# **FABRIC**

# **Table of contents**

Introduction	3
API	4
Fabric Manager	4
Instance	4
IsInitialised	4
Stop	5
Pause	5
LoadAsset	5
UnloadAsset	5
Event Manager	6
Instance	6
IsInitialised	6
RegisterListener	6
UnregisterListener	7
PostEvent	7
PostEvent	8
SetParameter	9
Debug log	10
Instance	10
Print	10

# Introduction

Welcome to the API reference document for Fabric.

### **API**

Fabric comes with several classes that allow the game to control and manipulate the audio behaviours that are designed in the editor. Though it is possible to implement and trigger audio from the editor there will be cases that it is necessary to trigger an audio from code.

# **Fabric Manager**

Fabric manager is the parent object of all audio components and it is responsible mostly for managing the life time of components and their communication with the custom user interfaces.

### **Instance**

### **Function**

Instance(): FabricManager

### Description

Function provides access to the instance of the fabric manager. Use this to gain access to the manager from any script.

### **Example:**

FabricManager.Instance().Stop();

### **IsInitialised**

### **Function**

IsInitialised(): bool

### Description

Returns true if the event manager is initialised, false if it's not.

### Stop

### **Function**

Stop(): void

### Description

Stops all components from playing.

### **Pause**

### **Function**

Pause(bool pause): void

### Description

Pauses or un-pauses all components depending on the pause flag passed.

### LoadAsset

### **Function**

LoadAsset(string name): void

### Description

Loads a prefab by name, the prefab **must** contain a hierarchy of Fabric components.

### **UnloadAsset**

### **Function**

UnloadAsset(string name): void

### Description

Unloads all components that have been previously loaded with the LoadAsset function.

### Fabric v1.0

# **Event Manager**

The event manager is responsible for managing events send by the game and the listeners that listen for them in order to perform an action.

### **Instance**

### **Function**

Instance(): EventManager

### Description

Function provides access to the instance of the event manager. Use this to gain access to the manager from any script.

### **Example:**

EventManager.Instance().IsInitialised();

### **IsInitialised**

### **Function**

IsInitialised(): bool

### Description

Returns true if the event manager is initialised, false if it's not.

### RegisterListener

### **Function**

RegisterListener(IEventListener listener, string eventName): bool

### Description

Registers a listener object to the manager listening for a specific event name.

listener parameter is an object that inherits from the IEventListener interface.

### Fabric v1.0

eventName parameter defines the name in which this listener will be waiting for.

### UnregisterListener

### **Function**

UnregisterListener(IEventListener listener, string eventName): bool

### Description

Unregisters a listener from the event manager.

listener parameter is an object that inherits from the IEventListener interface.

eventName parameter defines the name in which this listener will be waiting for.

### **PostEvent**

### **Function**

PostEvent(string eventName, GameObject parentGameObject=null): bool

### Description

Posts an event by name.

The eventName parameter is the name to be queued.

The parentGameObject parameter is optional and it is mainly used to attach 3D sounds into game objects.

Returns true or false if the even has been posted successfully.

### **Example:**

An example of triggering a component by code that has an event listener with the name "Simple".

EventManager.Instance.PostEvent("Simple", gameObject);

### **PostEvent**

### **Function**

PostEvent(string eventName, EventAction eventAction, object parameter, GameObject parentGameObject=null): bool

### Description

Queues an event by name.

The eventAction parameter defines the type of the event (i.e. Play, Stop, SetVolume, SetPitch etc.)

The parameter allows (optional) parameter data (float, string) to be passed with the event that can be processed by the components.

The parentGameObject parameter is optional and it is mainly used to attach 3D sounds into game objects.

### **Example:**

The following line tells a switch component with the event name "Switch" to switch to a child component with the name "Gravel"

EventManager.Instance.PostEvent("Switch",EventAction.SetSwitch, "Gravel");

### **SetParameter**

### **Function**

SetParameter(string eventName, string parameterName, float value, GameObject parentGameObject): void

### Description

Helpers function for components that allow receiving custom parameters in order to modify their behaviour.

The eventName parameter is the event to queue.

The parameterName parameter is the name of the parameter

The value parameter is the value in which the parameter is to be set.

### **Example:**

This is an example of how to set a parameter to a component

rpm = 3000.0f;

EventManager.Instance.SetParameter("engine", "rpm", rpm, gameObject);

# **Debug log**

This is a class that prints out debug messages on the console.

### **Instance**

### **Function**

Instance(): DebugLog

## Description

Function provides access to the instance of the debug log. Use this to gain access to the debug log from any script.

### **Print**

### **Function**

Print(string Msg, DebugLevel debugLevel): void

### Description

Prints a message of a specific type into the debug log.

The Msg parameter is the message to display on the debug log.

The debugLevel parameter indicates the debug level of the message.

The DebugLevel enum defines three main level of messages:

- o Info
- o Warning
- o Error