Parcelable, CardView, SearchView & SharedPreferences

IN721: Mobile Application Development

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Today's Content

- Parcelable
- CardView
- SearchView
- SharedPreferences

Preparation

- Copy & paste your practical from last session then rename it to Practical04
- Open Practical04 in Android Studio
- In strings.xml, change the app name to Practical04
- Create an activity class called DetailsActivity
- Create a class called RecyclerItemClickListener which extends RecyclerView.SimpleOnItemTouchListener
- Copy dimens.xml from the 03-parcelable-cardview-searchview-sharedpreferences directory in the course materials repository
- Create an interface class called IRecyclerViewItem

Parcelable

Parcelable

- When we want to transfer data, i.e., a string from one activity to another we use a putExtra & intent
- When we want to transfer an object from one activity to another we can not do this
- An interface used to serialize a class so its properties can be transferred from one activity to another
 - Object can be represented as a sequence of bytes which includes:
 - Object data
 - Object type
 - Types of data stored in the object
 - After a serialized object has been written, it can be read & deserialized, i.e., the bytes that represent the object can be used to recreate the object in memory
- writeToParcel flatten this object in to a Parcel
- describeContents describes the objects contained in this Parcelable instance
- **createFromParcel** create a new instance of the Parcelable class. Instantiating it from the given Parcel
- newArray create a new array of the Parcelable class
- Resource: Parcelable

Album.kt

- How do we add a parcelable implementation to Album.kt?
- Right-click on the class definition > Show Context Actions > Add Parcelable Implementation
- This is Java-esque & a lot of boilerplate. In the practical, you will implement the Kotlin parcelable implementation

getAlbum

- Create a new function called getAlbum() in LastFmRecyclerViewAdapter.kt
- If the ArrayList of Album objects is not empty, return the Album object at nth position in the RecyclerView

```
fun getAlbum(position: Int): Album? {
    return if (albums.isNotEmpty()) albums[position] else null
}
```

RecyclerItemClickListener.kt

- Extends RecyclerView.SimpleOnItemTouchListener
 - Listens for an item touch
- Pass in a reference to Context, RecyclerView & IRecyclerViewItem

```
class RecyclerItemClickListener(
    context: Context,
    private val recyclerView: RecyclerView,
    private val listener: IRecyclerViewItem
) : RecyclerView.SimpleOnItemTouchListener() {
    // private val gestureDetector
    // override fun onInterceptTouchEvent
}
```

gestureDetector

- Detects gestures & events using the supplied MotionEvent
 - MotionEvent object used to report movement events (mouse, pen, finger, trackball)
- Notified when a tap occurs with the up MotionEvent that triggered it
- findChildViewUnder find the topmost View under the given point
 - Params horizontal position in pixels to search
 - Params vertical position in pixels to search
- getChildAdapterPosition get the adapter position of the View
 - o Params child view to query
- Resource: <u>GestureDetectorCompat</u>

```
private val gestureDetector = GestureDetectorCompat(context, object :
GestureDetector.SimpleOnGestureListener() {
    override fun onSingleTapUp(e: MotionEvent): Boolean {
        val childView: View? = recyclerView.findChildViewUnder(e.x, e.y)
        if (childView != null)
            listener.onItemClick(childView, recyclerView.getChildAdapterPosition(childView))
        return true
    }
})
```

onInterceptTouchEvent

- Called whenever a touch event is detected on the surface of a ViewGroup
- If true, the MotionEvent is intercepted & not passed into the child, rather to the onTouchEvent()
- Resource: <u>Gestures ViewGroup</u>

```
override fun onInterceptTouchEvent(rv: RecyclerView, e: MotionEvent): Boolean {
    return gestureDetector.onTouchEvent(e)
}
```

MainActivity.kt

• In the MainActivity onCreate()

```
imageRecyclerView.addOnItemTouchListener(RecyclerItemClickListener(
    this@MainActivity,
    imageRecyclerView,
    this
```

IRecyclerViewItem.kt

- Passed a reference in RecyclerItemClickListener.kt
- Implemented in MainActivity.kt
- Get the View & the adapter position of the View

```
interface IRecyclerViewItem {
    fun onItemClick(view: View, position: Int)
}
```

onItemClick

- MainActivity.kt implements IRecyclerViewItem.kt
- Get the Album object at nth position in the RecyclerView
- Create a new Intent MainActivity.kt -> DetailsActivity.kt
- Put Album object's data into the Intent
- Start activity

```
override fun onItemClick(view: View, position: Int) {
   val album: Album? = lastFmRecyclerViewAdapter.getAlbum(position)
   if (album != null) {
      val intent = Intent(this@MainActivity, DetailsActivity::class.java)
      intent.putExtra("album", album)
      startActivity(intent)
   }
}
```

CardView

activity_details.xml

Copy activity_details.xml into the layout res directory

CardView

- Used in lists to hold each item's information
- Easy & consistent way to display information
- Cards have default elevation above their containing ViewGroup
- Easy way to contain a group of Views
- Resource: CardView

DetailsActivity.kt

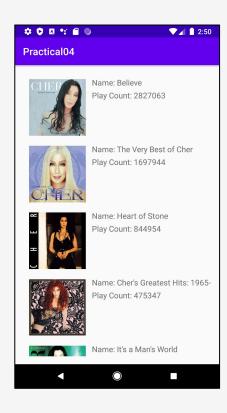
Extends AppCompatActivity

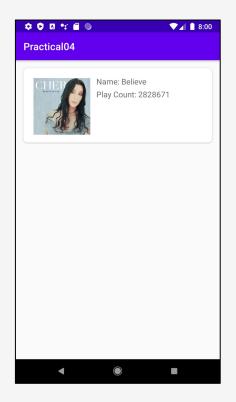
```
class DetailsActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
    private lateinit var albumNameText: TextView
    private lateinit var albumImageView: ImageView
    private lateinit var albumPlayCountText: TextView
    // override fun onCreate
}
```

onCreate

```
override fun onCreate(savedInstanceState: Bundle?) {
    super.onCreate(savedInstanceState)
    setContentView(R.layout.activity_details)
    val album: Album? = intent.extras?.getParcelable("album")
    albumNameText = findViewById(R.id.album_name_text)
    albumImageView = findViewById(R.id.album_image_view)
    albumPlayCountText = findViewById(R.id.album_play_count_text)
    albumNameText.text = getString(R.string.album_name, album?.name)
    Picasso.with(this@DetailsActivity).load(album?.image)
        .error(R.drawable.ic_album_black_24)
        .placeholder(R.drawable.ic_album_black_24)
        .into(albumImageView)
    albumPlayCountText.text = getString(R.string.play_count, album?.playCount.toString())
```

Emulator

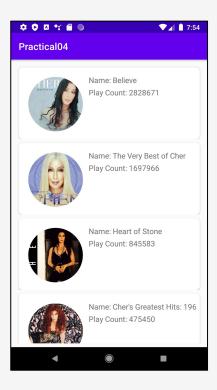


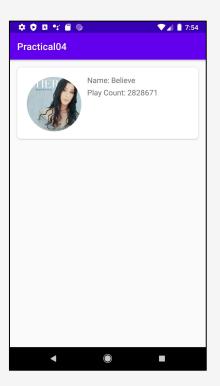


Practical Part 1

- Please use the current app
- Independent tasks:
 - Implement the code as specified in the previous lecture slides
 - To keep the UI consistent, in activity_main.xml, change the layout so that the ImageView & TextViews are contained within a CardView
 - Research: Change the current parcelable implementation using Kotlin's equivalent @Parcelize special annotation
 - Resource: <u>Parcelize Medium</u>
 - Research: Change the all ImageView widgets to CircleImageView widgets
 - Resource: <u>CircleImageView</u>

Expected Output





Formative Assessment

- Please write your answers to the following questions in your app:
 - O What is a CardView?
 - What is the purpose of a Parcelable class?

SearchView

BaseActivity.kt

- Open class
 - Classes, functions & variables are final by default...they can not be inherited from other class
 - To make a class, function or variable inheritable from other class, use the open keyword
- Extends AppCompatActivity base class for activities
- Sets the toolbar as the app for the activity
- Set whether home should be displayed as an "up" affordance
- Resources: <u>Setup App Bar</u> & <u>setDisplayHomeAsUpEnabled</u>

```
open class BaseActivity : AppCompatActivity() {
    fun displayToolbar(isHomeEnabled: Boolean) {
        setSupportActionBar(findViewById(R.id.toolbar))
        supportActionBar?.setDisplayHomeAsUpEnabled(isHomeEnabled)
    }
}
```

Searchable Configuration

- Create a new res directory called xml
- Create an XML file called searchable.xml. This is the traditional name for a search config file
- The searchable config file must include the <searchable> element as the root node
- We have specified a label & hint attribute
- The label attribute is only required attribute
- @string/search_hint & @string/search_label = Search Artist in strings.xml
- Resource: <u>Creating a Searchable Configuration</u>

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<searchable xmlns:android="http://schemas.android.com/apk/res/android"
    android:hint="@string/search_hint"
    android:label="@string/search_label" />
```

styles.xml

- Three new styles
- windowActionBar indicates whether this window should have an Action Bar in place of the default title bar
- windowNoTitle indicates whether there should be no title on this window

SearchActivity.kt & activity_search.xml

- Copy SearchActivity.kt into the activities package directory
 - This Activity file has been commented to help you understand how everything works
- Copy activity_search.xml into the layout res directory

AndroidManifest.xml

- SearchView
 - Provides a UI for entering a search query
 - Submitting a request to a search provider
- Reference AppTheme.NoActionBar
- Reference searchable.xml
- Resource: <u>SearchView</u>

Menu Preparation

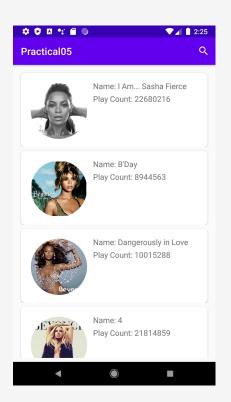
- Create a new res directory called menu
- Copy menu_main.xml & menu_search.xml into the menu res directory
- Copy ic_search_white_24.xml into the drawables res directory

MainActivity.kt

- Inflate menu_main.xml
- onCreateOptionsMenu()
- onOptionsItemSelected()
- Start activity MainActivity.kt -> SearchActivity.kt
- Resource: Menus

Emulator

- Run app
- The system has called onCreateOptionsMenu()



SharedPreferences

SharedPreferences

- There are primarily three ways to store data persistently:
 - SharedPreferences
 - Traditional file systems
 - Relational database through the support of SQLite databases
- An object which saves application data as key/value pairs
 - o A name for your data is specified then saved automatically to an XML file for you
 - You can call the getDeafultSharedPreferences() method which returns a SharedPreference instance pointing to the file that contains the values
- Add the following to the build.gradle implementation 'androidx.preference:preference:1.1.1'
- Resource: <u>SharedPreferences</u>

MainActivity.kt

- onResume()
 - When the activity enters the resumed state, it comes to the foreground then the system invokes the callback
 - This is the state in which the app interacts with the user
 - The app remains in this state until something happens, i.e., receiving a phone call or navigating to another activity
- Get the value with the key album_query from SharedPreferences
- Check if the value is not empty
 - If true, build URI & execute the async task

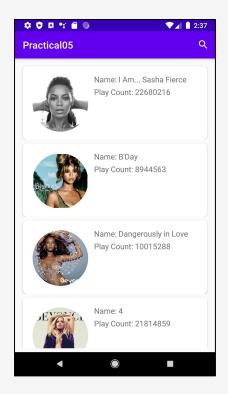
```
override fun onResume()
  super.onResume()
  val sharedPref: SharedPreferences = PreferenceManager.getDefaultSharedPreferences(this@MainActivity)
  val queryResult: String? = sharedPref.getString("album_query", "")

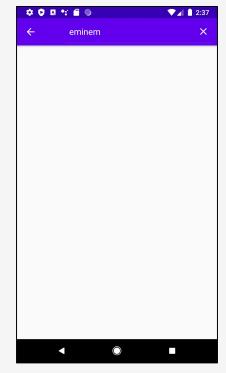
if (queryResult!!.isNotEmpty()) {
    val url: String = buildUri(
        getString(R.string.base_url), getString(R.string.method),
        queryResult, getString(R.string.api_key), getString(R.string.format)
    )
    rawDataAsyncTask = RawDataAsyncTask(this)
    rawDataAsyncTask.execute(url)
  }
}
```

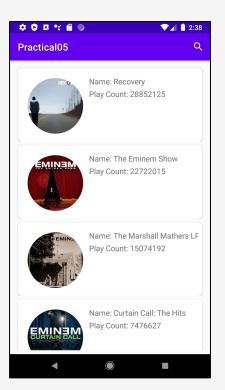
Practical Part 2

- Please use the current app
- Independent tasks:
 - Implement the code as specified in the previous lecture slides
 - Once you have completed the practical, create a branch named 03-submission, push the app to the branch, make a pull request & set Grayson-Orr as the reviewer
 - If you do not set Grayson-Orr as a reviewer, I will not mark off your practical
 - DO NOT MERGE YOUR OWN PULL REQUEST!

Expected Output







Formative Assessment

- Please write your answers to the following questions in your app:
 - What does setSearchableInfo do?
 - What is SharedPreferences?