

# Lecture 11: Localization IN721: Design and Development of Applications for Mobile Devices Semester One, 2020

Kaiako: Grayson Orr

Te Kura Matatini ki Otago, Ōtepoti, Aotearoa

Wednesday, 25 March

## LECTURE 10: FRAGMENT & DIALOG FRAGMENT TOPICS

- ► More menu items
- ▶ Dialog fragment
- ► IDataReceived
- ▶ Fragment

## LECTURE 11: LOCALIZATION TOPICS

- ► Localization
- ► RTL & LTR

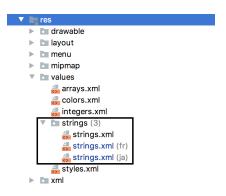
## WHAT IS LOCALIZATION?

- ► Language localization
- Process of adapting a product's translation to a specific country
- ► There is a much large process of product translation & cultural adaption

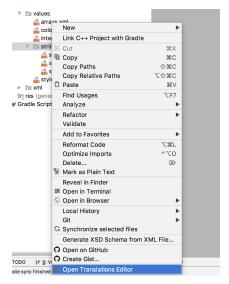
- ► Android runs on many devices in many regions/countries
- ► Application should handle text, audio, numbers, graphics, etc appropriately

- ► Include culture-specific strings that are translated to the language of the current locale
- Best practice to keep culture-specific resources separated from the rest of your app
- Android resolves culture-specific resources based on the system locale setting
- As an Android developer, you can provide support for different locales

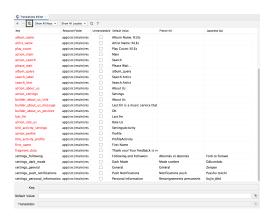
- Specify resources modified to the culture of the users
- ► strings.xml (fr) & strings.xml (jp)



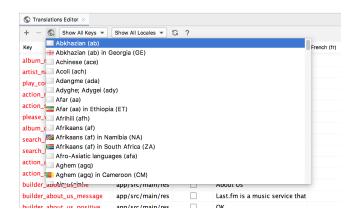
► strings > Open Translator Editor



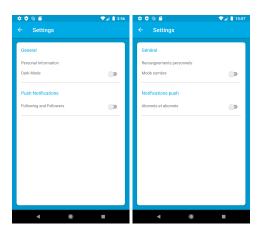
- ► Translator editor
- ► World icon



► Language selection

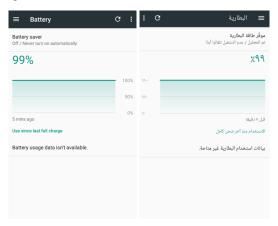


► Todays practical - expected output



### RTL & LTR

- ▶ People who use RTL languages prefer an RTL user interface
- ► This includes right-aligned menus, right aligned text & forward arrows pointing to the left
- ► Languages included Arabic, Hebrew, Persian, etc



### PRACTICAL

- ► Series of tasks covering today's lecture
- ▶ Worth 1% of your final mark for the Design and Development of Applications for Mobile Devices course
- ▶ Deadline: Friday, 12 June at 5pm

## EXAM 02

- ► Series of tasks covering lectures 05-08
- ▶ Worth 6% of your final mark for the Design and Development of Applications for Mobile Devices course
- ► Deadline: Friday, 27 March at 5pm