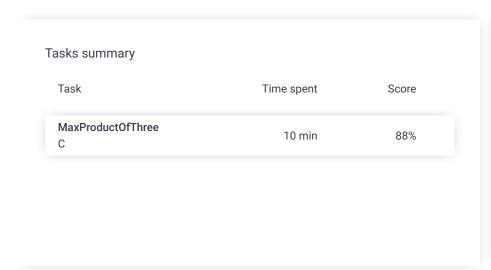
Codility_

Candidate Report: trainingKPE89R-X42

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Test Name:

Summary Timeline





Tasks Details

1. MaxProductOfThree Task Score Correctness Performance Maximize A[P] * A[Q] * A[R] for any triplet (P, Q, R).

100%

Task description

A non-empty array A consisting of N integers is given. The *product* of triplet (P, Q, R) equates to A[P] * A[Q] * A[R] (0 \leq P < Q < R < N).

For example, array A such that:

- A[0] = -3
- A[1] = 1
- A[2] = 2
- A[2] = 2 A[3] = -2
- A[4] = 5
- A[5] = 6

contains the following example triplets:

- (0, 1, 2), product is -3 * 1 * 2 = -6
- (1, 2, 4), product is 1 * 2 * 5 = 10
- (2, 4, 5), product is 2 * 5 * 6 = 60

Your goal is to find the maximal product of any triplet.

Write a function:

that, given a non-empty array A, returns the value of the maximal product of any triplet.

Solution

Programming language used: C

Total time used: 10 minutes

Effective time used: 10 minutes

Notes: not defined yet

Task timeline



11:13:29 11:22:33

Code: 11:22:33 UTC, c, final, score: **88**

show code in pop-up

For example, given array A such that:

```
A[0] = -3
A[1] = 1
A[2] = 2
A[3] = -2
A[4] = 5
```

A[5] = 6

the function should return 60, as the product of triplet (2, 4, 5) is maximal.

Write an efficient algorithm for the following assumptions:

- N is an integer within the range [3..100,000];
- each element of array A is an integer within the range [-1,000..1,000].

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```
// you can write to stdout for debugging purposes, e.g.
2
     // printf("this is a debug message\n");
     #define get_min_three(x,y,z) ((x<=y && x<=z)?0:((y<=x && y<
3
4
     #define abs(x) (x<0? (-x):x)
5
     int solution(int A[], int N) {
6
7
         // write your code in C99 (gcc 6.2.0)
8
         int res=0, res_tmp=0;
9
         int i = 0;
10
         int M[3], Mindex[3];
         int tmp_index, tmp_val;
11
12
         int neg_cnt = 0;
         if (N==3) return A[0]*A[1]*A[2];
13
14
15
         M[0] = A[0];
         M[1] = A[1];
16
         M[2] = A[2];
17
18
         Mindex[0] = 0;
19
20
         Mindex[1] = 1;
21
         Mindex[2] = 2;
22
23
         for (i = 3; i < N; i++){}
24
             tmp_index = get_min_three(abs(M[0]),abs(M[1]),abs(M
25
             if (abs(A[i]) > abs(M[tmp_index])){
26
                 M[tmp_index] = A[i];
27
                 Mindex[tmp_index] = i;
28
             }
29
         }
30
         res = M[0]*M[1]*M[2];
31
32
         neg_cnt = (M[0]<0)+(M[1]<0)+(M[2]<0);
33
         //printf("nc%d: %d*%d*%d ", neg_cnt,M[0],M[1],M[2]);
34
         if (neg_cnt==3) { //included all A[] are negative value
35
             tmp_val = -1000;
36
             for (i = 0; i < N; i++){}
                 if (A[i] > tmp\_val) //pos
37
38
                      tmp val = A[i];
39
40
             if (tmp_val==0)
41
                 return 0;
             else if (tmp_val>0){
42
43
                 tmp_index = get_min_three(abs(M[0]),abs(M[1]),a
44
                 M[tmp_index] = tmp_val;
45
             }
             else{
46
                 M[0] = A[0];
47
                 M[1] = A[1];
48
49
                 M[2] = A[2];
50
                 Mindex[0] = 0;
51
52
                 Mindex[1] = 1;
                 Mindex[2] = 2;
53
54
                  for (i = 3; i < N; i++){}
                 tmp\_index = get\_min\_three(-M[0],-M[1],-M[2]);
55
56
                  if (A[i] > M[tmp_index]){
57
                      M[tmp_index] = A[i];
58
                      Mindex[tmp_index] = i;
59
             }
60
         }
61
             }
62
63
             res = M[0]*M[1]*M[2];
64
         }
65
         else if (neg_cnt==1){ //considering pos and neg substit
             tmp_val = 0;
66
67
68
             //pos
             for (i = 0; i < N; i++){}
69
70
                 if ( A[i] > tmp_val && i^Mindex[0] && i^Mindex[
71
                      tmp_val = A[i];
72
73
             if (tmp_val>=0){
74
                 tmp\_index = M[0]<0?0:(M[1]<0?1:2);
75
                 res_tmp = res*tmp_val/M[tmp_index];
76
         //printf("pos%d: %d*%d*%d ", tmp_val, M[0],M[1],M[2]);
```

```
77
78
79
              //neg
80
              for (i = 0; i < N; i++){}
                  if ( A[i] < tmp_val && i^Mindex[0] && i^Mindex[</pre>
81
82
                      tmp_val = A[i];
83
84
              if (tmp_val<=0){</pre>
                  tmp_index = M[0]<0?(M[1]>=M[2]?2:1):(M[1]<0?(M[</pre>
85
          //printf("neg%d: %d*%d*%d ", tmp_val, M[0],M[1],M[2]);
86
87
                  M[tmp_index] = tmp_val;
88
                  res = M[0]*M[1]*M[2];
89
              }
90
              if (res<res_tmp)</pre>
91
                  res = res_tmp;
92
93
          }
94
95
          return res;
96
     }
```

Analysis summary

The following issues have been detected: wrong answers.

Analysis 2

Detected time complexity: O(N * log(N))

:xhqi	nd all Example t e	ests
•	example example test	√ OK
expai	nd all Correctness	tests
•	one_triple three elements	√ OK
•	simple1 simple tests	√ OK
•	simple2 simple tests	√ OK
•	small_random random small, length = 100	X WRONG ANSWER got 943825005 expecte 964280454
1. expai	0.001 s WRONG ANSWER, got 94382	·
		·
expai	medium_range	tests
expai	medium_range -1000, -999, 1000, length = ~1,000 medium_random	tests ✓ OK
▶	medium_range -1000, -999, 1000, length = ~1,000 medium_random random medium, length = ~10,000 large_random	tests ✓ OK ✓ OK

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