

Hablemos de la ecuación de onda

(en cuerdas)

La ecuación de ondas

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Física 2 Física 3 Física 4 Física teórica 1 Física teórica 2 Estructura 1 Estructura 2* Estructura 3* Estructura 4

Notación

$$\frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial t^2} = \frac{T_0}{\mu} \frac{\partial^2 \psi}{\partial x^2}$$

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$$\implies \omega^2 \ \psi(x,t) = v_p^2 \, k^2 \ \psi(x,t)$$

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$$\implies \omega^2 \ \psi(x,t) = v_p^2 \ k^2 \ \psi(x,t)$$

$$\Longrightarrow \left| \, \omega = v_p \, k \quad {
m con} \quad v_p = \sqrt{rac{T_0}{\mu}} \,
ight| \, \, \, \, {
m Relación \, \, de \, \, dispersión}$$

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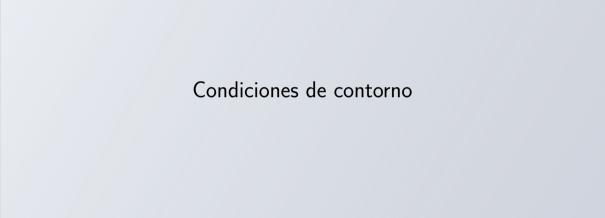
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$$\Rightarrow \psi(x, t) = f(x) g(t) = A \sin(kx + \varphi) \cos(\omega t + \theta)$$



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Extremos fijos:
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 ó $\psi(0,t) = \frac{\partial \psi(L,t)}{\partial x} = 0$

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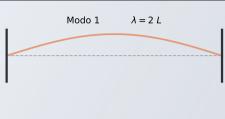
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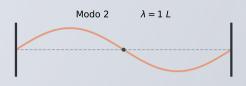
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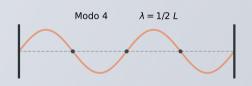
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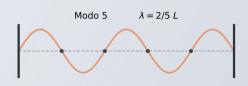
¿Pero cuántos modos tenemos? ¿Y cómo los dibujamos?

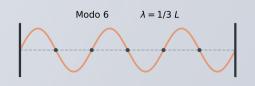












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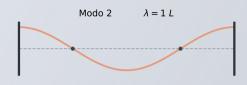
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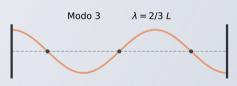
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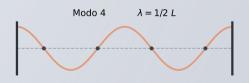
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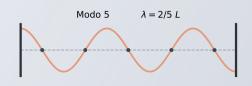
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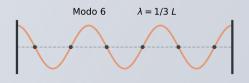












Extremos fijos vs extremos libres

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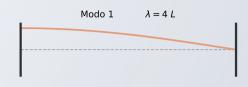
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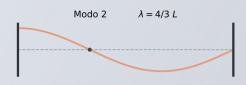
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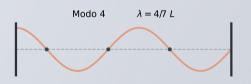
$$\implies \psi(x,t) = A \sin\left(\frac{(2n-1)\pi}{2L}x\right) \cos(\omega t + \theta), \quad n = 1, 2, \dots$$

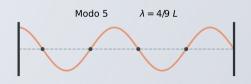
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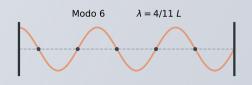














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Importante: vuelvan a hacer todo el ejericio 1 en sus casas.

Eso es todo.