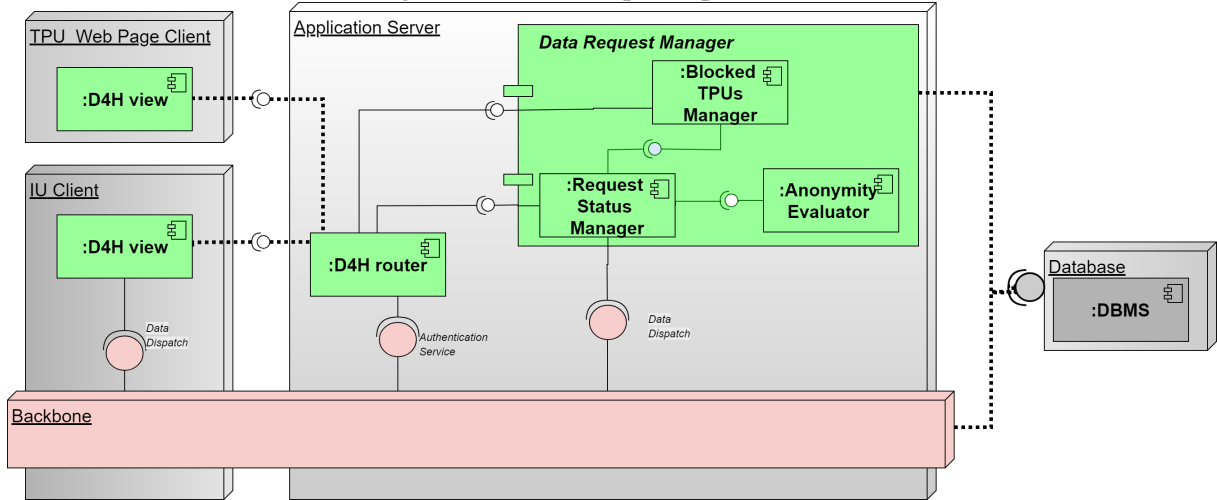
Data collector/dispatcher Allow subscription and publishes/dispatches the collected Live Data of the Individual User logged in from the device.

Authentication Offers services related to User authentication.

Data Dispatcher Allow subscription and publishes/dispatches the collected Live Data of all Users. Offers the functionality to access Stored Data of all Users.

2.2.2 Data4Help

Figure 2.2: Data4Help Component View

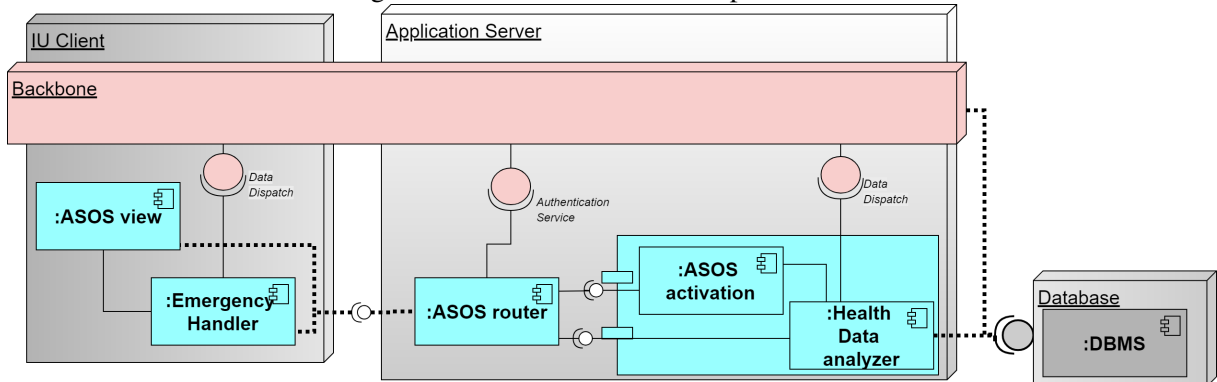


D4H router Validate the requests received from the client and dispatch them to the corresponding module or component.

Data Request Manager Provides functionality to create, approve, deny requests, block users and provide the relative data; Anonymity Evaluator is responsible to check anonymity constraints.

2.2.3 AutomatedSOS

Figure 2.3: AutomatedSOS Component View



ASOS router Validate the requests received from the client and dispatch them to the corresponding module or component.

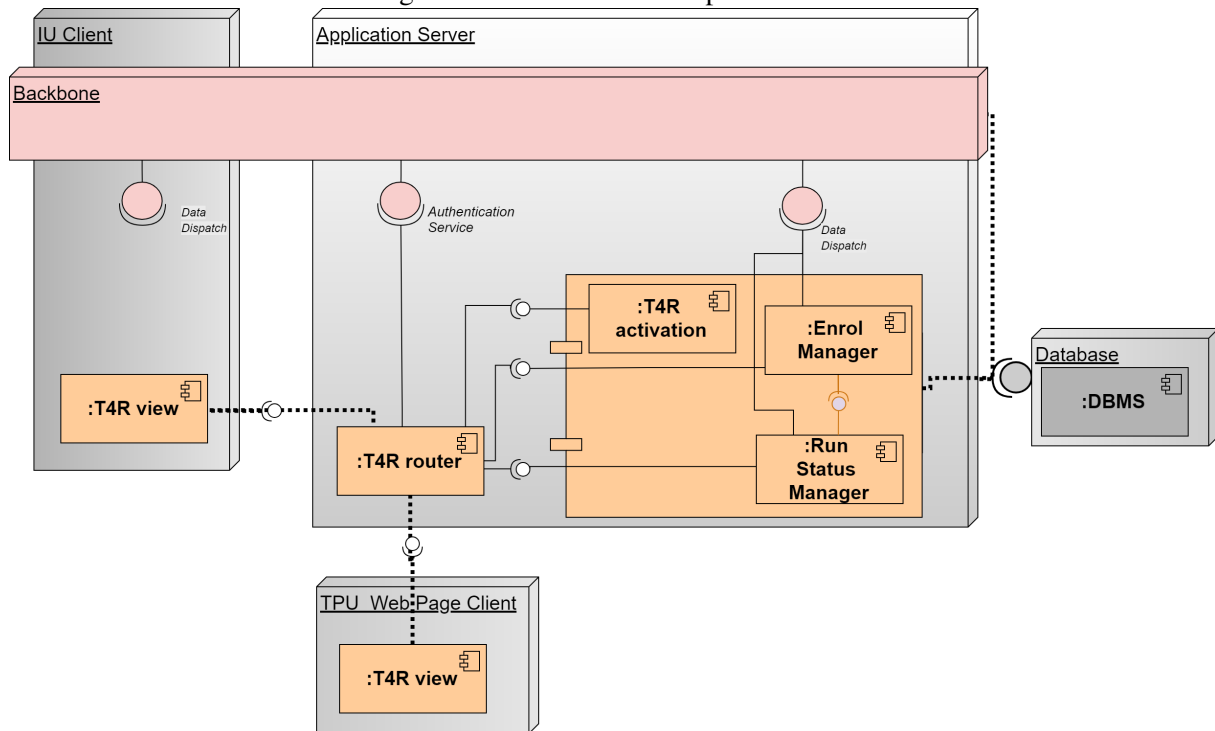
ASOS Activation Offers the functionality for the activation and deactivation of the ASOS service.

Health Data analyzer Offers functionality to extrapolate the critical health parameters for every Individual User;

Emergency Handler Responsible to handle critical health conditions based on the data published by the *Data collector/dispatcher*

2.2.4 Track4Run

Figure 2.4: Track4Run Component View



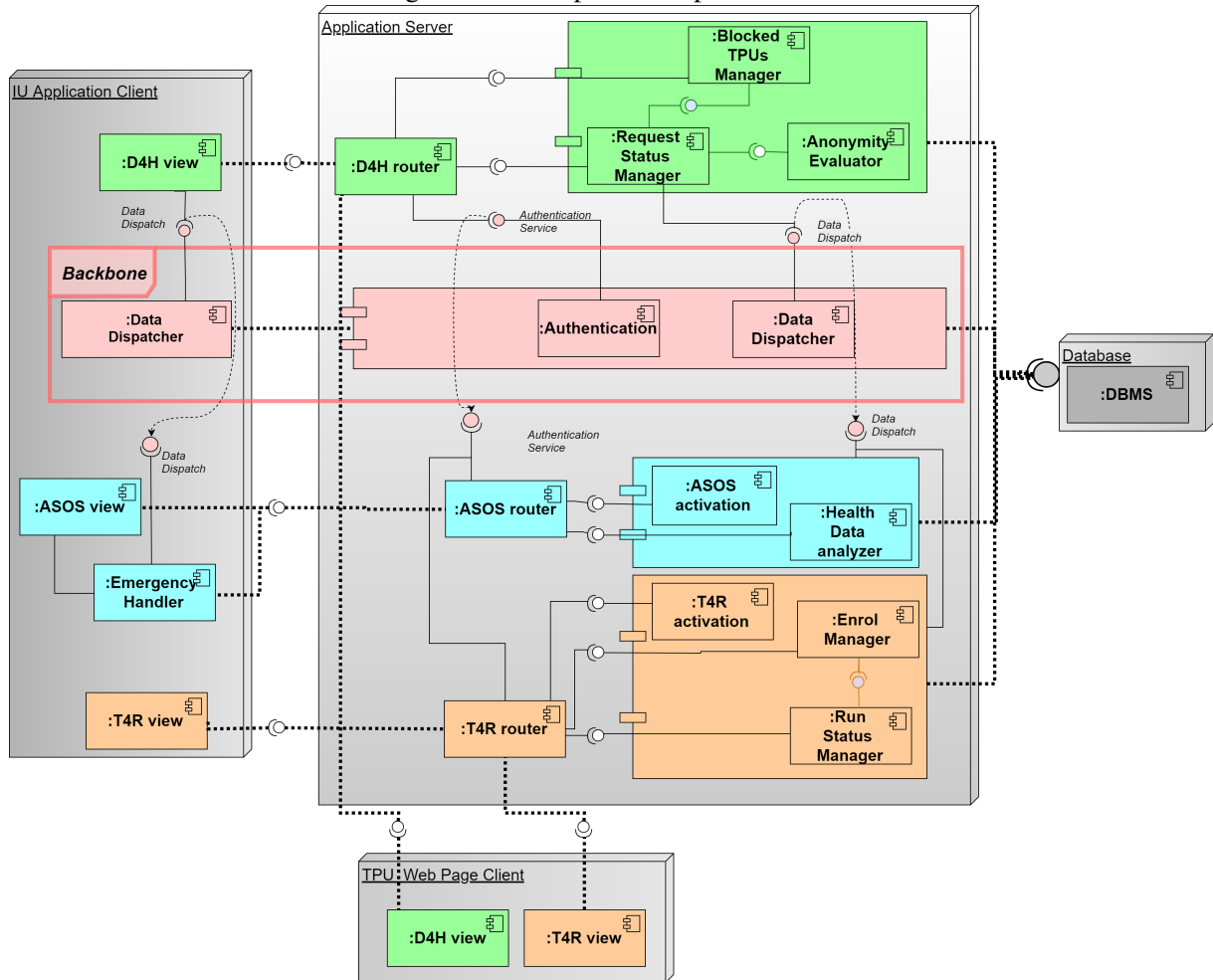
T4R router Validate the requests received from the client and dispatch them to the corresponding module or component.

T4R Activation Offers the functionality for the activation and deactivation of the T4R service.

Run Manager Provides functionality to create, cancel, enrol in and spectate runs;.

2.2.5 Full system

Figure 2.5: Complete Component View



Data Managing From a more high level point of view, the backbone provides services to retrieve the Individual Users data, stored or live.

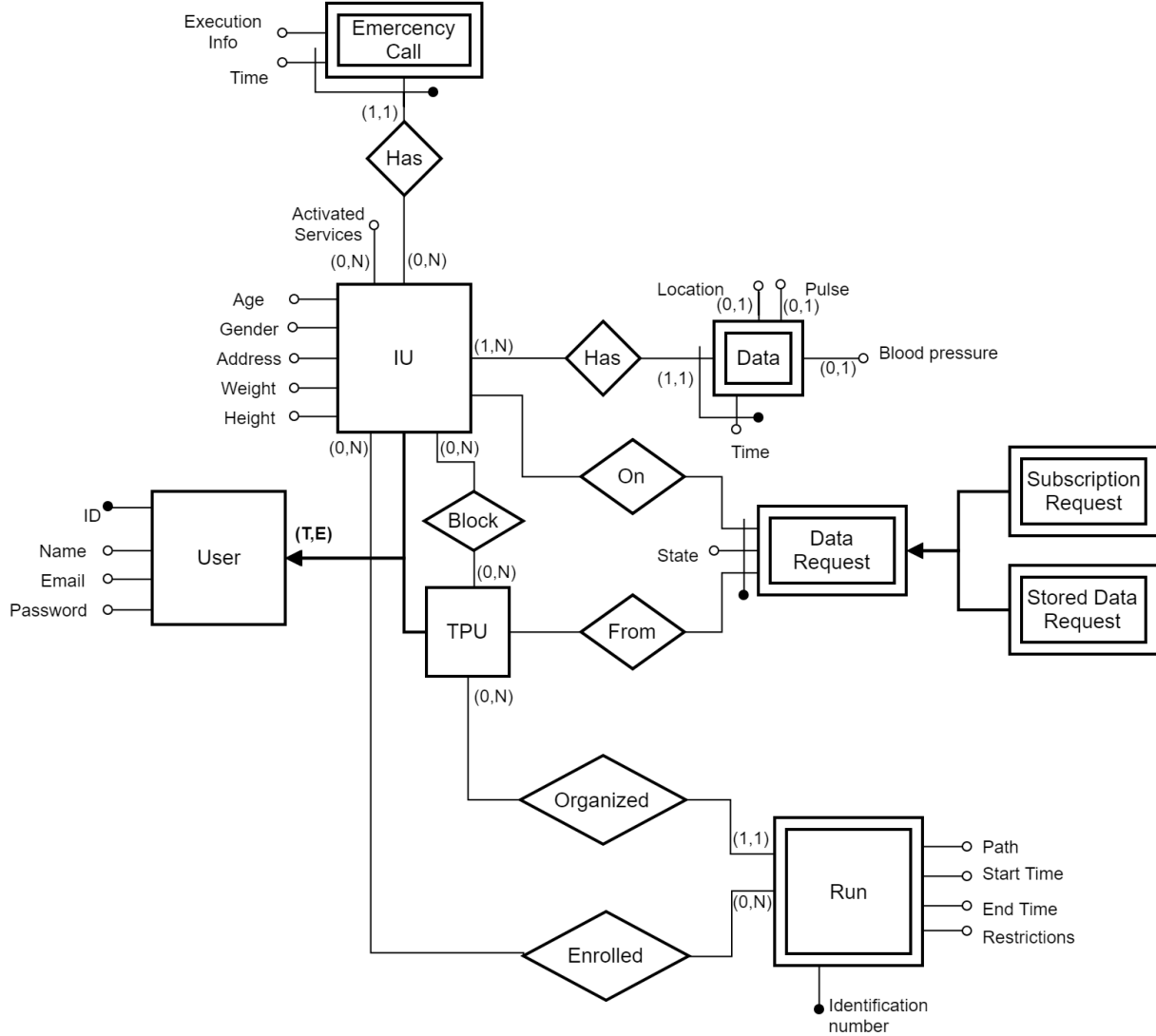
This makes the red components and modules of the architecture the backbone, collecting and dispatching data, while the other subsystems can handle their unique authorization condition: D4H authorizing data dispatching based on approved requests, ASOS on the activation of the service and T4R on the enrolment in competitions.

This way all subsystem will work independently from each other.

2.2.6 Entity Relationship Diagram

The following section provides a conceptual representation of the model.

Figure 2.6: Entity Relationship Diagram



Tables

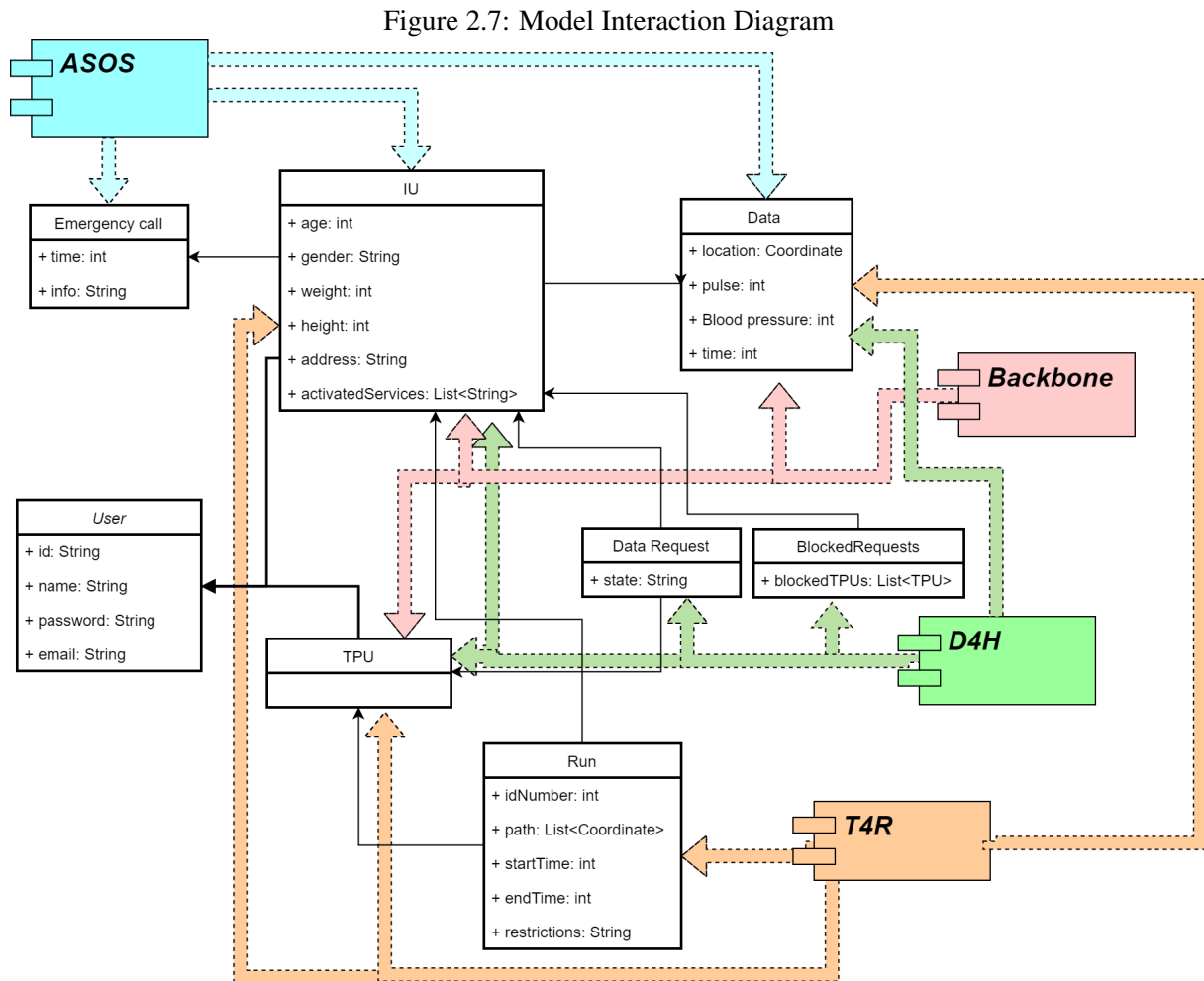
- **User**(ID, Name, Email, Password)
- **TPU**(ID, Name, Email, Password)
- **IU**(ID, Name, Email, Password, Age, Gender, Address, Weight, Height)
- **Data**(IU, Time, Location, Pulse, Blood pressure)
- **Subscription Request**(IU, IU, TPU)
- **Stored Data call**(IU, IU, TPU)

- **Emergency call**(IU, Time, Execution Info)

- **Run**(Identification number, TPU, IU, Path, Start Time, End Time, Restrictions)

2.2.7 Model Interaction Diagram

The following diagram show a different representation of the model to better highlight its interaction with the application server. For each subsystem module that was connected to the DBMS in 2.2.5 is shown its relationship with the module.



2.3 Deployment view

2.4 Runtime view

2.5 Component interfaces

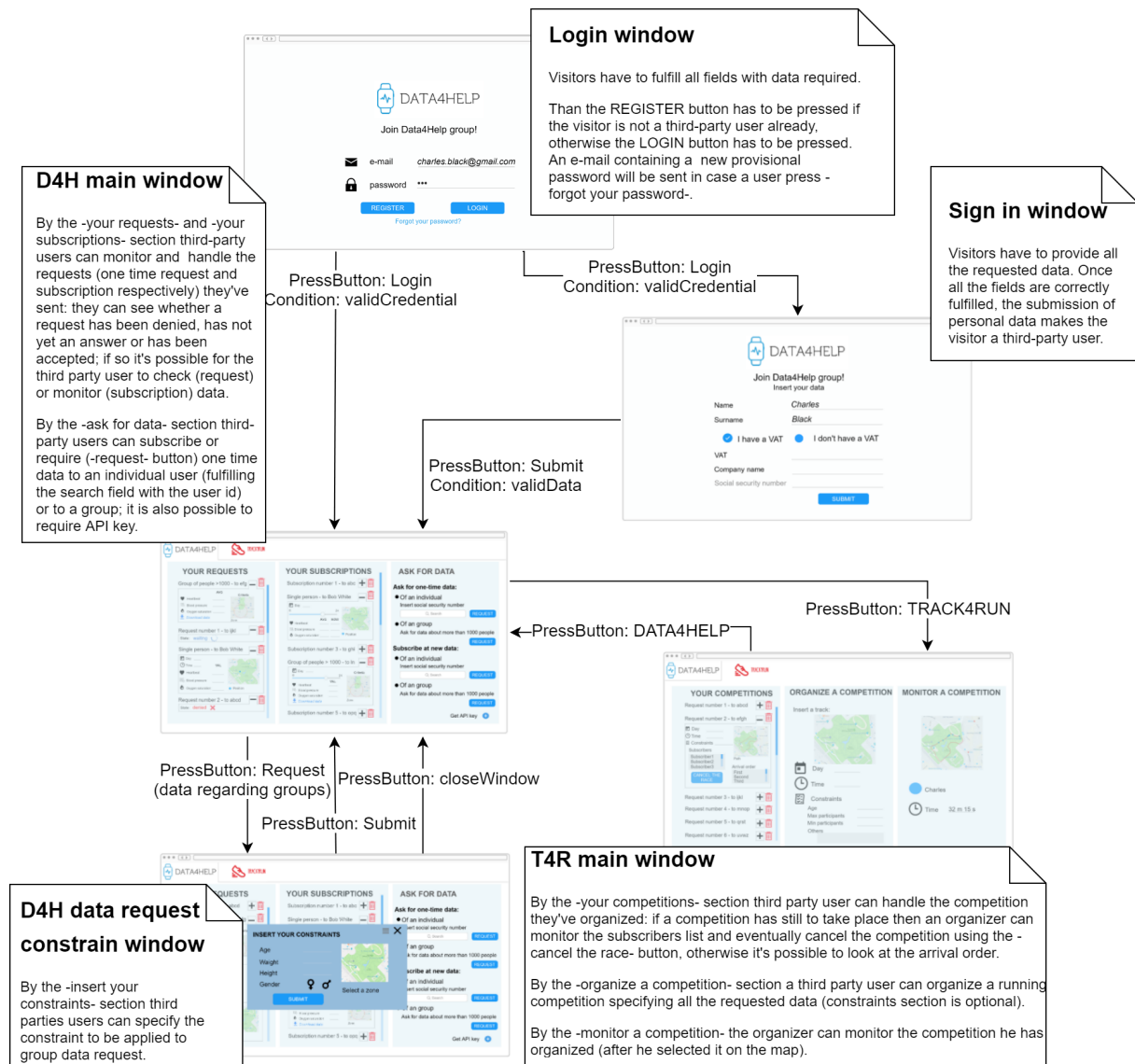
2.6 Selected architectural styles and patterns

2.7 Other design decisions

3. User Interface Design

The user interfaces mock-ups are represented in sections 3.1.1, 3.1.2 of RASD. The following UX schemes represents a complete description of the user experience. The screen -T4R unsubscribe screen- has been added and a better description of each mock-up has been provided.

Figure 3.1: Third-party user - UX graphical representation



Third-party user The scheme above represents the main desktop screens and the way -condition and action needed- how the third-party user can move through them.

Figure 3.2: Individual user - UX graphical representation (left part)

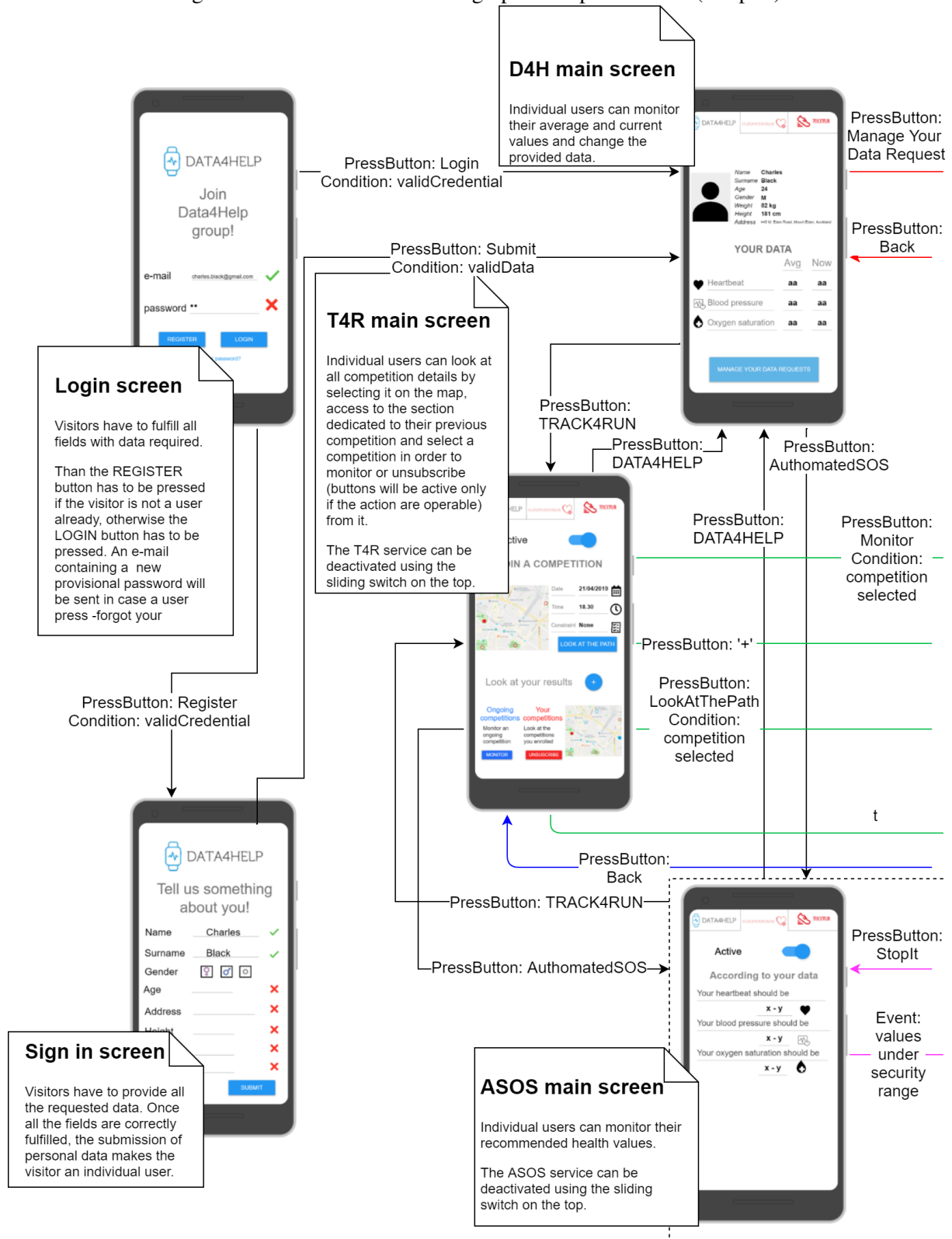
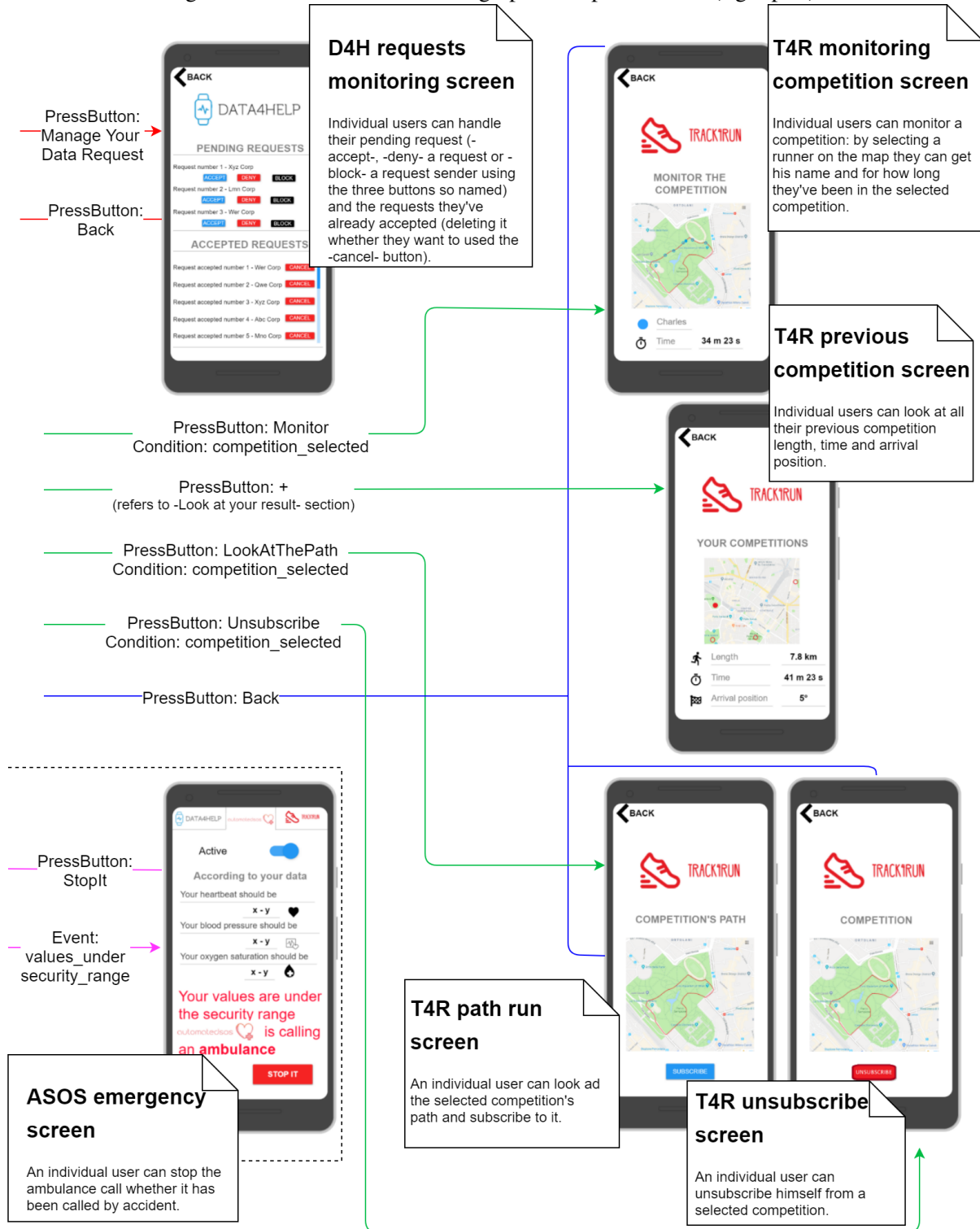


Figure 3.3: Individual user - UX graphical representation (right part)



Individual user The two schemes above represents the main mobile screens and the way -condition and action needed- how an individual user can move trough them. The scheme has been divided in two parts in order to provide a better readability.

4. Requirements Traceability

5. Implementation, Integration and Test plan

6. Effort Spent

6.1 ARGIRO' ANNA SOFIA

DATE	DESCRIPTION OF THE TASK	HOURS SPENT
27/11/18	group work	3

6.2 BATTAGLIA GABRIELE

DATE	DESCRIPTION OF THE TASK	HOURS SPENT
27/11/18	group work	3
30/11/18	component view	4
2/12/18	model diagrams	4

6.3 CASASOLE BERNARDO

DATE	DESCRIPTION OF THE TASK	HOURS SPENT
27/11/18	group work	3

7. References

7.1 Reference Documents

7.2 Software

- TeXWorks v0.6.2
- Umlet v14.2
- Draw.io v9.4.1
- proto.io v6.3.2.3