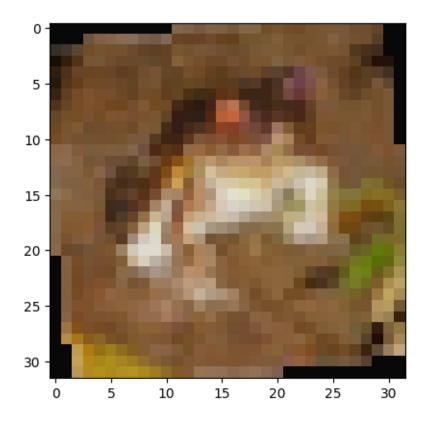
## cipher\_10

## February 14, 2025

```
[3]: import pandas as pd
     from tqdm import tqdm
     import numpy as np
     import cv2
     import os
     import shutil
     import pathlib
     import seaborn as sns
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from torch.utils.data import Dataset
     from torch.utils.data import DataLoader
     import torchvision
     from torchvision import datasets, models, transforms, utils
     from torchvision.transforms import v2
     import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.optim as optim
     from torch.optim import lr_scheduler
     from torchvision import models
     from torchvision.datasets import ImageFolder
     import torchvision.datasets as dsets
     import random
     import torchsummary
     from PIL import Image
     from pathlib import Path
     import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
     from glob import glob
     import random
```

```
transforms.RandomAdjustSharpness(sharpness_factor = 2,
         transforms.RandomHorizontalFlip(),
         transforms.ToTensor()])
     test_transform = transforms.Compose([
         transforms.Resize((32,32)),
         transforms.ToTensor()])
[4]:
[5]: train = dsets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=True, download=True,
     →transform=train_transform)
     test = dsets.CIFAR10(root='./data', train=False, download=True,
      stransform=test_transform)
    Files already downloaded and verified
    Files already downloaded and verified
[6]: train_loader = DataLoader(train, batch_size=128, shuffle=True)
     test_loader = DataLoader(test, batch_size=128, shuffle=False)
[7]: plt.imshow(train[0][0].permute(1,2,0))
```

[7]: <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7b429c4f2890>



```
[8]: class_names = ["airplane", "automobile", "bird", "cat", "deer", "dog", "frog", [8]

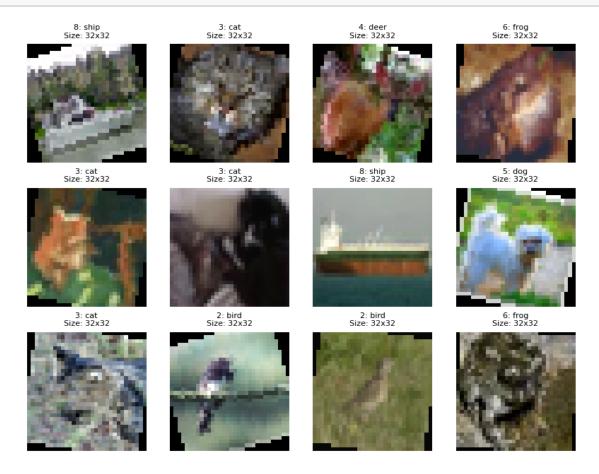
¬"horse", "ship", "truck"]
     def plot_images(dataset, num_images=5, class_names=None):
         num_images = min(num_images, len(dataset))
         indices = random.sample(range(len(dataset)), num_images)
         rows = (num\_images + 3) // 4
         cols = min(num_images, 4)
         fig, axes = plt.subplots(rows, cols, figsize=(cols * 2.5, rows * 2.5))
         axes = axes.flatten() if num_images > 1 else [axes]
         for i, idx in enumerate(indices):
             image, label = dataset[idx]
             image = image.permute(1, 2, 0)
             label_name = class_names[label] if class_names else "Unknown"
             label_text = f"{label}: {label_name}"
             size_text = f"Size: {image.shape[0]}x{image.shape[1]}"
             axes[i].imshow(image)
             axes[i].axis("off")
```

```
axes[i].set_title(f"{label_text}\n{size_text}", fontsize=8)

for j in range(i + 1, len(axes)):
    axes[j].axis("off")

plt.show()
```

## [9]: plot\_images(train,12,class\_names)



```
[10]: mps_device = torch.device("cuda" if torch.cuda.is_available else "cpu")
class CNN(nn.Module):

# Constructor
def __init__(self, out_1 = 32, out_2 = 64, number_of_classes = 10):
    super(CNN, self).__init__()
    self.cnn1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels = 3, out_channels = out_1,__
    kernel_size = 5, padding = 2)
```

```
self.maxpool1 = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size = 2)
      self.cnn2 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels = out_1, out_channels = out_2,__
→kernel_size = 5, padding = 2)
      self.maxpool2 = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel size = 2)
      self.fc1 = nn.Linear(out_2 * 8 * 8, number_of_classes)
      # Calculation of how we got 8*8 is mentioned in the below comment
  # Prediction
  def forward(self, x):
      x = self.cnn1(x)
      x = torch.relu(x)
      x = self.maxpool1(x)
      x = self.cnn2(x)
      x = torch.relu(x)
      x = self.maxpool2(x)
      x = x.view(x.size(0), -1)
      x = self.fc1(x)
      return(x)
```

```
[11]: def train_model(model, train_loader, validation_loader, optimizer, n_epochs = ___
       ⇒20):
          # Global variable
          N_test = len(test_loader.dataset)
          accuracy_list = []
          train loss list = []
          model = model.to(mps_device)
          train_cost_list = []
          val_cost_list = []
          for epoch in range(n_epochs):
              train_COST = 0
              for x,y in train_loader:
                  x = x.to(mps_device)
                  y = y.to(mps_device)
                  model.train()
                  optimizer.zero_grad()
                  z = model(x)
                  loss = criterion(z,y)
                  loss.backward()
                  optimizer.step()
                  train_COST+=loss.item()
              train_COST = train_COST/len(train_loader)
              train_cost_list.append(train_COST)
```

```
correct = 0
    # Perform the prediction on the validation data
    val_COST = 0
    for x_test, y_test in validation_loader:
        model.eval()
        x_test = x_test.to(mps_device)
        y_test = y_test.to(mps_device)
        z = model(x test)
        val_loss = criterion(z, y_test)
        _, yhat = torch.max(z.data, 1)
        correct += (yhat==y_test).sum().item()
        val_COST+=val_loss.item()
   val_COST = val_COST/ len(validation_loader)
    val_cost_list.append(val_COST)
    accuracy = correct / N_test
    accuracy_list.append(accuracy)
   print("--> Epoch Number : {}".format(epoch + 1),
          " | Training Loss : {}".format(round(train_COST,4)),
          " | Validation Loss : {}".format(round(val_COST,4)),
          " | Validation Accuracy : {}%".format(round(accuracy * 100, 2)))
return accuracy_list, train_cost_list, val_cost_list
```

```
--> Epoch Number: 1 | Training Loss: 2.0059 | Validation Loss: 1.6169 | Validation Accuracy: 42.35%
--> Epoch Number: 2 | Training Loss: 1.5412 | Validation Loss: 1.4286 | Validation Accuracy: 47.5%
```

```
Validation Accuracy : 52.17%
     --> Epoch Number: 4 | Training Loss: 1.2783 | Validation Loss: 1.191 |
     Validation Accuracy: 57.35%
     --> Epoch Number: 5 | Training Loss: 1.2021 | Validation Loss: 1.1529 |
     Validation Accuracy: 58.88%
     --> Epoch Number: 6 | Training Loss: 1.1461 | Validation Loss: 1.0776 |
     Validation Accuracy: 63.13%
     --> Epoch Number : 7 | Training Loss : 1.1021 | Validation Loss : 1.1063
     Validation Accuracy : 61.37%
     --> Epoch Number: 8 | Training Loss: 1.0721 | Validation Loss: 1.0089
     Validation Accuracy : 65.26%
     --> Epoch Number : 9 | Training Loss : 1.0397 | Validation Loss : 0.9979 |
     Validation Accuracy: 65.3%
     --> Epoch Number: 10 | Training Loss: 1.0097 | Validation Loss: 1.0108 |
     Validation Accuracy: 64.7%
     --> Epoch Number : 11 | Training Loss : 0.9887 | Validation Loss : 0.978 |
     Validation Accuracy: 66.43%
     --> Epoch Number: 12 | Training Loss: 0.9657 | Validation Loss: 0.9336 |
     Validation Accuracy: 67.77%
     --> Epoch Number: 13 | Training Loss: 0.9479 | Validation Loss: 0.9415 |
     Validation Accuracy: 67.7%
     --> Epoch Number: 14 | Training Loss: 0.9357 | Validation Loss: 0.9165 |
     Validation Accuracy : 68.55%
     --> Epoch Number: 15 | Training Loss: 0.9098 | Validation Loss: 0.8662 |
     Validation Accuracy: 70.51%
     --> Epoch Number: 16 | Training Loss: 0.8987 | Validation Loss: 0.9697
     Validation Accuracy: 66.67%
     --> Epoch Number: 17 | Training Loss: 0.8855 | Validation Loss: 0.8829
     Validation Accuracy : 69.85%
     --> Epoch Number: 18 | Training Loss: 0.8705 | Validation Loss: 0.8802 |
     Validation Accuracy: 70.28%
     --> Epoch Number: 19 | Training Loss: 0.8634 | Validation Loss: 0.8649 |
     Validation Accuracy: 70.84%
     --> Epoch Number: 20 | Training Loss: 0.8484 | Validation Loss: 0.8567 |
     Validation Accuracy : 70.9%
[18]: import torch
     import torch.nn as nn
     import torch.nn.functional as F
     class CNN 2(nn.Module):
         # Constructor
         def __init__(self, out_1=32, out_2=64, out_3=128, out_4=256,__
       →number_of_classes=10):
             super(CNN_2, self).__init__()
```

--> Epoch Number: 3 | Training Loss: 1.3685 | Validation Loss: 1.3248 |

```
self.cnn1 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=3, out_channels=out_1, kernel_size=3,_
→padding=1)
      self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out 1)
      self.cnn2 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=out_1, out_channels=out_2,__
→kernel_size=3, padding=1)
      self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out_2)
      self.maxpool1 = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2)
      self.cnn3 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=out_2, out_channels=out_3,__
→kernel_size=3, padding=1)
      self.bn3 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out 3)
      self.cnn4 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=out_3, out_channels=out_4,__
⇒kernel_size=3, padding=1)
      self.bn4 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out_4)
      self.maxpool2 = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2)
      self.cnn5 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=out_4, out_channels=out_4,__
⇔kernel_size=3, padding=1)
      self.bn5 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out_4)
      self.cnn6 = nn.Conv2d(in_channels=out_4, out_channels=out_4,__
⇔kernel_size=3, padding=1)
      self.bn6 = nn.BatchNorm2d(out_4)
      self.maxpool3 = nn.MaxPool2d(kernel_size=2)
      self.dropout = nn.Dropout(0.5)
      self.fc1 = nn.Linear(out_4 * 4 * 4, 512) # Adjusted based on final_
⇔feature map size
      self.fc2 = nn.Linear(512, number_of_classes)
  # Prediction
  def forward(self, x):
      x = F.relu(self.bn1(self.cnn1(x)))
      x = F.relu(self.bn2(self.cnn2(x)))
      x = self.maxpool1(x)
      x = F.relu(self.bn3(self.cnn3(x)))
      x = F.relu(self.bn4(self.cnn4(x)))
      x = self.maxpool2(x)
      x = F.relu(self.bn5(self.cnn5(x)))
      x = F.relu(self.bn6(self.cnn6(x)))
      x = self.maxpool3(x)
      x = x.view(x.size(0), -1)
      x = self.dropout(x)
```

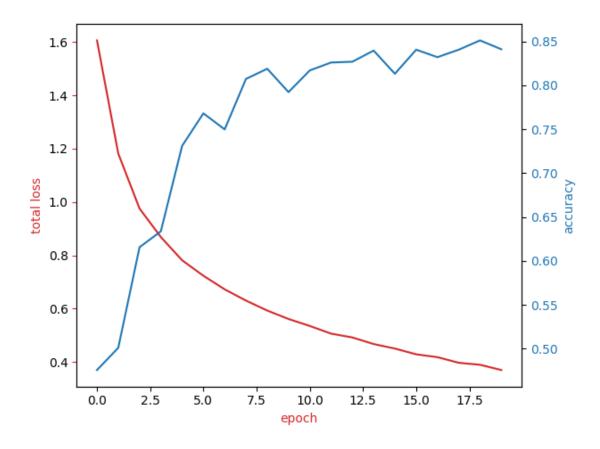
```
return x
[21]: model_1 = CNN_2(out_1=32, out_2=64, out_3=128, out_4=256, number_of_classes=10)
     criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
     learning rate = 0.1
     optimizer = torch.optim.SGD(model_1.parameters(), lr = learning_rate, momentum_
      \Rightarrow = 0.2)
     accuracy_list_normal, train_cost_list, val_cost_list =_
      ⇔train_model(model=model_1,
                                                                     n epochs=20,
                                                                     Ш
      ⇒validation_loader=test_loader,
       →optimizer=optimizer)
     --> Epoch Number: 1 | Training Loss: 1.6062 | Validation Loss: 1.4138 |
     Validation Accuracy: 47.57%
     --> Epoch Number : 2 | Training Loss : 1.1816 | Validation Loss : 1.7911 |
     Validation Accuracy : 50.1%
     --> Epoch Number : 3 | Training Loss : 0.9752 | Validation Loss : 1.0728 |
     Validation Accuracy : 61.56%
     --> Epoch Number: 4 | Training Loss: 0.8685 | Validation Loss: 1.1695 |
     Validation Accuracy: 63.37%
     --> Epoch Number: 5 | Training Loss: 0.7813 | Validation Loss: 0.8111 |
     Validation Accuracy: 73.1%
     --> Epoch Number: 6 | Training Loss: 0.7232 | Validation Loss: 0.671 |
     Validation Accuracy: 76.81%
     --> Epoch Number: 7 | Training Loss: 0.6722 | Validation Loss: 0.7138 |
     Validation Accuracy: 74.98%
     --> Epoch Number: 8 | Training Loss: 0.63 | Validation Loss: 0.5577 |
     Validation Accuracy: 80.73%
     --> Epoch Number : 9 | Training Loss : 0.5927 | Validation Loss : 0.5383 |
     Validation Accuracy: 81.89%
     --> Epoch Number: 10 | Training Loss: 0.561 | Validation Loss: 0.5942 |
     Validation Accuracy: 79.23%
     --> Epoch Number: 11 | Training Loss: 0.5349 | Validation Loss: 0.5401 |
     Validation Accuracy: 81.7%
     --> Epoch Number : 12 | Training Loss : 0.5061 | Validation Loss : 0.5079 |
     Validation Accuracy: 82.6%
     --> Epoch Number: 13 | Training Loss: 0.4917 | Validation Loss: 0.5048 |
     Validation Accuracy: 82.69%
```

x = F.relu(self.fc1(x))

x = self.fc2(x)

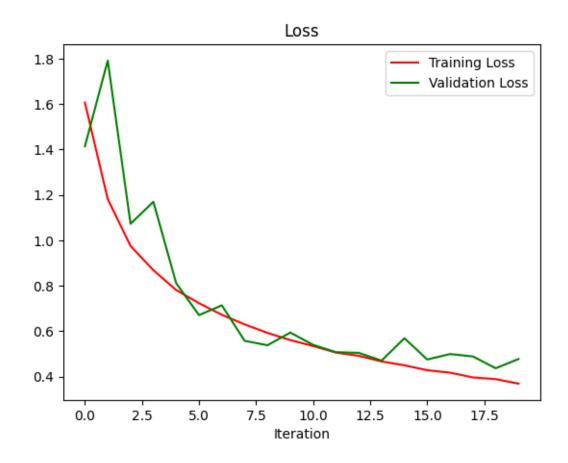
--> Epoch Number: 14 | Training Loss: 0.467 | Validation Loss: 0.4707 |

```
Validation Accuracy: 83.96%
     --> Epoch Number : 15 | Training Loss : 0.45 | Validation Loss : 0.5692 |
     Validation Accuracy: 81.32%
     --> Epoch Number: 16 | Training Loss: 0.4284 | Validation Loss: 0.4756 |
     Validation Accuracy: 84.06%
     --> Epoch Number : 17 | Training Loss : 0.4177 | Validation Loss : 0.4995 |
     Validation Accuracy: 83.21%
     --> Epoch Number : 18 | Training Loss : 0.3967 | Validation Loss : 0.4891 |
     Validation Accuracy: 84.06%
     --> Epoch Number: 19 | Training Loss: 0.3892 | Validation Loss: 0.437 |
     Validation Accuracy: 85.12%
     --> Epoch Number: 20 | Training Loss: 0.3695 | Validation Loss: 0.4779 |
     Validation Accuracy: 84.11%
[22]: fig, ax1 = plt.subplots()
     color = 'tab:red'
     ax1.plot(train_cost_list,color=color)
     ax1.set_xlabel('epoch',color=color)
     ax1.set_ylabel('total loss',color=color)
     ax1.tick_params(axis='y', color=color)
     ax2 = ax1.twinx()
     color = 'tab:blue'
     ax2.set_ylabel('accuracy', color=color)
     ax2.plot( accuracy_list_normal, color=color)
     ax2.tick params(axis='y', labelcolor=color)
     fig.tight_layout()
```



```
[23]: plt.plot(train_cost_list, 'r', label='Training Loss')
    plt.plot(val_cost_list, 'g', label='Validation Loss')
    plt.xlabel("Iteration")
    plt.title("Loss")
    plt.legend()
```

[23]: <matplotlib.legend.Legend at 0x7b4278fda590>



[]:	
[]:	
[]:	
[]:	
[]:	