$\underline{ASSIGNMENT-2}$

MACHINE LEARNING

Q1 to Q11 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct optio	n to answer vour o	question.
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Q1 to Q11 have only one correct answer. Choose the correct option to answer your question.
1. Movie Recommendation systems are an example of:
i) Classification
ii) Clustering
iii) Regression
Options: a) 2 Only b) 1 and 2 c) 1 and 3 d) 2 and 3
Ans. a) 2 only(clustering)
2. Sentiment Analysis is an example of:
i) Regression
ii) Classification
iii) Clustering
iv) Reinforcement
Options: a) 1 Only b) 1 and 2 c) 1 and 3 d) 1, 2 and 4
Ans.
3. Can decision trees be used for performing clustering?
a) True
b) False
Ans. a) True
4. Which of the following is the most appropriate strategy for data cleaning before performing clustering
analysis, given less than desirable number of data points:
i) Capping and flooring of variables
ii) Removal of outliers
Options:
a) 1 only
b) 2 only
c) 1 and 2
d) None of the above

Ans. a) 1 only

5. What is the minimum no. of variables/ features required to perform clustering?
a) 0
b) 1
c) 2
d) 3
Ans. b) 1
6. For two runs of K-Mean clustering is it expected to get same clustering results?
a) Yes
b) No
Ans. b) No
7. Is it possible that Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between successive
iterations in K-Means?
a) Yes
b) No
c) Can't say
d) None of these
Ans. a) Yes
8. Which of the following can act as possible termination conditions in K-Means?
i) For a fixed number of iterations.
ii) Assignment of observations to clusters does not change between iterations. Except for cases
with a bad local minimum.
iii) Centroids do not change between successive iterations.
iv) Terminate when RSS falls below a threshold.
Options:
a) 1, 3 and 4
b) 1, 2 and 3
c) 1, 2 and 4
d) All of the above
Ans. d) All of the above

- **9.** Which of the following algorithms is most sensitive to outliers?
- a) K-means clustering algorithm
- b) K-medians clustering algorithm
- c) K-modes clustering algorithm
- d) K-medoids clustering algorithm

Ans. a) K-means clustering algorithm

- **10.** How can Clustering (Unsupervised Learning) be used to improve the accuracy of Linear Regression model (Supervised Learning):
- i) Creating different models for different cluster groups.
- ii) Creating an input feature for cluster ids as an ordinal variable.
- iii) Creating an input feature for cluster centroids as a continuous variable.
- iv) Creating an input feature for cluster size as a continuous variable.

Options:

- a) 1 only
- b) 2 only
- c) 3 and 4
- d) All of the above

Ans.

- **11.** What could be the possible reason(s) for producing two different dendrograms using agglomerative clustering algorithms for the same dataset?
- a) Proximity function used
- b) of data points used
- c) of variables used
- d) All of the above

Ans. d) All of the above

Q12 to Q14 are subjective answers type questions. Answer them briefly

12. Is K sensitive to outliers?

Ans. K-means clustering algorithm is sensitive to outliers because a means is easily influenced by extreme values.

13. Why is K means better?

Ans.

- Relatively simple to implement.
- Scales to large data sets.
- Guarantees convergence.
- Can warm-start the positions of centroids.
- Easily adapts to new examples.
- Generalizes to clusters of different shapes and sizes

14. Is K means a deterministic algorithm?

Ans. No, it is not deterministic algorithm. The non-deterministic nature of K-Means is due to its random selection of data points as initial centroids.