# 第一周环境准备任务

任务目标: 搭建linux+nginx+php-fqm+mysql

最终目标:能够运行php代码并且可以使用php连接mysql,成功执行mysql的语句。

报告要求:将整个环境的搭建过程进行详细记录,收集网络上的加固文章,学习加固技术,从而思考不

加固可能存在的安全问题,对于加固的过程以及对于安全的思考都需要做详细的记录。

拓展任务:除了这个web环境还有其他的环境可以搭建,能力强者可以做更多的练习,比如:基于

apache的环境、基于windows server 的iis 环境等。

# 1 VMware Workstation安装CentOS系统

1.1 CentOS官网下载最新版本的IOS文件,目前最新版本为7.6.1810



In order to conserve the limited bandwidth available, ISO images are not downloadable from mirror.centos.org

The following mirrors in your region should have the ISO images available:

http://mirror.bit.edu.cn/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.tuna.tsinghua.edu.cn/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.cn99.com/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.neusoft.edu.cn/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirror.jdcloud.com/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirror.lzu.edu.cn/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://ftp.sjtu.edu.cn/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.zju.edu.cn/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.huaweicloud.com/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.aliyun.com/centos/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.cqu.edu.cn/CentOS/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso http://mirrors.cqu.edu.cn/CentOS/7.6.1810/isos/x86\_64/CentOS-7-x86\_64-DVD-1810.iso

1.2 在虚拟化软件VMware workstation中安装CentOS操作系统





∰ us

Help!

#### WELCOME TO CENTOS 7.

What language would you like to use during the installation process?

English	English
Afrikaans	Afrikaans
አማርኛ	Amharid
العربية	Arabio
অসমীয়া	Assamese
Asturianu	Asturiar
Беларуская	Belarusiai
Български	Bulgariar
বাংলা	Bengal
	<b>4</b> 7

English (United States) English (United Kingdom)

English (India)

English (Australia)

English (Canada)

English (Denmark)

English (Ireland)

English (New Zealand)

English (Nigeria)

English (Hong Kong SAR China)

المسانعة المالية المالية





#### CONFIGURATION

**CENTOS 7 INSTALLATION** 

∰ us

Help!

# USER SETTINGS



ROOT PASSWORD Root password is set



USER CREATION No user will be created

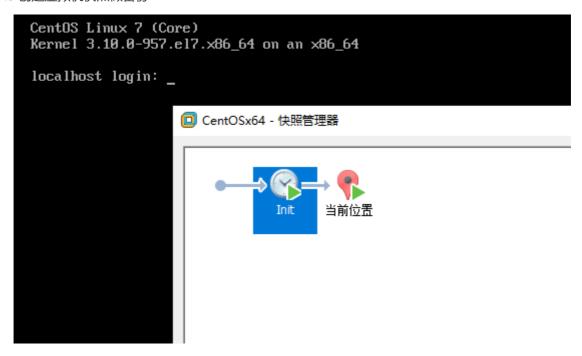
Complete!

CentOS is now successfully installed and ready for you to use! Go ahead and reboot to start using it!

 $ilde{f A}$  Use of this product is subject to the license agreement found at /usr/share/centos-release/EULA

```
CentOS Linux 7 (Core)
Kernel 3.10.0-957.el7.x86_64 on an x86_64
localhost login: _
```

# 1.3 创建虚拟机快照做备份



# 1.4 初始化配置

# 1. 4.1 IP地址设置

vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-ens33

		-				
ifcfg-ens33	ifdown-ip∨6	ifdown-Team	ifup-eth	ifup-post	ifup-tunnel	
ifcfg-lo	ifdown-isdn	ifdown-TeamPort	ifup-ippp	ifup-ppp	ifup-wire less	
ifdown	ifdown-post	ifdown-tunnel	ifup-ip∨6	ifup-routes	init.ip∨6-global	
ifdown-bnep	if down-ppp	ifup	ifup-isdn	ifup-sit	network-functions	
ifdown-eth	ifdown-routes	ifup-aliases	ifup-plip	ifup-Team	network-functions-ip√6	
ifdown-ippp	ifdown-sit	ifup-bnep	ifup-plusb	ifup-TeamPort		
[root@localhost ~]# vi /etc/sysconfig/network-scripts/ifcfg-ens33						

```
TYPE=Ethernet
PROXY_METHOD=none
BROWSER_ONLY=no
BOOTPROTO=static
DEFROUTE=ues
IPV4 FAILURE FATAL=no
IPV6INIT=yes
IPU6_AUTOCONF=yes
IPV6_DEFROUTE=yes
IPV6_FAILURE_FATAL=no
IPV6_ADDR_GEN_MODE=stable-privacy
NAME=ens33
UUID=34f9b7f7-59aa-4225-841a-e5921e013179
DEVICE=ens33
ONBOOT=yes
ZONE=public
IPADDR=192.168.44.100
NETMASK=255.255.255.0
GATEWAY=192.168.44.2
DNS1=192.168.44.2
```

#### 重启网卡, 获取IP地址

```
--- www.a.shifen.com ping statistics ---
3 packets transmitted, 3 received, 0% packet loss, time 2043ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 9.502/9.570/9.681/0.079 ms
[root@localhost ~1#_
```

#### 1. 4.2 更换为aliyun源

下载http://mirrors.aliyun.com/repo/Centos-7.repo 文件,替换系统/etc/yum.repos.d/CentOS-Base.repo文件。

#清除yum缓存 yum clean all

#重新生成yum缓存 yum makecache

#升级所有包同时也升级软件和系统内核 yum update

```
Iroot@localhost yum.repos.dl# head -n 10 CentOS-Base.repo
# CentOS-Base.repo
# The mirror system uses the connecting IP address of the client and the
# update status of each mirror to pick mirrors that are updated to and
# geographically close to the client. You should use this for CentOS updates
# unless you are manually picking other mirrors.
# If the mirrorlist= does not work for you, as a fall back you can try the
# remarked out baseurl= line instead.
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]# head -n 20 CentOS-Base.repo
# CentOS-Base.repo
# The mirror system uses the connecting IP address of the client and the
# update status of each mirror to pick mirrors that are updated to and
# geographically close to the client. You should use this for CentOS updates
# unless you are manually picking other mirrors.
# If the mirrorlist= does not work for you, as a fall back you can try the
# remarked out baseurl= line instead.
#
[hase]
name=CentOS-$releasever - Base - mirrors.aliyun.com
failovermethod=priority
baseurl=http://mirrors.aliuun.com/centos/$releasever/os/$basearch/
        http://mirrors.aliyuncs.com/centos/$releasever/os/$basearch/
        http://mirrors.cloud.aliyuncs.com/centos/$releasever/os/$basearch/
gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=http://mirrors.aliyun.com/centos/RPM-GPG-KEY-CentOS-7
[root@localhost yum.repos.d]#
```

#### 1.4.3 安装net-tools组件

因初始系统,默认不能使用ifconfig/netstat/route等命令,个人比较习惯用这些命令,所以安装net-tools组件

yum -y install net-tools

```
[root@localhost ~]# yum -y install net-tools
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror
Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile

* base: mirrors.aliyun.com

* extras: mirrors.aliyun.com

* updates: mirrors.aliyun.com
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
---> Package net-tools.x86_64 0:2.0-0.24.20131004git.el7 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution
```

# 1. 4.4 安装wget

yum -y install wget

```
[root@localhost ~]# yum -y install wget
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror
Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile

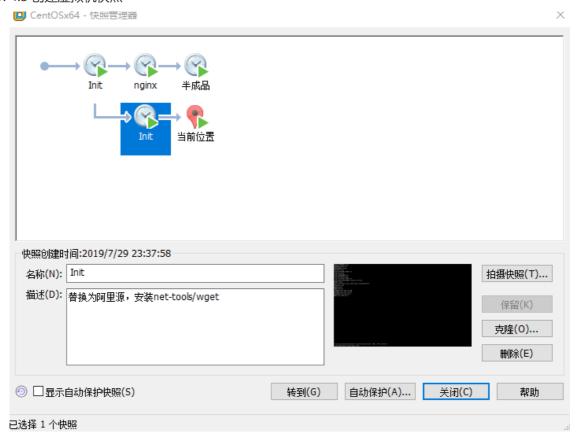
* base: mirrors.aliyun.com

* extras: mirrors.aliyun.com

* updates: mirrors.aliyun.com
Resolving Dependencies
--> Running transaction check
---> Package wget.x86_64 0:1.14-18.el7_6.1 will be installed
--> Finished Dependency Resolution

Dependencies Resolved
```

#### 1.4.5 创建虚拟机快照



# 2 nginx安装

# 2.1 下载nginx安装包

wget -c http://nginx.org/download/nginx-1.17.2.tar.gz

# 2.2 安装编译环境以及依赖包

① gcc安装, nginx编译依赖gcc环境

yum -y gcc gcc-c++

```
[root@localhost nginx-1.17.2]# yum -y install gcc gcc-c++
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror
Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile

* base: mirrors.aliyun.com

* extras: mirrors.aliyun.com

* updates: mirrors.aliyun.com
```

② PCRE pcre-devel库安装,(Perl Compatible Regular Expressions)是一个Perl库,包括perl兼容的正则表达式库。ginx的http模块使用pcre来解析正则表达式。

yum -y install pcre pcre-devel

```
[root@localhost nginx-1.17.2]# yum -y install pcre pcre-devel Loaded plugins: fastestmirror Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile * base: mirrors.aliyun.com
```

③ zlib安装,该库提供了很多种压缩和解压缩的方式,nginx使用zlib对http包的内容进行gzip。

yum -y install zlib zlib-devel

```
[root@localhost nginx-1.17.2]# yum -y install zlib zlib-devel Loaded plugins: fastestmirror Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile * base: mirrors.aliyun.com
```

④ openssl安装,一个强大的安全套接字层密码库,囊括主要的密码算法、常用的密钥和证书封装管理功能及SSL协议,并提供丰富的应用程序供测试或其它目的使用。nginx不仅支持http协议,还支持https(即在ssl协议上传输http)。

yum -y install openssl openssl-devel

```
[root@localhost nginx-1.17.2]# yum -y install openssl openssl-devel Loaded plugins: fastestmirror Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile
```

#### 2.2 解压源码压缩包

tar -zvxf nginx-1.17.2.tar.gz

#### 2.3 配置编译参数

cd nginx-1.17.2

./configure --prefix=/usr/local/nginx --with-http ssl module

```
[root@localhost nginx-1.17.2]# ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/nginx --with-http_ssl_module checking for OS  
+ Linux 3.10.0-957.el7.x86_64 x86_64 checking for C compiler ... found  
+ using GNU C compiler  
+ gcc version: 4.8.5 20150623 (Red Hat 4.8.5-36) (GCC)
```

#### 2.4 编译并安装

make && make install

#### 2.5 启动nginx

./nginx

有master、worker两个进程说明启动成功

#### 2.6 设置nginx开机启动

用yum命令安装会自动创建nginx.service文件,使用源码编译安装的,需要手动创建nginx.service服务文件。

开机没有登陆情况下就能运行的程序,存在系统服务 (system) 里: cd /lib/systemd/system

```
[root@localhost system]# pwd
/lib/systemd/system
[root@localhost system]# ls
arp-ethers.service lvm2-lvmetad.socket suspend.target
auditd.service lvm2-lvmpolld.service swap.target
autovt@.service lvm2-lvmpolld.socket sys-fs-fuse-connections.mount
basic.target lvm2-monitor.service sysinit.target
basic.target.wants lvm2-pvscan@.service sysinit.target
blk-availability.service machine.slice sys-kernel-config.mount
bluetooth.target sys-kernel-debug.mount
brandbot.path messagebus.service syslog.socket
```

① 创建nginx.service文件

vi /lib/systemd/system/nginx.service

```
[Unit]
Description=nginx
After=network.target

[Service]
Type=forking
ExecStart=/usr/local/nginx/sbin/nginx
ExecReload=/usr/local/nginx/sbin/nginx -s reload
ExecStop=/usr/local/nginx/sbin/nginx -s quit
PrivateTmp=true

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

systemctl enable nginx.service

```
[root@localhost sýstem]# systemctl enable nginx.service
Created symlink from /etc/systemd/system/multi-user.target.wants/nginx.service to /usr/lib/systemd/system/nginx.service.
[root@localhost system]# |
```

#### 2.7 开放防火墙端口

开放80端口

 $[root@localhost\ services] \#\ firewall-cmd\ --add-port=80/tcp\ --permanent success$ 

使配置生效

[root@localhost services]# firewall-cmd --reload success

查看当前开放的端口

[root@localhost services]# firewall-cmd --zone=public --list-ports 80/tcp

① 不安全 | 192.168.44.100

#### Welcome to nginx!

If you see this page, the nginx web server is successfully installed and working. Further configuration is required.

For online documentation and support please refer to  $\underline{nginx.org}.$  Commercial support is available at  $\underline{nginx.com}.$ 

Thank you for using nginx.

# 3 mysql安装

# 3.1 下载mysql安装包

wget -c https://dev.mysql.com/get/Downloads/MySQL-5.7/mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86 64.tar.gz

```
[root@localhost ~]# ls anaconda-ks.cfg nginx-1.17.2 nginx-1.17.2.tar.gz [root@localhost ~]# wget -c https://dev.mysql.com/get/Downloads/MySQL-5.7/mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86_64.tar.gz [root@localhost ~]# ls anaconda-ks.cfg mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86_64.tar.gz nginx-1.17.2 nginx-1.17.2.tar.gz [root@localhost ~]#
```

#### 3.2 解压文件

tar -zvxf mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86\_64.tar.gz

```
[root@localhost ~]# |s
anaconda-ks.cfg mysql-5.7.27-e17-x86_64 mysql-5.7.27-e17-x86_64.tar.gz nginx-1.17.2 nginx-1.17.2.tar.gz
[root@localhost ~]# cd mysql-5.7.27-e17-x86_64 mysql-5.7.27-e17-x86_64]# |s
bin COPYING docs include lib man README share support-files
[root@localhost mysql-5.7.27-e17-x86_64]# |
```

cp mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86\_64 /usr/local/mysql

```
[root@localhost ~]# cp mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86_64 /usr/local/mysql cp: omitting directory â€~mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86_64' [root@localhost ~]# cp -r mysql-5.7.27-el7-x86_64 /usr/local/mysql [root@localhost ~]# cd /usr/local/mysql/ [root@localhost mysql]# ls
bin COPYING docs include lib man README share support-files [root@localhost mysql]# ]
```

# 3.3 添加系统mysql组和mysql用户

groupadd mysql

useradd -r -g mysql myslq

```
[root@localhost ~]# groupadd mysql
[root@localhost ~]# useradd -r -g mysql mysql
[root@localhost ~]# id mysql
uid=997(mysql) gid=1000(mysql) groups=1000(mysql)
[root@localhost ~]# ■
```

# 3.4 安装mysql数据库

修改mysql目录拥有者为mysql用户 chown -R mysql:mysql mysql/

```
[root@localhost local]# ls -lh
total 0
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root root
                            6 Apr 11
                                      2018 bin
             2 root root
                            6 Apr 11
                                      2018
                                            etc
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root root
                                      2018
drwxr-xr-x.
                            6 Apr 11
                                            games
                            6 Apr 11
             2 root root
                                      2018
                                            include
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root root
                            6 Apr 11
                                      2018
                                            lib
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root root
                            6 Apr 11
                                      2018
                                            lib64
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root root
drwxr-xr-x.
                            6 Apr 11
                                      2018
                                            libexec
           9 root root 129
                              วนใ
drwxr-xr-x.
                                  30 14:38
                                            mysql
drwxr-xr-x. 11 root root 151 Jul 30 14:05
                                            nginx
                            6 Apr 11
             2 root root
                                       2018
drwxr-xr-x.
                                            sbin
             5 root root
                           49 Jul 26 17:32
                                            share
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root root
drwxr-xr-x.
                           6 Apr 11
                                      2018 src
[root@localhost local]# chown -R mysql:mysql mysql/
[root@localhost local]# ls -lh
total 0
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018 bin
                      root
drwxr-xr-x.
             2 root
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018 etc
                      root
             2 root
                                              games
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018
drwxr-xr-x.
                      root
             2 root
                              6 Apr 11
                                        2018
                                              include
drwxr-xr-x.
                      root
             2 root
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018 lib
drwxr-xr-x.
                      root
             2 root
drwxr-xr-x.
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018
                                              lib64
                      root
             2 root
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018
                                              libexec
drwxr-xr-x.
                      root
            9 mysql mysql 129 Jul
                                    30 14:38 mysql
drwxr-xr-x.
drwxr-xr-x. 11 root
                            151 Jul 30 14:05
                      root
                                              nginx
             2 root
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018
drwxr-xr-x.
                      root
                                              sbin
             5 root
                             49 Jul 26 17:32
                                              share
drwxr-xr-x.
                      root
             2 root
                              6 Apr 11
                                         2018
                                              src
drwxr-xr-x.
                      root
[root@localhost local]#
```

#### 安装

/usr/local/mysql/bin/mysqld --initialize --user=mysql --basedir=/usr/local/mysql --datadir=/usr/local/mysql/data

```
[root@localhost local]# /ušr/local/mysql/bin/mýsqld --initialize --ušer=mysql --basedir=/usr/local/mysql --datadir=/usr/local/mysql/dat a 2019-07-30T18:43:55.174906Z 0 [warning] TIMESTAMP with implicit DEFAULT value is deprecated. Please use --explicit_defaults_for_timesta mp server option (see documentation for more details). 2019-07-30T18:43:55.921751Z 0 [warning] Innob8: New log files created, LSN=45790 2019-07-30T18:43:56.043621Z 0 [warning] Innob8: Creating foreign key constraint system tables. 2019-07-30T18:43:56.07882Z 0 [warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: fc4df250-b2f9-11e9-445b-00029ffd761. 2019-07-30T18:43:56.109856Z 0 [warning] stid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysql.gtid_executed' cannot be opened. 2019-07-30T18:43:56.112893Z 1 [Note] A temporary password is generated for root@localhost: IsKdtjg17d%x [root@localhost local]#
```

#### 3.5 配置mysql

### 配置my.cnf

vi /etc/my.cnf

```
#
[mysqld]
character_set_server=utf8
init_connect='SET NAMES utf8'
basedir=/usr/local/mysql
datadir=/usr/local/mysql/data
socket=/tmp/mysql.sock
#buqufendaxiaoxie
lower_case_table_names = 1
#bukaiqi sql yangemoshi
sql_mode = "STRICT_TRANS_TABLES, NO_ZERO_IN_DATE, NO_ZERO_DATE, ERROR_FOR_DIVISION_BY_ZERO, NO_AUTO_CREATE_USER, NO_ENGINE_SUBSTITUTION"
pid-file=/usr/local/mysql/data/mysqld.pid
```

```
[root@localhost init.d]# cp /usr/local/mysql/support-files/mysql.server /etc/init.d/mysqld
[root@localhost init.d]# ls
functions mysqld netconsole network README
```

#### 修改 vi /etc/init.d/mysqld

```
# If you want to affect other MySQL variables, you should make your changes
# in the /etc/my.cnf, ~/.my.cnf or other MySQL configuration files.

# If you change base dir, you must also change datadir. These may get
# overwritten by settings in the MySQL configuration files.

# basedir=/usr/local/mysql
# datadir=/usr/local/mysql/data

# befault value, in seconds, afterwhich the script should timeout waiting
# for server start.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
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# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
# Value here is overriden by value in my.cnf.
```

#### 启动mysql

# [root@localhost init.d]# service mysqld start Starting MySQL. SUCCESS!

# 加入开机启动

```
[root@localhost ~]# chkconfig --add mysqld
[root@localhost ~]# reboot
```

#### 创建软连接

```
[root@localhost ~]# mysql -u root -p IsKdtjg17d%x -bash: mysql: command not found [root@localhost ~]# ln -s /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysql /usr/bin [root@localhost ~]#
```

修改初始化myslq密码

安装mysql的时候会生成一个随机的密码

```
[root@localhost local]# /usr/local/mysql/bin/mysqld --initialize --user=mysql --basedir=/usr/local/mysql --datadir=/usr/local/mysql/data 2019-07-30T18:43:55.174906Z 0 [warning] TIMESTAMP with implicit DEFAULT value is deprecated. Please use --explicit_defaults_for_timesta mp server option (see documentation for more details). 2019-07-30T18:43:55.921751Z 0 [warning] Innob8. New log files created, LSN=45790 2019-07-30T18:43:56.043621Z 0 [warning] Innob8. Creating foreign key constraint system tables. 2019-07-30T18:43:56.107882Z 0 [warning] No existing UUID has been found, so we assume that this is the first time that this server has been started. Generating a new UUID: feddf250-b2f9-11e9-a45b-000c29ffd761. 2019-07-30T18:43:56.109856Z 0 [warning] Gtid table is not ready to be used. Table 'mysgl.gtid executed' cannot be opened. 2019-07-30T18:43:56.112893Z 1 [Note] A temporary password is generated for root@localhost: Iskdtjg17d%x
```

#### 修改root密码

```
[root@localhost data]# mysql -u root -p
Enter password:
Welcome to the MySQL monitor. Commands end with; or \g.
Your MySQL connection id is 7
Server version: 5.7.27

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Type 'help;' or '\h' for help. Type '\c' to clear the current input statement.

mysql> ALTER USER 'root'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED BY 'Password@123';
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.00 sec)

mysql> quit
Bye
```

# 4 php

php-fqm,只用与PHP,是一个PHPFastCGI管理器,CGI(公共网关接口),是外部应用程序(CGI程序)与Web服务器之间的接口标准,是在CGI程序和Web服务器之间传递信息的过程。

#### 4.1 下载php安装包

wget -c <a href="https://www.php.net/distributions/php-7.3.7.tar.gz">https://www.php.net/distributions/php-7.3.7.tar.gz</a>

#### 4.2 解压

tar -xvzf php-7.3.7.tar.gz

```
[root@localhost ~]# Is
anaconda-ks.cfg nginx-1.17.2 nginx-1.17.2.tar.gz php-7.3.7 php-7.3.7.tar.gz
[root@localhost ~]#
```

#### 4.3 安装依赖包

yum -y install libxml2 libxml2-devel

```
[root@localhost ~]# yum -y install libxml2 libxml2-devel
Loaded plugins: fastestmirror
Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration
Loading mirror speeds from cached hostfile

* base: mirrors.aliyun.com

* extras: mirrors.aliyun.com

* updates: mirrors.aliyun.com
```

yum install libxml2-devel bzip2 bzip2-devel curl-devel libjpeg-devel libpng libpng-devel freetype-devel libzslt-devel libzip-devel -y

```
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# yum install libxml2-devel bzip2 bzip2-devel curl-devel libjpeg-devel libpng libpng-devel freetype-devel lib xslt-devel libzip-devel -y
Loaded plugins: fastestmiror
Repository base is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository updates is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository extras is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository centosplus is listed more than once in the configuration
Repository contrib is listed more than once in the configuration
```

# 4.4 参数配置

./configure --prefix=/usr/local/php --with-config-file-path=/usr/local/php/etc --with-fpm-user=mysql --with-fpm-group=mysql --with-curl --with-freetype-dir --with-gd --with-gettext --with-iconv-dir --with-kerberos --with-libdir=lib64 --with-libxml-dir --with-mysqli=mysqlnd --with-openssl --with-pcre-regex --with-pdo-mysql=mysqlnd --with-mysql=mysqlnd --with-pdo-sqlite --with-pear --with-png-dir --with-jpeg-dir --with-xmlrpc --with-xsl --with-zlib --with-bz2 --with-mhash --enable-fpm --enable-bcmath --enable-libxml --enable-inline-optimization --enable-mbregex --enable-mbstring --enable-opcache --enable-pcntl --enable-shmop --enable-soap --enable-sockets --enable-sysvsem --enable-sysvshm --enable-xml --enable-fpm

```
complete!
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# ./configure --prefix=/usr/local/php --with-config-file-path=/usr/local/php/etc --with-fpm-user=mysql --with
-fpm-group=mysql --with-curl --with-freetype-dir --with-gettext --with-iconv-dir --with-kerberos --with-libdir=lib64 --with-
ibxml-dir --with-mysqli=mysqlnd --with-popenssl --with-pcre-regex --with-pdo-mysql=mysqlnd --with-sysql=mysqlnd --with-pdo-sqlite --with
-pear --with-png-dir --with-jpeg-dir --with-xmlrpc --with-xsl --with-2lib --with-bz2 --with-mhash --enable-fpm --enable-bmath --enable
-libxml --enable-inline-optimization --enable-mbregex --enable-mbstring --enable-opcache --enable-pcntl --enable-shmop --enable-soap --
enable-sockets --enable-sysvsm --enable-sysvsm --enable-mml --enable-fpm
configure: WARNING: unrecognized options: --with-mysql
checking for grep that handles long lines and -e.. /usr/bin/grep
```

```
Thank you for using PHP.

config.status: creating php7.spec
config.status: creating scripts/phpize
config.status: creating scripts/man1/phpize.1
config.status: creating scripts/php-config
config.status: creating scripts/man1/php-config.1
config.status: creating sapi/fli/php.1
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/php-fpm.conf
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/php-fpm.conf
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/php-fpm.service
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/php-fpm.service
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/php-fpm.8
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/php-fpm.8
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/phpdbg.1
config.status: creating sapi/fpm/php-cgi.1
config.status: creating ext/phar/phar.1
config.status: creating ext/phar/phar.1
config.status: creating main/php_config.h
config.status: executing default commands
configure: WARNING: unrecognized
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]#
```

#### 4.5 安装

# [root@localhost php-7.3.7]# make && make install

[roote]ocalhost php-7.3.7]# make && make install // bin/sh /root/php-7.3.7]# make // bin/sh /root/php-7.3.7]# make // c -DZEND\_ENABLE\_STATIC\_TSRMLS\_CACHE=1 -lext/opcache/ -I/root/php-7.3.7/ext/pacache/ -I/root/php-7.3.7/ext/pacache/ -I/root/php-7.3.7/ext/make-1/ro

```
Installing shared extensions: /usr/local/php/lib/php/extensions/no-debug-non-zts-20180731/
Installing PHP CLI binary: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing PHP CLI man page: /usr/local/php/php/man/man1/
Installing PHP FPM binary: /usr/local/php/sbin/
Installing PHP FPM binary: /usr/local/php/etc/
Installing PHP FPM man page: /usr/local/php/php/man/man8/
Installing PHP FPM status page: /usr/local/php/php/php/php/php/Installing phpdbg binary: /usr/local/php/php/php/php/php/Installing phpdbg man page: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing PHP CGI binary: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing PHP CGI man page: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing build environment: /usr/local/php/hin/
Installing header files: /usr/local/php/include/php/
Installing hepper programs: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing man pages: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing man pages: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing PEAR environment: /usr/local/php/bin/
Installing PEAR environment: /usr/local/php/lib/php/
Installing PEAR environment: /usr/lo
```

# 4.6 配置

cp /root/php-7.3.7/php.ini-production /usr/local/php/etc/php.ini

cp /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.conf.default /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.conf

cp/usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.d/<u>www.conf.default</u>/usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.d/www.conf

```
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# cp /root/php-7.3.7/php.ini-production /usr/local/php/etc/php.ini
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# cp /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.conf.default /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.conf
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# cp /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.d/www.conf.default /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.d/www.conf
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]#
```

#### 测试php-fpm

```
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# /usr/local/php/sbin/php-fpm -t
[31-Jul-2019 12:55:22] NOTICE: configuration file /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.conf test is successful
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]#
```

#### 拷贝启动文件

cp /root/php-7.3.7/sapi/fpm/init.d.php-fpm /etc/init.d/php-fpm

chmod php-fpm start

```
[31-Jul-2019 12:55:22] NOTICE: configuration file /usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.conf test is successful [root@localhost php-7.3.7]# cp /root/php-7.3.7/sapi/fpm/init.d.php-fpm /etc/init.d/php-fpm [root@localhost php-7.3.7]# chmod 755 /etc/init.d/php-fpm [root@localhost php-7.3.7]# service php-fpm start starting php-fpm done [root@localhost php-7.3.7]#
```

#### 查询启动状态

```
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# ps -ef | grep php root 32950 1 0 13:00 ? 00:00:00 php-fpm: master process (/usr/local/php/etc/php-fpm.conf) mysql 32951 32950 0 13:00 ? 00:00:00 php-fpm: pool www root 33029 13810 0 13:01 pts/3 00:00:00 grep --color=auto php [root@localhost php-7.3.7]#
```

# 重启nginx

```
[root@localhost php-7.3.7]# service nginx restart Redirecting to /bin/systemctl restart nginx.service [root@localhost php-7.3.7]#
```

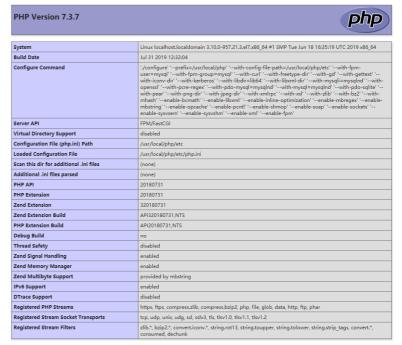
测试

vi /usr/local/nginx/html/test.php

```
[root@localhost html]# ls
50x.html index.html test.php
[root@localhost html]# pwd
/usr/local/nginx/html
[root@localhost html]# cat test.php
<?php
    phpinfo()
?>
[root@localhost html]# |
```

得到php配置说明nginx解析php成功





# 5 php连接mysql的语句

测试代码

连接数据库

Connect mysql success!

```
mysol set (0.00 sec)

mysol seclect * from myguests;

ERROR 1064 (42000): You have an error in your SQL syntax; check the manual that corresponds to your MysQL server version for the right syntax to use near 'seclect * from myguests' at line 1

mysol select * from myguests:

id firstname lastname email reg_date

1 John Doe john@example.com 2019-08-02 02:52:56

2 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql > ■
```

id: 1 - Name: John Doe email:john@example.com id: 2 - Name: Amy lili email:amy@example.com

# 5 安全加固

在进行渗透测试的时候,攻击者一定会进行各种类型的扫描,扫描服务器对外开放的端口、服务以及相应服务的版本号,根据这些信息,攻击者能更有针对性的进行渗透,减少不必要的对外开放的端口、服务,屏蔽回显标识能避免暴露更多的信息给攻击者,增加攻击者的攻击成本,可以用以下的手段进行加固:

#### 5.1 操作系统加固

开启系统防火墙,只开放必要的端口,这里以我的实验环境为例子,对外只开放80、22端口; \*\* service firewalld start #开启防火墙

systemctl start firewalld.service #开机自动启动

service firewalld status #查看当前防火墙运行状态

```
firewall-cmd --list-all #查看防火墙状态
```

firewall-cmd --list-ports #查看当前开放的端口

firewall-cmd --list-service #查看当前开放的服务

firewall-cmd --reload #更新防火墙规则

firewall-cmd --remove-service=dhcpv6-client #阻止服务

firewall-cmd --remove-port=80/tcp #阻止端口

[root@localhost html]# firewall-cmd --list-ports
80/tcp
[root@localhost html]#

[root@localhost html]# firewall-cmd --list-service
ssh dhcpv6-client
[root@localhost html]#

```
[root@localhost html]# firewall-cmd --list-all
public (active)
  target: default
  icmp-block-inversion: no
  interfaces: ens33
  sources:
  services: ssh dhcpv6-client
  ports: 80/tcp
  protocols:
  masquerade: no
  forward-ports:
  source-ports:
  icmp-blocks:
  rich rules:
```

#### 5.1 nginx安全加固

#### 1 隐藏nginx版本号

修改nginx配置文件

```
#user nobody;
worker_processes 1;
#error_log
#error_log
#error_log
               logs/error.log;
logs/error.log notic
logs/error.log info;
                                      notice;
#pid
                logs/nginx.pid;
#server_tokens off;
events {
     worker_connections 1024;
http {
   server_tokens off;
     '$remote_addr - $remote_user [$time_local] "$request" '
'$status $body_bytes_sent "$http_referer" '
'"$http_user_agent" "$http_x_forwarded_for"';
     #log_format main
     #access_log logs/access.log main;
     sendfile
                           on;
     #tcp_nopush
                           on:
     #keepalive_timeout 0;
keepalive_timeout 65;
 - INSERT --
```

#### 使用nmap进行验证

#### 未修改前

#### 修改后

#### 2 过滤user-agent

user-agent 也即浏览器标识,每个正常的web请求都包含用户的浏览器信息,除非经过伪装,恶意扫描工具一般都会在user-agent里留下某些特征字眼,比如scan,nmap等。我们可以用正则匹配这些字眼,从而达到过滤的目的,请根据需要调整。

#### 配置nginx.conf

#### 配置前效果

```
[root@localhost html]# curl -I http://192.168.44.100
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Server: nginx
Date: Sat, 03 Aug 2019 09:28:30 GMT
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 612
Last-Modified: Tue, 30 Jul 2019 18:03:30 GMT
Connection: keep-alive
ETag: "5d408672-264"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
```

#### 配置后效果

```
[root@localhost html]# curl -I http://192.168.44.100
HTTP/1.1 403 Forbidden
Server: nginx
Date: Sat, 03 Aug 2019 09:33:45 GMT
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 146
Connection: keep-alive
```

#### 3 封杀特定的http方法和行为

#### 配置nginx.conf

```
#set http method
if ($request_method !~ ^(GET|POST|HEAD)$ ) {
        return 405;
}
```

```
PUT / HTTP/1.1
Host: 192.168.44.100
User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (X11; Linux x86_64; rv:60.0) Gecko/20100101 Firefox/60.0
Accept: text/html, application/xhtml+xml, application/xml;q=0.9,*/*;q=0.8
Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.5
Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate
Connection: close
Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1

HTTP/1.1 405 Not Allowed
Server: nginx
Date: Sat, 03 Aug 2019 09:47:01 GMT
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Type: text/html
Content-Length: 150
Connection: close

<html>
<head><thtml>
<head>
<head><thtml>
<head>
<head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><head><hea
```

# 5.2 php安全加固

1 隐藏PHP版本号

PHP 配置默认允许服务器在 HTTP 响应头 (x-powered-By) 中显示安装在服务器上的 PHP 版本,如下所示:

```
▼ General

Request URL: http://192.168.44.100/connectmysql.php

Request Method: GET

Status Code: ● 200 OK

Remote Address: 192.168.44.100:80

Referrer Policy: no-referrer-when-downgrade

▼ Response Headers view source

Cache-Control: no-cache

Connection: keep-alive

Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8

Date: Sat, 03 Aug 2019 08:41:10 GMT

Expires: Sat, 03 Aug 2019 08:41:09 GMT

Server: nginx

Transfer-Encoding: chunked

X-Powered-By: PHP/7.3.7
```

可以对PHP版本号进行隐藏,避免暴露已知版本存在的漏洞

修改php配置文件,把expose\_php 设置成Off

vi /usr/local/php/etc/php.ini

重启php-fpm/nginx服务

service php-fpm restart

service nginx restart

```
▼ General
   Request URL: http://192.168.44.100/test info.php
   Request Method: GET
   Status Code: 9 200 OK
   Remote Address: 192.168.44.100:80
   Referrer Policy: no-referrer-when-downgrade
▼ Response Headers
                      view source
   Cache-Control: no-cache
   Connection: keep-alive
  Content-Type: text/html; charset=UTF-8
  Date: Sat, 03 Aug 2019 08:54:59 GMT
   Expires: Sat, 03 Aug 2019 08:54:58 GMT
   Server: nginx
   Transfer-Encoding: chunked
▼ Request Headers view source
```

# 5.3 mysql安全加固

#### 1 改变默认mysqlg管理员账号

系统 MySQL 的管理员名称是 root,而一般情况下,数据库管理员都没进行修改,这一定程度上对系统用户穷举的恶意行为提供了便利,此时修改为复杂的用户名,请不要在设定为 admin 或者 administraror 的形式,因为它们也在易猜的用户字典中。

```
[root@localhost local]# ls -lh | grep mysql
drwxr-xr-x. 10 mysql mysql 141 Jul 31 02:43 mysql
[root@localhost local]#
```