

# Ghost Hunter Design Report

Team wyy: 武益阳 王宇逸

2019 年 6 月 7 日

# Contents

- 1 Idea
- 2 Find Single PE Waveform
- 3 Process
- 4 Reference

- ① Threshold method can precisely and easily find at least the first PE.

- ① Threshold method can precisely and easily find at least the first PE.
- ② Waveform of several PEs is the supersposition of single waveform of these PEs.

- ① Threshold method can precisely and easily find at least the first PE.
- ② Waveform of several PEs is the supersposition of single waveform of these PEs.

So, use threshold method to find the first PE and subtract single PE waveform from original waveform, in order to search for the next PE.

# Find Single PE Waveform

- 1 Select waveform whose PE numbers = 1.

# Find Single PE Waveform

- ① Select waveform whose PE numbers = 1.
- ② Use cuts to ensure that signal is within the range and not too weak.

# Find Single PE Waveform

- 1 Select waveform whose PE numbers = 1.
- 2 Use cuts to ensure that signal is within the range and not too weak.
- 3 According to [1], the standard waveform for a single PE is:

$$0 \leq t < T: \quad i_{in}(t) = I_s (1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

$$T \leq t \leq \infty \quad i_{in}(t) = I_s (e^{T/RC} - 1) \cdot e^{-t/RC}$$

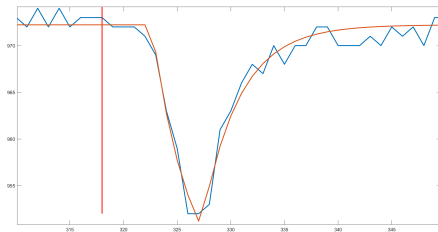


# Find Single PE Waveform

Fit single PE waveform with function

$$T_1 \leq t < T_2 : U = A(1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

$$t \geq T_2 : U = A[e^{(T_2 - T_1)/RC} - 1]e^{-t/RC}$$

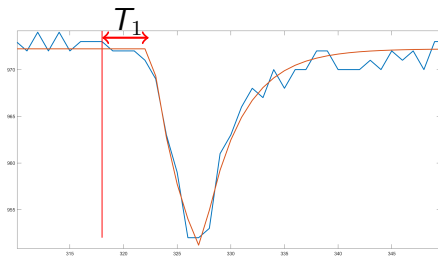


# Find Single PE Waveform

Fit single PE waveform with function

$$T_1 \leq t < T_2 : U = A(1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

$$t \geq T_2 : U = A[e^{(T_2 - T_1)/RC} - 1]e^{-t/RC}$$

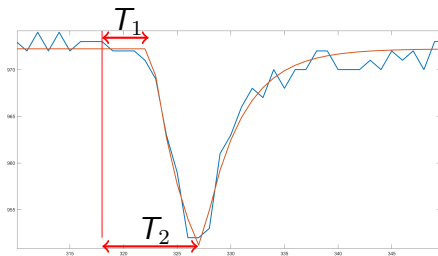


# Find Single PE Waveform

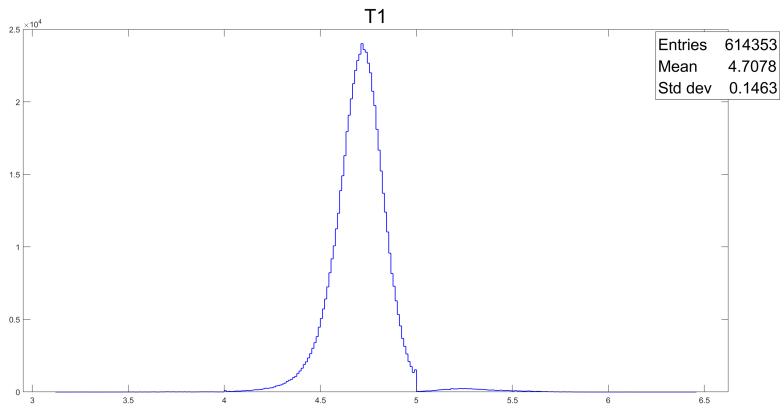
Fit single PE waveform with function

$$T_1 \leq t < T_2 : U = A(1 - e^{-t/RC})$$

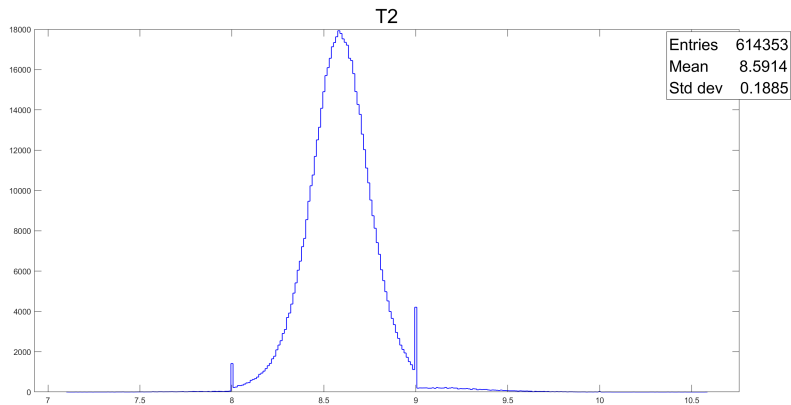
$$t \geq T_2 : U = A[e^{(T_2 - T_1)/RC} - 1]e^{-t/RC}$$



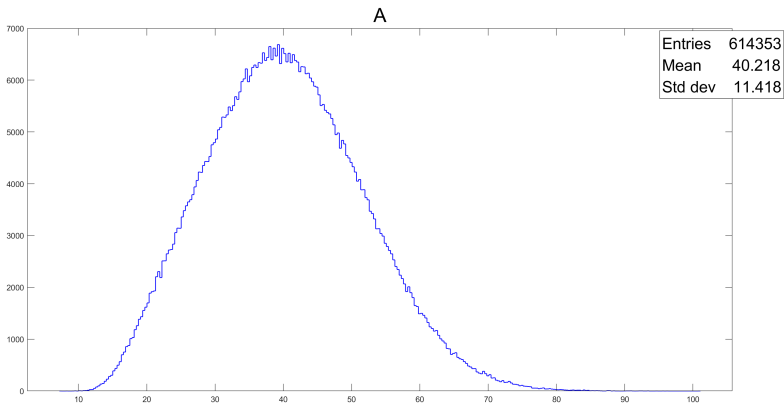
# Fit Results



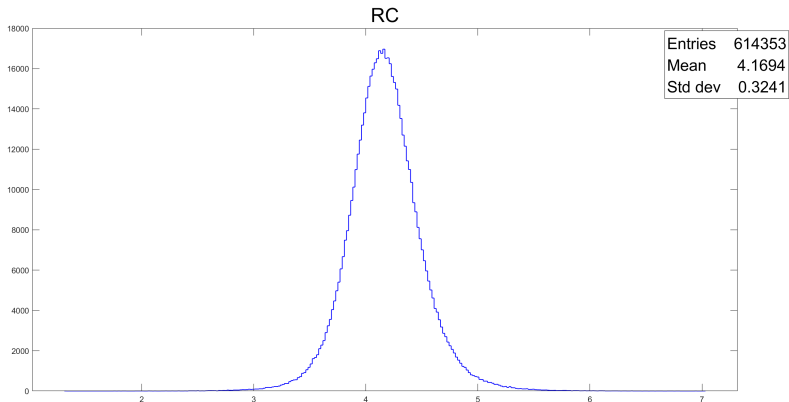
# Fit Results



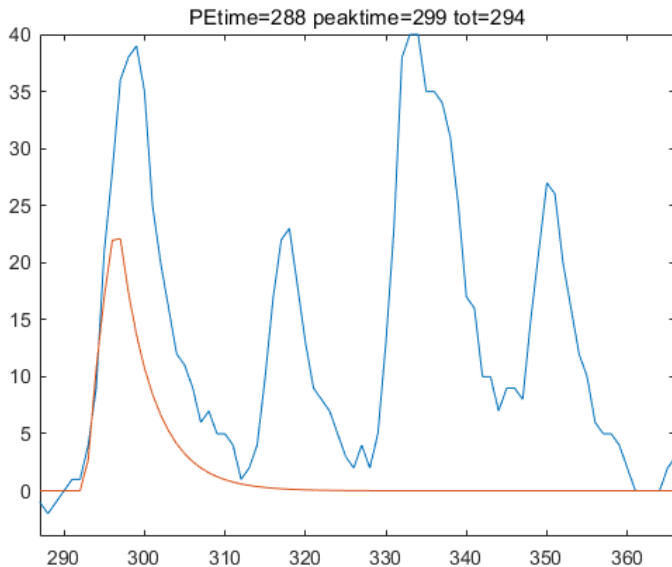
# Fit Results



# Fit Results

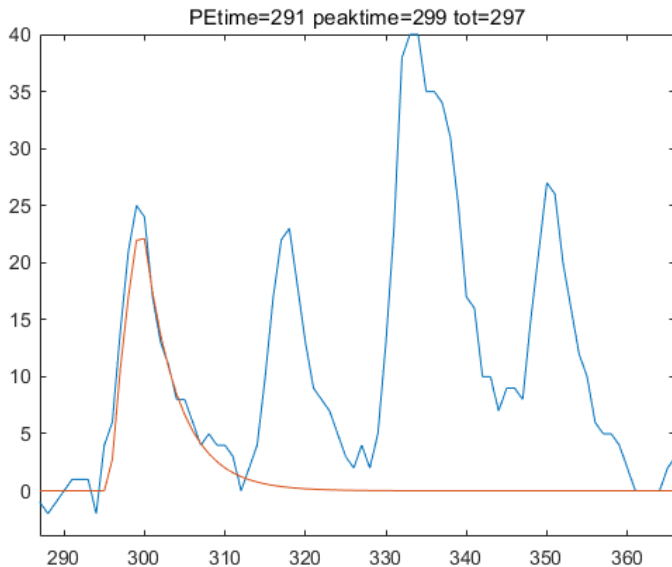


# Process

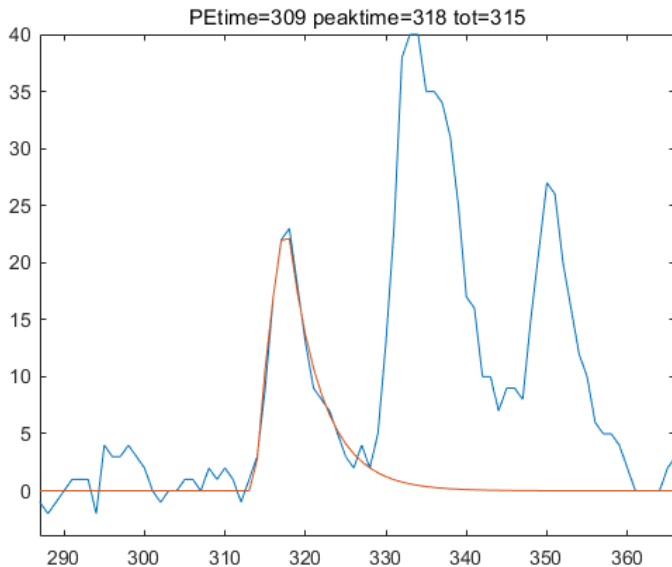




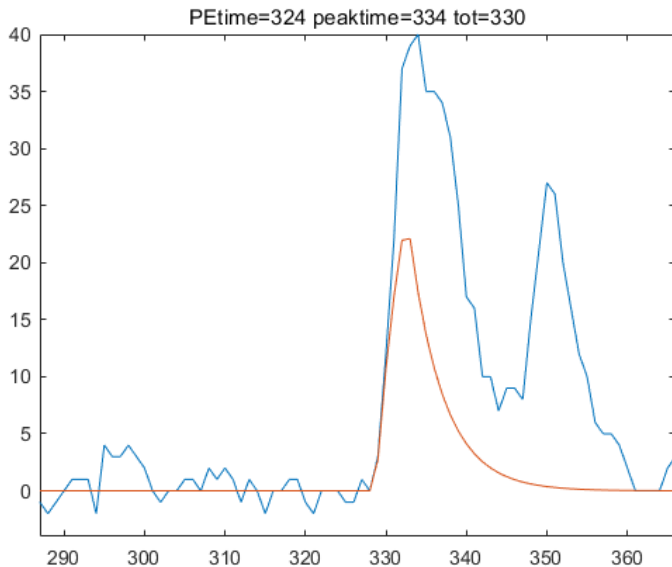
# Process



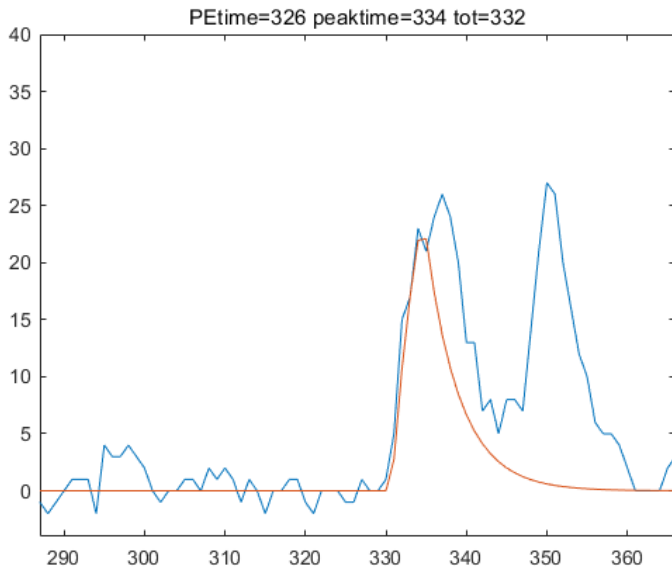
# Process



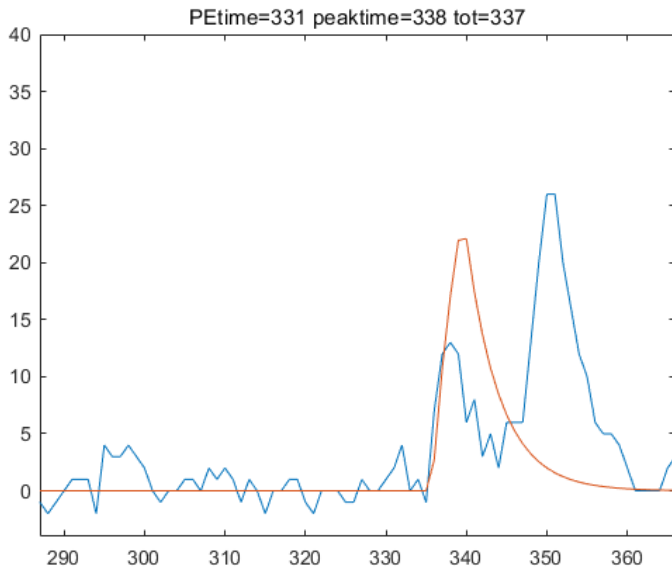
# Process



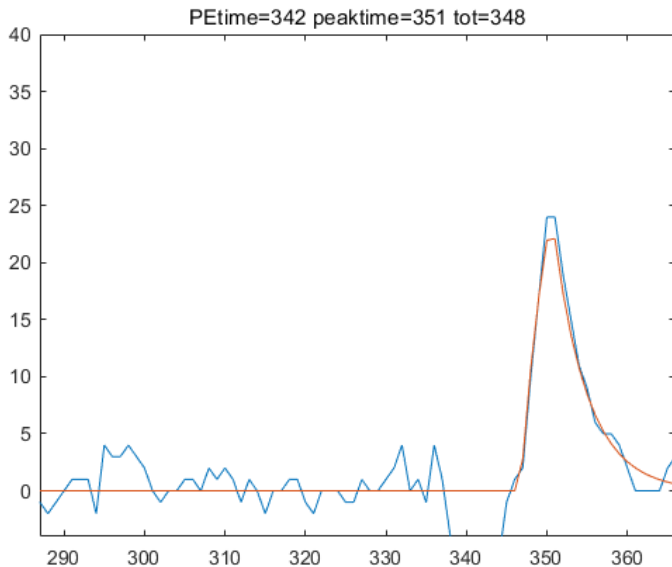
# Process



# Process



# Process



# Process

answer: 288,291,309,324,326,331,342

truth : 288,291,309,324,325,329,342

wasserstein\_distance = 0.4286

# Exceptions

- Tiny signals.



# Exceptions

- Tiny signals.
- Signals in the beginning or the end.

# Exceptions

- Tiny signals.
- Signals in the beginning or the end.
- Some single-PE waves does not fit well (especially the descending part)  $\Rightarrow$  tail after subtracting  $\Rightarrow$  fake PE found.

# Exceptions

- Tiny signals.
- Signals in the beginning or the end.
- Some single-PE waves does not fit well (especially the descending part)  $\Rightarrow$  tail after subtracting  $\Rightarrow$  fake PE found.

Solution: process exceptional signals separately; cut fake PEs.

# Thanks for listening!

# Reference



Helmuth Spieler.

Pulse processing and analysis, October 1999.