### THE TUCKER COMPANY



IST659 M406
Project Milestone
one & Two
Integration
Summitted by:
Summitted to:

Corrective Action and Preventative Action Effectiveness

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Federal Aviation Administration is a concern on CAPA process effectiveness. Last year during their audit in the factory failure on verification has increased significantly. Top management is asking data on how well we are doing on our CAPA process. Opportunities come in different ways.

The content of this project is hypothetical for class project purposes only.

### INTRODUCTION

Corrective Action Preventative Action (CAPA) Effectiveness is one of many tools used by many industries to minimize risk and potential reoccurrence cause. The key to effective corrective action is to have verifiable objective evidence in the Corrective Action Plan (CAP) and a robust plan. All verification must involve Measurement of Effectiveness (MoE). MoE is to weigh the proof of the root cause of the problem was removed or mitigated. The Tucker Company use CAPA to monitor compliance, to help ensure the program conform to the process requirements and Business Process Instructions. Also creating an environment strive steadily improving quality that benefits you, myself and all surround us.

This is intended to be used by the Regulatory Quality Oversight System (RQSO) and management who have received a notification from the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) about the CAPA process.

A CAPA generates a Corrective Action Report (CAR) and gets visibility to the top management. During the verification process; when the process is compliant with the requirement, then quality assurance status the Corrective Action (CA) as PASS singed off the work plan. And when the process not met or deficient to the requirements, quality assurance status it to FAIL then signed off the plan. If CA fails this will be going back to the first cycle. Initiate a new Corrective Action Plan Action.

### **GUIDE TO CAPA EFFECTIVENESS**

**Audits** - Is a method for verification, witnessing, desktop review and asking questions to the process performers to ensure an employee performing accordingly and match with Business Procedure Instruction (BPI) to the requirements.

**Random Sampling -** Is a procedure for sampling of a population in which taking a sample selection out of batch to eliminate biases.

**Trend Analysis** - Is a tool can be used to determine if the problem persists, how frequent or the fix was successful.

**Monitoring** -The real time observation to ensure performers are working to the process and if there is new process change are working to the latest revision.

**Measurement of Effectiveness (MoE)** - Is a threshold that will indicate the possible cause is eliminated or mitigated to Acceptable level.

### **BUSINESS CASE**

During the Federal Aviation Audits number of findings has been significantly increased and during their follow-up, the significant amount of corrective action fails. FAA has a collaboration with Regulatory Quality System Oversight (RQSO) management. Federal Aviation Administration wants The Tucker Company to be transparent with them. The result of the meeting is the "PARTNERSHIP." During the collaboration, they agreed to share the CAPA effectiveness result for a year. The first step is to share the data from the previous year.

### **STAKEHOLDER**

There are various staff resources and stakeholders that are involved. This case the External stakeholder is the Federal Aviation Administration (FAA). An internal stakeholder is the Regulatory Quality System Oversight (RQSO), Deputy Quality Manager (DQMR) a program quality who monitor the program compliance, Quality Managers and Employee.

### STAKEHOLDER DESCRIPTION

Role	Responsibility							
Federal Aviation Administration (FAA)	Government agencies who oversee the roles and regulations that can affect the public. The voice, eyes and the ears of the public.							
Regulatory Quality System Oversight (RQSO)	Internal quality management who oversee the overall compliance performance of the company and oversee the regulatory requirements.							
Deputy Quality Manager (DQMR)	Internal management group who monitor the program level, to ensure conformity to the requirements in the program level.							
Quality Manager	Manager who manage the operation in respective work center or area							
Quality Assurance	A quality personnel who stamp or sign off work instruction order/CA							

### GLOSAARY Refer to Appendix A

### DATA QUESTIONS

- 1. What are the top 5 processes in terms of effectiveness?
- 2. Is CAPA have been adequately shared and included in management review?
- 3. Are there any tools used to track the favorable and unfavorable trend?

- 4. What is the employee turnover rate in manufacturing?
- 5. What is the confidence level of CAPA Effectiveness?

### **MODELS**

#### **Entities**

The Tucker Company is relational data. Each entity ensures that the key in a table is unique and entity type corresponds to one or more tables.

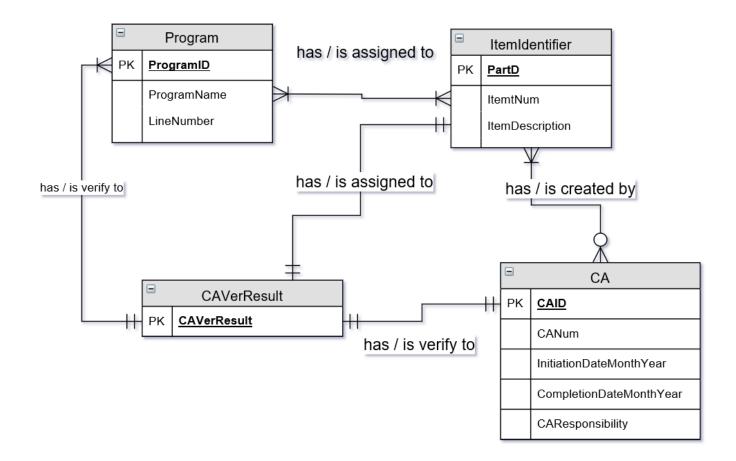
### Relations

The Tucker Company own airplane manufacturing. All data are relational data. Attribute contains unique and points to another attribute it contains a unique instance of a data or key. Each table has a unique primary key which identifies the information in each table. Data have many to many relationships and use a bridge table to solve many to many relationships.

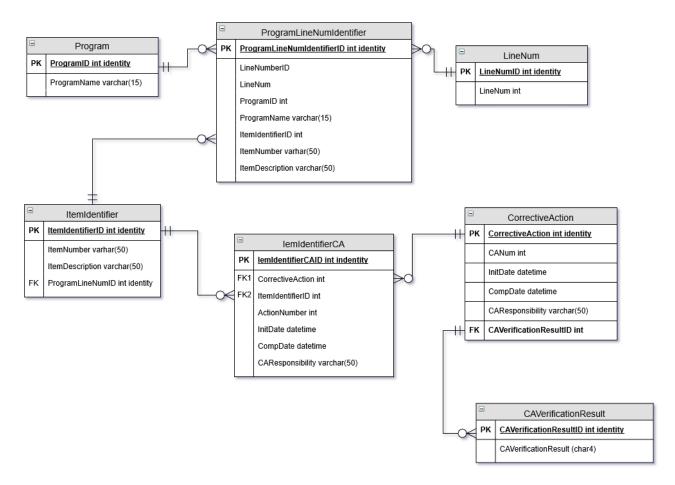
The company has three airplane programs Star Line, Gold line and silver line. Both three programs are producing a significant amount of aircraft a year. To build an airplane it requires thousands and thousands of parts to make one. Various parts use in other line and airplane programs. It is essential to trace what line number and what program consumed the parts if an opportunity will present later, we will be able to trace it back and we will be able to identify the perspective part number, program and line number tie into corrective action.

Corrective Action is required to have a unique ID. This way will create a unique corrective action number in every time the problem occurs. During the verification process, we will be able to verify the CAPA in place remove the cause or pass and fail. It is imperative when writing corrective action one-part number or a process in each CA to provides excellent visibility during the verification process. It creates an accurate trend analysis.

### **Conceptual Modeling Agreement**



### **Logical Modeling Agreement**



### APPENDIX A GLOSARRY

### **ACRONYMS**

CAP Corrective Action Plan

CAPA Corrective Action Preventative Action

CAR Corrective Action Report

Deficiency Emergent not fulfilling the requirements

DQMR Deputy Quality Manager

Effectiveness Effectiveness is the capability of producing the desired result was achieved,

and or, are expected to be delivered, taking into account their relative efficiency

Federal Aviation Administration FAA MoE Measurement of Effectiveness

**RQSO** Regulatory Quality Oversight System

### **DEFINITIONS**

Audits: Is a method for verification, witnessing, desktop review and

> asking questions to the process performers to ensure an employee performing accordingly and match with Business

Procedure Instruction (BPI) with the requirements.

Deficient: When the product does not fulfill or does not met the

requirements.

Internal management group who monitor the program level, **Deputy Quality Manager** 

to ensure conformity to the requirements in the program

level.

Measurement of Is a threshold that will indicate the possible cause is Effectiveness (MoE):

eliminated or mitigated to an acceptable level.

When the product does not fulfill or does not met the Opportunity:

requirements

Random Sampling: Is a procedure for sampling of a population in which taking

a sample selection out of batch to eliminate bias.

Trend Analysis: Is a technical tool use base on the past event that might

affect the future — a tool to determine if the problem

persists, how frequent or the fix was successful.

Attribute Attributes define as table and column are joined.

**CANum** Corrective Action Number

**CAResponsibility** Corrective Action Responsibility

**CAVerResult** Corrective action Result

Completion\_DateMonthYear Date Month Year corrective action signed off

**Entities** Words use to identify person, thing, or place.

ItemDescription Name of the part.

ItemIdentifier Item Identifier is a designated part number

**ItemNum** Item Number it is part number

Intitation DateMonthYear Date Month Year corrective action were written.

**Federal Aviation** Government agencies who oversee the roles and regulations that can affect the public. The voice, eyes and the ears of Administration

the public.

LineNumber Number of the airplane

**ProgramName** Name of the program

Proram Name of the airplane model

ResultDescription Is a Result Description during verification if PASS or FAIL

Regulatory Quality System Internal quality management who oversee the overall

compliance performance of the company and oversee the Oversight

regulatory requirements.

Quality Assurance A quality personnel who stamp or sign off work instruction

order/CA

**Quality Manager** Manager who manage the operation in respective work

center or area

### SECOND DELIVERABLES

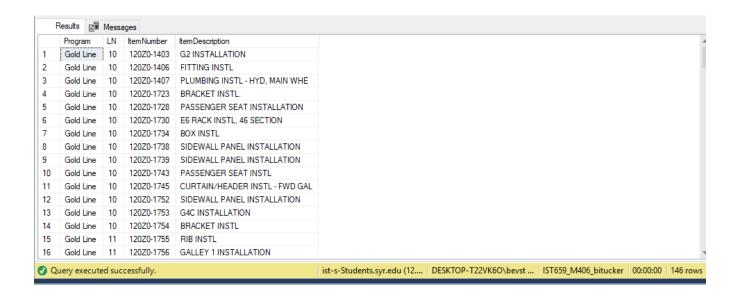
### NOTE: FOR SQL REPEATABILTY CODE PLEASE REFER TO ATTACHEMENT 'DELIVERABLES2 SQL'

Physical Database Design – drop objects, create objects, comments, repeatability Li drop objects and Lii create objects (Repeatability)

```
If object ID('ProgramLineNumIdentifier') is not null
DROP TABLE ProgramLineNumIdentifier
 If object ID('Program') is not null
DROP TABLE Program
If object_ID('LineNumber') is not null
DROP TABLE LineNumber
If object_ID('ItemIdentifierCA') is not null
DROP TABLE ItemIdentifierCA
If object ID('CorrectiveAction') is not null
DROP TABLE CorrectiveAction
If object_ID('CorrectiveActionResult') is not null
DROP TABLE CorrectiveActionResult
CREATE TABLE Program(
       ProgramID int IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
       ProgramName varchar(20) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT PK_Program PRIMARY KEY (ProgramID)
CREATE TABLE LineNumber (
       LineNumID int IDENTITY(1,1) NOT NULL,
       LineNum varchar(20) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT PK LineNumber PRIMARY KEY (LineNumID)
CREATE TABLE ProgramLineNumIdentifier(
       ProgramLineIdentifier int NOT NULL,
       ProgramID int NOT NULL,
       Program varchar(50) NOT NULL,
       LineNumID int NOT NULL,
       LineNum int NOT NULL,
       ItemIdentifierID int NOT NULL,
       ItemNumber varchar(50) NOT NULL,
       ItemDescription varchar(50) NOT NULL,
```

```
CONSTRAINT PK ProgramLineNumIdentifier PRIMARY KEY (ProgramLineIdentifier),
CONSTRAINT FK1 ProgramLineNumIdentifier ProgramID FOREIGN KEY(ProgramID) REFERENCES Program
(ProgramID),
 CONSTRAINT FK2 ProgramLineNumIdentifier LineNumberID FOREIGN KEY(LineNumID)REFERENCES
LineNumber (LineNumID).
CONSTRAINT FK3 ProgramLineNumIdentifier ItemIdentifierID FOREIGN KEY (ItemIdentifierID)
REFERENCES ItemIdentifier (ItemIddentifierID)
CREATE TABLE ItemIdentifierCA(
       ItemIdentifierCAID int IDENTITY NOT NULL,
       ActionNumberID int NOT NULL,
       ItemIdentifierID int NOT NULL,
       ActionNumber varchar(50) NOT NULL,
       InitDate varchar (10) NOT NULL,
       ComDate varchar (10) NOT NULL,
       Responsibility nvarchar(50) NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT PK ItemIdentifierCA PRIMARY KEY (ItemIdentifierCAID),
CONSTRAINT FK1 ItemIdentifierCA ActionNumberID FOREIGN KEY(ItemIdentifierCAID) REFERENCES
ItemIdentifierCA (ItemIdentifierCAID),
CONSTRAINT FK2 ItemIdentifierCA ItemIdentifierID FOREIGN KEY(ItemIdentifierCAID)REFERENCES
ItemIdentifierCA (ItemIdentifierCAID)
CREATE TABLE CorrectiveAction(
       ActionNumberID int identity NOT NULL,
       ItemIdentifierID int NOT NULL,
       ActionNumber varchar(50) NOT NULL,
       InitDate varchar(10) NOT NULL,
       CompDate varchar (10) NOT NULL,
       Responsibility nvarchar(50) NOT NULL,
       CorrectiveActionResultID int NOT NULL,
 CONSTRAINT PK_CorrectiveAction PRIMARY KEY (ActionNumberID),
 CONSTRAINT FK CorrectiveAction CorrectiveActionResultID FOREIGN KEY(ActionNumberID) REFERENCES
CorrectiveAction (ActionNumberID)
CREATE TABLE CorrectiveActionResult(
       CorrectiveActionResultID int IDENTITY NOT NULL,
       CorrectiveActionResult varchar(10) NOT NULL.
 CONSTRAINT PK CorrectiveActionResult PRIMARY KEY (CorrectiveActionResultID)
    )
--We are going to look at how many rows that the Gold Line have.
SELECT-- ProgramLineIdentifier
    -- ,ProgramID
     Program
     -- ,LineNumberID
     ,sum(LineNum) as LN
     -- ,ItemIdentifierID
      ,ItemNumber
      ,ItemDescription
```

```
FROM ProgramLineNumIdentifier
Where Program = 'Gold Line'
GROUP BY
  ItemNumber ,ItemDescription, Program
ORDER BY 1,2,3,4
```



# II. DATA CREATION – INSERT STATEMENTS WITH AND WITHOUT DEFAULTS, STORED PROCEDURES, COMMENTS

```
INSERT INTO Program (ProgramName)
VALUES ('Gold_Line'), ('Silver_Line'), ('Star_Line')
--Creating Procedure by adding program with Program parameters
--Program with varchar(20) as a type

CREATE PROCEDURE AddProgram(@Program varchar(20))
AS
BEGIN
DECLARE @ProgramID int
SELECT @Program = @Program
FROM Program
WHERE ProgramName = @Program
INSERT INTO Program (ProgramNAme)
VALUES (@Program )
```

```
RETURN @@IDENTITY
END
GO
DECLARE @newProgramID int
EXEC @newProgramID = addProgram 'Queen Line'
SELECT * FROM Program
WHERE ProgramID = @newProgramID
       1 ⊡ -- Creating Procedure by adding program with Program parameters
         --Program with varchar(20) as a type
       4 ☐ CREATE PROCEDURE AddProgram(@Program varchar(20))
      6 BEGIN
         DECLARE @ProgramID int
      8 SELECT @Program = @Program
          FROM Program
      10 WHERE ProgramName = @Program
      12 INSERT INTO Program (ProgramNAme)
          VALUES (@Program )
      13
          RETURN @@IDENTITY
      14
      15
          END
          GO
      16
      17
          --ADD THE ProgramName called Queen_Line
      18
 100 % -

    Messages

    Commands completed successfully.
```

### --ADD THE ProgramName called Queen\_Line

III. DATA MANIPULATION – UPDATE STATEMENTS, STORED PROCEDURES, FUNCTIONS, COMMENTS

```
--Creating a procedure to update responsibility
    --with two parameters ActionNumber and Responsibility
        CREATE PROCEDURE ChangeResponsibility (@ActionNumber varchar(50), @newResponsibility
        varchar(50))
    AS
        BEGIN
                 UPDATE CorrectiveAction SET Responsibility = @newResponsibility
                 WHERE ActionNumber = @ActionNumber
    END
    GO
 EXEC ChangeResponsibility 'C1440046662', 'Supplier'
     SELECT * FROM CorrectiveAction WHERE ActionNumber = 'C1440046662'
 SQLQuery12.sq1 - I...122VK0U\bevst (/3))" → 🔺 SQLQuery7.sq1 - Is...122VK0U\bevst (81))"
                                                            SQLQueryo.sql - is... I ZZVK0U\bevst (88))
     2 ☐ -- Creating a procedure to update responsibility
        --with two parameters ActionNumber and Responsibility
     5 ☐ CREATE PROCEDURE ChangeResponsibility(@ActionNumber varchar(50), @newResponsibility varchar(50))
     7 BEGIN
           UPDATE CorrectiveAction SET Responsibility = @newResponsibility
           WHERE ActionNumber = @ActionNumber
    10 END
    11
 100 % → ◀
 Messages
   Commands completed successfully.
        TOI
               EXEC ChangeResponsibility 'C1440046662', 'Supplier'
 100 %
         ---

    Messages

      (1 row affected)
      16 SELECT * FROM CorrectiveAction WHERE ActionNumber = 'C1440046662'
 100 % → ◀ □
  Results Messages
      Action NumberID
                 Action Number IntiDate
                                              ComDate |
                                                                          Corrective Action Result ID
                                                                Responsibility
                   C1440046662 2018-11-17 00:00:00.000 2019-02-05 00:00:00.000 Supplier
--Create Function to calculate how many are Responsibility
CREATE FUNCTION ResponsibilitilyCount(@Responsibilitily varchar(50))
RETURNS varchar AS
BEGIN
DECLARE @returnValue varchar
```

```
SELECT @returnValue = COUNT (Responsibility ) FROM CorrectiveAction
WHERE CorrectiveAction.Responsibility = @Responsibility
RETURN @returnValue
END
GO
```

```
SQLQuery21.sql - i...T22VK6O\bevst (63))
                                      SQLQuery20.sql - i...T22VK6O\bevst (85))
                                                                             SQLQuery13.sql - i
          --Create Function to calculate how many are Responsibility
      3 ☐ CREATE FUNCTION ResponsiblitilyCount(@Responsiblitily varchar(50))
          RETURNS varchar AS
         BEGIN
          DECLARE @returnValue varchar
          SELECT @returnValue = COUNT (Responsibility ) FROM CorrectiveAction
          WHERE CorrectiveAction.Responsibility = @Responsiblitily
         RETURN @returnValue
     10
         END
     11
    12
100 %

    Messages

   Commands completed successfully.
```

# IV. ANSWERING DATA QUESTIONS – SELECT STATEMENTS, VIEWS, COMMENTS

### IV.i. What are the top 5 processes in terms of effectiveness?

SELECT TOP 5 ActionNumber, CompDate, Responsibility
FROM CorrectiveAction

	ActionNumber	CompDate	Responsibility
1	C1440046662	2019-02-05 00:00:00.00000000	Supplier
2	C1440046812	2019-02-05 00:00:00.0000000	Drawing Change Engineering
3	C1440046736	2019-02-04 00:00:00.0000000	Drawing Change Engineering
4	C1440046759	2019-02-04 00:00:00.0000000	Drawing Change Engineering
5	C1440046813	2019-02-04 00:00:00.0000000	Drawing Change Engineering

### IV.ii. Is CAPA have been adequately shared and included in management review?

```
WITH
cte
AS
SELECT
             CorrectiveAction.Responsibility
       ,COUNT (CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID) ByGroup,
       SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Passes,
       SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Fails
FROM CorrectiveAction
Join CorrectiveActionResult on CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID =
CorrectiveActionResult.CorrectiveActionResultID
GROUP BY Responsibility
SELECT
Responsibility, Passes, 100 * Passes/ByGroup AS Percent_Passed,
              Fails, 100* Fails/bygroup AS Percent_Failed, ByGroup
FROm cte
```

	Responsibility	Passes	Percent_Passed	Fails	Percent_Failed	ByGroup
ı	Drawing Change Engineering	568	92	48	7	616
2	Manufacturing	312	90	31	9	343
3	Manufacturing New Process	15	88	2	11	17
1	Supplier	38	88	5	11	43

```
--Creating view for the Program

If object_ID ('dbo.Programs') is not null

DROP VIEW Programs

GO

CREATE VIEW Programs AS

SELECT TOP 3

*

FROM Program

ORDER BY ProgramName DESC

GO

SELECT * FROM Programs
```

<b>III</b>	■ Results											
	ProgramID	ProgramName										
1	3	Star_Line										
2	2	Silver_Line										
3	4	Queen_Line										

### IV.iii. Are there any tools used to track the favorable and unfavorable trend?

```
--Corrective Action Report PASS, FAIL by Quarter
WITH
cte
AS
SELECT
       CorrectiveAction.Responsibility
       ,COUNT(CorrectiveAction.CompDate) CompDate
       ,DATEDIFF(QUARTER, 2018-01-31,CorrectiveAction.CompDate) ByQuarter
       COUNT (CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID) TotalCorrectiveAction
       ,SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Passes
       ,SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Fails
FROM CorrectiveAction
Join CorrectiveActionResult on CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID =
CorrectiveActionResult.CorrectiveActionResultID
GROUP BY Responsibility, CompDate
--ORDER BY CompDate DESC
SELECT Responsibility ,SUM(Passes) PASS ,SUM(Fails) FAIL
,SUM(TotalCorrectiveAction)CACounts
,(ByQuarter) ByQuarter
FROm cte
GROUP BY Responsibility, Passes, Fails, Total Corrective Action, CompDate, ByQuarter
```

F	Responsibility	PASS	FAIL	CACounts	ByQuarter	
48 I	Orawing Change Engineering	14	2	16	451	
49 [	Orawing Change Engineering	8	0	8	453	
50 [	Orawing Change Engineering	8	0	8	454	
51 [	Orawing Change Engineering	8	1	9	451	
52 I	Orawing Change Engineering	9	0	9	453	
53 I	Orawing Change Engineering	9	0	9	454	
54 [	Orawing Change Engineering	10	0	10	454	
55 I	Orawing Change Engineering	17	1	18	451	
56 1	Manufacturing	0	3	3	451	
57 1	Manufacturing	0	1	1	452	
58 I	Manufacturing	0	2	2	453	
59 1	Manufacturing	0	1	1	454	
60 1	Manufacturing	17	0	17	451	
61 I	Manufacturing	23	0	23	452	
62 1	Manufacturing	27	0	27	453	
63 I	Manufacturing	26	0	26	454	
64 1	Manufacturing	9	0	9	455	
65 I	Manufacturing	4	4	8	452	
66 1	Manufacturing	2	2	4	453	
67 I	Manufacturing	3	3	6	454	
68 1	Manufacturing	2	2	4	455	
69 1	Manufacturing	12	0	12	451	
70	Manufacturing	22	0	22	452	

### IV.iv. What is the employee turnover rate in manufacturing?

```
--We are going to look at the year to date result of manufacturing CA if they are affected
--with manufacturing employee turnover.
WITH
cte
AS
SELECT
              CorrectiveAction.Responsibility
       ,COUNT (CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID) ByGroup,
       SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Passes,
       SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Fails
FROM CorrectiveAction
Join CorrectiveActionResult on CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID =
{\tt Corrective Action Result.} Corrective {\tt Action ResultID}
Where CorrectiveAction.Responsibility between 'Manufacturing' and 'Manufacturing New Process'
GROUP BY Responsibility
SELECT
Responsibility, Passes, 100 * Passes/ByGroup AS Percent_Passed,
              Fails, 100* Fails/bygroup AS Percent_Failed, ByGroup
FROm cte
```

		<u></u>											
	Responsibility	Passes	Percent_Passed	Fails	Percent_Failed	ByGroup							
1	Manufacturing	312	90	31	9	343							
2	Manufacturing New Process	15	88	2	11	17							

Manufacturing Corrective Action Result(CAR) had a total of 90 percent passing rate on year to end date. The data shows that Engineering had a drawing change drive a new process to a supplier and the process performers on the floor. Base on this data there is an improvement coming up this will increase higher than 90 percent passing rate about three months.

### IV.iv. What is the confidence level of CAPA Effectiveness?

```
WITH

cte

AS

(

SELECT

-- CorrectiveAction Responsibility

COUNT (CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID) TotalCorrectiveAction,

SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 1 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Passes,

SUM(CASE CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID WHEN 2 THEN 1 ELSE 0 END) AS Fails

FROM CorrectiveAction

--GROUP BY Responsibility

Join CorrectiveActionResult on CorrectiveAction.CorrectiveActionResultID =

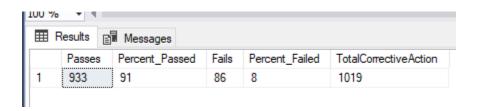
CorrectiveActionResult.CorrectiveActionResultID

)

SELECT Passes, 100 * Passes/TotalCorrectiveAction AS Percent_Passed,

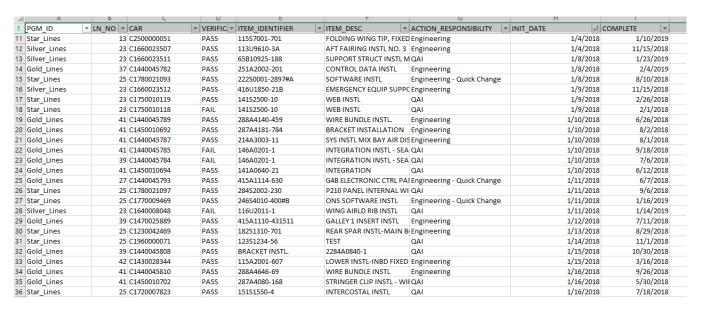
Fails, 100* Fails/TotalCorrectiveAction AS Percent_Failed, TotalCorrectiveAction

FROm cte
```



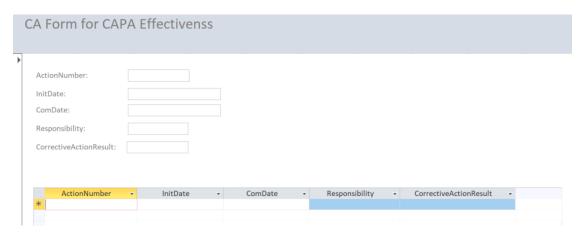
The year to end Confidence level CAPA Effectiveness is 91 percent in spite of engineering change.

### V. RAW DATA SAMPLES



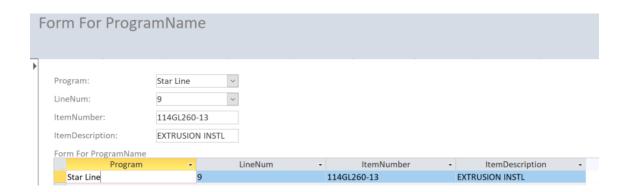
# VI. IMPLEMENTATION – DATA ENTRY/MAINTENANCE FORMS, REPORTS FOR THE 5 DATA QUESTIONS

### VI.i Implementation





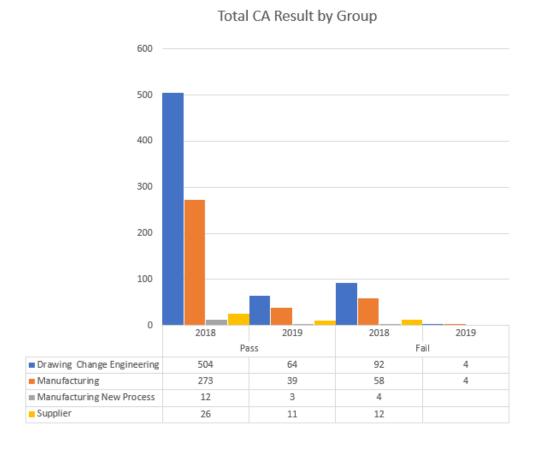




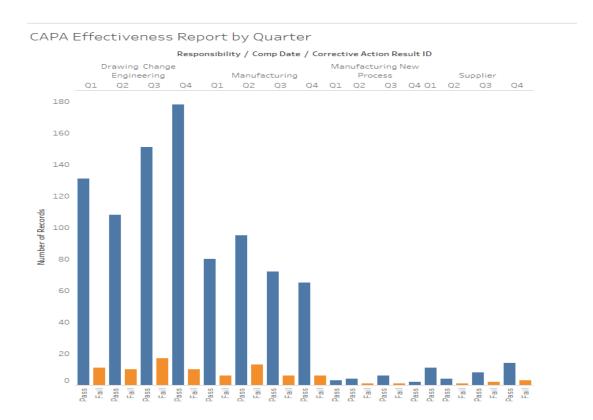
1. What are the top 5 processes in terms of effectiveness?
Please refer to Page 1 Guide to CAPA Effectiveness

### 2. Is CAPA have been adequately shared and included in management review?

Base on the report all groups are monitored and included in management review.



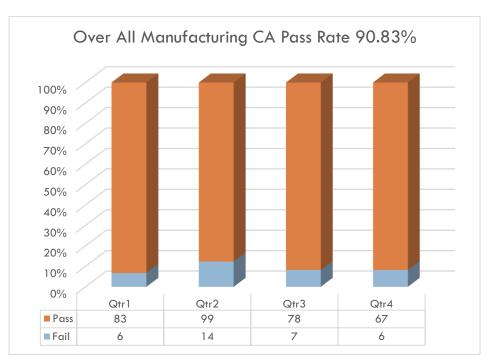
3. Are there any tools used to track the favorable and unfavorable trend?



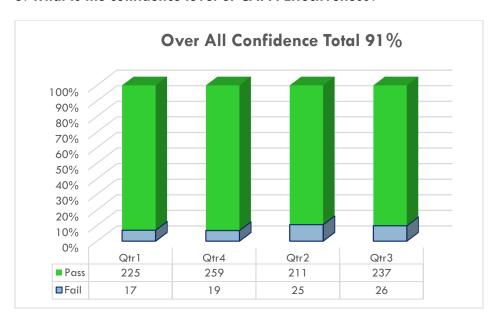
### CAPA Effectiveness Report by Quarter

Responsibility / Com Date																
	Draw	je Engineeri		Manufac	turing		Man	ufacturing	New Proce	SS		Suppl	ier			
Correc =	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4
Pass	131	108	151	178	80	95	72	65	3	4	6	2	11	4	8	14
Fail	11	10	17	10	6	13	6	6		1	1			1	2	3





### 5. What is the confidence level of CAPA Effectiveness?



# VI. REFLECTION – HOW DID YOUR ASSUMPTIONS FROM THE START OF THE PROJECT CHANGE? WHAT WOULD YOU DO DIFFERENTLY?

In the beginning, I thought my model is straightforward. When I start doing a query, it was not working. I have many to many relationships that contains Foreign key ID in it. Which means doesn't mean anything. I had to redesign my model, added a few tables. The many - to - many relationships contains a significant amount of pieces of information, that is imperative during the query process. What I would do differently is to pay attention to many -to- many relationships and perform some testing as I go to ensure the model is working. Then start loading more data as soon as the model is working.

## VI. SUMMARY – INTEGRATING THE 2ND MILESTONE WITH THE 1ST IN A COHESIVE DOCUMENT.

After the integration of milestone one and two, data shows that the Federal Aviation administration's concern on CAPA Effectiveness is not a big issue but could be better. The year to date CAPA Effectiveness is 91 percent. The change in Engineering it triggers a new Process change in Manufacturing. Despite the change, the effectiveness is within the expectation threshold, and results communicated well communicated across the organization.