

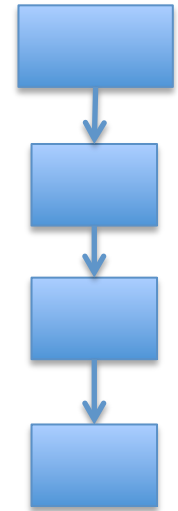
JT Batch Projects

PAR/NIST Cooperative

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Adhoc Batch Tool

- Works in three modes:
 1. Start with initial images -> create projects
 2. Start with projects -> run plugin on last image found in each project
 3. Start with projects and images with same name as project -> connect image to last image of each project labeling with given operation information
- Dis-advantages?
 1. Produces single line of manipulations projects, thus it cannot support Paste Splice.
 2. Need to run all projects in collective stages, rather start and finish one project at a time.
- Advantages?
 1. Alleviates need to craft a project descriptor.
 2. Does not introduce randomness to image selection.
 3. Can extend existing projects

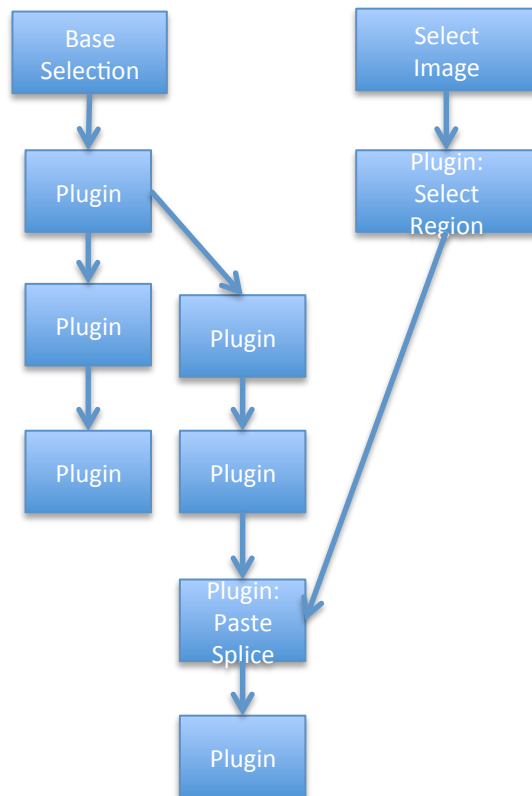


Batch Projects

- Unlike the Adhoc Batch Tool, Batch Projects creates a complete projects from start to finish.
- Batch Projects performs all manipulations with plugins.
- Batch Projects selects images from a pool of images (without replacement).
- The Batch Project graph mirror the final JT projects. What's the difference?
 - A Node is a plugin (operation)
 - A link is a dependency, defines order of operation.

Batch JT

Process Graph



Operation Nodes:

Select Image: Provided a pool (directory) of images

Base Selection: Same as Select Image, except start new project using the selected image name.

Plugin: Execute a plugin operation to create a new manipulated image. *Requires consistent parameters.*

Input Mask Plugin: Execute a plugin on a image to produce an (input) mask and any additional name/value pairs to be used to as parameters in subsequent operations. Input masks highlight groups of pixels (full intensity) as constraints to other plugins.

Operation Parameters :

- Includes donor images, fixed values, masks, etc.

Links (edges):

- Form the dependency tree and order operation execution.

Each produced journal graph reflects the same structure as the process graph.

JSON

SHELL

```
{
  "directed": true,
  "graph": {
    "username": "ericrobertson",
    "name": "sample",
    "organization": "PAR"
    "recompress" : true
  },
  "nodes": [ ],
  "links": [ ],
  "multigraph": false
}
```

← Name should be unique

← Re-apply JPEG or TIFF compression, given base image meta-data, to all final image nodes

← List of nodes

← List of dependency edges

Node

```
{
  "op_type": "BaseSelection",
  "image_directory": "tests/images",
  "picklist": "imageset",
  "id": "0"
},
```

← One of several possible operations

} Operation specific parameters

← If should match the position of the node in the node list for consistency and clarity

Link

```
{
  "source": 0,
  "target": 2
},
```

} Identification of source and target nodes, in the order they appear in the 'nodes' list.

Operations

- **BaseSelection**

Select an image from a pool of images maintained in a directory. The base selection provides a single image used to start a new project. The selected image provides the name of the project. The image is expected to serve as a (the) base image for the project that is to be manipulated. There must be one and only one BaseSelection node; it must not have any predecessor nodes.

Parameters:

- **"image_directory"** = a directory of a pool of images to select from (randomly)
- **"picklist"**: an in memory structure tracking the names of image files already picked from projects to prevent future selection. A file is created with the same name in the 'working directory', retaining the pick list selection across multiple independent and sequential batch runs.

- **ImageSelection**

Select an image from a pool of images maintained in a directory. Like BaseSelection, an ImageSelection node must not have any predecessor nodes. Unlike BaseSelection, multiple ImageSelection nodes are permitted.

Parameters:

The parameters are the same as the BaseSelection. The image directory and picklist can use the same pool as other ImageSelection and BaseSelection nodes.

Operations

- **PluginOperation**

- Invoke a plugin**

- Produce a manipulated target image given a source image.

- Parameters:**

- “**plugin**” = the name of the plugin
 - “**arguments**” = the set of arguments to be provided to the plugin. Each argument as a type and supporting descriptions. Arguments fill **both** the requirements of the plugin and the requirements of the operation definition.

- **InputMaskPluginOperation**

- Invoke a plugin**

- Produce an input mask and any additional name/value pairs based on the source image.

- Parameters:**

- “**plugin**” = the name of the plugin
 - “**arguments**” = the set of arguments to be provided to the plugin. Each argument as a type and supporting descriptions. Arguments fill **both** the requirements of the plugin and the requirements of the operation definition.

Plugin Review


- Plugins are operations.
- Plugins are provided:
 - Filename of source image
 - Filename of target image
 - Additional arguments
- Plugins action:
 - Overwrite target image
 - Optionally return name/value pairs that may be used as to set parameters of subsequent plugins.
- What is special about the input mask plugin?
 - Given a source image, pre-selects a group of pixels for alteration but subsequent operations.

Sample Plugins

| Name | Description | Additional Parameters |
|--------------|--|---|
| SelectRegion | Select a region from a source image. Add an alpha channel, setting the unselected pixels to 0. | |
| PasteSplice | Place a selected region in a source image. Try to paste in area with the least amount of variance. Resize and rotate the selected region as necessary to fit into the selected area. | “Donor” image |
| SaveAsPNG | Save source image as a PNG. If the source image has EXIF metadata that contains Orientation and the parameter ‘Image Rotated’ is yes, rotate the image. | “Image Rotated” |
| GaussianBlur | Blur the entire image or a selected region of the image, given an optional input mask. | “kernelsize” is a tuple (x,y). The default value is (5,5). “inputmaskname” is the name of a monochrome image file where black pixels indicate the region to blur. The default is blur the entire image |

Argument Types

Each argument is a map containing a set of properties including a type.

`"inputimagename" : {
 "type" : "imagefile",
 "source" : "4" }`

Argument Name

Map Structure

- **imagefile** = select an image produced by another node. The source node is provided using it's node id.

```
{  
  "type" : "imagefile",  
  "source" : "4"  
}
```
- **mask** = select an image mask produced by another node. Diff masks are specific to an edge: a source and target node pair. An edge is identified by source and target node ids. The mask is used by some plugins to identify areas to adjust.

```
{  
  "type" : "mask",  
  "source" : "4"  
  "target" : "6"  
}
```
- **value**=provide a specific value

```
"Image Rotated" : {  
  "type" : "value",  
  "value" : "yes"  
}
```
- **donor**=pick resulting image from a predecessor node. 'source' is optional.

```
"input" : {  
  "type" : "donor",  
  "source" : "3"  
}
```
- **list**=pick from a set of values

```
"subject" : {  
  "type" : "list",  
  "values" : ["other", "landscape"]  
}
```

Argument Types Cont.

- **variable** = select an output name/value pair from a predecessor plugin node. The source node is provided using it's node id. The pair's value is identified by the name

```
"box_to_alter": {  
  "type": "variable",  
  "name": "box_altered",  
  "source": "4"  
}
```

- **input**= identifies the name of input image file (input mask) from the output (target) image of another plugin.

```
"inputmask": {  
  "type": "input",  
  "source": "6"  
}
```

- **plugin**=call a plugin function registered through the Python setuptools's entry point *maskgen_specs*. The function name is the entry point name. The function accepts a dictionary of parameters, provided in the definition.

```
"kernel": {  
  "type": "plugin",  
  "name": "kernel_builder",  
  "parameters": { "kernel_size": 5 }
```

- **Int[low:high]**=pick a value, uniform distribution over the range, inclusive.

```
"kernel_size": {  
  "type": "int[1:100]"  
}
```

- **float[low:high]**=pick a value, gaussian distribution over the range, inclusive

```
"percent_change": {  
  "type": "float[0.0:1.0]"  
}
```

- **yesno**=pick yes or no

```
"color_correct": {  
  "type": "yesno"  
}
```

Example JSON

```
{
  "directed": true,
  "graph": {
    "username": "ericrobertson",
    "name": "sample",
    "organization": "PAR"
  },
  "nodes": [
    {
      "op_type": "BaseSelection",
      "image_directory": "tests/images",
      "picklist": "imageset",
      "id": "0"
    },
    {
      "op_type": "ImageSelection",
      "image_directory": "tests/images",
      "picklist": "imageset",
      "id": "1"
    },
    {
      "op_type": "PluginOperation",
      "plugin": "SaveAsPNG",
      "picklist": "imageset",
      "id": "2",
      "arguments": {
        "Image Rotated" : {
          "type": "value",
          "value": "yes"
        }
      }
    }
  ],
}
```

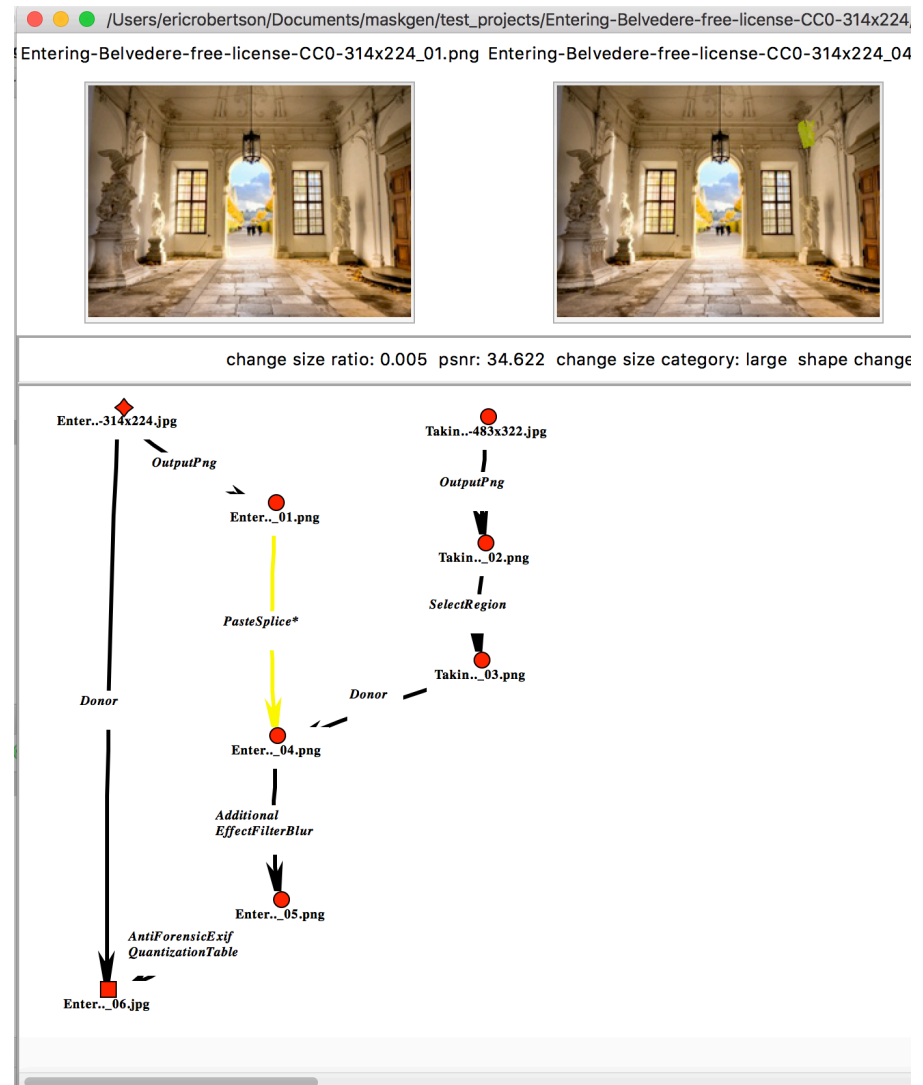
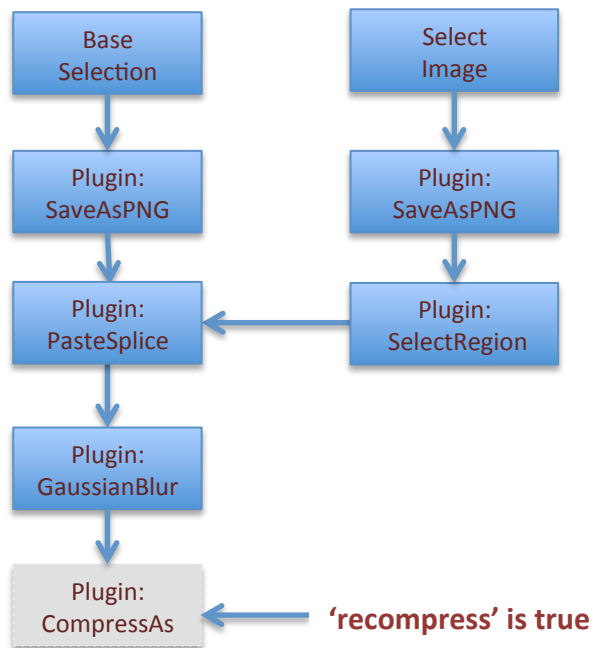
```
{
  "op_type": "PluginOperation",
  "plugin": "SaveAsPNG",
  "picklist": "imageset",
  "id": "3",
  "arguments": {
    "Image Rotated" : {
      "type": "value",
      "value": "yes"
    }
  },
  {
    "op_type": "PluginOperation",
    "plugin": "SelectRegion",
    "id": "4",
    "arguments": {}
  },
  {
    "op_type": "PluginOperation",
    "plugin": "PasteSplice",
    "id": "5",
    "arguments": {
      "donor" : {
        "type": "donor",
      }
    }
  },
}
```

```
{
  "op_type": "PluginOperation",
  "plugin": "GaussianBlur",
  "id": "6",
  "arguments": {
    "inputmaskname" : {
      "type": "mask",
      "source": "2",
      "target": "5"
    }
  },
  {
    "op_type": "PluginOperation",
    "plugin": "SelectRegion",
    "id": "4",
    "arguments": {}
  },
  {
    "op_type": "PluginOperation",
    "plugin": "PasteSplice",
    "id": "5",
    "arguments": {
      "donor" : {
        "type": "donor",
      }
    }
  },
  "links": [
    {
      "source": 0,
      "target": 2
    },
    {
      "source": 1,
      "target": 3
    },
    {
      "source": 3,
      "target": 4
    },
  ],
}
```

```
{
  "source": 2,
  "target": 5
},
{
  "source": 4,
  "target": 5
},
{
  "source": 5,
  "target": 6
},
],
"multigraph": false
}
```

Graph View

Process Graph



Running

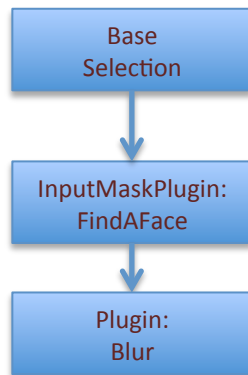
- Install JT
- Make sure resources/*.json are moved to where the tool is being executed, or run the tool from the JT *maskgen* directory.
- Example Command Line:

```
python maskgen/batch/batch_project.py --count 2 --results tests/test_projects  
--json tests/batch_process.json --loglevel 0
```

- Arguments
 - Mandatory
 - results = directory to hold completed projects
 - json = the batch process JSON description file
 - Optional
 - count = number of projects to build.
 - Make sure count < number of images in the select image directory
 - By default, just creates one.
 - A value of 0 is used with the 'graph' option.
 - loglevel = 0 to 50 log level, 0 being finest
 - graph = create a Graphviz layout. File name is the name of the batch process + '.png'.
 - threads = number of threads to run, building project in parallel (one thread per project). Default is 1.

Using the InputMaskPlugin

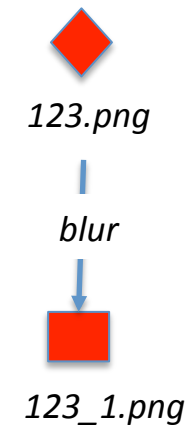
Process Graph



Enable pre-selection of pixels to manipulate by succeeding operation nodes.

In this example, identify regions to blur using a plugin that identifies faces.

Journal Graph



Installing Plugin Functions

Plugin functions are used to set parameters for operations.

Create separate project and install it with the user-defined function. The key piece is the following in setup.py:

```
entry_points=  
    {'maskgen_specs': [  
        'foo = myplugin.foo:getLength'  
    ]  
    },
```

Install the project (*python setup.py install*)

The name *foo* is used in as the item name of the plugin type argument specification.

This is a pseudo-name for the function `getLength()` in the package *myplugin.foo*. The entry point name `maskgen_specs` is a locator for the JT batch to discover these plug-in specification functions.

Example Operation Node Definition:

```
"id": "MaskSelect",  
"op_type": "InputMaskPluginOperation",  
"arguments": {  
    "percentage_width": {  
        "type": "plugin",  
        "name": "foo",  
        "parameters": {"param1": "whatever"}  
    }  
}
```