

WEAVE - SENSIBLE YARN

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INTRODUCTION

- · Who we are ?
 - · Group of techies who have experienced Big Data in a variety of ways.
 - We understand the pain of building Big Data Applications we have lived through it.
- · What do we do?
 - Mission : Democratize the development of the next generation of Big Data applications.
 - Building the industry's first Big Data Application Fabric(TM)
- · Products
 - Developer Suite (public beta available now)
 - Downloadable developer edition. Includes SDK, tutorial, samples, docs, etc
 - Developer Sandbox
 - Free, Self-Service, hosted cloud environment
 - Virtual Private Cloud
 - Single tenant, private cloud PaaS. Fully Integrated BigData Application Platform
 - On-Premise

CONTINUITY
App Fabric (TM)

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BIG FLOW



What is BigFlow?

- A core Processor; a real-time stream processing engine (Similar to Storm and S4)
- · BigFlow provides
 - Tight integration with your existing Hadoop/HBase cluster
 - Exactly-once execution vs. At-least-once execution (your apps do not have to be idempotent)
 - Supports transactions for consistency
 - Direct integration with a data storage engine (Continuuity Data Fabric) and Datasets
 - Beautiful User interface for application management
 - Utilizes YARN for deployment and supports runtime elastic scalability of Flows





YARN PAIN POINTS

- · YARN is not for novice Big Data programmers
 - · High ramp-up time
- · Lot of boiler plate code to build simple application
 - 80% of applications are generally simple
- YARN is built around applications that terminate
 - · Logs are available only on completion of application
- · No standard support for
 - · Application lifecycle management
 - Communication between Container(s) & Application Master
 - Handling Application level errors

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MOTIVATION

- Running in YARN should be as simple as running Threads in Java
 - Not designed to be a replacement for YARN
- Designed to simplify building, debugging & running of YARN Applications
 - A simple programming model
- Hide messy details of YARN
 - Simplified API for specifying, running & managing an application
 - · Simplified way to specify and manage stage(s) of a Application lifecycle
 - Generic Application Master to better support simple applications
 - Simpler archive management
 - Better control over application errors

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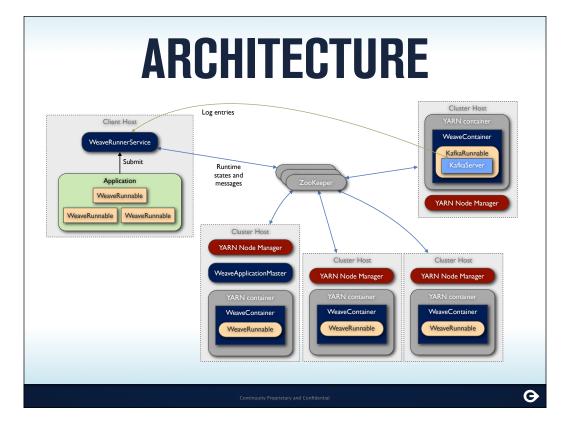
SIMPLICITY

Distributed Shell - Vanilla YARN

```
~ 500 lines
  140. public class ApplicationMaster {
  .
150. private AMRMClientAsync resourceManager;
  .35. public boolean run() throws YarnRemoteException {
436. LOG.info("Starting ApplicationNaster");
 .
500. public void finish() {
504. for(Thread launchThread: launchThreads) {
       }
FinalApplicationStatus appStatus;
String appMessage = null;
}
           Resource capability = Records.newRecord(Resource.class);
capability.setMemory(containerNemory);
803. ContainerRequest request = new ContainerRequest(capability, ..);
807. }
808. }
1336. public boolean run() throws IOException (
1354. GetNewApplicationResponse newApp = super.getNewApplication();
1355. ApplicationId appld = newApp.getApplicationId();
.
1594. private boolean monitorApplication(ApplicationId appId) throws ... {
.
1596. while(true) {
 .
1657. private void forceKillApplication(ApplicationId appId) throws ... (
 .
1664. super.killApplication(appId);
```

Distributed Shell - WFAVE

```
poblic class DistributedShall extends AbstractMesvebmanble ( ~ 50 lines | static Loger LOG = LogerTactory.getLoger(DistributedShall.class);
private String command;
                   @Override
public void initialize(WeaveContext context) {
    this.command = context.getSpecification().getArguments(*cmd*);
                foverride
public void run() {
    respect to the process representation of the public void run() {
    record run() {
   record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    record run() {
    r
                                         String line;
while( (line = br.readline()) != null) {
  LOG.info(line);
                         }
} catch (Throwable t) {
LOG.error(t.getMessage());
```



RUNNABLE

```
// Defines a Task
public class DistributedShell implements WeaveRunnable
 static Logger LOG = ...
 private String cmd;
 //....
 @Override
 public void run() {
     new ProcessBuilder(cmd).start().waitFor();
   } catch (Exception e) {
     LOG.error(e.getMessage(), e);
```

- ► Class implements WeaveRunnable is a single task.
- SLF4J logger can be used for logging
- logs are collected and sent back to client using
- An extra container is started to run Kafka server.
- ► WeaveRunnable can be run in
- ThreadYARN Container
- Easy! Piece of cake.

RUNNER

```
// Starts a task
WeaveRunner runner = ...;
WeaveController controller =
    runner.prepare(new DistributedShell("ls -al"))
          .addLogHandler(new PrinterLogHandler(
                          new PrintWriter(System.out)
         ).start();
//...
controller.sendCommand(Commands.create("flush"));
//...
controller.stop();
```

- WeaveRunner
- Can run Runnable or Application
 Packages the class and it's dependencies along with additional resources specified
- Attaches log collector for collecting all the logs from containers
- WeaveController is used to manage the lifecycle of a runnable or application
- ► Controller also provides ability to send commands to running containers

APPLICATION

```
// Defines an Application
public class WebServer implements WeaveApplication {
  @Override
  public WeaveSpecification configure() {
    return WeaveSpecification.Builder.with()
        .setName("Jetty WebServer")
        .withRunnables()
        .add(new JettyWebServer())
        .withLocalFiles()
        .add("html-pages.tgz", pages, true)
        .apply()
        .add(new LogsCollector())
        .anyOrder()
        .build();
   }
}
```

- WeaveApplication defines a collection of runnables and their behavior
- Application is specified by a WeaveSpecification
- Application can specify any additional local directories to be made available for container to run.
- · Weave starts containers in no order.

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APPLICATION

```
// Defines Application with specific tasks ordering
public class DataApplication implements WeaveApplication {
    @Override
    public WeaveSpecification configure() {
        return WeaveSpecification.Builder.with()
            .setName("Cool Data Application")
            .withRunnables()
            .add("reader", new InputReader())
            .add("processor", new Processor())
            .add("writer", new OutputWriter())
            .order()
            .first("reader")
            .next("processor")
            .next("writer")
            .build();
    }
}
```

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ROADMAP

- · First release at the end of April
- · Features for upcoming releases (in no order)
 - · API support for managing lifecycle hooks of application & it's containers
 - · Extendable Application Master
 - · Support for command dispatching
 - · Ability to programmatically control resource allocation
 - · Advanced error handling capabilities
 - E.g. Fail application if 50% of my containers fail
 - E.g. Fail application if it take more 'x' seconds to allocated containers for application
 - Contribs
 - Running HBase using Weave
 - Running Jetty HTTP Server using Weave
 - · Support for application level metrics
 - WeaveRunnerServer for managing multiple application
 - Better L
 - · Ability to remote debug a running container
 - LXC & QoS
 - → Improve! APIs, Improve! APIs
 - · ...

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THANK YOU

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