

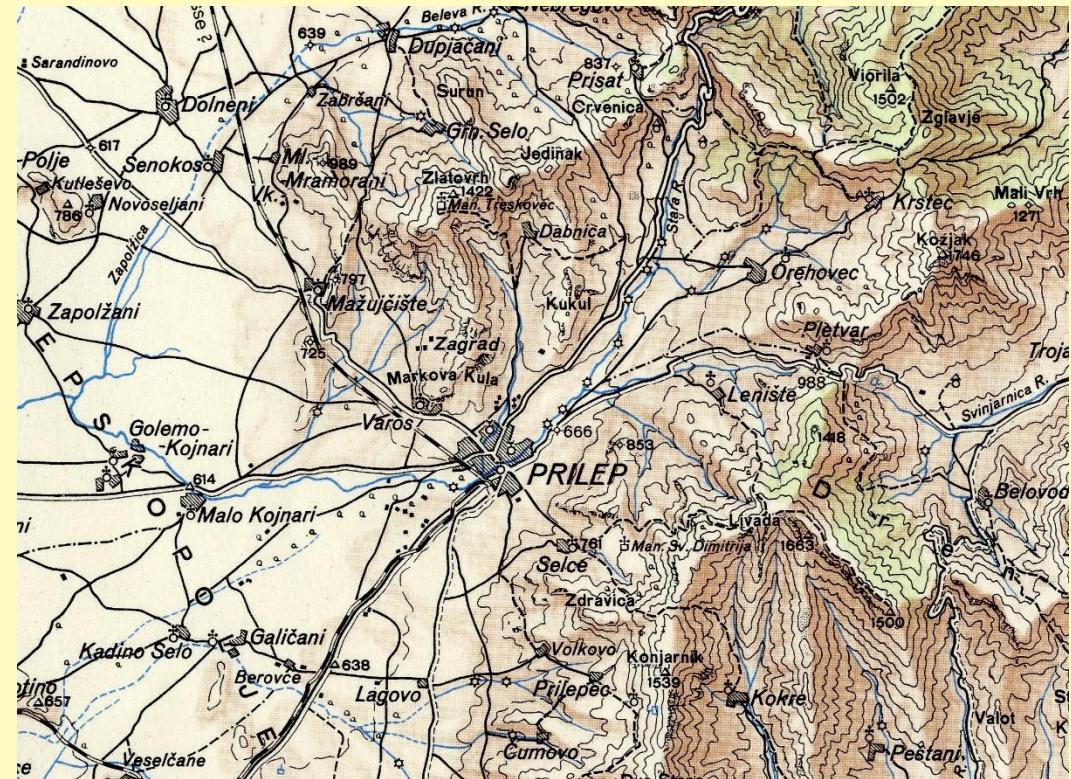
Пројекат Tabula Imperii Byzantini: о будућности (?) проучавања историјске географије Византије

Михаило Ст. Поповић

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Mihailo.Popovic@oeaw.ac.at

Стојан Новаковић (1842-1915)



Војна карта Аустро-Угарске,
1:200.000

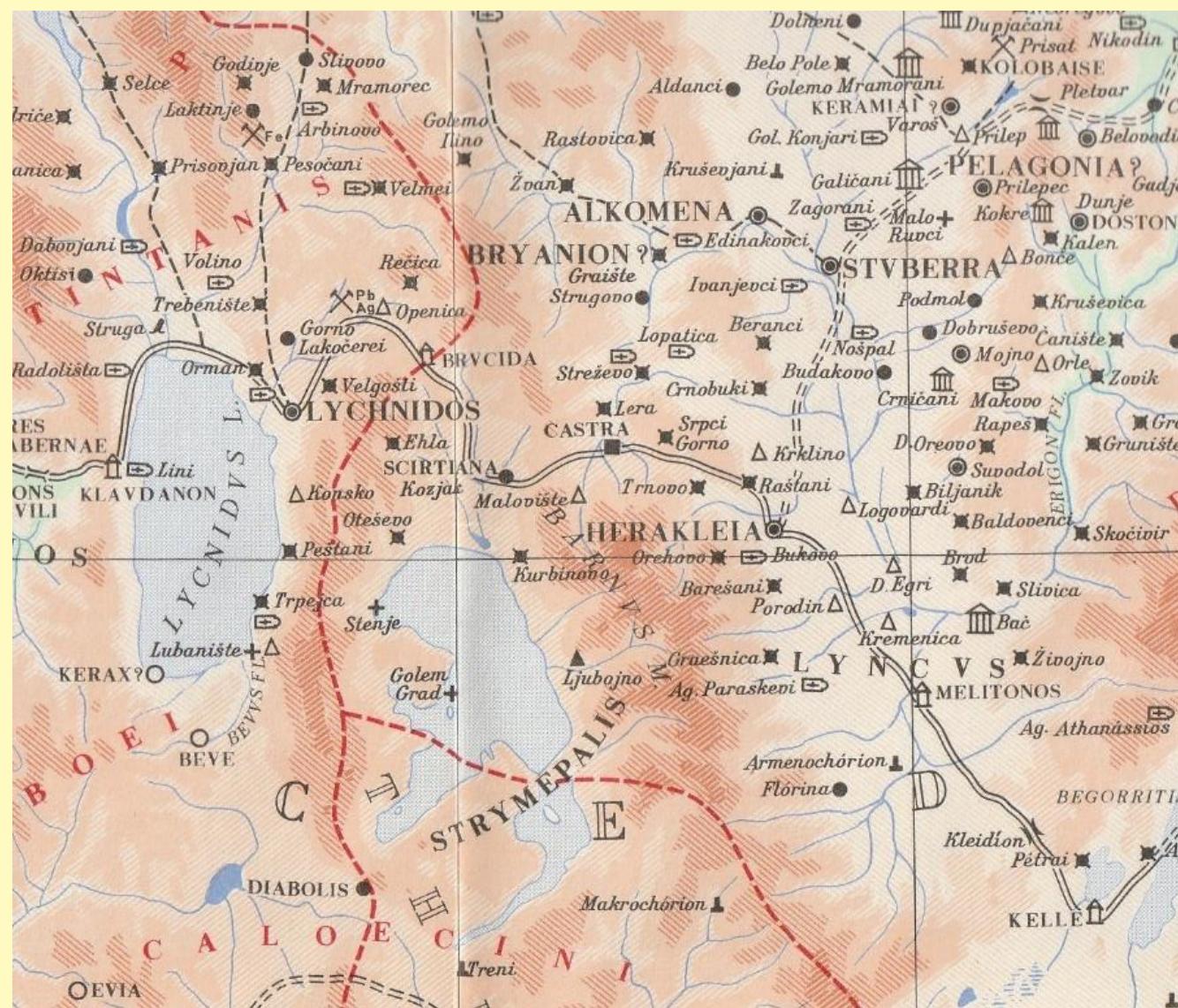
<https://www.sanu.ac.rs/clan/novakovic-stojan/>

ПРОШЛОСТ

Професор Херберт Хунгер (1914-2000)



Kapta Tabulae Imperii Romani, 1:1.000.000



Опис Прилепа у Tabula Imperii Romani

Prilep Mac. (Youg., Mac., Prilep) VIII f

Loc. 'Bončeica', dans la périphérie S de la ville. Fondations de constructions antiques, tessons et poterie romains (basse époque), quelques grands pithos enterrés, menus objets. Probablement propriété rurale.

Loc. 'Karataš', à 0,5 km au N de la ville. Tombes romaines (III^e—IV^e siècles) avec mobilier funéraire. Nombreuses monnaies, vases céramiques, socle de stèle funéraire. Stèle funéraire en marbre avec relief et inscription grecque, fragment de stèle funéraire avec inscription, statue votive acéphale en marbre. Riche nécropole. N. Vulić, *Spom. XCVIII* n. 366, 370 et *Blatt Prilep-Bitolj* 39.

Loc. 'Orušica, Ispraen kamen', à 3 km au SO de la ville. Sur une petite étendue, poterie romaine, tessons, monnaies romaines en bronze. Petit établissement rural. IM

Провинције Византијског царства по класификацији Јоханеса Кодера



Хелада и Тесалија



TABULA IMPERII BYZANTINI 1

HELLAS UND THESSALIA

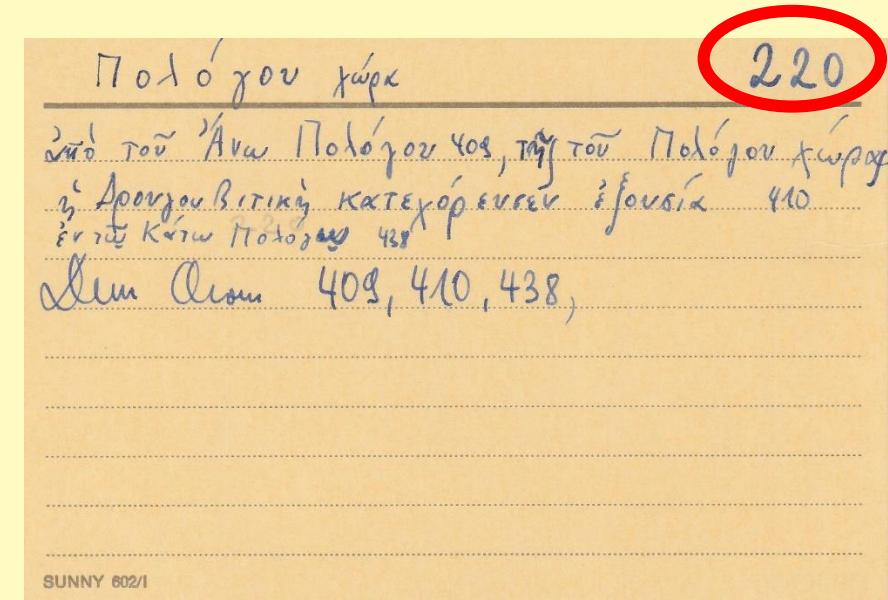
VON

JOHANNES KODER und FRIEDRICH HILD



VERLAG DER ÖSTERREICHISCHEN AKADEMIE DER WISSENSCHAFTEN

Картотека ТИБ-а



Определница из ТИВ-а 11

H. Geōrgios (7) (Ἅγιος Γεώργιος), Kl. an der SO-Flanke des Kerdylion Oros, etwa 8 km osö. von → Stephaniana, 4 km nnw. des heutigen Asprobalta (das im 16. Jh. gegründete Dorf Asprobalta lag am S-Abhang des Kerdylion, 2 km nnw. von Asprobalta¹); derzeit ist H. Geōrgios Name der Gemeinde, zu der Asprobalta gehört; s. → Pennana; etwa 63 km onö. von → Thessalonikē

○ 23⁴⁰ 40⁴⁰

Hist In der *topothesia* → Stephaniana liegt das Metochion H. G., das erstmals Ende 1258/1. H. 1259 dem Kl. → Espigmenu als Besitz bestätigt wird; zu der Liegenschaft gehören Grundstücke, Weingärten, ein *hydromylikon ergastērion* (Werk mit Wassermühle) und der jährliche Markt (*panēgyris*) zu Ehren des hl. Georg². Der Georgs-Markt ist auch 1318 und 1321 in Praktika angeführt³. – Mit diesem Metochion ist vermutlich das Kl. H. G. oberhalb von Asprobalta zu verbinden; den Einheimischen ist das Kl. H. G. als Metochion des Kl. Espigmenu bekannt. Es gehört trotz seiner Nähe zu Asprobalta zu dem 8 km wnw. gelegenen Stephaniana⁴.

Mon Die schwer zugängliche Klosterruine⁵ liegt verborgen hinter der Felserhebung *Plaka H. Geōrgiu* und ist von der Küste nicht sichtbar. Das von einem annähernd rechteckigen Peribolos umgebene Katholikon ist eine kreuzförmige Dreikonchenkirche mit Narthex, auf deren vier Säulen anstelle einer Kuppel ein Kreuzgewölbe ruht. Mauerung: Bruchstein, flache Steine, Ziegel an den Fensterbögen und Gewölben (Apsis); Apsis und Seitenkonchen mit je vier Fenstern; Kirche und Freskenausstattung (nur mehr geringe Reste in Hieron und Prothesis) werden in die 2. H. des 16. Jh. datiert (Abb. 47). – Sö. des Kl., zum Felsabsturz hin, von dem der gesamte Strymonikos Kolpos (→ Golfo de Contesa) überblickt werden kann, Reste einer älteren bis 4 m Höhe erhaltenen Befestigungsmauer (justinian.?), weiter sö. Reste einer älteren einräumigen Kirche und große behauene Blöcke; glasierte Keramik an der Oberfläche⁶.

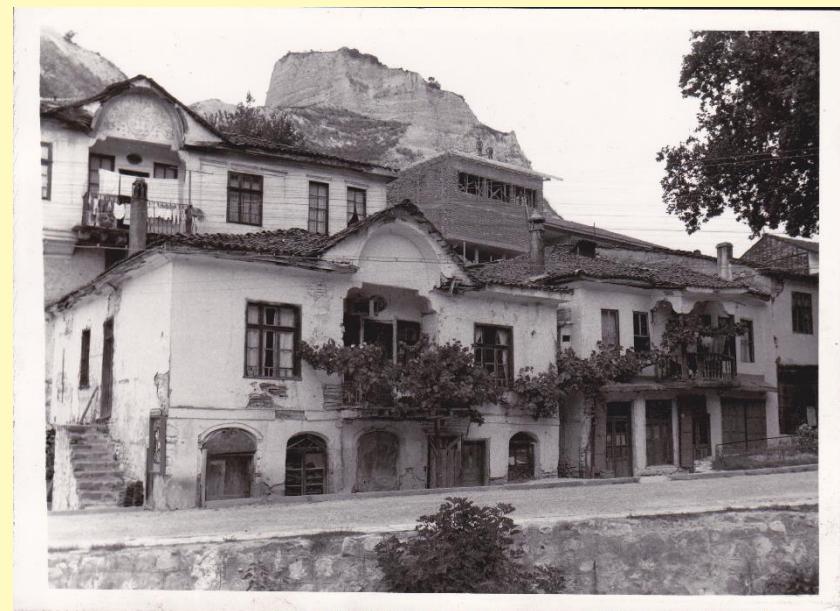
Bereisung *2002

¹ LEFORT, Paysages 129. — ² AEspig. 62f., 185 (Nr. 6, App. A); ŽIVOJINović, Trade Athos 112. — ³ AEspig. 109, 123 (Nr. 14, 16); CHARIZANĒS, Periochē 61–65. — ⁴ S. PASCHALIDĒS, Monast. Mak. I 272; CHARIZANĒS, Periochē 61f. —

⁵ 40.748827 N, 23.678887 O. — ⁶ KALLIOPĒ THEOCHARIDU – ANASTASIA TURTA, in: *Ekklesiēs meta tēn Halōsē* 3. Athen 1989, 45–64; S. PASCHALIDĒS, Monast. Mak. I 270–275; Monasteries Egnatia II 44f.; MUTSOPULOS, Rentina I 45–48 (Fig); Dikyo Kentr. Mak. 105, 329, 436f. (Fig); PAPATHANASIUS – TSIAPALE, Rentina 36, 38, 40 (Fig).



Heraclea Lyncestis, диапозитив, ТИВ 16

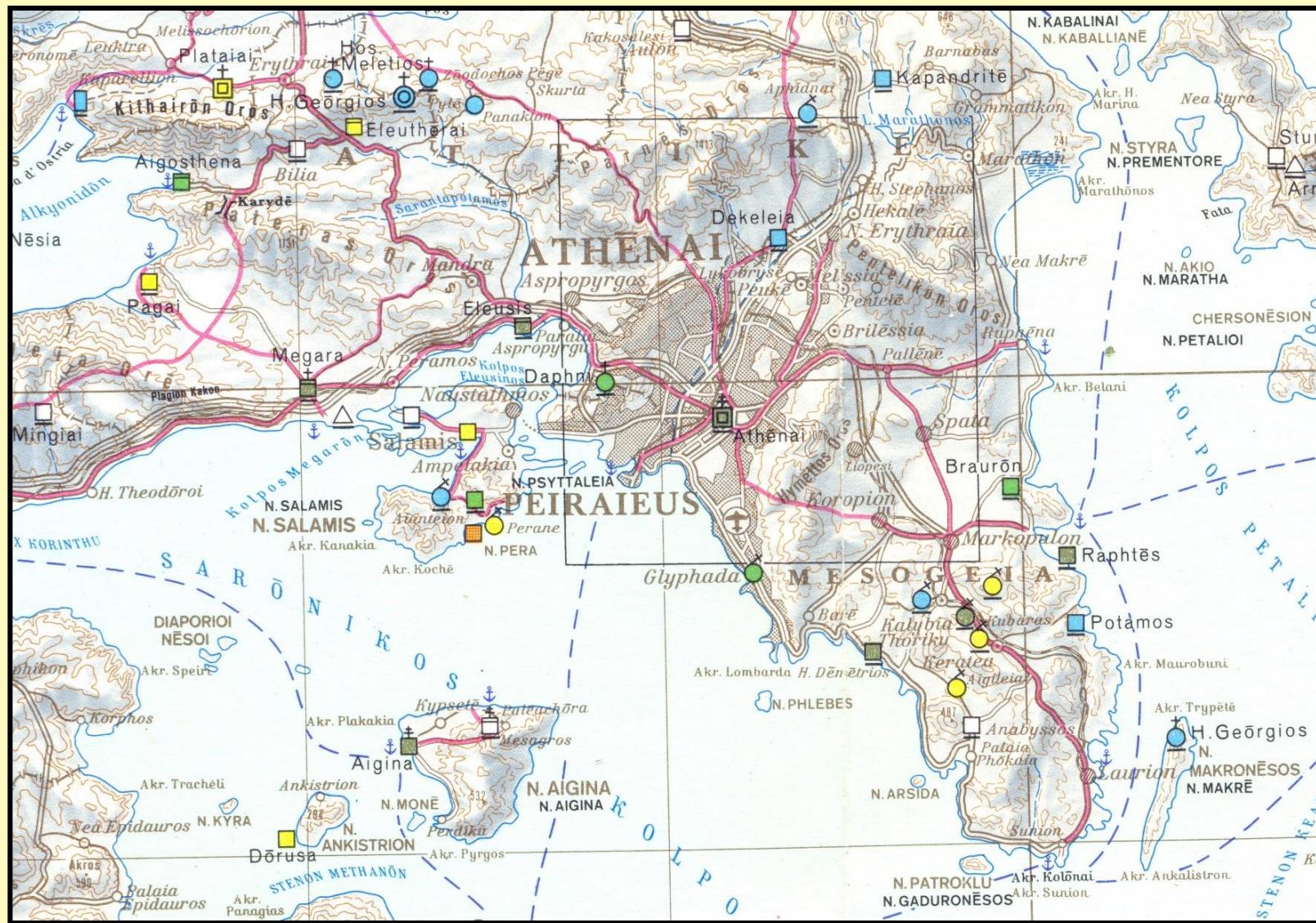


Мелник, црно-бела фотографија,
1970. година



Манастир Лесново, дигитална фотографија, ТИВ 16

Карта из TIB-а 1, 1:800.000



Сигнатура на картата TIB-a

- | | |
|--|--|
| <input type="checkbox"/> Stadt mit Mauerring | <input type="checkbox"/> Hauptkloster (eines Klosterverbandes , einer Laura) |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Nicht ummauerte Stadt mit Zitadelle oder Oberburg | <input type="checkbox"/> Einfaches Kloster |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Unbefestigte Siedlung | <input type="checkbox"/> Einzelkirche |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Straßenstation | <input type="checkbox"/> Metochion,Filialanlage |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Siedlungsspuren | <input type="checkbox"/> Friedhof,Grab |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Festung (zumeist mit zweitem Mauerring), als Fluchtburg | <input type="checkbox"/> Hagiasma,Höhlenheiligtum |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Kleinere Burg oder Festung | <input type="checkbox"/> (aufgesetzt auf Signatur) Sitz eines Metropoliten oder autokephalen Erzbischofs |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Legionslager | <input type="checkbox"/> (aufgesetzt auf Signatur) Sitz eines Bischofs |
| <input type="checkbox"/> Turm | |

Die in historischen Quellen belegten Ortsnamen sind schwarz gedruckt

Томови ТІВ-а од 1976. године до данас

TIB 1 (1976) > TIB 2 (1981) > TIB 3 (1981) > TIB 4 (1984) > TIB 5 (1990) > TIB 7 (1990) > TIB 6 (1991) > TIB 9 (1996) > TIB 10 (1998) > TIB 8 (2004) > TIB 12 (2008) > TIB 15 (2015) > TIB 13 (2020) > TIB 11 (2022)

Tabula Imperii Byzantini

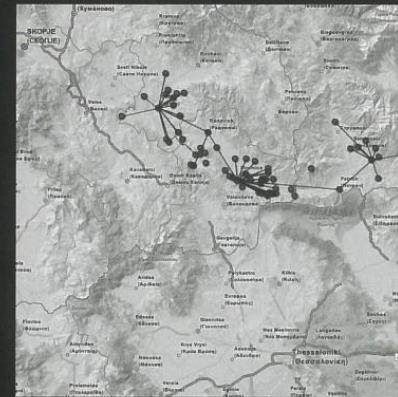
The volumes of the series Tabula Imperii Byzantini (TIB) of the Austrian Academy of Sciences are the main scholarly result of the project TIB and have been published since 1976.

Author	Title	Location	Volume Number	Date
Johannes Koder / Friedrich Hild (Register von Peter Soustal)	Hellas und Thessalia	Vienna	1	1976 ↗
Friedrich Hild / Marcell Restle	Kappadokien (Kappadokia, Charsianon, Sebasteia und Lykandos)	Vienna	2	1981 ↗
Peter Soustal (unter Mitwirkung von Johannes Koder)	Nikopolis und Kephallēnia	Vienna	3	1981 ↗
Klaus Belke (Mit Beiträgen von Marcell Restle)	Galatien und Lykaonien	Vienna	4	1984 ↗
Friedrich Hild / Hansgerd Hellenkemper	Kilikien und Isaurien	Vienna	5	1990 ↗
Peter Soustal	Thrakien (Thrakē, Rodopē und Haimimontos)	Vienna	6	1991 ↗
Klaus Belke / Norbert Mersich	Phrygien und Pisidien	Vienna	7	1990 ↗
Friedrich Hild / Hansgerd Hellenkemper	Lykien und Pamphylien	Vienna	8	2004 ↗
Klaus Belke	Paphlagonien und Honōrias	Vienna	9	1996 ↗
Johannes Koder (unter Mitarbeit von Peter Soustal und Alice Koder)	Aigaion Pelagos (Die nördliche Ägäis)	Vienna	10	1998 ↗
Peter Soustal mit Beiträgen von Andreas Pülz und unter Mitwirkung von Mihailo St. Popović	Makedonien, südlicher Teil	Vienna	11	2022
Andreas Külzer	Ostthrakien (Eurōpsē)	Vienna	12	2008 ↗
Klaus Belke	Bithynien und Hellespont	Vienna	13	2020 ↗
Klaus-Peter Todt / Bernd Andreas Vest	Syria (Syria Prōtē, Syria Deutera, Syria Euphratēsia)	Vienna	15	2014 ↗

Mihailo St. Popović

Historische Geographie und Digital Humanities

Eine Fallstudie zum spätbyzantinischen
und osmanischen Makedonien



PELEUS
STUDIEN ZUR ARCHÄOLOGIE UND
GESCHICHTE GRIECHENLANDS UND ZYPERNS
BAND 61

VERLAG FRANZ PHILIPP RUTZEN

САДАШЊОСТ

Tabula Imperii Byzantini (TIB) – State 2022

Long-Term-Project of the OEAW

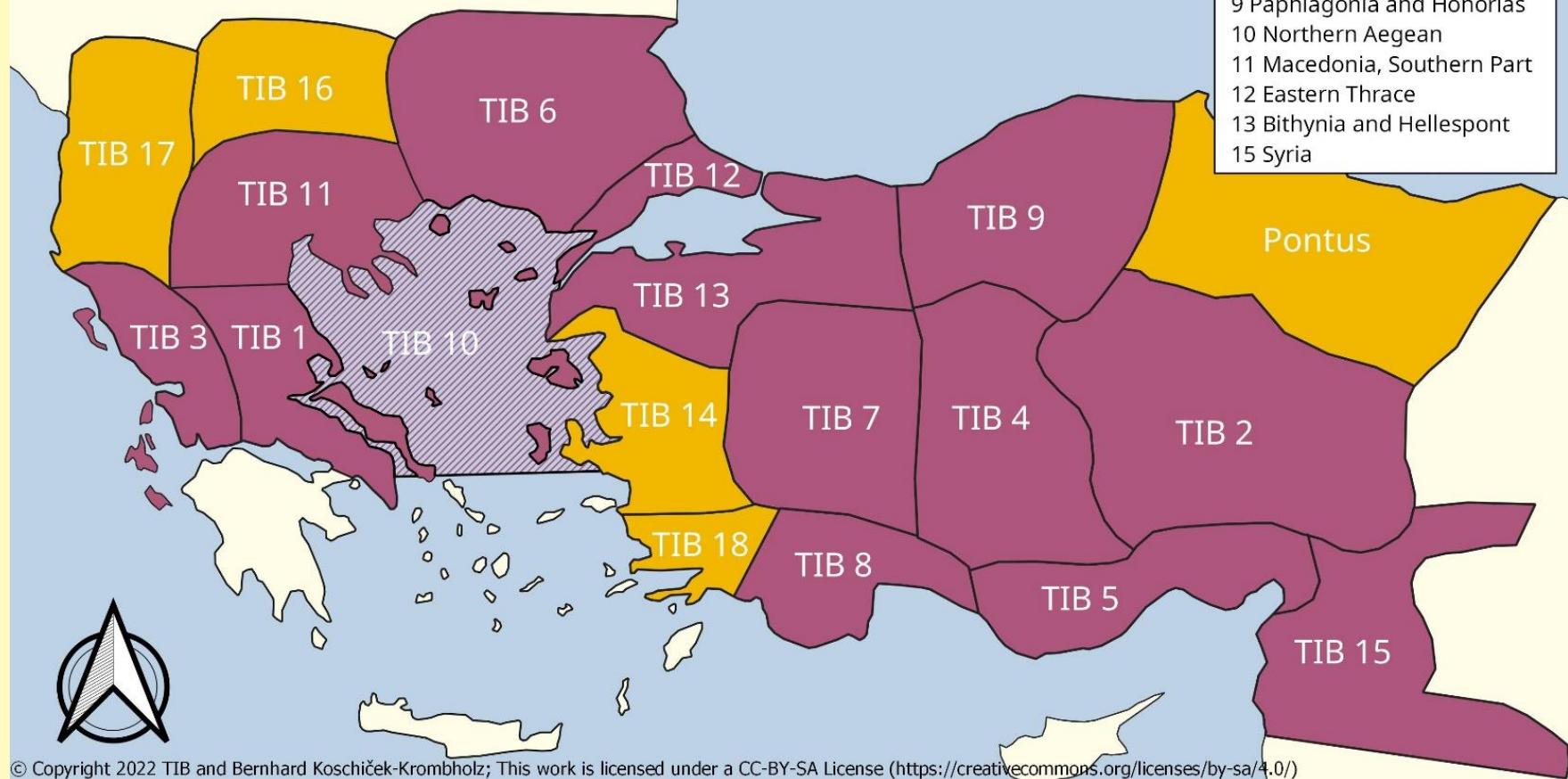
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Completed

Work in Progress:

- 14 Western Asia Minor: Lydia and Asia
- 16 Macedonia, Northern Part
- 17 Nea Epeiros and Praevalis
- 18 Caria

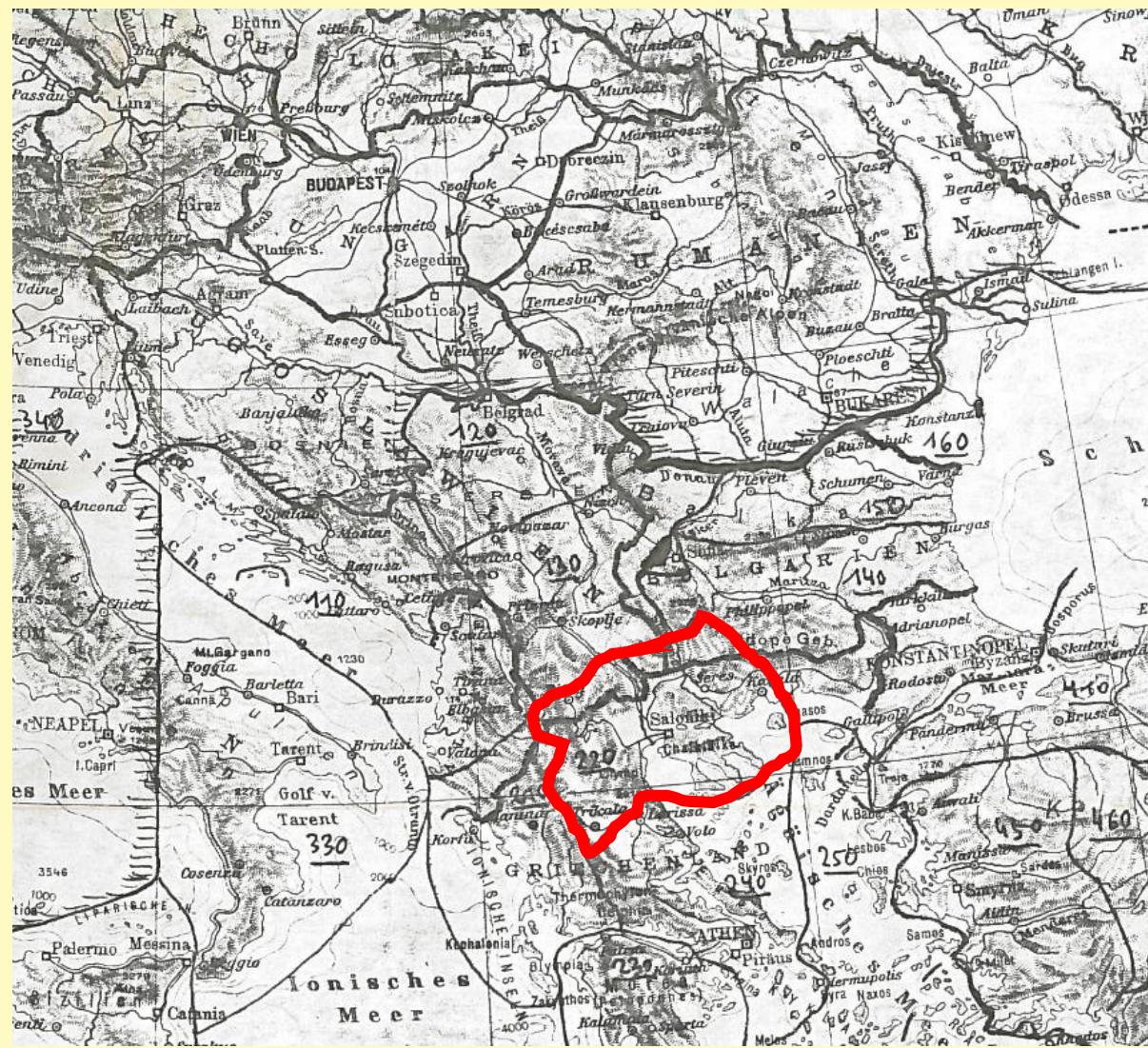
Completed:

- 1 Hellas and Thessaly
- 2 Cappadocia
- 3 Nicopolis and Cephalonia
- 4 Galatia and Lycaonia
- 5 Cilicia and Isauria
- 6 Thrace
- 7 Phrygia and Pisidia
- 8 Lycia and Pamphylia
- 9 Paphlagonia and Honorias
- 10 Northern Aegean
- 11 Macedonia, Southern Part
- 12 Eastern Thrace
- 13 Bithynia and Hellespont
- 15 Syria

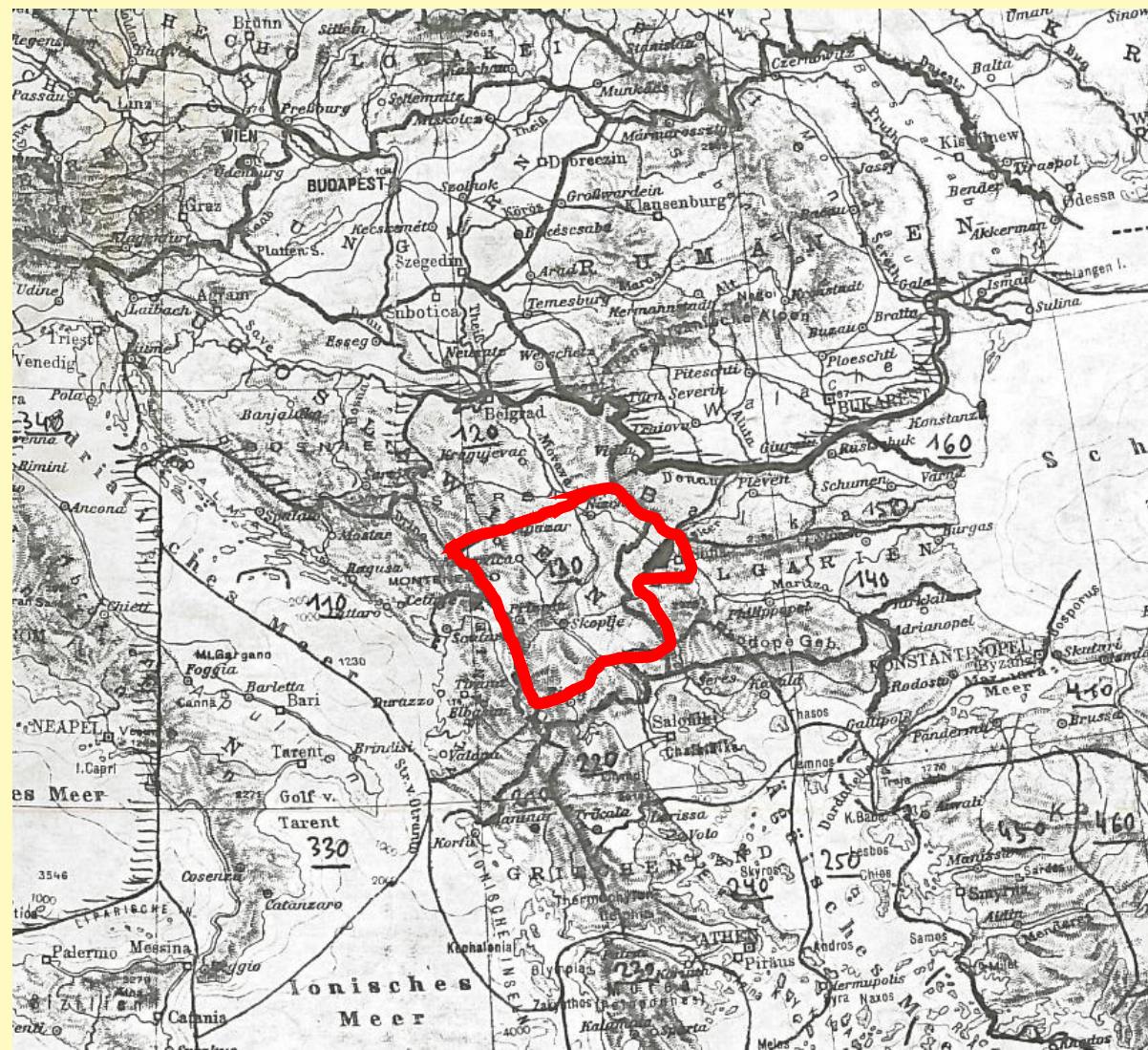


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TIB 11



TIB 16



Остварени проекти (2015-)

- “Digitising Patterns of Power (DPP): Peripherical Mountains in the Medieval World” (2015-2019; 743.000 €)
- “The Ethnonym of the Vlachs in the Written Sources and the Toponymy in the Historical Region of Macedonia (11th-16th Cent.)” (2016-2018; 6.540 €)
- “Byzantino-Serbian Border Zones in Transition (1282-1355)” (2017-2022; FWF Austrian Science Fund Project P 30384-G28; 357.651,96 €)
- “The Digital Tabula Imperii Byzantini (Dig-TIB) as Contribution to the World’s Cultural Heritage” (2018-2020; Jubiläumsfonds der Österreichischen Nationalbank No. 17771; 116.000 €)

Остварени пројекти (2015-)

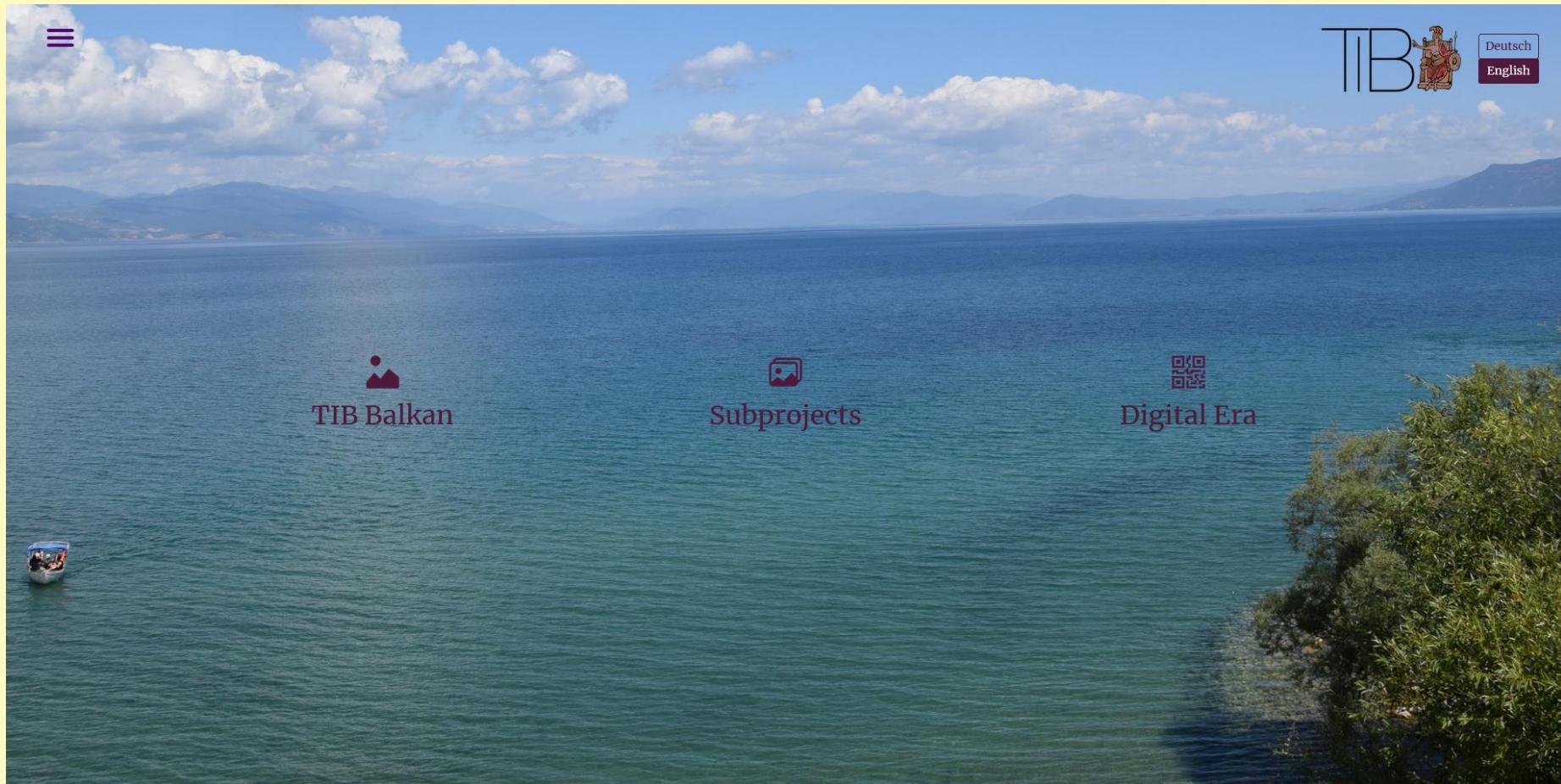
- “Cultural Heritage in Times of World War I: The Case of the Austro-Hungarian Relief Map of Montenegro (1916-1918)” (2019-2021; Project No. ME 07/2019; 6.400 €)
- “Beyond East and West: Geocommunicating the Sacred Landscapes of ‘Duklja’ and ‘Raška’ through Space and Time (11th-14th Cent.)” (2020-2023; FWF-DFG Project I 4330-G; 343.071,75 €)

<https://tib.oeaw.ac.at/>



Langezeitprojekt Tablua Imperii Byzantini

<https://tib.oeaw.ac.at/balkan/>



<https://tib.oeaw.ac.at/tib-register>

Toponym Register



TIB 1 Hellas und Thessalien



TIB 2 Kappadokien (Kappadokien, Charsianon, Sebasteia und Lykandos)



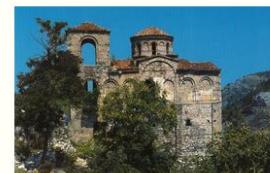
TIB 3 Nikopolis und Kefalonia



TIB 4 Galatien und Lykaonien



TIB 5 Zilizien und Isaurien



TIB 6 Thrakien (Thrake, Rodope und Haemimontos)



TIB 7 Phrygien und Pisidien



TIB 8 Lykien und Pamphylien



TIB 1



Toponymregister

Show

25

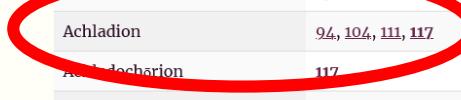
entries

Name ▲ Pages

Notes ▲ Volume ▲

Search:

Abelonensis	84	->Aulön (Euböa) TIB 1
Abydos	60	TIB 1
Acalia	125	TIB 1
Achaia, Eparchie bzw. Provinz	38, 50, 79f.	TIB 1
Achaia, Fürstentum	70f., 75	TIB 1
Acharnai	218	TIB 1
Achilleion	241, 281	TIB 1
Aenos	152	TIB 1
Achladion	94, 104, 111, 117	TIB 1
Aegeischerion	117	TIB 1
Aedepsos	118	TIB 1
Aeidarorache	211	TIB 1
Aetolima, Geb.	44, 96, 212	TIB 1
Aetolophos	134f.	TIB 1
Agathón, Kl.	95, 117	TIB 1
Agnante (Kyparissos)	197	TIB 1



Повезивање онлајн регистра са одредницама

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Info

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A

Achelios (Αχελῷος), Fluss im äußersten Westen Thessaliens 21²⁰–40° 38²⁰–39⁴⁰

Hist. Mit 220 km Länge der längste und wasserreichste Fluß Griechenlands; er entspringt im Pindos-Geb., fließt von → Chalkis. Nach der weiten Fahrt mündet er in den Ägäischen Fluss und speist der Oberlauf bis zur Vereinigung mit dem Kammatisos 5 km sü. von Gardikion auch Asprotopolis (1320 u. 1393 in Beistellurkunde); wohl das Theodosios-Kl. fr. τὸ Ἀσπρόποτρον γνωστό (1320 u. 1393 in Beistellurkunde); nach dem Bistum = Στρατοί genannt ist. In der Urkunde von 1330 der etwas stückliches Alter des Flusses als Αχελώος bezeichnet. Bei der Korakou-Brücke der Achelios Grenzfluß gegen Epirus.

Fest. —
Lit. ¹ΜΜ V 272. — ²Στ. ΑΙΓΑΙΟΝΟΝ, *Sylopos* 3 (1867) 34–36.
³ΠΟΛΕΩΝ, Reg. 2825.

Hirschfeld, Achelios I. *RR* 1/1 (1893) 213. — *MEE* 6, 384.

F. H.

Achladion (Αχλάδιον) etwa 17 km osö. von Stylos, an der Grenze zwischen dem Malischen Golf u. dem Kanal von Oreoi Δ 22⁴⁰ 38⁴⁰

Hist. —

Mod. Unmittelbar nw. über dem Dorf (Flurname *Kastro*) Burghügel mit eingeschneiteten Plateaus (Bauschutt u. geringe, überwachsene Mauernreste, die im Anbau nach dem 2. Weltkrieg (Bauunterstand u. Baumaterial für die neue wiederaufgebauten Gebäude); vorher war diese Region ein Palastbezirk, das dem MA. Angelokhos soll' zu stehen¹. Strategisch günstige Lage für die Kontrolle der Einfahrt in den Malischen und Euböischen Golf; Sichtverbindung zur Burg vgn → Lithadai(1) auf Euböa.

Fest. —
Lit. ²ΣΤΑΥΡΙΝ, Thessaloniki 180,
ΑΒΔΑΜΑ, Thessaloniki 109.
Berichtigung 1/1972.

J. K.

Kapnochorion (Αγκαλοχώριον), 24 km onö. von Trikala δ 22⁴⁰ 38⁴⁰

Hist. —

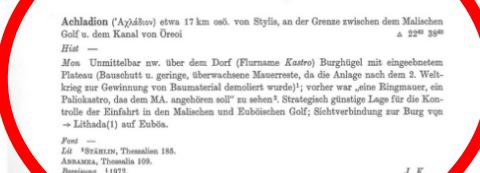
Mod. Im nördlichen neuerer Pfarrkirche Koinonia Theotoku-Kirche d. Kl. von 1890, mit Dachtranssept u. äußeren Treppenturm. Arch.

Fest. —
Lit. N. NIKONIANOS, *AAA* 3 (1970) 331–334. — Ders., *AD* 26 (1971) B 310 (Fig.).
Berichtigung 1972.

F. H.

Agathon (Αγάθων) Kl. bei Kapnochori am Nordabhang des Oitt-Geb., 3 km w. von Neoi Patrai δ 22⁴⁰ 38⁴⁰

Hist. Vieelleicht das παῦλον τὸν ὄμπαλον, in dem 1271 Johannes I. Angelos bei seiner Flucht aus dem belagerten → Neoi Patrai Reittiere erhielt¹.



Page 117 of 315



<https://catalogue.tib.oeaw.ac.at/>



The Digital Tabula Imperii Byzantini (DigTIB) – Towards a Digital Archive of the TIB

The digital initiative of the Long-Term Project "Tabula Imperii Byzantini (TIB)" of the Austrian Academy of Sciences in Vienna entitled "**Maps of Power: Historical Atlas of Places, Borderzones and Migration Dynamics in Byzantium**" is using the software CollectiveAccess in order to present its slides and black-and-white photographs, which are kept in the TIB Archive in Vienna (Austria), to the public and the scholarly community.

The establishment of the present platform has been enabled by the third-party funded project "**Die digitale Tabula Imperii Byzantini (Dig-TIB) als Beitrag zum Weltkulturerbe**" (Project of the Jubiläumsfonds of the Österreichische Nationalbank No. 17771) at the Austrian Academy of Sciences.

Its project leader Mihailo St. Popović and his project team Veronika Polloczek, Bernhard Koschicek, Alexander Watzinger, Jelena Nikić, Florian Wiltschnig and Jan Belik have developed a web design, a logo, a framework as well as a workflow and, thus, a "best practice" for the processing of the analogue TIB data. For the time being, three sub-collections of the TIB Archive have been embedded with the respective metadata into CollectiveAccess, namely:

- "Cilicia and Isauria" (TIB 5, Friedrich Hild, published 1990)
- "Eastern Thrace (Eurōpē)" (TIB 12, Andreas Külzer, published 2008)
- "Macedonia, Northern Part" (TIB 16, Mihailo St. Popović, to be published 2022)

These sub-collections represent altogether 7,172 slides of about 52,000 slides in total, which are preserved in the TIB Archive. It is a first step towards creating a Digital Archive of the TIB (DigTIB), which shall be pursued in the near future as part of the "**Maps of Power**" initiative.

We are very grateful to the Österreichische Nationalbank for its support and for enabling us to establish the basis of our future scholarly endeavour.

Mihailo St. Popović,
PI of the "Maps of Power" initiative

Browse Featured Galleries

[TIB 12 - Ostthrakien \(Eurōpē\)](#)

[TIB 16 - Macedonia, Northern Part](#)

[TIB 5 - Kilikien und Isaurien](#)



База податка *OpenAtlas*

- Категорије:
- Source
- Event
- Actor
- Place
- Artifact
- Reference

Source

Source			Search term	CA	DE	EN	ES	gear
Source								
 + Source	Show 25 entries		Search:					TIB 7.10.0
Name	Type	Description						
A decision of Theophylaktos Dermokaites from July 1366	Charter	Theophylaktos Dermokaites, the general judge of the Romans, issued a decision concerning th...						
Act of the apographeus Manuel Manglabites for Ioannes Sguros Orestes	Charter	In 1319/1320 or perhaps in 1304/1305 Manuel Manglabites, the apographeus of the thema Me...						
Act of the Domestikos of the themes Konstantinos Makrenos from August 1334 1334	Charter	Konstantinos Makrenos, the Domestikos of the themes, issued an act in August 1334, where he...						
Actes d'Iviron IV	Charter	The edition "Actes d'Iviron IV" contains charters by the Byzantine Emperors and Serbian rulers i...						
Actes de Chilandar I	Charter	The edition "Actes de Chilandar I" contains charters by the Byzantine Emperors in favour of the ...						
Actes de Chilandar I (old)	Charter	The edition "Actes de Chilandar I" contains charters by the Byzantine Emperors in favour of the ...						
Actes de Chilandar II (old)	Charter	The edition "Actes de Chilandar II" contains charters by the Serbian rulers in favour of the Mona...						
Appointment deed for Meletios	Charter	In the time period from 1301 to 1361 a not named patriarch appointed Meletios as Abbot of the ...						
Arhilevica 1	Charter	The chrysobull charter of the Serbian Emperor Stefan Uroš IV Dušan (reigned 1331-1355) confi...						
Arhilevica 2	Charter	This charter was issued in 1378/79 by the Serbian Empress Jevdokija and her son Konstantin D...						
Azbućna kartoteka na toponimi od Makedonija		The "Azbućna kartoteka na toponimi od istorisko-geografska Makedonija" is kept in the "Onoma...						
Banjska Hrisovulja	Charter	King Stefan Uroš II and his brother Stefan Dragutin rebuilt the church of St. Stephen in the Banj...						
Boundary Description by the judge Michalis loskules (1371)	Charter	In the year 1371 the judge Michalis loskules made a boundary description in the valley of the riv...						
Charter concerning the return of the posession in the village Hagios Georgios to th...	Charter	In May 1304 the unlawfully taken small possession (κτήμα μικρόν) Hagios Georgios near the vill...						
Charter concerning the sale of a plot of land in Chomnos Stolos	Charter	In June 1355 a charter concerning the sale of a plot of land in Chomnos Stolos was issued.						
Charter of Stefan Uroš III Dečanski for the Monastery of Sv. Nikola in Orehovo	Charter	On 9 September 1330 the Serbian King Stefan Uroš III Dečanski (reigned 1322-1331) issued a ...						
Charter of the King of Sicily, Charles I. Anjou for the local representative in Durazzo ...	Charter	The King of Sicily, Charles I Anjou, issued on the 19th June 1274 a charter for Narzo de Toucy, t...						
Charter of the King of Sicily. Charles I. Anjou for the Sevastos Paulus Groba	Charter	The King of Sicily. Charles I Anjou. issued the charter for the Sevastos Paulus Groba on the 18....						

Event

 Source Event Actor Place Artifact Reference Types

Search term



CA

DE

EN

ES



Event

TIB 7.10.0

+ Activity + Acquisition + Creation + Event + Move + Production

Show 25 entries

Search:

Name	Class	Type	Begin	End	Description
A plea is sent to Ahmed III to arrest Ludo Malo a...	Activity	Capture of Population	1729	1729	In May 1729 a plea is sent to Sultan Ahmed III to arrest t...
A villager from Malovište named Mishe, was conv... Boundary Description mentioning the Summer Pa...	Activity	Conflict	1658	1658	A villager from Malovište named Mishe, was convicted fo...
Boundary Description of Bučinš	Activity	Boundary Description	1371	1371	In the year 1371 the judge Michalis loskules made a bou...
Boundary Description of Dupijačani, Kostěnčice	Activity	Boundary Description	1343	1344	The Watermill of Vatač is mentioned in the description of...
Boundary Description of Homorani	Activity	Boundary Description	1343	1344	King Steven Uroš IV Dušan mentioned the Summer Past...
Boundary Description of Homorani, Ōrehošv Dols	Activity	Boundary Description	1343	1344	King Stefan Uroš IV Dušan mentioned the village of Ōre...
Boundary Description of Krđepeno, Polatciš	Activity	Boundary Description	1344	1345	In the year 1344/45 Polatciš was mentioned by King Ste...
Boundary Description of Prēbužda mentions a Ma...	Activity	Confirmation of Property	1209	1308	In 1299/1300 or May 1308 (?) the Byzantine Emperor A...
Boundary Description of Prēbužda mentions a Ma...	Activity	Vicinity	1299	1308	In 1299/1300 or May 1308 (?) the Byzantine emperor A...
Boundary Description of Prēbužda mentions a Wa...	Activity	Confirmation of Property	1299	1308	In 1299/1300 or May 1308 (?) the Byzantine Emperor A...
Boundary Description of Prēbužda mentions a Wa...	Activity	Vicinity	1299	1308	In 1299/1300 or May 1308 (?) the Byzantine emperor A...
Boundary Description of the Metochion of the tw...	Activity	Boundary Description	1334	1335	The Church of Barovo is mentioned as part of a bounda...
Boundary Description of the Metochion of the tw...	Activity	Boundary Description	1334	1335	The road from Treskavec is mentioned as part of a bou...
Boundary Description of Vlčije	Activity	Boundary Description	1343	1344	King Stefan Uroš IV Dušan mentions the village of Mala ...
Building of Hadrian's Wall	Activity		122	128	
Carevo Selo, Mentioning of a Local Road	Activity	Mentioned			
Change of Sovereignty for subjects	Activity	Movement of people or goods	1350	1350	Emperor Stefan Uroš IV Dušan gave the sovereignty ov...

Actor

MAPS POWER Source Event Actor Place Artifact Reference Types

Search term

CA DE EN ES



Actor

TIB 7.10.0

+ Person + Group

Show 25 entries

Search:

Name	Class	Begin	End	Description
(?) Ragato	Person			Villager from Mahalle (unreadable) in the village Gramos, mentioned in th...
(?) Savili	Person			Villager from Mahalle (unreadable) in the village Gramos, mentioned in th...
(Despotović) Uglješa	Person			He died probably as an infant before 1368. He was the child of Ioannes U...
(Murtinъ) Leon	Person			Mentioned in the second and third charter (1343/1345) of the Serbian Ki...
(Paskačić) Vladko	Person			Mentioned in the charter of the Serbian Emperor Stefan Uroš IV Dušan c...
(Povika?) Radoslav'	Person			Identical with Radoslav Chlapan (Radoslabos Chlapanos)? The old edito...
Τραδοσθάβος				
(Privatovikъ) Tripunъ	Person			Mentioned in the land-inventory of the church of Saint Stephen in the vill...
(Vlatković) Ugl(j)eša	Person	1359		It is estimated that he was born around 1359. His last appearance in the ...
(Čihorić [Drugović]) Dabiživъ	Person		1362	He was a member of the noble family of Čihorić in Trebinje. He had three ...
Drugouch Dabiseus, Cicorich Dabisei				
? Toca	Person			Villager from Mahalle (unreadable) in the village Gramos, mentioned in th...
Abastralites	Person			Mentioned in the charter from June 1355 concerning the sale of a plot of ...
Ἄβαστραλίτης				
Abrampakes Michael	Person			Mentioned in the sources from April 1346 to May 1355. He appears as ol...
Αβραμπάκης Μιχαήλ				
Achridiotes Konstantinos	Person			Mentioned in the deed of gift of Georgios Kontostefanos Kalameas and...
Αχριδίωτης Κωνσταντίνος				
Agapi Bodani	Person			A villager from mahale Mina in the village Gramos, mentioned in the regis...

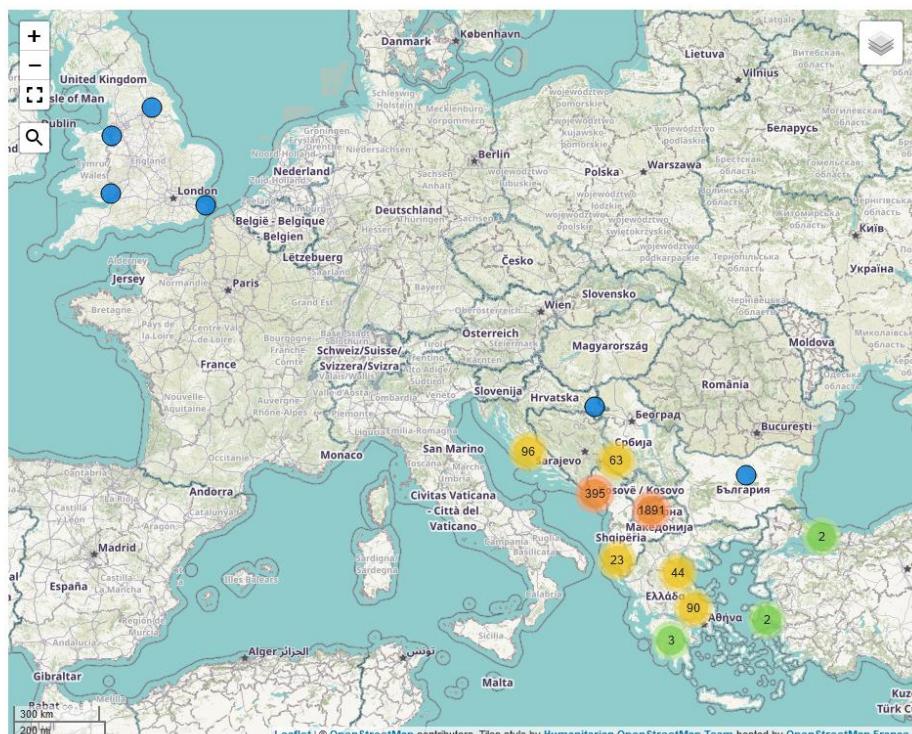
Place

MAPS POWER Source Event Actor Place Artifact Reference Types Search term CA DE EN ES 

Place TIB 7.10.0

+ Place Show 25 entries

Name	Class	Type	Begin	End	Description
Aatios		Place			
Abarnitzia		Place			
Abasson		Place			
Abaton		Place			
Ablanica		Place			
Abren		Place			
Abroba		Place			
Abrolebas		Place			
Achelōos, Gebiet, The...		Place			
Achelōos, Mündungse...		Place			
Achelōos, Stadt		Place			
Achelōos	Place	River			Fluß im äußersten Weste...
Aχελώος					
Achladion	Place	Fortification			Etwa 17 km osö. von Styli...
Aχλάδιον					
Achladochorion	Place	Existing Church	1200	1299	24 km onö. von Trikala Hi...
Aχλαδοχώριον					
Achnistai	Place				

A map of Europe and the Mediterranean region showing the locations of various places mentioned in the table. Each location is marked with a blue circle whose size corresponds to the number of entries for that place name. The map includes labels for countries like United Kingdom, Ireland, France, Spain, Italy, and Russia, as well as major cities and geographical features.

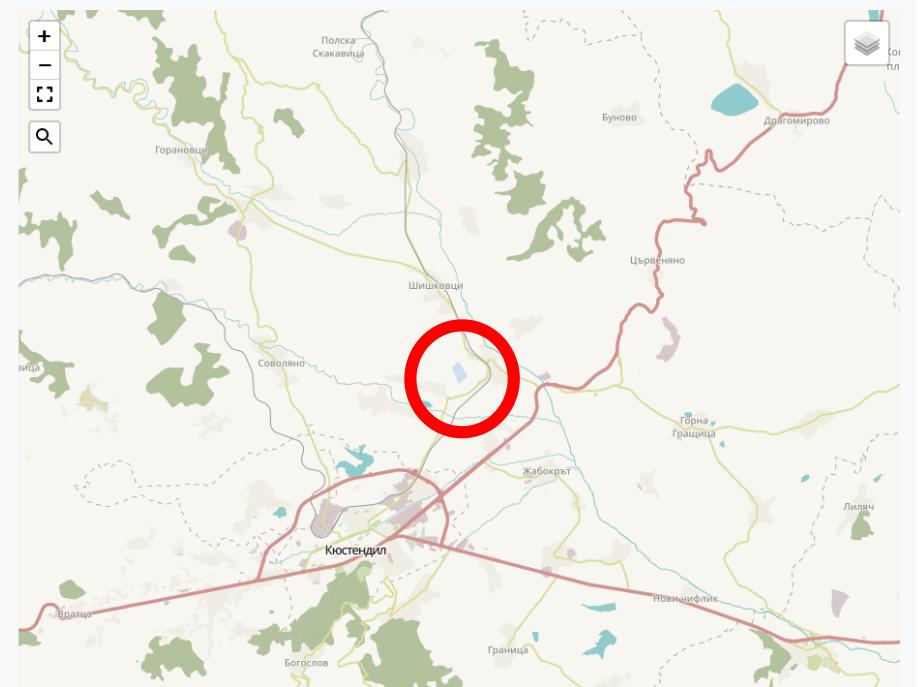
Info Source Event Reference 24 Artifact Actor Feature File 4 Note

[Edit](#) [Delete](#) [Bookmark](#)

Spasovica



Alias	Спасовица
Begin	1330-07-28
End	1331-12-31
Type	Abandoned Church palaeokklesia crkvište
Administrative unit	Bulgaria
Case Study	Byzantino-Serbian Border Zones in Transition (1282–1355) Historical Region of Macedonia TIB 16
Evidence	Archaeology Historiography History Vita
Historical place	Kingdom of Serbia Serbian Empire
Sign of Power	Cult Infrastructure [cul.] Ritual
Class	E18
Created	2019-08-08 mpopovic
Modified	2022-02-01 mpopovic
API	 JSON RDF CSV



Serbian Empire

Sign of Power
Cult
Infrastructure [cul.]
Ritual

Class **E18**

Created 2019-08-08 [mropovic](#)

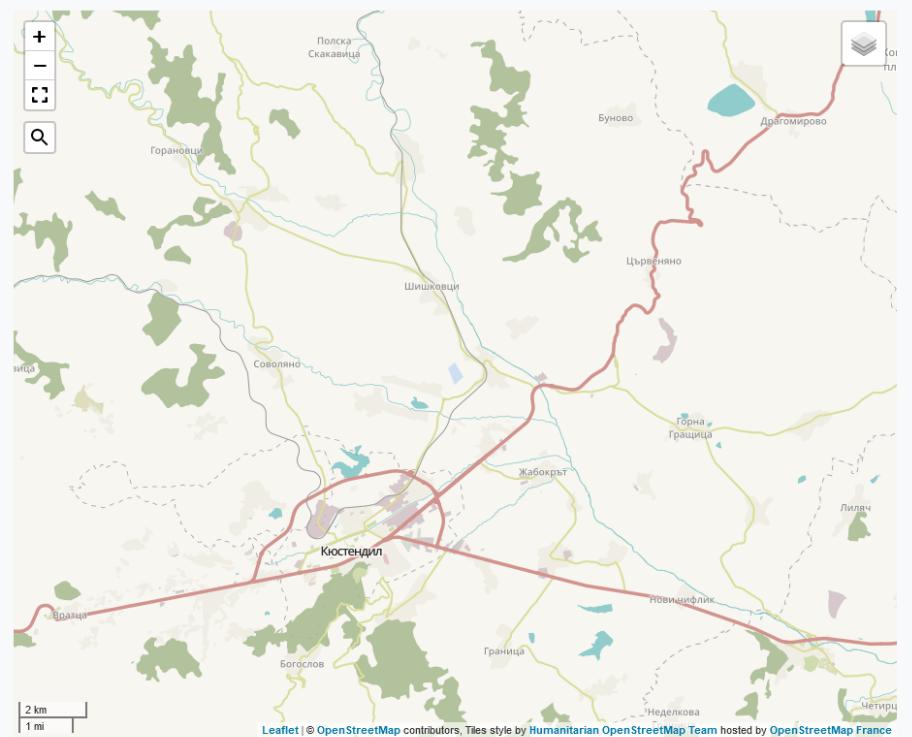
Modified 2022-02-01 [mropovic](#)

API [JSON](#) [RDF](#) [CSV](#)

Description

According to the Lives of Serbian Kings and Archbishops by the Serbian Archbishop Danilo II (ca. 1270/75-1337) and his successors, the Serbian King Stefan Uroš III Dečanski (reigned 1321-1331) gathered his army in the forefront of the Battle of Velbužd in the first half of 1330 on a field called Dobrič (Dobričko polje), located in today's South-Eastern Serbia at the confluence of the rivers Južna Morava and Toplica. He intended to await the Bulgarian Tsar Michael III Šišman (reigned 1323-1330) for a battle at this place. As messengers informed him that the Bulgarian Tsar had reached the region near the castle of Zemen at the Upper Strymon (Struma), where the then border of the Serbian Kingdom lay, he also set his army in motion and moved to Nagoričino, where he prayed in the Church of Saint George (pride vš monastir svoi kb svetomu mučeniku Hristovu Georgijiju Nagoričanskому). After that he crossed the region of Slaviste, followed the upper course of the river Kriva Reka and arrived at Kriva Palanka, where he prayed in the nearby Monastery of Joakim of Osogovo (Sarandapor). According to the Lives of Serbian Kings and Archbishops the Bulgarian Tsar came probably from his residence in Veliko Tárnovo and went through the town of Vidin to the castle of Zemen. Stefan Dečanski advanced by forced march to the river Sovolstica. According to the Byzantine Emperor and historian John Kantakuzenos (reigned 1347-1354) Michael III moved to a place, which was called Belmasdus (ἐν τόπῳ Βελμάσδιν, today's Kjustendil) by the locals, where he pitched his camp. The Byzantine historian Nikephorus Gregoras relates that Michael III invaded the land of the Serbs (ἐς τὴν τὸν Τριβαλῶν χώραν) in the place, where the river Strymon has its source (ποταμοῦ τοῦ Στρυμόνος εἰσὶν αἱ πηγαί). Before the decisive battle, the Bulgarian army encamped in the area between the present villages of Šiškovci and Kopilovci. The battle took place on Saturday, 28 July, 1330 and ended with a victory of the Serbian army. Stefan Dečanski killed or captured Michael III Šišman and brought him to Žegligovo (adumere eum in Segligovo), where he was buried in the Church of Saint George in the village of Nagoričino (et sepulchro datus est in Ecclesia sancti Georgii in pago Gorichina). The Serbian King erected the Church of the Ascension of Jesus Christ (ι σκύρκυ svetago vznesenija sъzdati tu; also called Sveti Spas, therefore Spasovica) on the hill of Spasovica in memory of the battle. The Church of Sveti Spas does not exist anymore. The entire hill is now abundantly covered with coniferous trees that have been planted systematically. On the highest point of the hill there is a clearing, on which no traces or remains of the church exist. Originally, the entire plain of Kjustendil could be overlooked from this point, which is now impossible due to the vegetation. The Church of Sveti Spas began to decline most likely in the 16th or 17th centuries. Already at the beginning of the 20th century only parts of it were preserved, as can be seen from the documentation of the Bulgarian scholar Jordan Ivanov (1872-1947). In or after the Second World War the church was completely ruined. The published descriptions and the photographic evidence enable an approximate architectural reconstruction of the Church of the Ascension of Jesus Christ. It was a cross-domed church (with four pillars). Above the narthex in the West there were two domes, above the naos one dome (diameter: about 3,7 m). The church had a rectangular ground plan (about 12 m x 8 m). The main entrance was in the West (in the narthex), a second in the South (in the naos). The narthex and the naos were interconnected with a door. The construction of the church was most likely completed after the death of the Serbian King Stefan Uroš III Dečanski (after 1331).

[Show less](#)

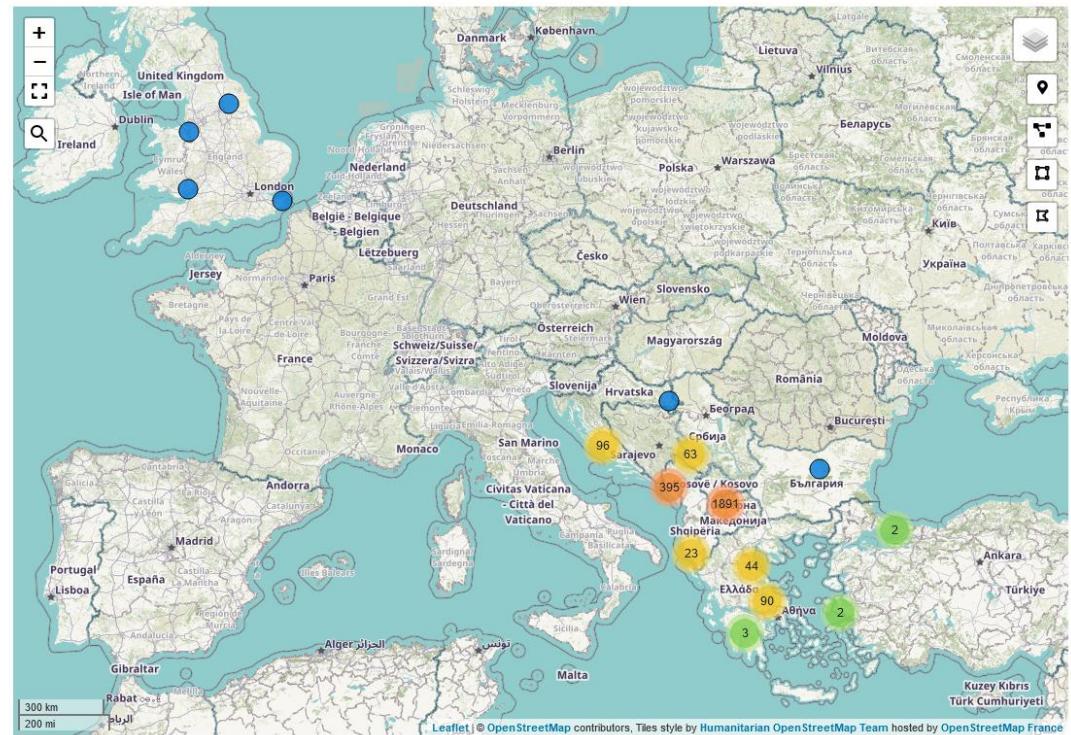




Обр. 10. Черквата Спасовица издигната въ честь на побъдата 1330 г.

Name *	<input type="text"/>
Alias	<input type="text"/> +
Type Change	
Administrative unit Change	
Analogies	<input type="text"/> Change
Case Study *	<input type="text"/> Change
Dedication Change	
Denomination	<input type="text"/> Change
Evidence	<input type="text"/> Change
Ground Plans	<input type="text"/> Change
Historical place Change	
Sign of Power	<input type="text"/> Change
Stylistic Classification	<input type="text"/> Change
TIB Road Classification Change	
Reference system	Show
Date Show	
Description	<input type="text"/>

[Insert](#) [Insert and continue](#) [Insert and add feature](#)



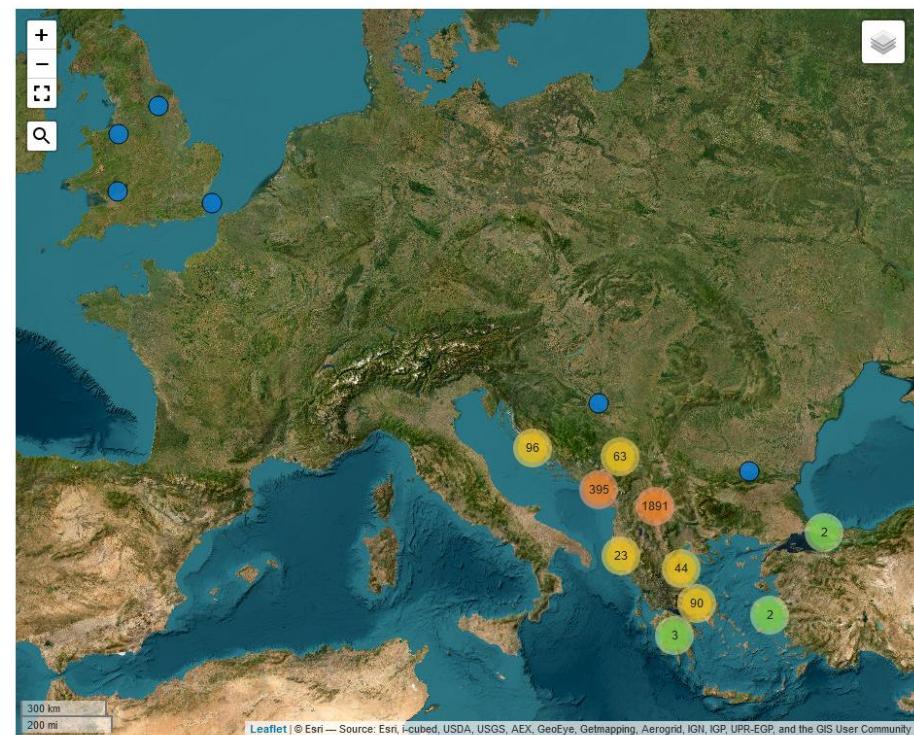
Place

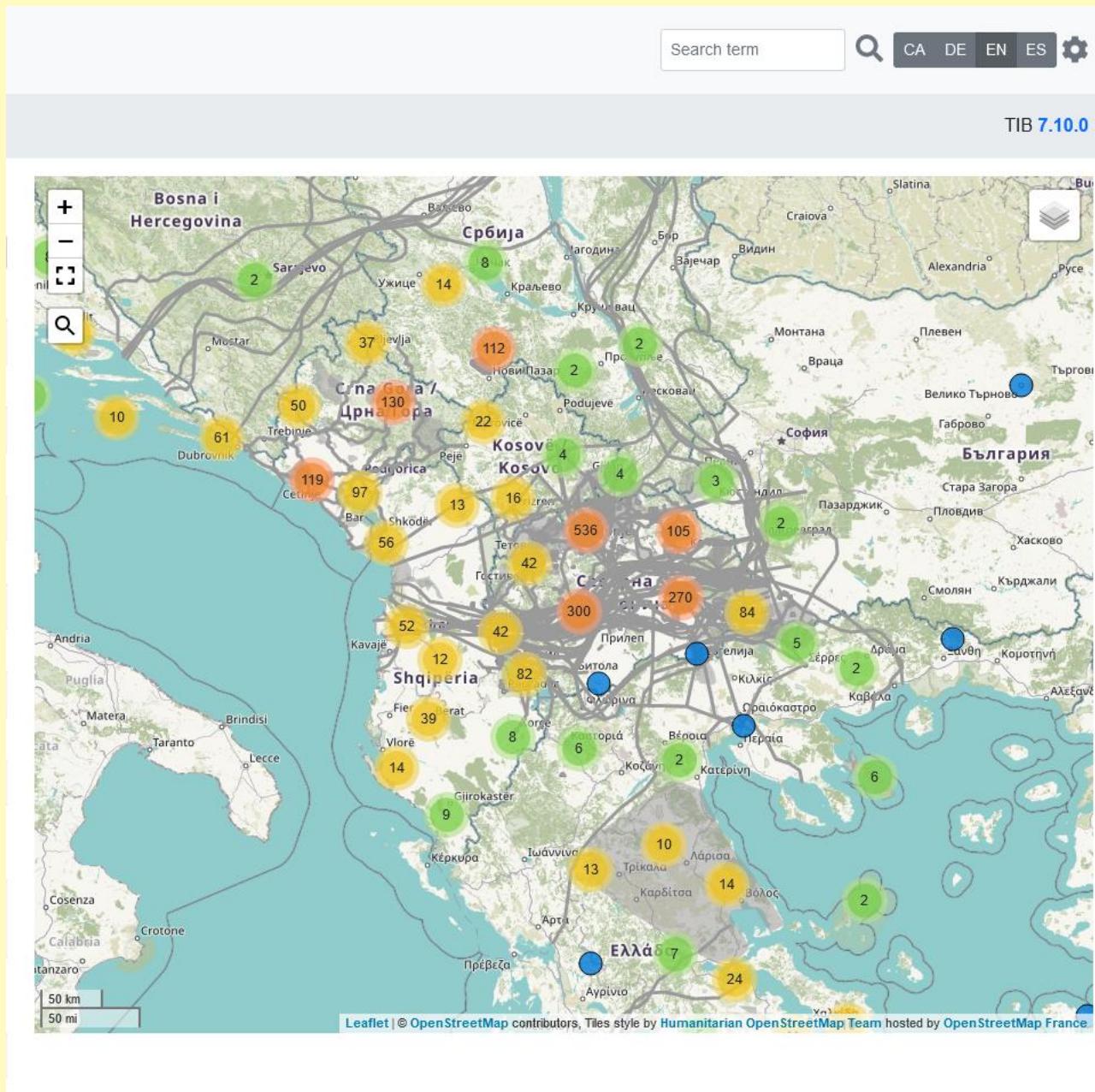
+ Place

Show 25 entries

Search:

Name	Class	Type	Begin	End	Description
Aatios	Place				
Abarnitza	Place				
Abasson	Place				
Abaton	Place				
Abanica	Place				
Abren	Place				
Abroba	Place				
Abrolebas	Place				
Achelōos, Gebiet, The...	Place				
Achelōos, Mündungse...	Place				
Achelōos, Stadt	Place				
Achelōos Αχελῷος	Place	River			Fluss im äußersten Weste...
Achladion Αχλάδιον	Place	Fortification			Etwa 17 km osö. von Styli...
Achladochōrion Αχλαδοχώριον	Place	Existing Church	1200	1299	24 km onö. von Trikala Hi...
Achnistai	Place				





Info Source Event Reference 1 Artifact Actor Feature File 2 Note

Edit Delete Bookmark

Route Morača Onogošć



Type Medieval Road Network

Administrative unit Montenegro

Case Study Beyond East and West: Sacred Landscapes Dukija and Raška

TIB 17

Tabula Imperii Byzantini

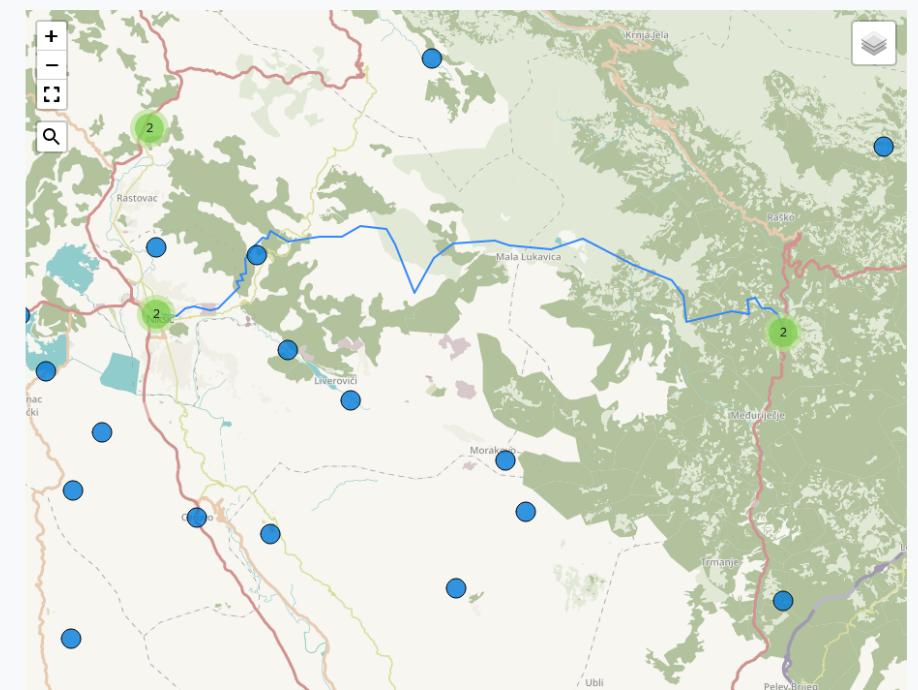
Class E18

Created 2021-12-15 mpopovic

Modified 2021-12-15 mpopovic

API

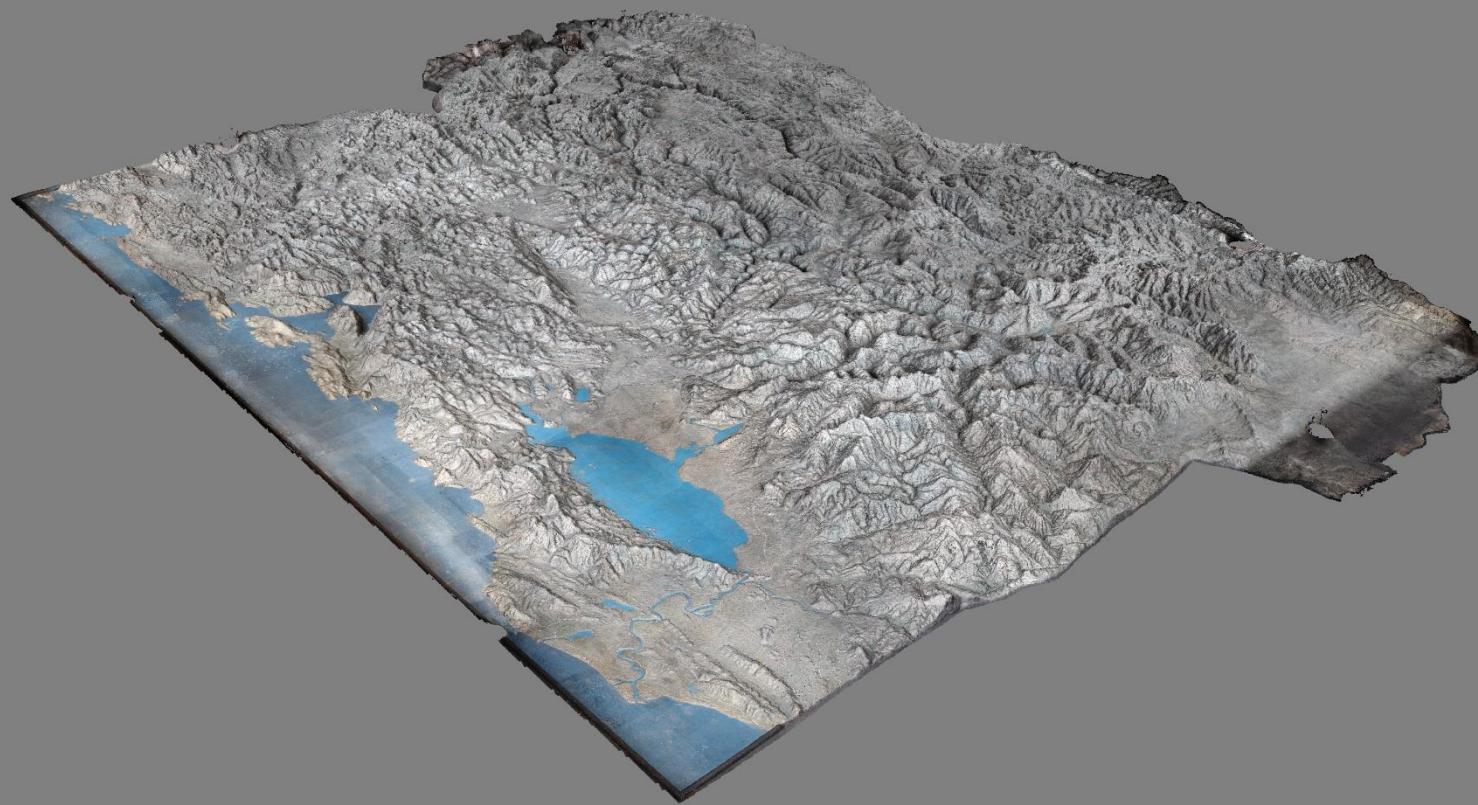
JSON ▾ RDF ▾ CSV ▾



Аустро-Угарски рељеф Црне Горе (1916/17)



3Д Скенирање (M. Hernández Cordero)



CASE STUDY

SIGN OF POWER

PLACE

EVENT

ACTOR

ARTIFACT

QUERY

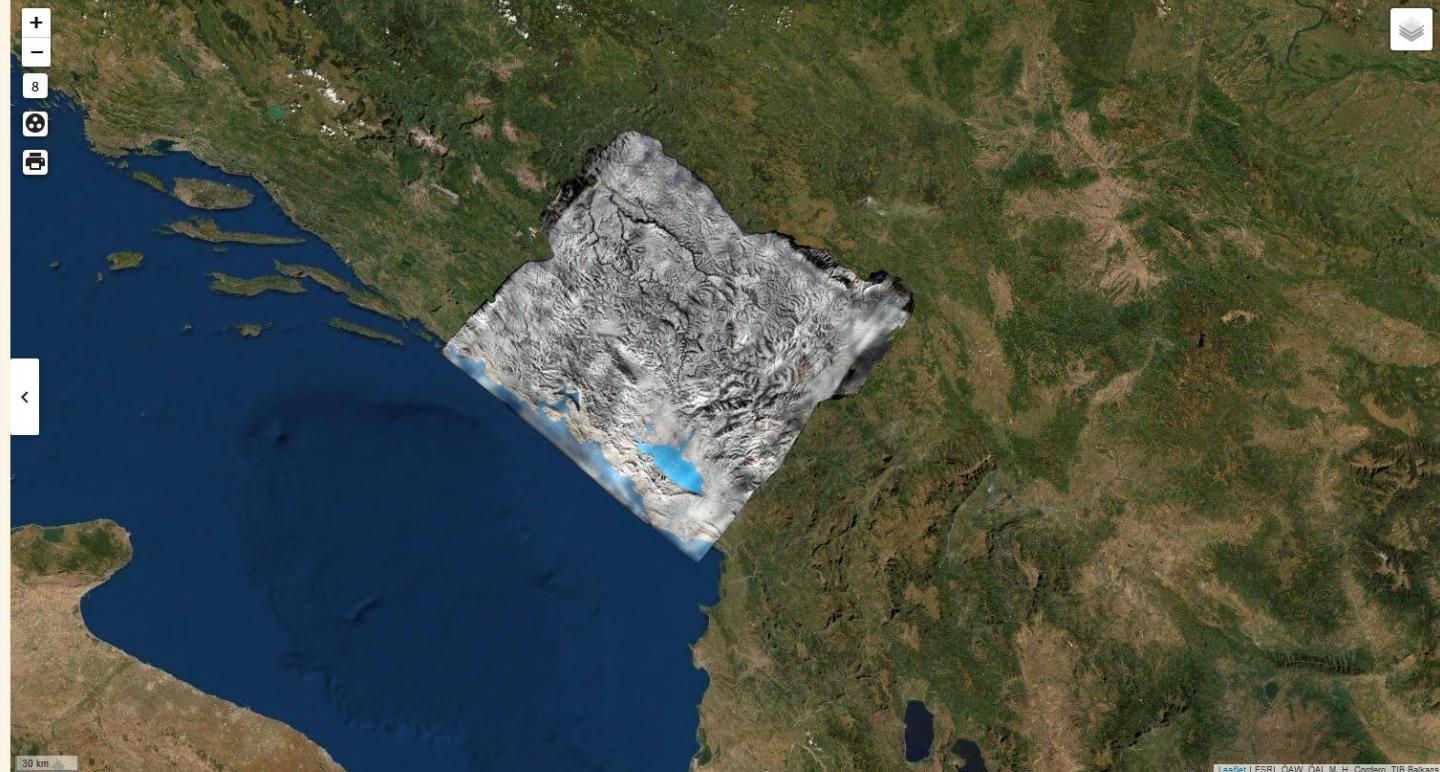
STORIES

RESET ALL SELECTIONS

Maps of Power: Historical Atlas of Places, Borderzones and Migration Dynamics in Byzantium (TIB Balkans)

0 1603 2021

ACTIVE TYPES



SELECTION

BACK

30 km

Leaflet | ESRI, OAW, OAI, M. H. Cordero, TIB Balkans

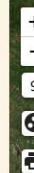
IMPRINT AND CONTACT

Maps of Power: Historical Atlas of Places, Borderzones and Migration Dynamics in Byzantium (TIB Balkans)

0 1603 2023

ACTIVE TYPES

53 Medieval Road Network



9



SELECTION

[BACK](#)

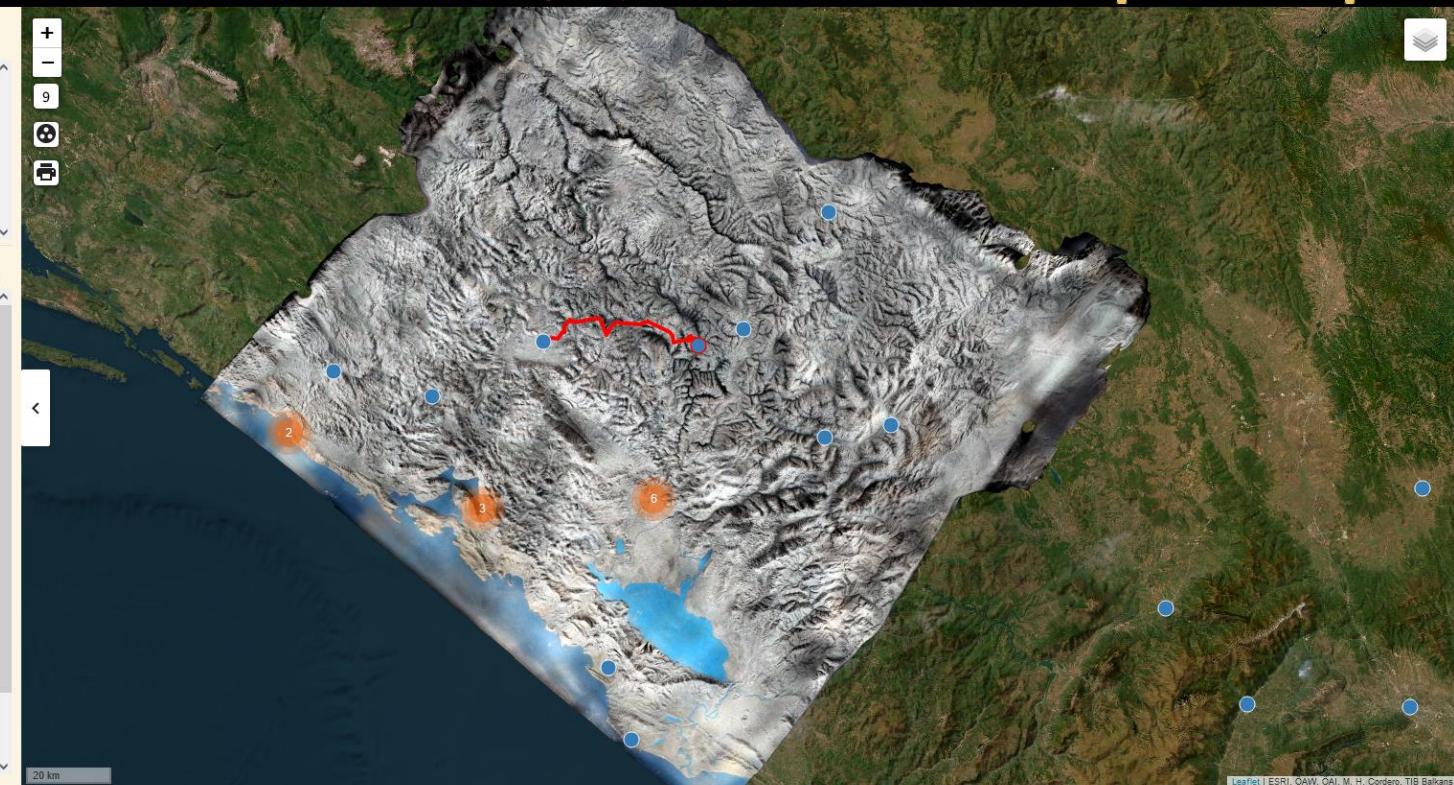
Route Morača Onogošt

Types:

- Place, Medieval Road Network
- Beyond East and West: Sacred Landscapes Duklja and Raška
- Tabula Imperii Byzantini
- TIB 17

Description:

References (1)



Leaflet | ESRI, CAW, CAI, M. H. Cordero, TIB Balkans

IMPRINT AND CONTACT

Artifact

Source Event Actor Place **Artifact** Reference Types

Search term CA DE EN ES

Artifact

TIB 7.10.0

+ Artifact + Human remains

Show 25 entries Search:

Name	Class	Type	Begin	End	Description
Belgrade Prophetologion	Artifact	Manuscript	1200	1235	Belgrade Prophetologion (NBS Rs 652) is the oldest survi...
Bratko Menaion	Artifact	Manuscript	1234	1250	Bratko Menaion, a collection of liturgical hymn compositi...
Bronze icon from the Patriarchate of Peć	Artifact	Icon	1200	1299	The icon with the representation of the Virgin with the ba...
Church in Zavala, altar screen	Artifact	Church Furnishing	800	1300	Among the sculptural remains found during the excavatio...
Ciborium from Kotor	Artifact	Church Furnishing	800	1178	The original ciborium from the Church of St. Tryphon in K...
Ciborium from Ulcinj	Artifact	Church Furnishing	813		The Ulcinj ciborium is one of the oldest (partially) preserv...
Codex Marianus (Marijino četvorjevandje)	Artifact	Manuscript	980	1000	Codex Marianus, written in Glagolitic script on parchment,...
Dečani Monastery, icons from the catholicon	Artifact	Icon	1343		Four icons - Christ Pantocrator, Virgin Mary with baby Jes...
Epitaphios (burial shroud) of King Stefan Uroš II Milutin	Artifact	Shroud	1300	1321	The burial shroud or epitaphios of King Milutin, from the ...
Epitrachelion of Saint Sava	Artifact	Epitrachelion	1100	1199	The epitrachelion of Saint Sava (ca. 1175-1236) is kept i...
Hvostan epitaphios (burial shroud)	Artifact	Shroud	1300	1390	The Hvostan epitaphios (burial shroud) is called after the...
Icon of Sts. Peter and Paul	Artifact	Icon	1282	1292	The icon of Saints Peter and Paul was a gift to St. Peters ...
Island of Mljet, Church of St. Mary, sculptural deco...	Artifact	Sculpture	1150	1230	The small number of preserved pieces of plastic within th...
King Radoslav's ring	Artifact	Ring	1219		The engagement ring of King Radoslav was made in gold...
Kuti, Church of St. Thomas, fresco	Artifact	Fresco	1075	1099	The remains of frescoes found in the Church of St. Thom...
Kuti, Church of St. Thomas, parapet plate	Artifact	Church Furnishing	1075	1099	In the Church of St. Thomas in Kuti, there used to be a re...
Martinići, remains of sculptural decoration	Artifact	Church Furnishing	850	999	Fragments of low-relief sculpture with pre-Romanesque ...
Miroslav Gospel	Artifact	Manuscript	1180	1187	Miroslav's Gospel is the oldest Serbian Cyrillic manuscri...

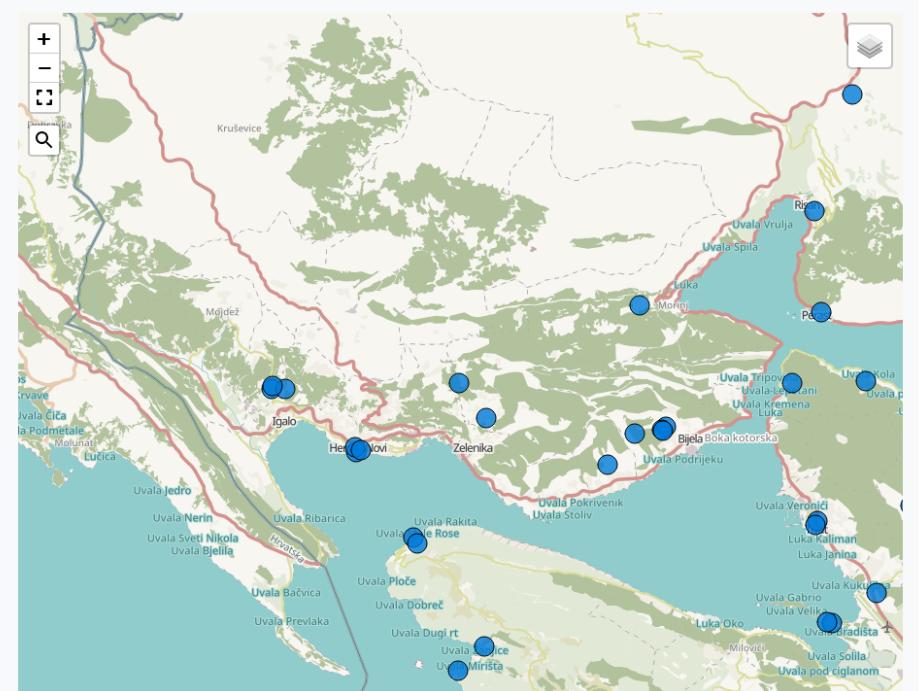
[Edit](#) [Delete](#) [Bookmark](#) < 2 of 2

Kuti, Church of St. Thomas, fresco

Begin	1075-01-01
End	1099-12-31
Type	Fresco
Case Study	Beyond East and West: Sacred Landscapes Duklja and Raška
Stylistic Classification	Byzantine
Class	E22
Created	2022-12-09 bvranesevic
Modified	2022-12-09 bvranesevic
API	JSON RDF CSV

Description

The remains of frescoes found in the Church of St. Thomas in Kuti date back to the 11th century. Fragments of frescoes reveal several saints' heads. They were probably made by Byzantine masters, as the similarity can be seen with the painting in the chapel and crypt of the Cathedral of the monastery of St. Luke in Fokida (Hosios Lucas), but also with the remains of wall painting in the Dubrovnik Cathedral and St. Nicholas in Koločep. Today, the found fragments are kept in the Regional Museum of Herceg Novi.



Reference

MAPS of POWER Source Event Actor Place Artifact Reference Types

Search term



CA

DE

EN

ES



Reference > Actes d'Iviron III

TIB 7.10.0

Info Source 10 Event Actor 41 Place 11 Artifact File Note

Edit Delete Bookmark

Actes d'Iviron III

Type **Charter Edition**

Case Study [Byzantino-Serbian Border Zones in Transition \(1282–1385\)](#)
[Ethnonym of the Vlachs](#)
[Historical Region of Macedonia TIB 16](#)

Class **E31**

Created 2018-06-01 [vzervan](#)

Modified 2021-03-04 [vzervan](#)

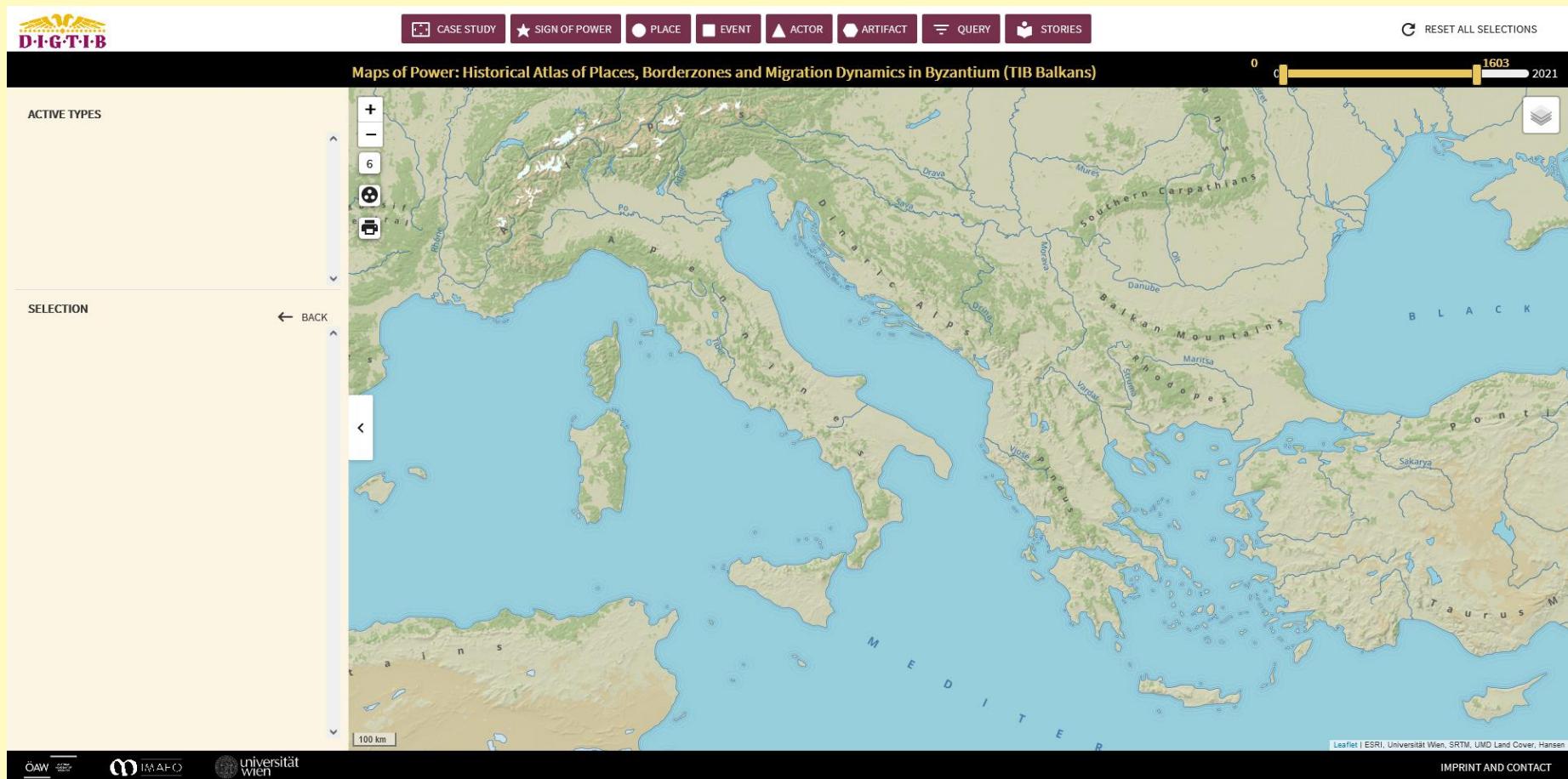
API [JSON](#) [RDF](#) [CSV](#)

Description

Actes d'Iviron III. De 1204 à 1328 (ed. Jacques Lefort/Nicolas Oikonomidès/Denise Papachryssanthou/Vassiliki Kravari/Hélène Métrévéli, Archives de l'Athon 18, Paris 1994).

Фронтенд ТІВ-а Балкан

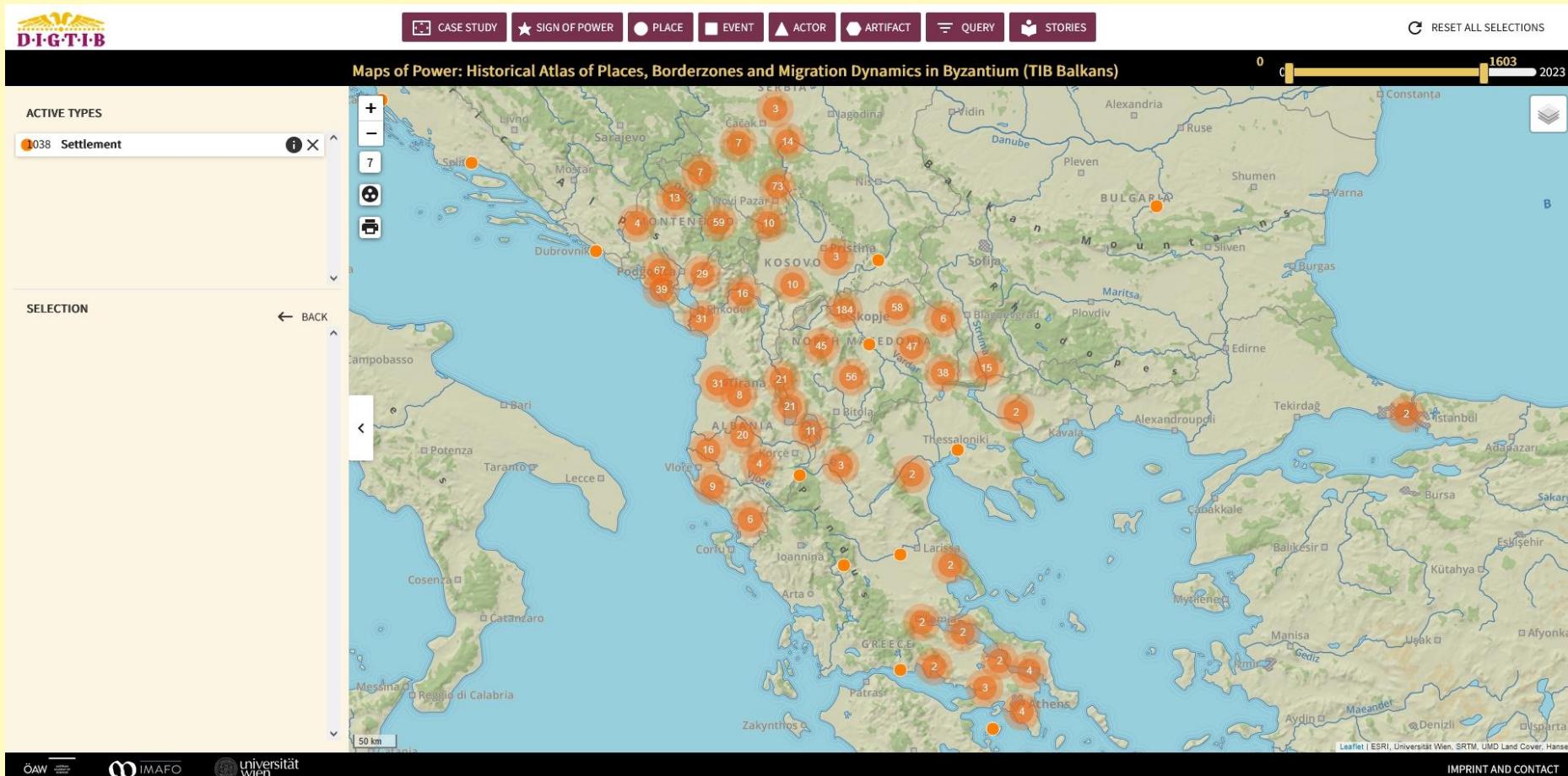
<https://tib.oeaw.ac.at/atlas>



Leaflet | ESRI, Universität Wien, SRTM, UMD Land Cover, Hansen

IMPRINT AND CONTACT

Насеља у фронтенду



Maps of Power: Historical Atlas of Places, Borderzones and Migration Dynamics in Byzantium (TIB Balkans)

ACTIVE TYPES

1038 Settlement



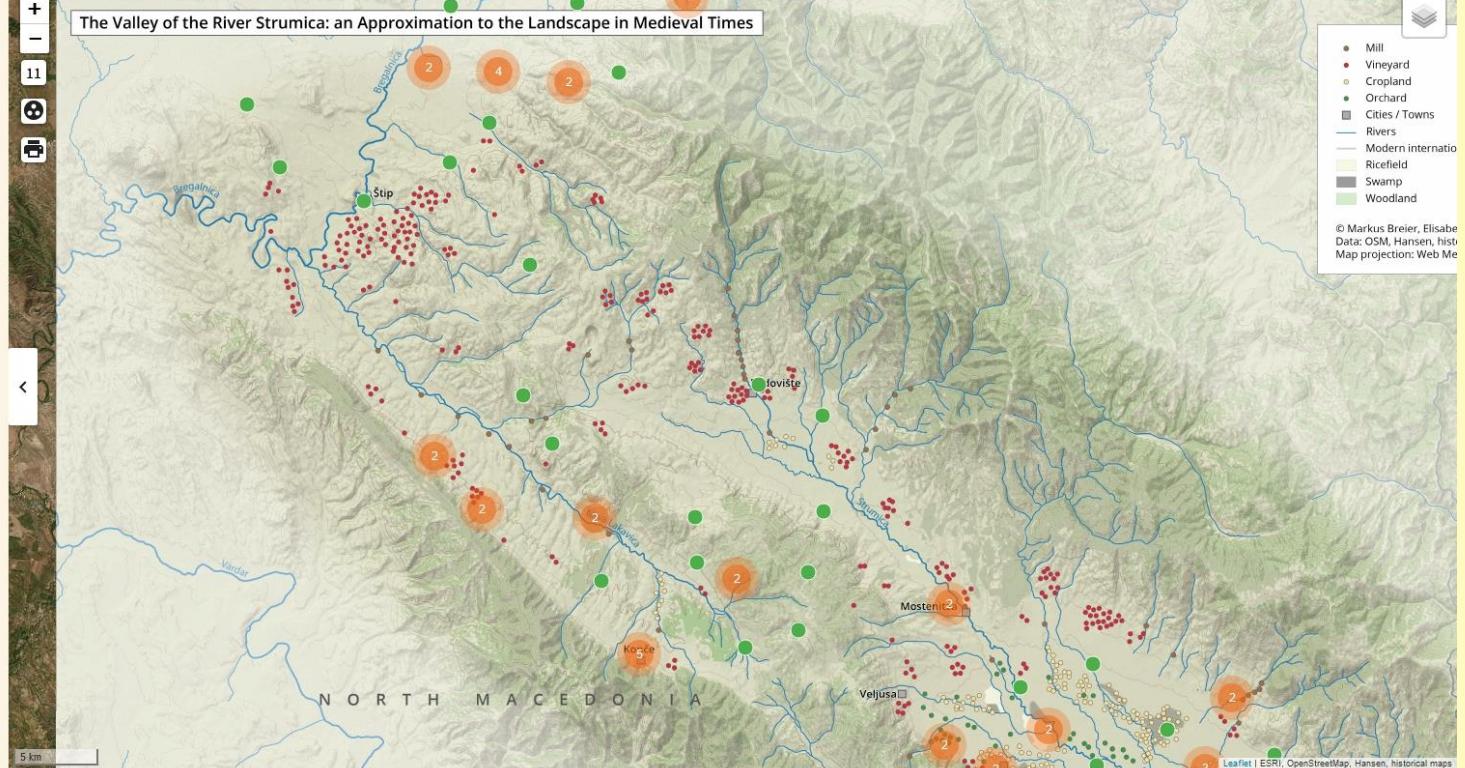
X



11



SELECTION



IMPRINT AND CONTACT

Story Map



CASE STUDY

STORIES

END STORY MODE

Maps of Power: Historical Atlas of Places, Borderzones and Migration Dynamics in Byzantium (TIB Balkans)

1603

2023

step 6/7

ROADS OF CONQUEST: THE SERBIAN ADVANCE IN BYZANTINE MACEDONIA RECONSTRUCTED (M. BREIER, B. KOSCHICEK, M. POPOVIC)

Roads of Conquest and Areas of Control

Places, Actors and Events

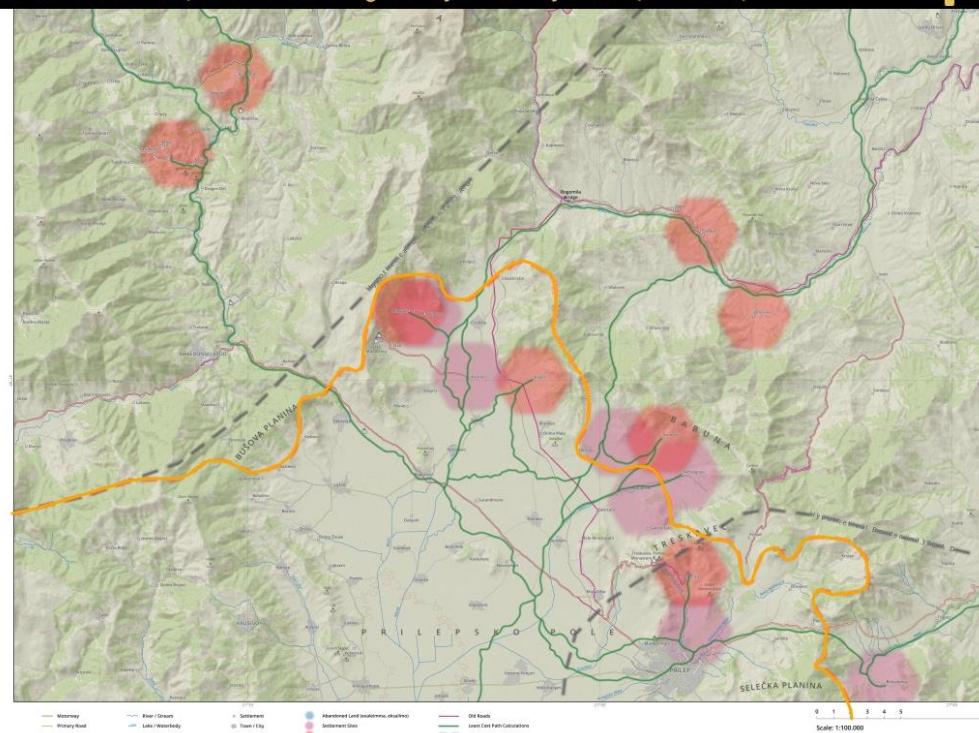
Interpretation of the Border between the Ser...

In order to define border zones even more accurate based on digital methods, one additional spatial component is needed: castles and fortifications. They played a major role in order to protect and to guard territory. Their impact may be reconstructed, amongst others, through visibility – what a person on the castle wall could see – and through reachability – how far a person could travel from the fortification in a given time. In order to calculate the visibility, we used a method called Viewshed-Analysis, in which one or more elevated points, where the fortification was located, are created as possible lookouts. From these points, an area is calculated, taking different spatial parameters into account, what and how far people on the lookouts could see. In order to calculate the reachability, we used a method called Cost-Surface. Based on this method we calculated, how far a person could travel in the landscape during a given time. Since we do not know, what the landscape exactly looked like in the 14th century and what kind of natural obstacles could be encountered (e.g. muddy areas, marshes, dense ground covering, etc.), our model can only serve as an approximation.

By combining the source-based evidence on settlements, roads as well as castles and fortifications, by locating them and by analysing them with digital tools we come to define a border zone between the Serbian Kingdom and the Byzantine Empire in the period from 1331, when King Dušan ascended the throne, to 1334, when the town of Prilep was undoubtedly under his control. And we can also identify roads, which he most probably used in order to force his way to the South deep into Byzantine territory.

ÖAW IMAFO WIEN

universität WIEN



Leaflet | ESRI, OpenStreetMap, SRTM, CORINE Landcover

IMPRINT AND CONTACT

<https://tib.oeaw.ac.at/balkan/digital/explore>

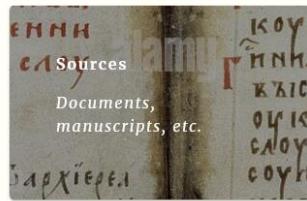
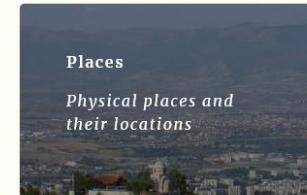
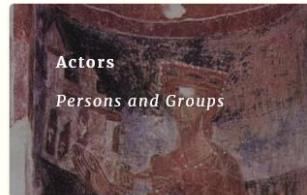


Browse project data

Holdura

Borderzones

Beyond East and West: Geocommunicating the Sacred Landscapes of “Duklja” and “Raška” through Space and Time (11th-14th Cent.)



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Icon of Sts. Peter and Paul

[JSON](#) [XML](#) [CSV](#)

Begin 01.01.1282

End 31.12.1292

Properties

ID	132983
System Class	Artifact
Artifact	Icon
Case Study	Beyond East and West: Sacred Landscapes Duklja and Raška
Stylistic Classification	Latin-Byzantine Combination

Description

The icon of Saints Peter and Paul was a gift to St. Peters Basilica, by Queen Helen of Anjou (a nun at that time) and her sons Milutin and Dragutin, probably after 1282. In the lower register of the icon, Helen is represented with the pope, while her sons Dragutin and Milutin are painted on the sides. It is known that Queen Helen corresponded with Pope Nicholas IV, who was the head of the Roman Church at the beginning of the last decade of the 13th century (1288-1292). It is believed that it was during his pontificate that the icon was created, and then sent to Pope Nicholas IV. A few decades after the icon arrived in Rome, there was a belief that it was actually an icon that Pope Sylvester gave to Emperor Constantine the Great, at the beginning of the 4th century. Conditioned by this belief, a second layer of painting is placed over it in the 16th century (in 1535) by Leonardo of Pistoia. Than the figure of Queen Helen was replaced by the figure of Emperor Constantine, and the figures of the Serbian kings Milutin and Dragutin were transformed into "Greek nobles". On this occasion, an icon frame was added. In 1941, Pimen Sofronov restored the icon, when the younger layer from the 16th century was removed and the icon regained its appearance from the end of the 13th century. The icon is still kept today in the treasury of the St. Peter's Basilica in Rome.

БУДУЋНОСТ

Tabula Imperii Byzantini (TIB) – State 2022

Long-Term-Project of the OEAW

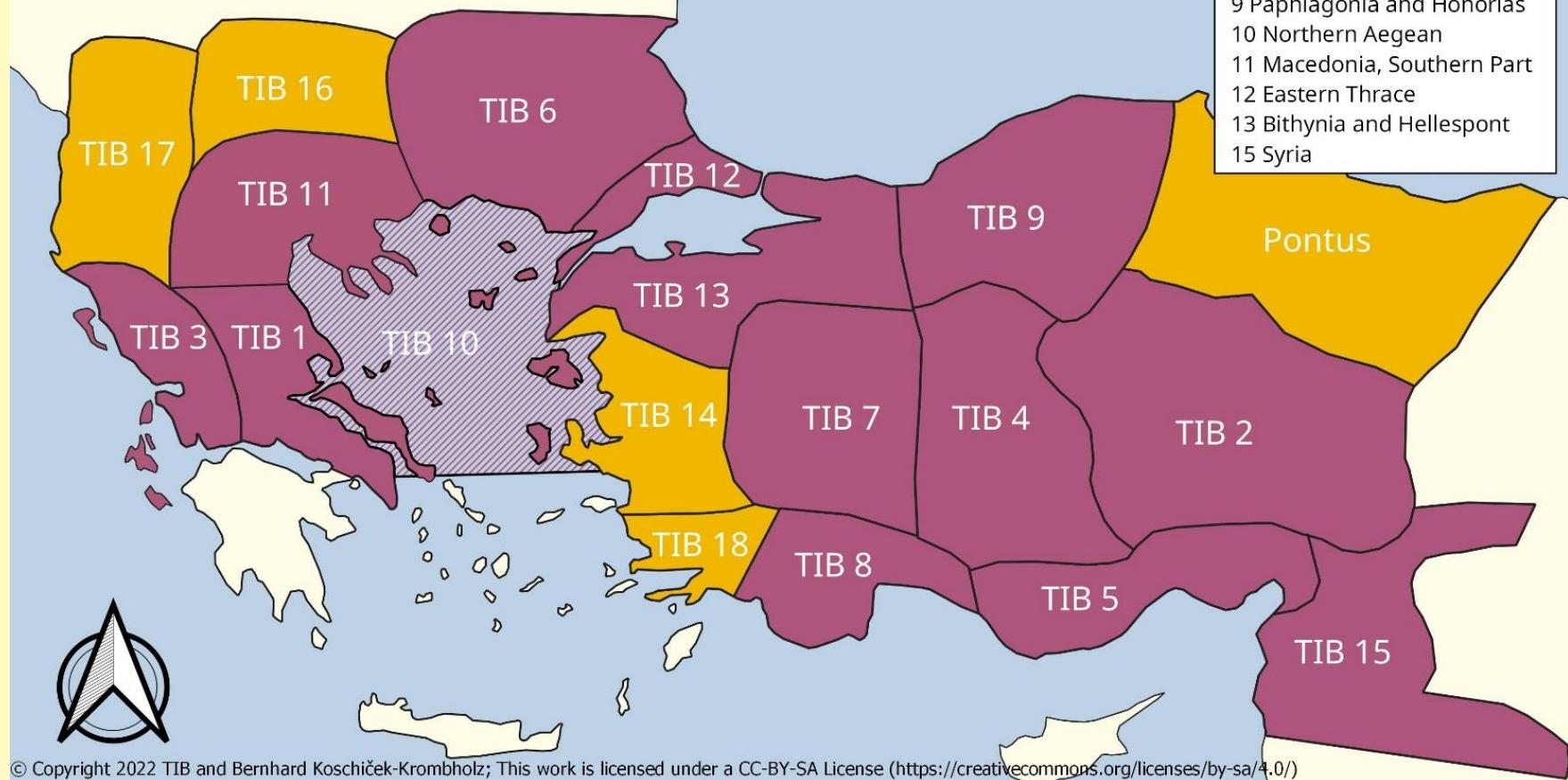
Work in Progress
Completed

Work in Progress:

- 14 Western Asia Minor: Lydia and Asia
- 16 Macedonia, Northern Part
- 17 Nea Epeiros and Praevalis
- 18 Caria

Completed:

- 1 Hellas and Thessaly
- 2 Cappadocia
- 3 Nicopolis and Cephalonia
- 4 Galatia and Lycaonia
- 5 Cilicia and Isauria
- 6 Thrace
- 7 Phrygia and Pisidia
- 8 Lycia and Pamphylia
- 9 Paphlagonia and Honorias
- 10 Northern Aegean
- 11 Macedonia, Southern Part
- 12 Eastern Thrace
- 13 Bithynia and Hellespont
- 15 Syria

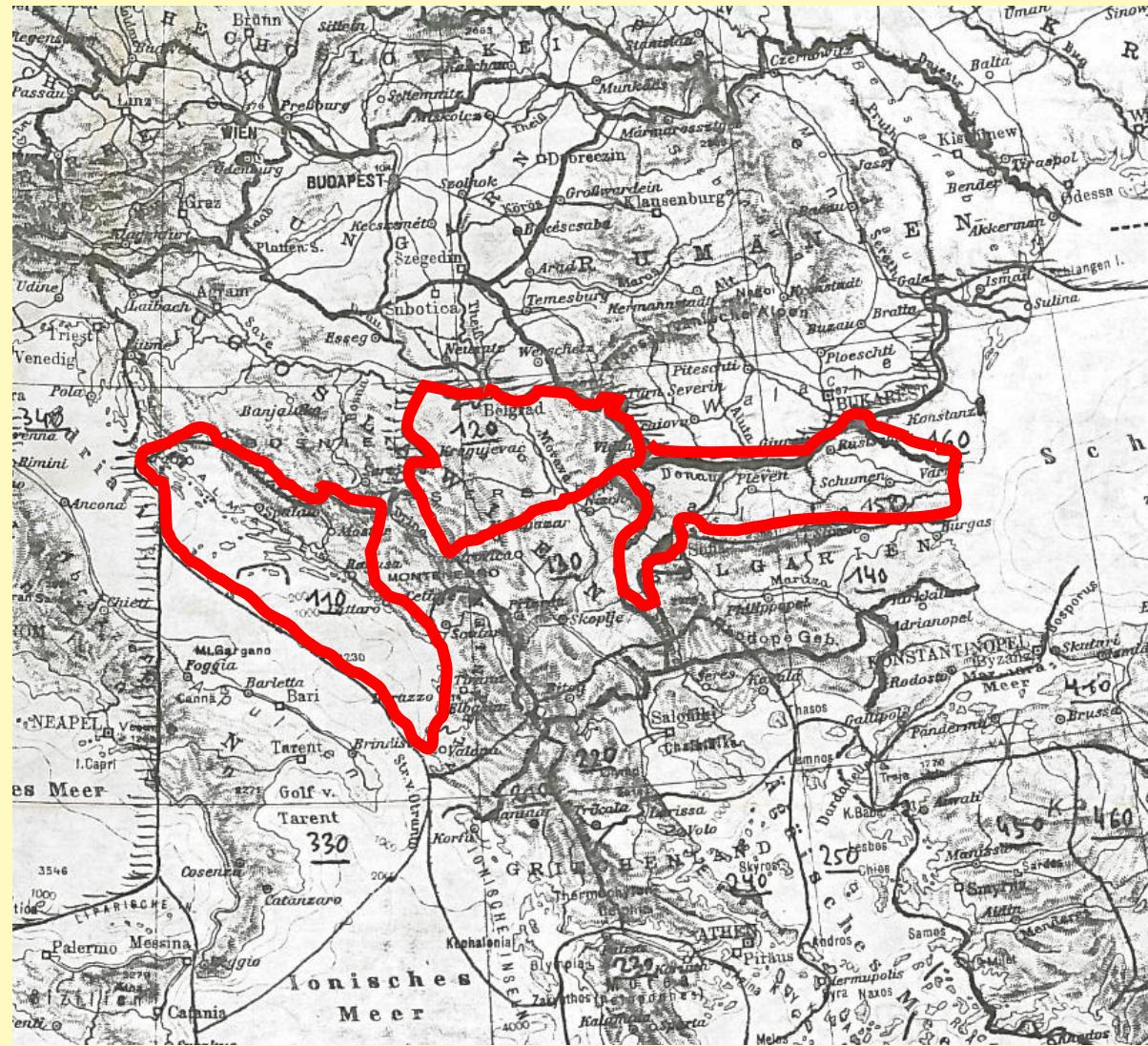


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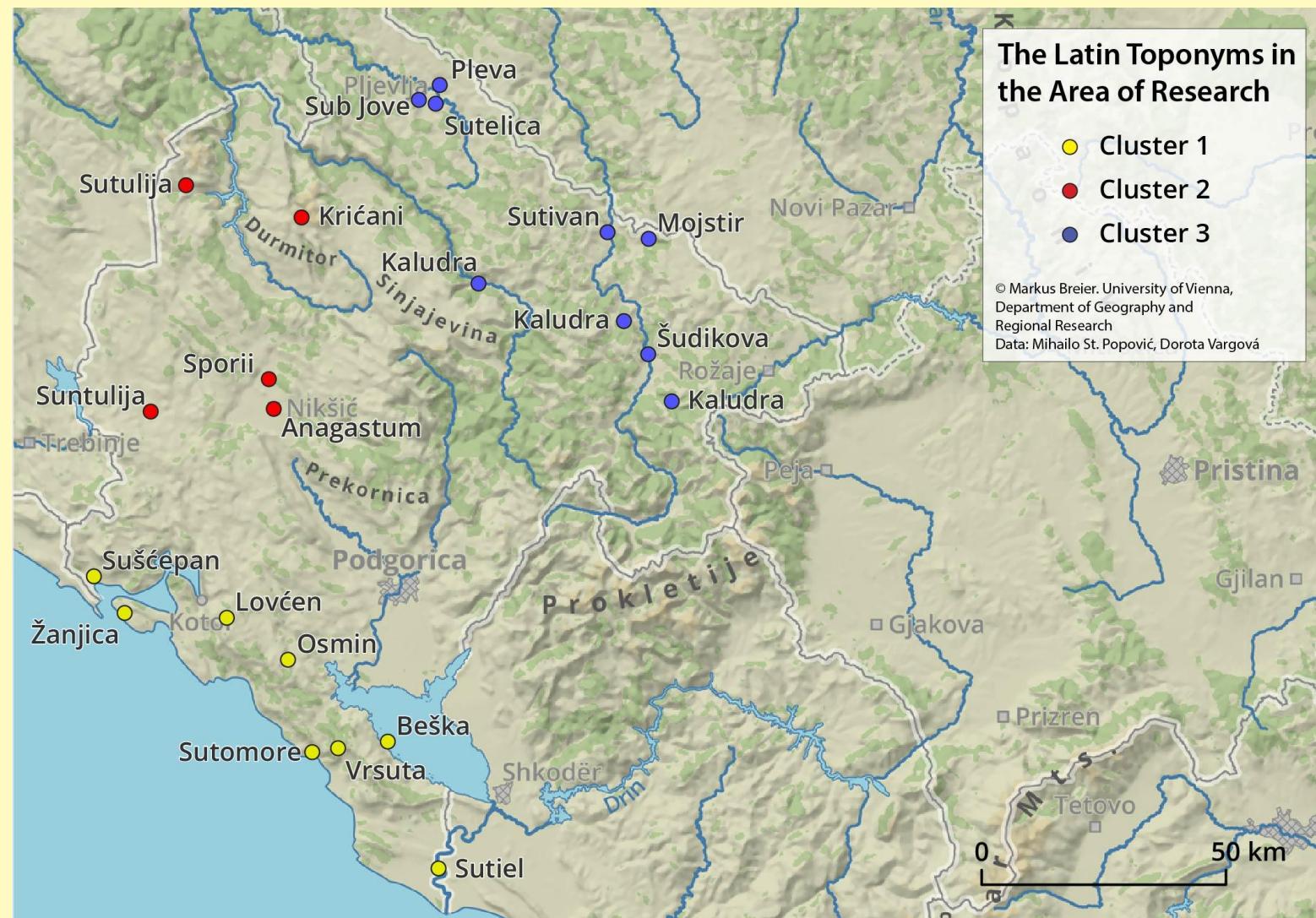
TIB 17



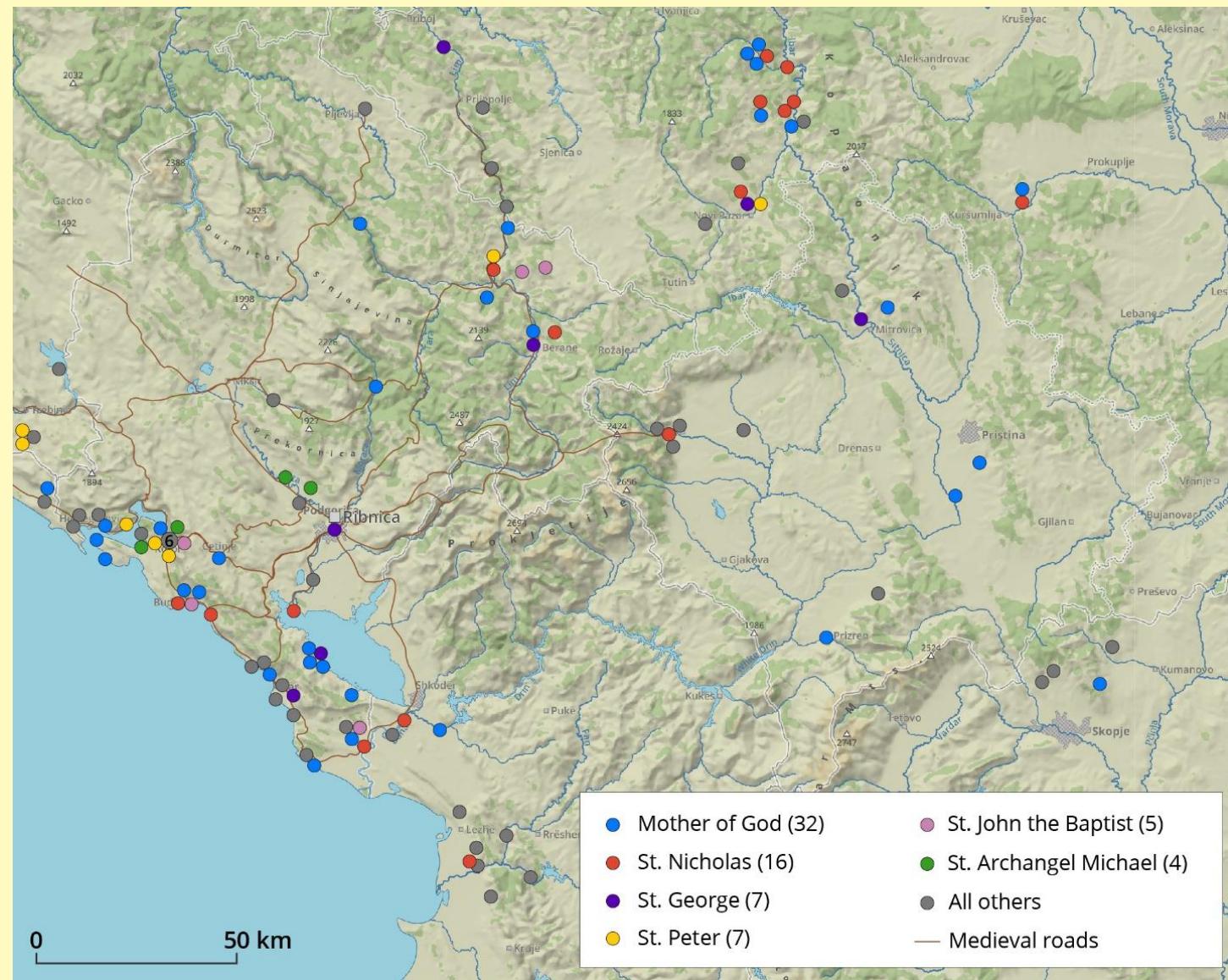
TIB 17



Латински топоними у Црној Гори



Места култова Светих на тлу Црне Горе и Србије



Maps of Power



<https://maps-of-power.oeaw.ac.at>

Онлајн од марта 2023. године.

Велика Вам хвала на пажњи!
Mihailo.Popovic@oeaw.ac.at