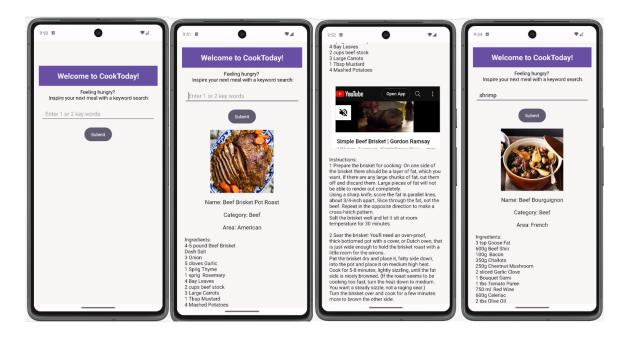
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Distributed Application Requirements

1. Implement a native Android application



This is my android application. It allows the user to input keywords of a meal [b], and the program would return ImageView, TextView, WebView to the user [e]. There is a EditText in this program as well [a]. The user can reinput new key words [f].

The HTTP request is used. Here is a sample code [c]:

```
private String makeApiRequest(String apiUrl) {
    Log.d(log: "GetHeal", long: "makeApiRequest called");

    String response = "";
    try {
        URL url = new URL(apiUrl);
        HttpURLConnection conn = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
        conn.setRequestHethod("GET");
        conn.connect();

        int responseCode = conn.getResponseCode();

        if (responseCode != 280) {
            throw new WuntineException("HttpResponseCode: " + responseCode);
        } else {
            Scanner sc = new Scanner(url.openStream());
            while (sc.hasNext()) {
                  response = sc.nextLine();
            }
            sc.close();
        }
    } catch (IOException e) {
                 e.printStackTrace();
    }
    return response;
}
```

This is how it receives and parses JSON reply [d]:

```
private Meal search(String searchName) {

String apiUrl = "https://curly-space-halibut-rjvx67q75vv3wq9w-8080.app.github.dev/getMeal?mealName="

String apiUrl = "http://10.0.2.2:8080/Project4Task2-1.0-SNAPSHOT/getMeal?mealName=" + searchName;

String apiUrl = "https://congenial-garbanzo-4x9rvq5qx5pf7jp6-8080.app.github.dev/getMeal?mealName=" +

String jsonResponse = makeApiRequest(apiUrl);

try {

JSONObject jsonObject = new JSONObject(jsonResponse);

if (jsonObject != null) {

meal = new Meal();

meal.setName(jsonObject.getString( name: "mealName"));
```

2. Implement a web service

As the two screenshots of code shown above, it is using an API I implemented with servlet, and deployed on codespace. These are two screenshots of how I use "themealdb" API, and use servlet to have one API myself to receive http request from application. The <u>detailed code</u> is in package Project4Task2->ApiCall class and MealServlet class [a,b,c].

```
76
                public JSONObject getMealData(String mealName) throws IOException {
     77
                    String apiURL = "https://www.themealdb.com/api/json/v1/1/search.php?s=" + mealName;
     78
     79
                    URL url = new URL(apiURL);
                    HttpURLConnection conn = (HttpURLConnection) url.openConnection();
     81
                   conn.setRequestMethod("GET"):
                   conn.setRequestProperty("Accept", "application/json");
     83
     84
                    if (conn.getResponseCode() != 200) {
     85
                       throw new RuntimeException("Failed : HTTP error code : " + conn.getResponseCode());
     86
                    BufferedReader br = new BufferedReader(new InputStreamReader((conn.getInputStream()))):
     88
     89
     90
                    StringBuilder responseStrBuilder = new StringBuilder();
     91
                     while ((output = br.readLine()) != null) {
58
             @Override
59 👩 @
             protected void doGet(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
60
                    throws ServletException, IOException {
                 if ("/getMeal".equals(request.getServletPath())) {
62
                     searchName = request.getParameter( s: "mealName");
                     if (searchName != null) {
                         apiCall = new ApiCall(searchName):
64
                         JSONObject firstMeal = apiCall.getMealData(searchName);
                         response.setContentType("application/json");
66
                         OutputStream os = response.getOutputStream();
68
                         JSONObject ison = apiCall.getValidInfo(firstMeal):
                         os.write(json.toString().getBytes());
```

3. Handle error conditions

Can be evaluated while running the code.

4. Log useful information

Timestamp: To track when users are most active and to find usage patterns over time.

User Input: To understand what users are searching for.

Possible Results: To gauge the effectiveness of the third-party API in providing relevant results for user.

Meal Area: To determine geographical or regional preferences in meal choices.

Meal Category: To identify popular meal categories among users.

Number of Ingredients: To assess the complexity of recipes that users are interested in.

Model: To understand the range of devices the app is being used on.

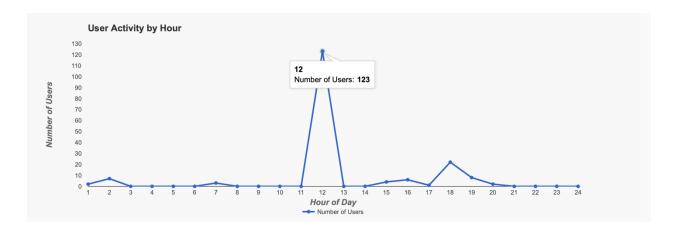
Statistics

Successful Searches for Recipes: 86.52%

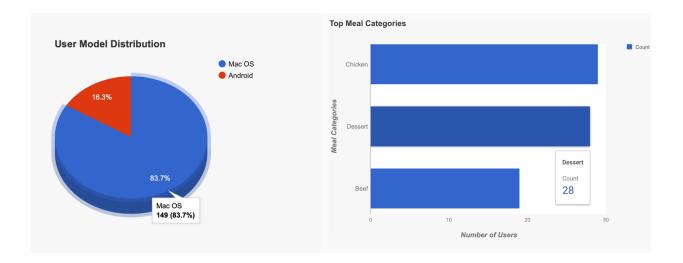
Total Usage Today: 135

Total Usage Yesterday: 43

The successful searches are used to find out how much chances the users can get a recipe. The third party API is not that perfect, there are some uncommon meals the API cannot find. It can test my program's usefulness.



This plot is used to track the users' activity hour during the day. As an application is considering commercialize transformation, it needs to know the traffic of itself, and better assign advertisements at specific period during the day.



The left plot is a simplified measurement of user model distribution, same as above, the owner of this application can assign different advertisements to different model users. For example, if a user uses mac, we can post an advertisement of "game" released in app store especially for her.

The right plot is an analysis of meal categories users may retrieve. It is an interesting figure of which type of food people usually don't know their recipe. At the same time, we can also use this data to attract some companies to advertise with us. For example, if "Dessert" is a top category, we may reach to some bakery or café, ask them to post ads on our platform, since users are usually confused about how to make dessert, they may eat out.

5. Store the log information in a database

```
connectionString = "mongodb://Bettie:bettie2000@ac-sy56oav-shard-00-
00.gvamiky.mongodb.net:27017,ac-sy56oav-shard-00-
01.gvamiky.mongodb.net:27017,ac-sy56oav-shard-00-
02.gvamiky.mongodb.net:27017/myFirstDatabase?w=majority&retryWrites=true&tls=
true&authMechanism=SCRAM-SHA-1"
```

6. Display operations analytics and full logs on a web-based dashboard

