Module 6: Fellegi-Sunter Method Applied to RLdata500

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joint with Olivier Binette

${\sf Agenda}$

Load packages

```
## Loading required package: DBI
## Loading required package: RSQLite
## Loading required package: ff
## Loading required package: bit
##
## Attaching package: 'bit'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       xor
## Attaching package ff
## - getOption("fftempdir")=="/var/folders/bv/xhclmwh90zg08
## - getOption("ffextension")=="ff"
## - getOption("ffdrop")==TRUE
```

RLdata500

5

6

data(RLdata500)

```
head(RLdata500)
##
    fname c1 fname c2 lname c1 lname c2 by bm bd
     CARSTEN
                 <NA>
                        METER.
## 1
                                  <NA> 1949
                                            7 22
## 2
        GERD
                 <NA>
                        BAUER
                                  <NA> 1968 7 27
## 3
      ROBERT
             <NA> HARTMANN
                                  <NA> 1930 4 30
## 4
      STEFAN
             <NA>
                        WOLFF
                                  <NA> 1957 9 2
```

FRANKE

<NA> 1966

<NA> 1929

1 13

7 4

<NA> KRUEGER

<NA>

```
head(identity.RLdata500)
```

RALF

JUERGEN

[1] 34 51 115 189 72 142

Why do we build record pairs of comparison vectors?

Answer: Reduce the total number of record comparisons.

How do we build record pairs of comparison vectors?

Answer: Use the compare.dedup function.

```
# inspect comparison vectors
rpairs$pairs[1:5,]
```

##		id1	id2	fname_c1	fname_c2	lname_c1	lname_c2	by	bm	bd	is_match
##	1	1	2	0	NA	0	NA	0	1	0	0
##	2	1	3	0	NA	0	NA	0	0	0	0
##	3	1	4	0	NA	0	NA	0	0	0	0
##	4	1	5	0	NA	0	NA	0	0	0	0
##	5	1	6	0	NA	0	NA	0	1	0	0

Blocking

Blocking is the reduction of the amount of data pairs through focusing on specified agreement patterns.

Blocking is a common strategy to reduce computation time and memory consumption by only comparing records with equal values for a subset of attributes, called blocking fields.

Blocking

A blocking specification can be supplied to the compare function via the argument blockfld.

We will consider a blocking pattern where two records must agree in either the first component of the first name or full date of birth.

Blocking and Comparison Vectors

Blocking and Comparison Vectors

```
# inspect comparison vectors
rpairs$pairs[c(1:3, 1203:1204),]
```

##		id1	id2	$fname_c1$	$fname_c2$	lname_c1	lname_c2	by	${\tt bm}$	bd	is_match
##	1	1	174	1	NA	0	NA	0	0	0	0
##	2	1	204	1	NA	0	NA	0	0	0	0
##	3	2	7	1	NA	0	NA	0	0	0	0
##	1203	448	497	1	NA	0	NA	0	0	0	0
##	1204	450	477	1	NΔ	0	NΔ	Ω	Ο	Ω	0