

Homework 3: Blocking Approaches Applied to the El Salvadoran Conflict

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Total points on assignment: 5 (reproducibility) + 10 points for the assignment.

El Salvador Civil War

We will continue with our exploration of the UNTC data set from El Salvador.

```
library(knitr)
library(RecordLinkage)

# read in data
df <- read.csv("../sv-mauricio/sv-mauricio.csv")
ent_id <- df$HandID
# Filter out records with ground truth, leaving dept 1 and 7
df <- df[!is.na(ent_id),]
ent_id <- ent_id[!is.na(ent_id)]
new_df <- df[,c(3:8,10)]
head(new_df)
```

##	lastname	firstname	day	month	year	geocode	dept
## 26	ALEMAN SOLIS	ALFREDO	2	5	1984	70000	7
## 64	CRUS	CARMEN	21	10	1981	10000	1
## 66	MONTOYA	CARMEN	NA	3	1982	70000	7
## 70	PAS SINGUENSA	JUAN JOSE	22	10	1980	70000	7
## 112	GUIYEN	TEODORO	NA	NA	1983	70000	7
## 144	MANOQUIN	JULIA	NA	3	1982	70000	7

Recall that we are only considering two municipalities in El Salvador now, which is what was considered in Sadinle (2014).

Blocking applied to the El Salvadoran conflict

In this assignment, you should explore deterministic and probabilistic blocking methods and how these work on the El Salvadoran data set. Find at least one deterministic and probabilistic blocking criterion that seems suitable for this data set. Illustrate its effectiveness on the data using the reduction ratio, precision, and recall. Utilize other visualizations that might also help you in explaining your results. How would you use these blocking methods to remove duplicate records in the data set?