

Bertinelli_Gabriele_Rlab01

April 10, 2024

1 RLab01 - Gabriele Bertinelli (2103359)

```
[ ]: library(tidyverse)
# library(ggplot2)
# library(tibble)
# library(dplyr)
library(geosphere)

Sys.setlocale("LC_TIME", "English")
```

1)

```
[ ]: # read_csv is from tidyverse, faster than read.csv

d1 <- read_csv('./Data_CitiBike/JC-201902-citibike-tripdata.csv')
d2 <- read_csv('./Data_CitiBike/JC-201903-citibike-tripdata.csv')
d3 <- read_csv('./Data_CitiBike/JC-201904-citibike-tripdata.csv')
d4 <- read_csv('./Data_CitiBike/JC-201905-citibike-tripdata.csv')
d5 <- read_csv('./Data_CitiBike/JC-201906-citibike-tripdata.csv')
```

```
[3]: str(d1)
```

```
spc_tbl_ [18,565 × 15] (S3: spec_tbl_df/tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
 $ tripduration      : num [1:18565] 142 223 106 370 315 ...
 $ starttime         : POSIXct[1:18565], format: "2019-02-01 15:35:02"
"2019-02-01 17:00:46" ...
 $ stoptime          : POSIXct[1:18565], format: "2019-02-01 15:37:24"
"2019-02-01 17:04:30" ...
 $ start station id   : num [1:18565] 3183 3183 3183 3183 3183 ...
 $ start station name : chr [1:18565] "Exchange Place" "Exchange Place"
"Exchange Place" "Exchange Place" ...
 $ start station latitude : num [1:18565] 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 ...
 $ start station longitude: num [1:18565] -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 ...
 $ end station id      : num [1:18565] 3639 3681 3184 3211 3273 ...
 $ end station name     : chr [1:18565] "Harborside" "Grand St" "Paulus Hook"
"Newark Ave" ...
 $ end station latitude  : num [1:18565] 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 ...
 $ end station longitude : num [1:18565] -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 ...
```

```

$ bikeid          : num [1:18565] 29677 26234 29588 29250 29586 ...
$ usertype        : chr [1:18565] "Subscriber" "Subscriber" "Subscriber"
"Subscriber" ...
$ birth year      : num [1:18565] 1963 1992 1960 1976 1980 ...
$ gender          : num [1:18565] 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...
- attr(*, "spec")=
.. cols(
..   tripduration = col_double(),
..   starttime = col_datetime(format = ""),
..   stoptime = col_datetime(format = ""),
..   `start station id` = col_double(),
..   `start station name` = col_character(),
..   `start station latitude` = col_double(),
..   `start station longitude` = col_double(),
..   `end station id` = col_double(),
..   `end station name` = col_character(),
..   `end station latitude` = col_double(),
..   `end station longitude` = col_double(),
..   bikeid = col_double(),
..   usertype = col_character(),
..   `birth year` = col_double(),
..   gender = col_double()
.. )
- attr(*, "problems")=<externalptr>

```

2)

```

[4]: # bind_rows() is useful for combining data frames wherein the columns are all
      ↪ identical
df <- as_tibble(bind_rows(d1, d2, d3, d4, d5))

```

```

[5]: str(df) # check shape of df

```

```

tibble [150,792 × 15] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
 $ tripduration      : num [1:150792] 142 223 106 370 315 ...
 $ starttime         : POSIXct[1:150792], format: "2019-02-01 15:35:02"
"2019-02-01 17:00:46" ...
 $ stoptime          : POSIXct[1:150792], format: "2019-02-01 15:37:24"
"2019-02-01 17:04:30" ...
 $ start station id   : num [1:150792] 3183 3183 3183 3183 3183 ...
 $ start station name : chr [1:150792] "Exchange Place" "Exchange Place"
"Exchange Place" "Exchange Place" ...
 $ start station latitude : num [1:150792] 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 ...
 $ start station longitude: num [1:150792] -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 ...
 $ end station id     : num [1:150792] 3639 3681 3184 3211 3273 ...
 $ end station name    : chr [1:150792] "Harborside" "Grand St" "Paulus Hook"
"Newark Ave" ...
 $ end station latitude : num [1:150792] 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 ...

```

```

$ end station longitude : num [1:150792] -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 ...
$ bikeid                : num [1:150792] 29677 26234 29588 29250 29586 ...
$ usertype              : chr [1:150792] "Subscriber" "Subscriber"
"Subscriber" "Subscriber" ...
$ birth year            : num [1:150792] 1963 1992 1960 1976 1980 ...
$ gender                : num [1:150792] 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

```

3)

```
[6]: df <- drop_na(df) # drop rows with NA values
```

```
[7]: str(df)
```

```
# no rows removed due to NA values
```

```

tibble [150,792 × 15] (S3: tbl_df/tbl/data.frame)
 $ tripduration          : num [1:150792] 142 223 106 370 315 ...
 $ starttime             : POSIXct[1:150792], format: "2019-02-01 15:35:02"
"2019-02-01 17:00:46" ...
 $ stoptime              : POSIXct[1:150792], format: "2019-02-01 15:37:24"
"2019-02-01 17:04:30" ...
 $ start station id      : num [1:150792] 3183 3183 3183 3183 3183 ...
 $ start station name    : chr [1:150792] "Exchange Place" "Exchange Place"
"Exchange Place" "Exchange Place" ...
 $ start station latitude : num [1:150792] 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 ...
 $ start station longitude: num [1:150792] -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 ...
 $ end station id        : num [1:150792] 3639 3681 3184 3211 3273 ...
 $ end station name      : chr [1:150792] "Harborside" "Grand St" "Paulus Hook"
"Newark Ave" ...
 $ end station latitude  : num [1:150792] 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 40.7 ...
 $ end station longitude : num [1:150792] -74 -74 -74 -74 -74 ...
 $ bikeid                : num [1:150792] 29677 26234 29588 29250 29586 ...
 $ usertype              : chr [1:150792] "Subscriber" "Subscriber"
"Subscriber" "Subscriber" ...
 $ birth year            : num [1:150792] 1963 1992 1960 1976 1980 ...
 $ gender                : num [1:150792] 1 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 ...

```

4) 4.1)

```

[8]: avg_trip_duration <- mean(df$tripduration)

median_trip_duration <- median(df$tripduration)

sprintf("Average trip duration: %.2f sec", avg_trip_duration)
sprintf("Median trip duration: %.2f sec", median_trip_duration)

```

'Average trip duration: 768.64 sec'

'Median trip duration: 341.00 sec'

4.2)

```
[9]: min_trip_duration <- min(df$tripduration)
     max_trip_duration <- max(df$tripduration)

     sprintf("Min trip duration: %.2f sec", min_trip_duration)
     sprintf("Max trip duration: %.2f sec", max_trip_duration)

     sprintf('Max trip duration in hours: %.2f h', max_trip_duration/3600)
```

'Min trip duration: 61.00 sec'

'Max trip duration: 1729020.00 sec'

'Max trip duration in hours: 480.28 h'

There's a trip that's really really long ahah. Almost 20 days. Maybe some long excursion... (or, more likely, wrong data)

4.3)

```
[10]: df_clean <- df %>% filter(tripduration <= 3*3600) # filter out trips longer
      ↪ than 3 hours
```

```
[11]: avg_trip_duration_clean <- mean(df_clean$tripduration)

     median_trip_duration_clean <- median(df_clean$tripduration)

     sprintf("Average trip duration: %.2f sec", avg_trip_duration_clean)
     sprintf("Median trip duration: %.2f sec", median_trip_duration_clean)

     min_trip_duration_clean <- min(df_clean$tripduration)
     max_trip_duration_clean <- max(df_clean$tripduration)

     sprintf("Min trip duration: %.2f sec", min_trip_duration_clean)
     sprintf("Max trip duration: %.2f sec", max_trip_duration_clean)

     sprintf('Max trip duration in hours: %.2f h', max_trip_duration_clean/3600)
```

'Average trip duration: 553.38 sec'

'Median trip duration: 340.00 sec'

'Min trip duration: 61.00 sec'

'Max trip duration: 10800.00 sec'

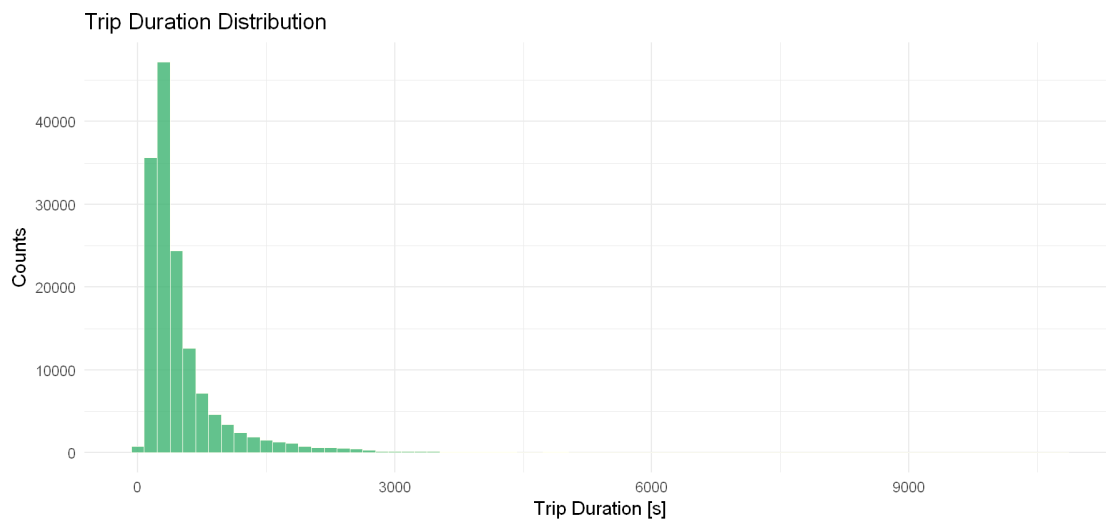
'Max trip duration in hours: 3.00 h'

4.4)

```
[12]: options(repr.plot.width = 15, repr.plot.height = 7) # set plot size

time_duration_hist <- ggplot(data=df_clean, aes(x=tripduration)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth=150,
  ↪fill='mediumseagreen', color='ivory', alpha=0.8) +
  labs(title='Trip Duration
  ↪Distribution', x='Trip Duration [s]', y='Counts') +
  # xlim(c(0, 3600)) +
  theme_minimal(base_size = 18)

time_duration_hist # plot trip duration distribution
```



5)

```
[13]: monthly_avg_trip_duration <- df_clean %>%
  mutate(month =
  ↪lubridate::month(starttime)) %>% # mutate add a new col. lubridate::month()
  ↪returns the month number
  group_by(month)
  %>%
  summarize(avg_trip_duration =
  ↪mean(tripduration)) # summarize() is used to aggregate data by group

monthly_avg_trip_duration <- monthly_avg_trip_duration %>%
  mutate(month_w =
  ↪c('Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun')) # add month names col for the plot

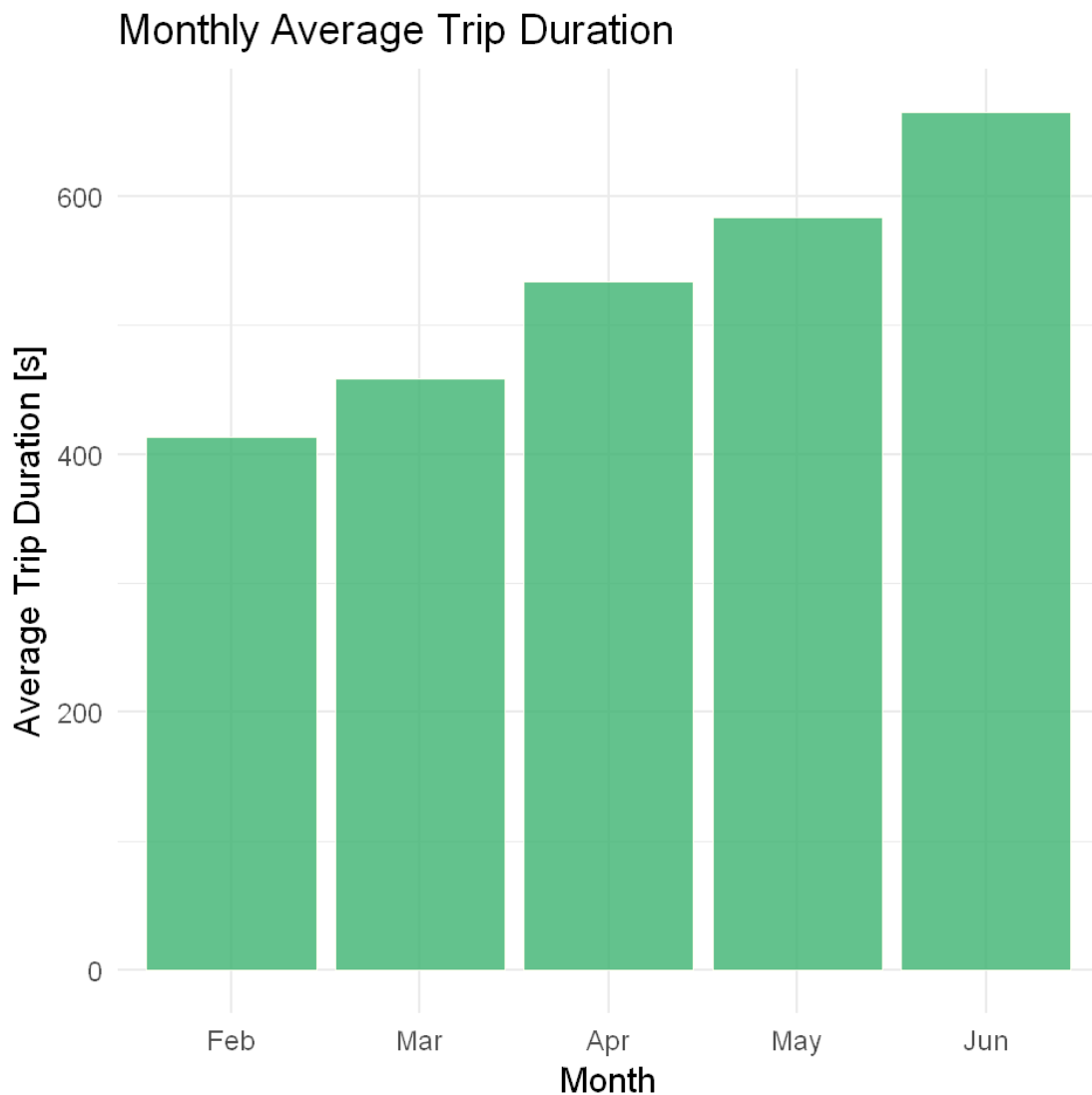
options(repr.plot.width = 8, repr.plot.height = 8)
```

```

level_order <- c('Feb', 'Mar', 'Apr', 'May', 'Jun') # order of months for plot
monthly_plot <- ggplot(data= monthly_avg_trip_duration, aes(x= factor(month_w,
↳ level=level_order), y=avg_trip_duration)) +
                                geom_bar(stat='identity',
↳ fill='mediumseagreen', color='ivory', alpha=0.8) +
                                labs(title='Monthly Average Trip
↳ Duration', x='Month', y='Average Trip Duration [s]') +
                                theme_minimal(base_size = 18)

monthly_plot # barplot of monthly average trip duration

```



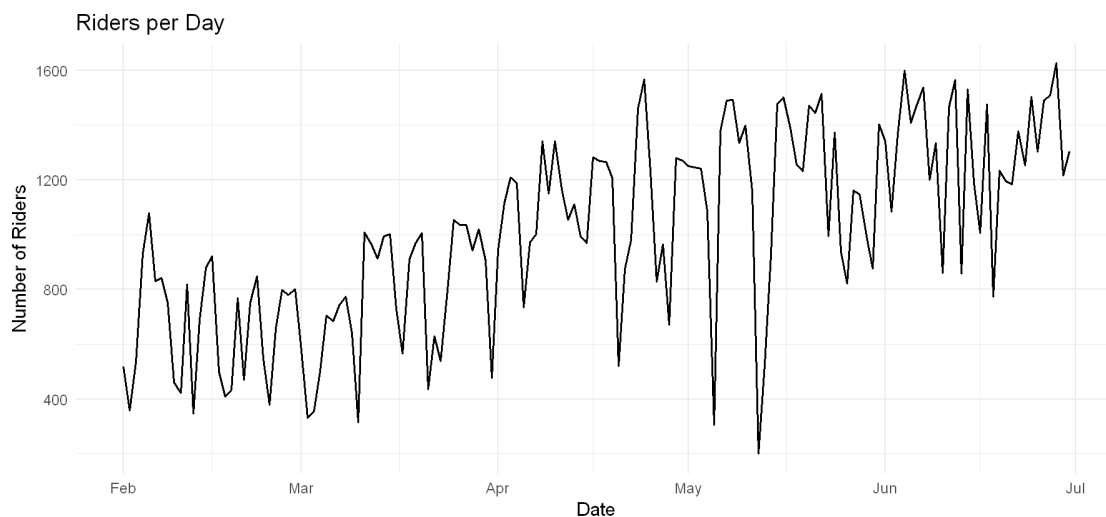
6) 6.1)

```
[14]: riders_per_day <- df_clean %>%
      mutate(date = as.Date(starttime,
        ↪ locale="EN-us")) %>% # convert starttime to date obj
      group_by(date) %>%
      summarize(riders_cnt = n()) # count
        ↪ number of riders per day

options(repr.plot.width = 15, repr.plot.height = 7)

riders_per_day_plot <- ggplot(data=riders_per_day, aes(x=date, y=riders_cnt)) +
      geom_line(color='black', lwd=1)
        ↪ +
      labs(title='Riders per Day',
        ↪ x='Date', y='Number of Riders') +
      theme_minimal(base_size = 18)

riders_per_day_plot # plot ridership per day
```

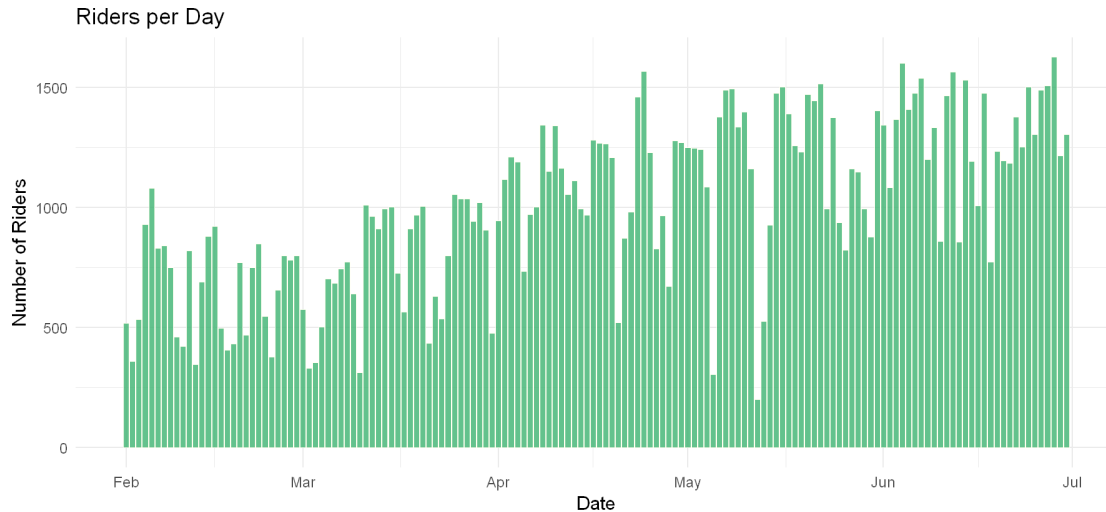


```
[15]: options(repr.plot.width = 15, repr.plot.height = 7)

riders_per_day_barplot <- ggplot(data=riders_per_day, aes(x=date,
  ↪ y=riders_cnt)) +
      geom_bar(stat='identity',
        ↪ fill='mediumseagreen', color='ivory', alpha=0.8) +
      labs(title='Riders per
        ↪ Day', x='Date', y='Number of Riders') +
```

```
theme_minimal(base_size = 18)
```

```
riders_per_day_barplot # barplot of ridership per day
```



6.2)

```
[16]: # Extract the day of the week from the starttime col
df_clean$weekday <- lubridate::wday(df_clean$starttime, label = TRUE)

# Create a new col to separate between weekdays and weekends
df_clean$day_type <- ifelse(df_clean$weekday %in% c("Sat", "Sun"), "Weekend",
  "Weekday")

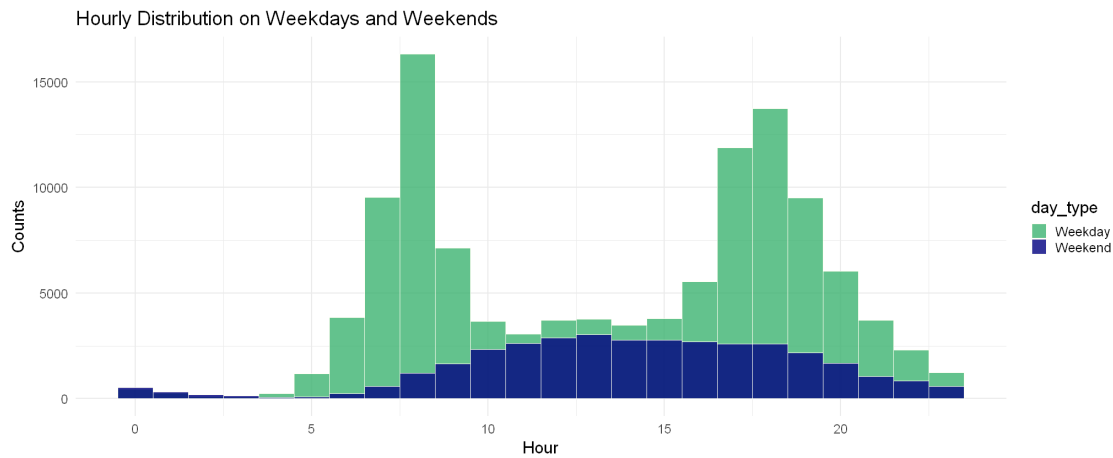
# Extract the hour from the starttime column
df_clean$hour <- lubridate::hour(df_clean$starttime)

options(repr.plot.width = 17, repr.plot.height = 7)

hourly_distribution <- ggplot(data = df_clean, aes(x = hour, fill = day_type)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1,
  position = "identity", alpha = 0.8, color='ivory') +
  labs(title = "Hourly
  Distribution on Weekdays and Weekends", x = "Hour", y = "Counts") +
  scale_fill_manual(values =
  c("Weekday" = "mediumseagreen", "Weekend" = "navy")) +
  theme_minimal(base_size=18)
```



```
hourly_distribution # hourly distribution on weekdays and weekends
```



6.3)

```
[17]: # Filter the data for weekdays
df_weekdays <- df_clean %>% filter(day_type == "Weekday")

# Group the data by hour and user type
hourly_distribution <- df_weekdays %>%

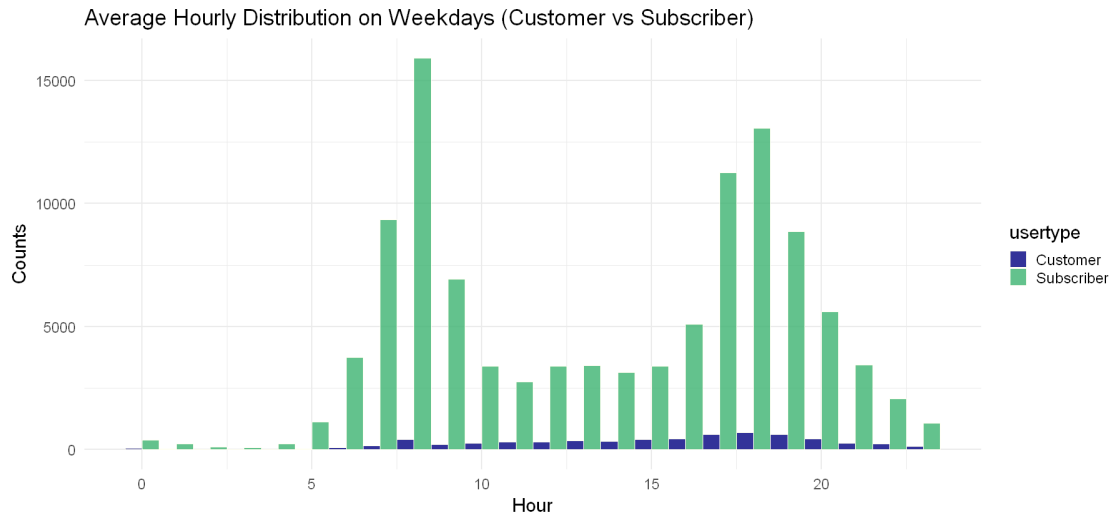
  group_by(hour, usertype) %>%
  # summarize(avg_count =
  mean(tripduration)) %>%

  ungroup()

options(repr.plot.width = 15, repr.plot.height = 7)

hourly_plot <- ggplot(data = hourly_distribution, aes(x = hour, fill =
  usertype)) +
  geom_histogram(binwidth = 1, position =
  "dodge", alpha = 0.8, color='ivory') +
  labs(title = "Average Hourly Distribution on
  Weekdays (Customer vs Subscriber)",
  x = "Hour", y = "Counts") +
  scale_fill_manual(values = c("Customer" =
  "navy", "Subscriber" = "mediumseagreen")) +
  theme_minimal(base_size = 18)

hourly_plot # hourly distribution on weekdays, separating customer and
  subscriber users
```



7) 7.1)

```
[18]: df_vel <- df_clean %>% filter(tripduration > 3600) # filter out trips longer
      <-> than 1 hour

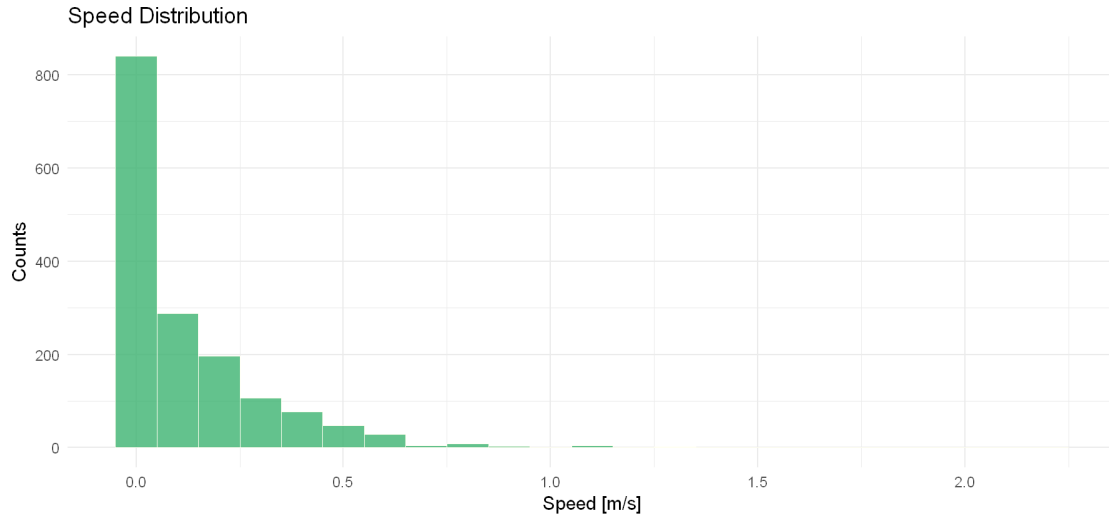
      # calculate distance between start and end stations
      df_vel$dist <- distHaversine(cbind(df_vel$start station longitude`,
      <-> df_vel$start station latitude`),
                                     cbind(df_vel$end
      <-> station longitude`, df_vel$end station latitude`))

      df_vel$speed <- (df_vel$dist / df_vel$tripduration)*3.6

      options(repr.plot.width = 15, repr.plot.height = 7)

      speed_hist <- ggplot(data=df_vel, aes(x=speed)) +
                    geom_histogram(binwidth=0.1,
      <-> fill='mediumseagreen', color='ivory', alpha=0.8) +
                    labs(title='Speed Distribution', x='Speed [m/
      <-> s]', y='Counts') +
                    theme_minimal(base_size = 18)

      speed_hist
```



7.2)

```
[19]: # Filter the data for distance groups
df_group1 <- df_vel %>% filter(dist < 500)
df_group2 <- df_vel %>% filter(dist >= 500 & dist < 1000)
df_group3 <- df_vel %>% filter(dist >= 1000 & dist < 2000)
df_group4 <- df_vel %>% filter(dist >= 2000 & dist < 3000)
df_group5 <- df_vel %>% filter(dist >= 3000)

avg_speed_group1 <- mean(df_group1$speed)
avg_speed_group2 <- mean(df_group2$speed)
avg_speed_group3 <- mean(df_group3$speed)
avg_speed_group4 <- mean(df_group4$speed)
avg_speed_group5 <- mean(df_group5$speed)

avg_speed_dist <- data.frame(group_dist = c("<500m", "500m-1000m", "1000m-2000m", "2000m-3000m", ">3000m"),
                             avg_speed = c(avg_speed_group1, avg_speed_group2, avg_speed_group3,
                             avg_speed_group4, avg_speed_group5))

options(repr.plot.width = 8, repr.plot.height = 8)

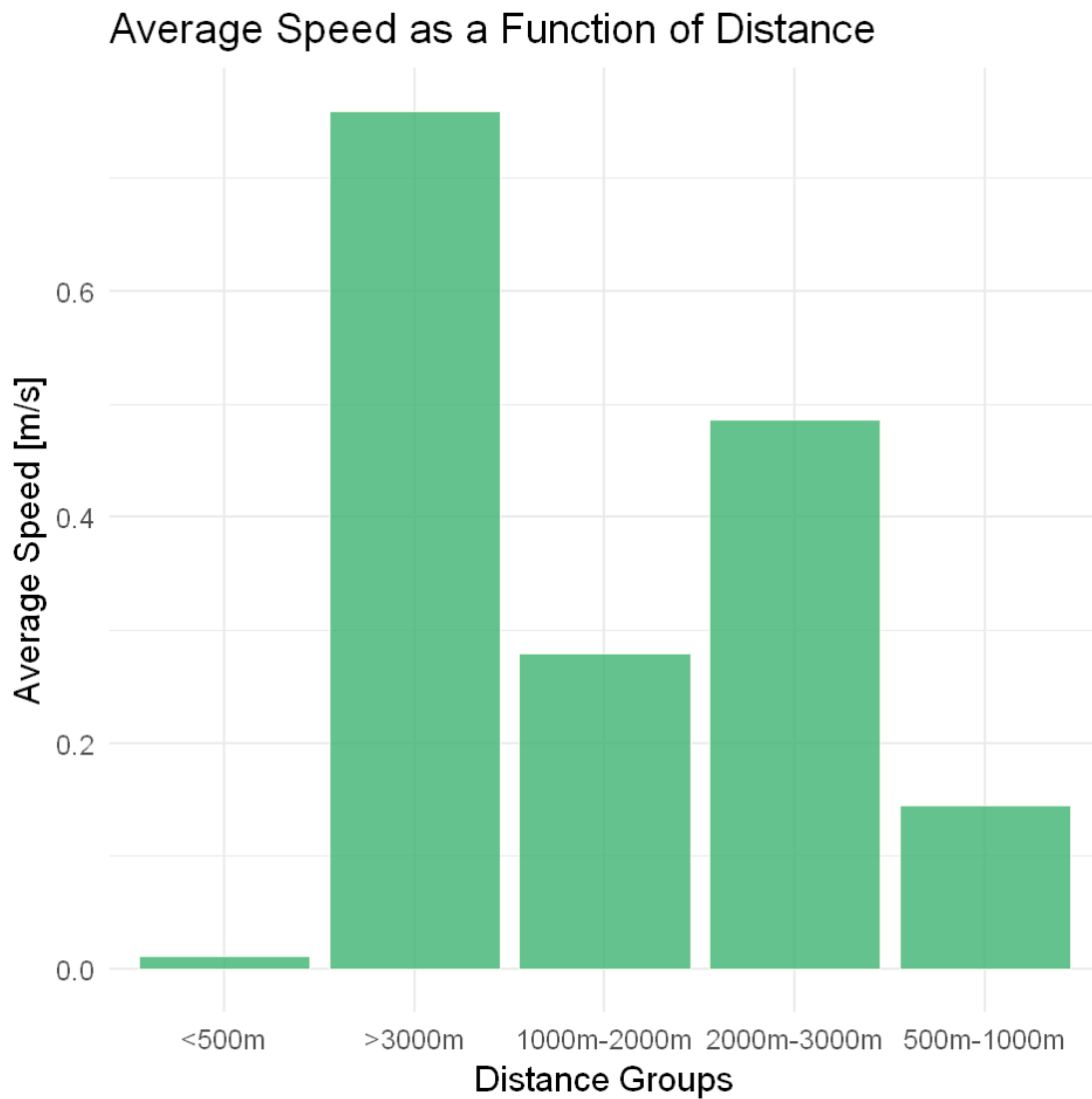
speed_distance_plot <- ggplot(data = avg_speed_dist, aes(x = group_dist, y = avg_speed)) +
```

```

geom_bar(stat = "identity",
  ↪ fill = "mediumseagreen", color = "ivory", alpha = 0.8) +
  labs(title = "Average Speed as a
  ↪ a Function of Distance",
  x = "Distance Groups", y =
  ↪ "Average Speed [m/s]") +
  theme_minimal(base_size=18)

speed_distance_plot # Plot the average speed as a function of distance

```



7.3)

```

[20]: # Filter the data for weekdays
df_weekday <- df_vel %>% filter(day_type == "Weekday")

# Filter the data for weekends
df_weekend <- df_vel %>% filter(day_type == "Weekend")

# same operation as before, but now for weekdays and weekends

df_group1d <- df_weekday %>% filter(dist < 500)
df_group2d <- df_weekday %>% filter(dist >= 500 & dist < 1000)
df_group3d <- df_weekday %>% filter(dist >= 1000 & dist < 2000)
df_group4d <- df_weekday %>% filter(dist >= 2000 & dist < 3000)
df_group5d <- df_weekday %>% filter(dist >= 3000)

df_group1w <- df_weekend %>% filter(dist < 500)
df_group2w <- df_weekend %>% filter(dist >= 500 & dist < 1000)
df_group3w <- df_weekend %>% filter(dist >= 1000 & dist < 2000)
df_group4w <- df_weekend %>% filter(dist >= 2000 & dist < 3000)
df_group5w <- df_weekend %>% filter(dist >= 3000)

avg_speed_group1d <- mean(df_group1d$speed)
avg_speed_group2d <- mean(df_group2d$speed)
avg_speed_group3d <- mean(df_group3d$speed)
avg_speed_group4d <- mean(df_group4d$speed)
avg_speed_group5d <- mean(df_group5d$speed)

avg_speed_group1w <- mean(df_group1w$speed)
avg_speed_group2w <- mean(df_group2w$speed)
avg_speed_group3w <- mean(df_group3w$speed)
avg_speed_group4w <- mean(df_group4w$speed)
avg_speed_group5w <- mean(df_group5w$speed)

avg_speed_distd <- data.frame(group_dist = c("<500m", "500m-1000m",
↪ "1000m-2000m", "2000m-3000m", ">3000m"),
                                avg_speed =
↪ c(avg_speed_group1d, avg_speed_group2d, avg_speed_group3d,
↪ avg_speed_group5d),
                                day_type =
↪ 'Weekday')

avg_speed_distw <- data.frame(group_dist = c("<500m", "500m-1000m",
↪ "1000m-2000m", "2000m-3000m", ">3000m"),
                                avg_speed =
↪ c(avg_speed_group1w, avg_speed_group2w, avg_speed_group3w,

```

```

    ↪ avg_speed_group5w),
                                                    day_type =
    ↪ 'Weekend')

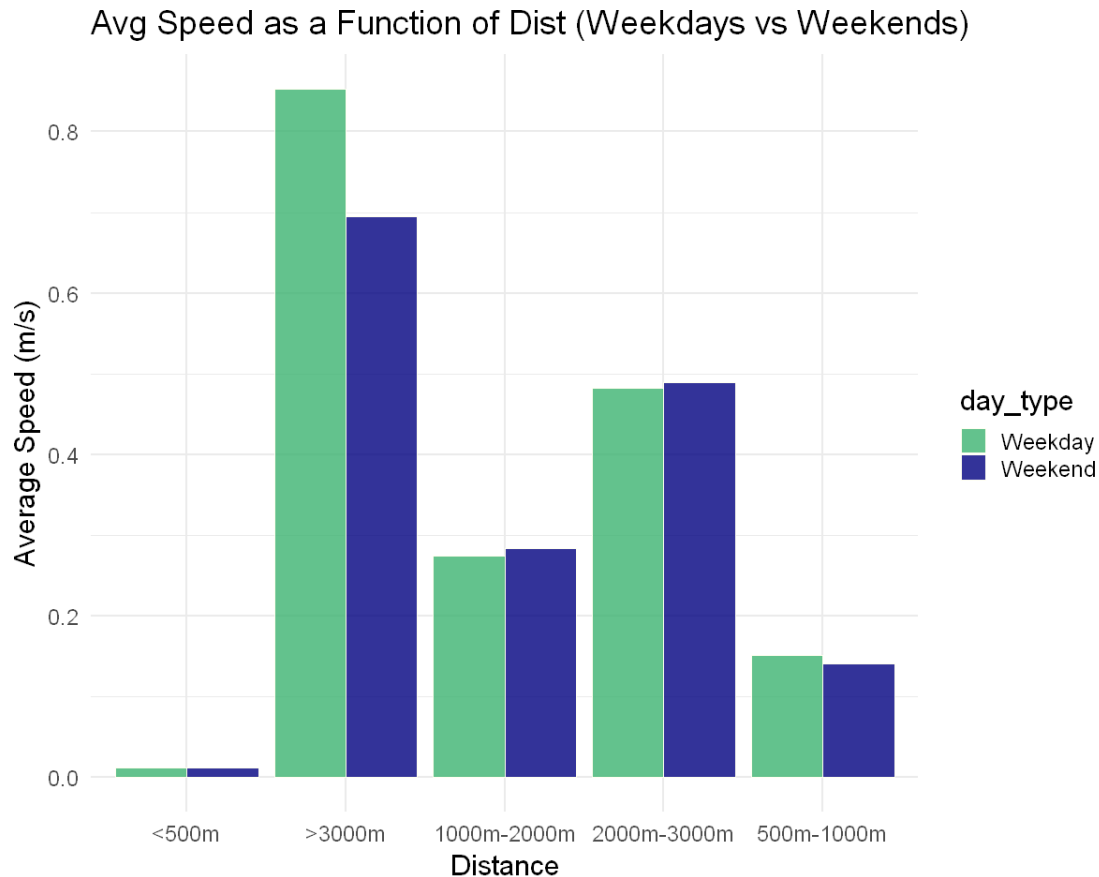
df_avg_speed_dist <- rbind(avg_speed_distd, avg_speed_distw) # combine the two
    ↪ dataframes

options(repr.plot.width = 10, repr.plot.height = 8)

# Plot the average speed as a function of distance
speed_distance_plotwd <- ggplot(data = df_avg_speed_dist, aes(x = group_dist, y =
    ↪ avg_speed, fill=day_type)) +
                                                    geom_bar(position='dodge',
    ↪ stat = "identity", alpha = 0.8, color='ivory') +
                                                    labs(title = "Avg Speed
    ↪ as a Function of Dist (Weekdays vs Weekends) ",
                                                    x = "Distance", y =
    ↪ "Average Speed (m/s)") +
                                                    scale_fill_manual(values=
    ↪ c("Weekday" = "mediumseagreen", "Weekend" = "navy")) +
                                                    theme_minimal(base_size=
    ↪ 18)

speed_distance_plotwd

```



8) 8.1)

```
[21]: start_station <- df_clean %>% group_by(`start station name`) %>%
      ↪ summarize(count = n()) %>% arrange(desc(count))

end_station <- df_clean %>% group_by(`end station name`) %>% summarize(count =
      ↪ n()) %>% arrange(count)

sprintf('Most common start station --> %s', start_station$`start station`
      ↪ name[1])
sprintf('Least popular end station --> %s', end_station$`end station name`[1])
```

'Most common start station -> Grove St PATH'

'Least popular end station -> 1 Ave & E 16 St'

8.2)

```
[22]: start_station <- df_clean %>% group_by(`start station name`) #>%
      ↪ summarize(count = n())
```

```

# start_station

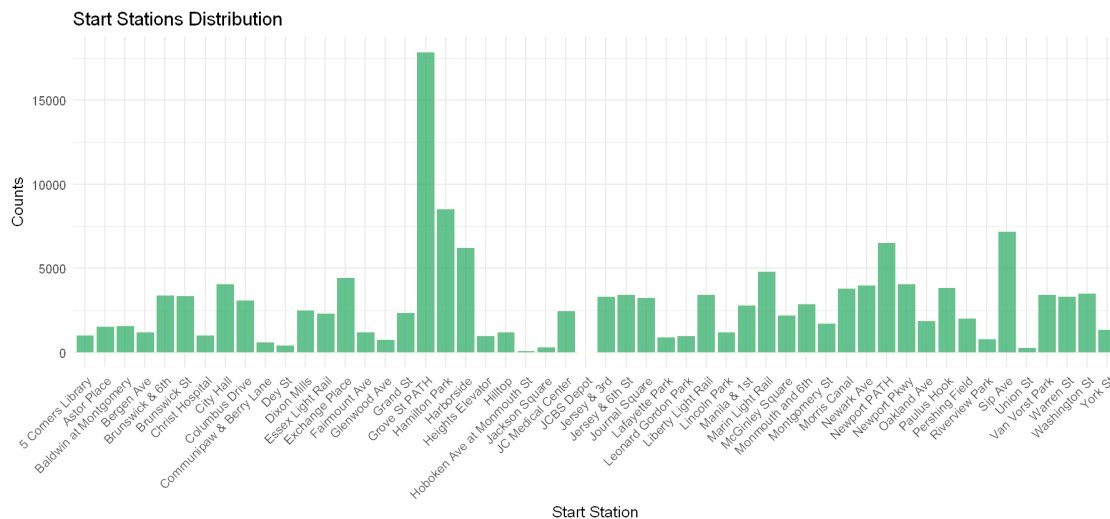
options(repr.plot.width = 15, repr.plot.height = 7)

# start_distr <- ggplot(data=start_station, aes(x=`start station name`)) +
#   geom_histogram(stat='count', binwidth = 1,
#     ↪fill='mediumseagreen', color='ivory', alpha=0.8) +
#   labs(title='Start Station Distribution', x='Start Station',
#     ↪y='Frequency')
#   theme_minimal()+
#   theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45, hjust = 1))

start_distr <- ggplot(data=start_station, aes(x=`start station name`)) +
  geom_bar(fill='mediumseagreen', color='ivory',
    ↪alpha=0.8) +
  labs(title='Start Stations Distribution',
    ↪x='Start Station', y='Counts') +
  theme_minimal(base_size = 15) +
  theme(axis.text.x = element_text(angle = 45,
    ↪hjust = 1))

start_distr

```



8.3)

```

[23]: common_route <- df_clean %>% group_by(`start station name`, `end station name`)
    ↪%>% summarize(count = n()) %>% arrange(desc(count))

```



```

least_route <- df_clean %>% group_by(`start station name`, `end station name`)
  ↪%>% summarize(count = n()) %>% arrange(count)

cat('\n3 most common routes:\n')
for (i in 1:3) {
  print(sprintf('%s --> %s, counts: %d', common_route$`start station`
  ↪name`[i], common_route$`end station name`[i], common_route$count[i]))
}

cat('\n3 least popular routes:\n')
for (i in 1:3) {
  print(sprintf('%s --> %s, counts: %d', least_route$`start station`
  ↪name`[i], least_route$`end station name`[i], least_route$count[i]))
}

```

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'start station name'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

`summarise()` has grouped output by 'start station name'. You can override using the `.groups` argument.

3 most common routes:

```

[1] "Hamilton Park --> Grove St PATH, counts: 3037"
[1] "Grove St PATH --> Hamilton Park, counts: 2318"
[1] "Brunswick & 6th --> Grove St PATH, counts: 1915"

```

3 least popular routes:

```

[1] "5 Corners Library --> Dixon Mills, counts: 1"
[1] "5 Corners Library --> Grand St, counts: 1"
[1] "Astor Place --> Brunswick & 6th, counts: 1"

```

[]: