# **Report For Ansys**

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Platform: Ubuntu 16.04 IDE: Eclipse for C++ C++ Version: C++ 11

#### Part1.Pre-condition.

Firstly, I am confused with the input of this program.

For example, if the variable amountPaid is 30\$, there are many different combinations, such as 10\$,10\$,10\$ or 20\$ 10\$ or 20\$,5\$,5\$, the combination of the input will affect the number of coins in the till.

However, in the real life, salesperson usually return the difference for one specific banknote. **So I assume the customer always pay with one coin/bill.** 

The other problem is that we don't know the number of coins in till when initialization. So, I assume the initialized number is 10 for every coins.

## Part2.Algorithm

I applied the greedy algorithm to solve the problem. The algorithm will select the biggest one in till if the biggest one exist. There are several test cases:

#### Case1:

Paid 100\$ Own 50\$ change 50\$

The coins in till: <100\$,0><50\$, 1><20\$, 2><10\$, 2>

The output: 1 50\$

The till will change: <100\$,1> <50\$, 0> <20\$,2><10\$,2>

## Case2:

Paid 100\$, Own 50\$, Change 50\$

The coins in till: <100\$,1><50\$,0><20\$,2><10\$,2>

The output: 2 20\$, 1 10\$

The till will change: <100\$,2> <50\$, 0> <20\$,0><10\$,1>

Case3: the total money are not enough.

Paid 100\$, Own 50\$, Change 50\$

The coins in till: <100\$,0><50\$,0><20\$,0><10\$,1>

Out: the money is not enough

Case4:The total money is enough but there is no suitable coins.

Paid 100\$, Own 50\$, Change 50\$

The coins in till: <100, 1><50, 0><20, 1><10, 1>

Output:money is enough but coins/bills are not enough

### Part3, Improvement

I don't know the combination of the payment, so I assume customer just can only use one coin/bill to pay.

if customer wants to make payment become random, just remove related code.

#### Part4:result

```
Entry one of these number for payment:100.00, 50.00, 20.00, 10.00, 5.00,
1.00, 0.50, 0.25, 0.10,0.5,0.1
Entry any number for profit
Entry two negative number like -1 -1 for exiting system
entry <payment profit> For example: 100 50
100 50
payment 100.00$
profit 50.00$
change 50.00$
return 1,50.00$
entry <payment profit> For example: 100 50
100 1
payment 100.00$
profit 1.00$
change 99.00$
return 1,50.00$ 2,20.00$ 1,5.00$ 4,1.00$
entry <payment profit> For example: 100 50
50 10
payment 50.00$
profit 10.00$
change 40.00$
return 2,20.00$
entry <payment profit> For example: 100 50
```