

Lecture 02: Activities & Intents IN721: Design and Development of Applications for Mobile Devices Semester One, 2020

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Friday, 21 February

LECTURE 01: TOUCH & INPUT TOPICS

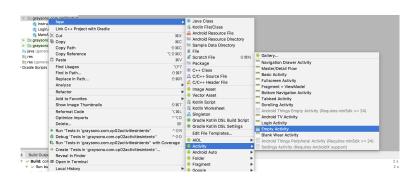
- Brief History
- ► Linux Kernel
- ► Software Stack
- ► Open-Source Community
- ► QFMU
- ► Kotlin
- ► Android Studio
- ▶ ArrayAdapters
- ► Inner class

LECTURE 02: ACTIVITIES & INTENTS TOPICS

- Activities
- ► Intents
 - ▶ Data passing
 - ► Implicit
 - ► Explicit
- ▶ OnBackPressed
- ► String placeholder

ACTIVITIES: CREATING A NEW ACTIVITY

► New > Activity > Empty Activity



ACTIVITIES: CREATING A NEW ACTIVITY

Activities are added to the AndroidManifest.xml

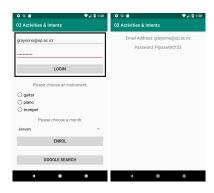
```
AndroidManifest.xml ×
        <?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
        <manifest xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"</pre>
                  package="graysono.com.cp02activitiesintents">
            <application
                    android:allowBackup="true"
                    android:icon="@mipmap/ic launcher"
                    android: label="02 Activities & Intents"
                    android:roundIcon="@mipmap/ic launcher round"
                    android:supportsRtl="true"
10
                    android:theme="@style/AppTheme">
                <activity android:name=".MainActivity">
                    <intent-filter>
                        <action android:name="android.intent.action.MAIN"/>
14
16
                        <category android:name="android.intent.category.LAUNCHER"/>
                    </intent-filter>
18
                </activity>
                <activity android:name=".LoginActivity"/>
20
                <activity android:name=".InstrumentActivity"/>
            </application>
        </manifest>
```

Intents: Communication Between Activities

- Data structure holding an abstract description of an action to be performed
- ► Two use cases:
 - XActivity passes data directly to YActivity when it transfers control
 - XActivity requests from YActivity YActivity will return the result of XActivity

Intents: Passing Data When Launching Activity

► Data is passed into an activity when launched via an intent using Intent.putExtra(String name, Bundle value)



Intents: Passing Data When Launching Activity

- ► Intent packageContext & class
- ► Key/value
 - ▶ Name = email address
 - ► Value = email edit text value
- ► Inner class View.OnClickListener
- ► Pass multiple key/values

```
val intent = Intent( packageContext: this@MainActivity, LoginActivity::class.java)
intent.putExtra( name: "email_address",
    getString(R.string.email_address_output, edtEmail.<u>text</u>))
intent.putExtra( name: "password",
    getString(R.string.password_output, edtPassword.<u>text</u>))
startActivity(intent)
```

Intents: Receiving Data When Launching Activity

- ► How do we get the data from XActivity to YActivity?
 - ► Get a reference to the intent launched
 - getStringExtra(String name)

Intents: Receiving Data When Launching Activity

- ► Syntactic alternative
 - ▶ intent.extras

```
class LoginActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
    override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
        super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
        setContentView(R.layout.activity_login)
        val bundledData: Bundle? = intent.extras
        txvEmailAddress.text = bundledData?.getString( key: "email_address")
        txvPassword.text = bundledData?.getString( key: "password")
}
```

INTENTS: EXPLICIT

- Specify which application will satisfy the intent
 - Target application's package name or a component class name is supplied
 - Used to start a component in your own application you know the class name of the activity
 - For example, starting a new activity within your application in response to a user action - button click

startActivity(Intent(packageContext: this@MainActivity, LoginActivity::class.java))

INTENTS: IMPLICIT

- ► Do not name a specific component
- ▶ Allows a component from another application to handle it
- For example, showing the user a location on a map, a request can be made to another application...Google Maps

startActivity(Intent(Intent.ACTION VIEW, Uri.parse(uriString: "https://www.google.com")))

ONBACKPRESSED

override fun onBackPressed()

```
override fun onBackPressed() {
    super.onBackPressed()
    val intent = Intent( packageContext: this@LoginActivity, MainActivity::class.java)
    startActivity(intent)
}
```

STRING PLACEHOLDER

► strings.xml

PRACTICAL

- ► Series of tasks covering today's lecture
- ▶ Worth 1% of your final mark for the Design and Development of Applications for Mobile Devices course
- ▶ Deadline: Friday, 12 June at 5pm