

# CS222 Homework 5

## Network Flow

Exercises for Algorithm Design and Analysis by Li Jiang, 2018 Autumn Semester

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## 1 Problem 1

### 1.1 Question

Figure 1 shows a flow network on which an s-t flow has been computed. The capacity of each edge appears as a label next to the edge, and the numbers in boxes give the amount of flow sent on each edge. (Edges without boxed numbers have no flow being sent on them.)

- (a) What is the value of this flow? Is this a maximum (s,t) flow in this graph?
- (b) Find a minimum s-t cut in the flow network pictured in Figure 1, and also say what its capacity is.

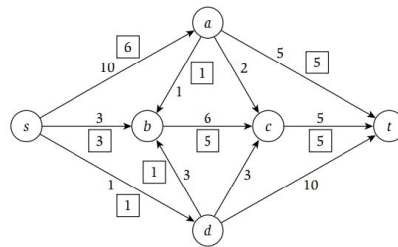


图 1: 1

### 1.2 Answer

- (a) The value of this flow is 10. This is not the maximum flow, because  $s \rightarrow a \rightarrow b \rightarrow d \rightarrow t$  is an augmenting-path.

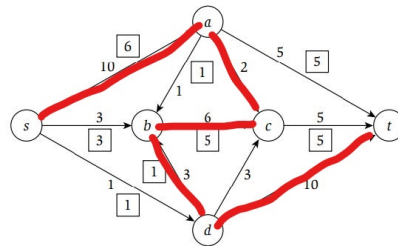


图 2: 2

- (b) According to Maximum Flow, Minimum Cut Theorem, The maximum flow between vertices  $v_i$  and  $v_j$  in a graph  $G$  is exactly the weight of the smallest set of edges to disconnect  $G$  with  $v_i$  and  $v_j$  in different components. After adding the augmenting-path in a, the flow is as below:

There is no other augmenting-path, so the minimum cut is  $(\{s, a, b, c\}, \{d, t\})$ , the capacity is 11.

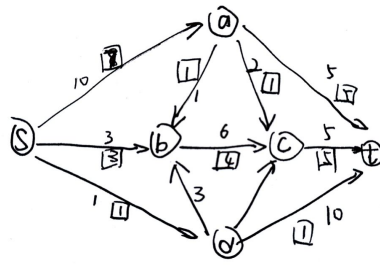


图 3: 3

## 2 Problem 2

### 2.1 Question

Decide whether you think the following statement is true or false. If it is true, give a short explanation. If it is false, give a counterexample.

- (a) Let  $G$  be an arbitrary flow network, with a source  $s$ , a sink  $t$ , and a positive integer capacity  $c_e$  on every edge  $e$ . If  $f$  is a maximum  $s$ - $t$  flow in  $G$ , then  $f$  saturates every edge out of  $s$  with flow (i.e., for all edges  $e$  out of  $s$ , we have  $f(e) = c_e$ )
- (b) Let  $G$  be an arbitrary flow network, with a source  $s$ , a sink  $t$ , and a positive integer capacity  $c_e$  on every edge  $e$ ; and let  $(A;B)$  be a minimum  $s$ - $t$  cut with respect to these capacities  $f_{ce} : e \in E$ . Now suppose we add 1 to every capacity; then  $(A;B)$  is still a minimum  $s$ - $t$  cut with respect to these new capacities  $\{1 + c_e : e \in E\}$ .

### 2.2 Answer

- (a) False. Counterexample:

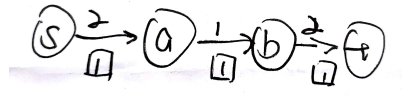


图 4: 4

- (b) False. Counterexample:

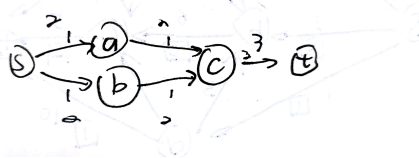


图 5: 5

$A=s$ ,  $B=G-A$ ,  $(A;B)$  is the minimum cut of this flow. When every capacity add 1, capacity of  $A$  is 4, but the capacity of  $t$  is 3,  $(A;B)$  is not the minimum cut of the new flow.