Stock Market Visualization Page 1 of 6

```
1 import sys
2 from datetime import datetime
4 import numpy as np
5 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
6 from matplotlib.collections import LineCollection
7 from six.moves.urllib.request import urlopen
8 from six.moves.urllib.parse import urlencode
9 from sklearn import cluster, covariance, manifold
10 import quandl
11 import pandas as pd
12 import datetime
13 from pandas_datareader import data as pdr
14 import fix_yahoo_finance as yf
15 from itertools import compress
16 from helper import read txt
17
18 print(__doc__)
19
20 def retry(f, n attempts=3):
       "Wrapper function to retry function calls in case of
21
  exceptions"
22
       def wrapper(*args, **kwargs):
23
           for i in range(n_attempts):
24
               try:
25
                   return f(*args, **kwargs)
26
               except Exception:
27
                   if i == n attempts -1:
28
                       raise
29
       return wrapper
30
31 def quotes_historical_google(symbol, start_date, end_date):
32
       format = '%Y-%m-%d' # Formatting directives
33
       start = start date.strftime(format)
34
35
       end = end date.strftime(format)
36
37
       yf.pdr override() # <== that's all it takes :-)</pre>
38
       data = pdr.get data yahoo(symbol, start=start, end=end)
39
40
       return data
41
42
43
44 symbol_dict = {
45
       'NYSE:TOT': 'Total',
46
       'NYSE:XOM': 'Exxon',
47
       'NYSE:CVX': 'Chevron',
48
       'NYSE:COP': 'ConocoPhillips',
49
       'NYSE:VLO': 'Valero Energy',
```

Stock Market Visualization Page 2 of 6

```
50
       'NASDAQ:MSFT': 'Microsoft',
       'NYSE:IBM': 'IBM',
51
52
       'NYSE:TWX': 'Time Warner',
53
       'NASDAQ:CMCSA': 'Comcast',
54
       'NYSE:CVC': 'Cablevision',
55
       'NASDAQ:YHOO': 'Yahoo',
56
       'NASDAQ:DELL': 'Dell',
57
       'NYSE:HPQ': 'HP',
       'NASDAQ:AMZN': 'Amazon',
58
59
       'NYSE:TM': 'Toyota',
60
       'NYSE:CAJ': 'Canon',
       'NYSE:SNE': 'Sony',
61
62
       'NYSE:F': 'Ford',
       'NYSE:HMC': 'Honda',
63
64
       'NYSE:NAV': 'Navistar',
       'NYSE:NOC': 'Northrop Grumman'.
65
       'NYSE:BA': 'Boeing',
66
       'NYSE:KO': 'Coca Cola',
67
       'NYSE:MMM': '3M',
68
       'NYSE:MCD': 'McDonald\'s',
69
       'NYSE:PEP': 'Pepsi',
70
71
       'NYSE:K': 'Kellogg',
72
       'NYSE:UN': 'Unilever',
73
       'NASDAQ:MAR': 'Marriott',
74
       'NYSE:PG': 'Procter Gamble',
       'NYSE:CL': 'Colgate-Palmolive',
75
       'NYSE:GE': 'General Electrics'.
76
77
       'NYSE:WFC': 'Wells Fargo',
78
       'NYSE:JPM': 'JPMorgan Chase',
       'NYSE:AIG': 'AIG',
79
       'NYSE:AXP': 'American express',
80
81
       'NYSE:BAC': 'Bank of America',
82
       'NYSE:GS': 'Goldman Sachs',
83
       'NASDAQ:AAPL': 'Apple',
84
       'NYSE:SAP': 'SAP',
85
       'NASDAQ:CSCO': 'Cisco',
       'NASDAQ:TXN': 'Texas Instruments',
86
       'NYSE:XRX': 'Xerox',
87
88
       'NYSE:WMT': 'Wal-Mart',
       'NYSE:HD': 'Home Depot',
89
       'NYSE:GSK': 'GlaxoSmithKline',
90
91
       'NYSE:PFE': 'Pfizer',
92
       'NYSE:SNY': 'Sanofi-Aventis',
93
       'NYSE:NVS': 'Novartis',
94
       'NYSE:KMB': 'Kimberly-Clark',
95
       'NYSE:R': 'Ryder',
       'NYSE:GD': 'General Dynamics',
96
97
       'NYSE:RTN': 'Raytheon',
       'NYSE:CVS': 'CVS',
98
99
       'NYSE:CAT': 'Caterpillar',
```

Stock Market Visualization Page 3 of 6

```
100
       'NYSE:DD': 'DuPont de Nemours'
101
102
###############################
104 symbols, names = np.array(sorted(symbol dict.items())).T
105
106 symbols_new = [] #symbols without "NYSE"
107 for n in range(len(symbols)):
       symbols_new.append(symbols[n].split(":")[1])
109 print symbols_new
110
111
112 start = datetime.datetime(2017, 1, 1)
113 end = datetime.datetime(2018, 4, 1)
114
115 quotes = []
116
117 for symbol in symbols new:
       print('Fetching quote history for %r' % symbol)
118
       quotes_append(quotes_historical_google(
119
120
           symbol, start, end))
121 print type(quotes[0])
122
123 empty dataframe = []
124 for q in quotes:
125
       empty_dataframe.append(q.empty)
126
127 symbols_valid = []
128 name valid = []
129
130 for i, j in enumerate(empty_dataframe):
131
       if j == False:
132
           symbols valid.append(symbols new[i])
133
           name valid append(names[i])
134
135 print "drop the empty dataframe and then download the
   stock price data...."
136
################################
138 \text{ quotes} = []
139
140 for symbol in symbols_valid:
       print('Fetching quote history for %r' % symbol)
141
142
       quotes.append(quotes historical google(
143
           symbol, start, end))
144
145 print "complete fetching the stock price data ...."
146
```

Stock Market Visualization Page 4 of 6

```
147
148 close_prices = np.vstack([q.iloc[:,4] for q in quotes]) #4
    stands for Adj Close
149 open_prices = np.vstack([q.iloc[:,0] for q in quotes]) #0
   stands for Open
150
151 # The daily variations of the quotes are what carry most
   information
152 variation = close prices - open prices
153
154
156
157 # Learn a graphical structure from the correlations
158 edge model = covariance GraphLassoCV()
159
160 # standardize the time series: using correlations rather
   than covariance
161 # is more efficient for structure recovery
162 X = variation.copy().T #copy and then transpose
163 X /= X.std(axis=0) #the std of each column(stock), thus if
    there two stocks, then the X.std(axis=0) only have two
   values.
164 edge model fit(X)
165
167 # Cluster using affinity propagation
168 #
169 _, labels = cluster.affinity_propagation(edge_model.
   covariance )
170 n labels = labels max()
171 #
172
173 for i in range(n labels + 1):
174
      print 'Cluster %i: %s' % ((i + 1), ', '.join(list())
   compress(name valid, labels == i))))
175
176
177
########################
179 # Find a low-dimension embedding for visualization: find
   the best position of
180 # the nodes (the stocks) on a 2D plane
181
182 # We use a dense eigen_solver to achieve reproducibility (
   arpack is
183 # initiated with random vectors that we don't control). In
```

Stock Market Visualization Page 5 of 6

```
183 addition, we
184 # use a large number of neighbors to capture the large-
   scale structure.
185 node_position_model = manifold.LocallyLinearEmbedding(
        n components=3, eigen solver='dense', n neighbors=6)
186
187
188 embedding = node position model.fit transform(X.T).T
189
######################################
191 # Visualization
192 plt.figure(1, facecolor='w', figsize=(10, 8))
193 plt.clf()
194 ax = plt.axes([0., 0., 1., 1.])
195 plt_axis('off')
196
197 # Display a graph of the partial correlations
198 partial_correlations = edge_model.precision_.copy()
199 d = 1 / np.sgrt(np.diag(partial correlations))
200 partial correlations *= d
201 partial_correlations *= d[:, np.newaxis]
202 non_zero = (np.abs(np.triu(partial_correlations, k=1)) > 0
    .02)
203
204 # Plot the nodes using the coordinates of our embedding
205 plt.scatter(embedding[0], embedding[1], s=100 * d ** 2, c=
    labels.
206
                cmap=plt.cm.spectral)
207
208 # Plot the edges
209 start idx, end idx = np.where(non zero)
210 # a sequence of (*line0*, *line1*, *line2*), where::
211 #
                 linen = (x0, y0), (x1, y1), \dots (xm, ym)
212 segments = [[embedding[:, start], embedding[:, stop]]
213
                for start, stop in zip(start idx, end idx)]
214 values = np.abs(partial correlations[non zero])
215 lc = LineCollection(segments,
216
                        zorder=0, cmap=plt.cm.hot r,
217
                       norm=plt.Normalize(0, .7 * values.max(
   )))
218 lc.set array(values)
219 lc.set linewidths(15 * values)
220 ax.add_collection(lc)
221
222 # Add a label to each node. The challenge here is that we
   want to
223 # position the labels to avoid overlap with other labels
224 for index, (name, label, (x, y)) in enumerate(
225
           zip(names, labels, embedding.T)):
226
```

Stock Market Visualization Page 6 of 6

```
227
        dx = x - embedding[0]
228
        dx[index] = 1
229
        dy = y - embedding[1]
230
        dy[index] = 1
231
        this_dx = dx[np.argmin(np.abs(dy))]
232
        this_dy = dy[np.argmin(np.abs(dx))]
233
        if this dx > 0:
234
            horizontalalignment = 'left'
235
            x = x + .002
236
        else:
237
            horizontalalignment = 'right'
238
            x = x - .002
239
        if this_dy > 0:
240
            verticalalignment = 'bottom'
241
            y = y + .002
242
        else:
243
            verticalalignment = 'top'
244
            y = y - .002
245
        plt.text(x, y, name, size=10,
246
                 horizontalalignment=horizontalalignment,
247
                 verticalalignment=verticalalignment,
248
                 bbox=dict(facecolor='w',
249
                            edgecolor=plt.cm.spectral(label /
    float(n_labels)),
250
                            alpha=.6)
251
252 plt_xlim(embedding[0].min() - .15 * embedding[0].ptp(),
             embedding[0] max() + .10 * embedding[0] ptp(),)
253
254 plt.ylim(embedding[1].min() - .03 * embedding[1].ptp(),
255
             embedding[1].max() + .03 * embedding[1].ptp())
256
257 plt.show()
258
```