Strands Troubleshooting Guide

Common Issues and Solutions

Issue 1: Agent Not Responding

Symptoms: Agent returns None or empty responses

Solutions:

- 1. Check model configuration:
 - Verify API keys are set correctly
 - Ensure model ID is valid
 - Check network connectivity
- 2. Validate input:
 - Ensure message is not empty
 - Check for special characters
 - Verify encoding is UTF-8
- 3. Review system prompt:
 - Avoid contradictory instructions
 - Keep prompts clear and concise
 - Test with minimal prompt first

Issue 2: Tool Execution Failures

Symptoms: Agent tries to use tools but they fail

Common Causes:

- 1. Missing type hints:
 - All parameters must have type annotations
 - Return type must be specified
 - Use proper types (int, str, List, etc.)
- 2. Invalid docstring:
 - Tool must have a docstring
 - Docstring should describe the function clearly
 - Include parameter descriptions
- 3. Error handling:
 - Tools should handle exceptions
 - Return meaningful error messages
 - Don't let tools crash the agent

```
Example of correct tool:
```

```
@tool
```

```
def calculate(x: int, y: int) -> int:
"""Add two numbers together."""
return x + y
```

Issue 3: AWS Bedrock Access Denied

Symptoms: 'Access Denied' or '403 Forbidden' errors

Checklist:

- 1. Model Access:
 - Log into AWS Console
 - Navigate to Bedrock > Model access
 - Ensure Claude 3.7 Sonnet is enabled
 - Wait for approval (can take minutes)

2. IAM Permissions:

- User/role needs 'bedrock:InvokeModel'
- Check policy attachments
- Verify resource permissions

3. Region Settings:

- Bedrock not available in all regions
- Check your AWS_DEFAULT_REGION
- Try us-west-2 or us-east-1

4. Credentials:

- Run 'aws configure list' to verify
- Check environment variables
- Ensure credentials are not expired

Performance Optimization

Tips for Faster Agents:

- 1. Model Selection:
 - Use smaller models for simple tasks
 - Claude 3.7 Haiku for speed
 - Local models for zero latency
- 2. Streaming Responses:
 - Enable streaming for long outputs
 - Improves perceived performance
 - Better user experience
- 3. Caching:
 - Cache common responses
 - Store tool results when appropriate
 - Use memory systems effectively
- 4. Batch Processing:
 - Group similar requests
 - Process documents in batches
 - Parallelize when possible