



MALAD KANDIVALI EDUCATION SOCIETY'S

**NAGINDAS KHANDWALA COLLEGE OF COMMERCE, ARTS &
MANAGEMENT STUDIES & SHANTABEN NAGINDAS KHANDWALA
COLLEGE OF SCIENCE**

MALAD [W], MUMBAI – 64

AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION

(Affiliated To University Of Mumbai)

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CERTIFICATE

Name: Mr. BHAAVIK BHAVESH ASHAR

Roll No: 367

Programme: BSc IT

Semester: III

This is certified to be a bonafide record of practical works done by the above student in the college laboratory for the course **Data Structures (Course Code: 2032UISPR)** for the partial fulfilment of Third Semester of BSc IT during the academic year 2020-21.

The journal work is the original study work that has been duly approved in the year 2020-21 by the undersigned.

External Examiner

Mr. Gangashankar Singh
(Subject-In-Charge)

Date of Examination:

(College Stamp)

Subject: Data Structures

INDEX

Sr No	Date	Topic	Sign
1	04/09/2020	Implement the following for Array: a) Write a program to store the elements in 1-D array and provide an option to perform the operations like searching, sorting, merging, reversing the elements. b) Write a program to perform the Matrix addition, Multiplication and Transpose Operation.	
2	11/09/2020	Implement Linked List. Include options for insertion, deletion and search of a number, reverse the list and concatenate two linked lists.	
3	18/09/2020	Implement the following for Stack: a) Perform Stack operations using Array implementation. b. b) Implement Tower of Hanoi. c) WAP to scan a polynomial using linked list and add two polynomials. d) WAP to calculate factorial and to compute the factors of a given no. (i) using recursion, (ii) using iteration	
4	25/09/2020	Perform Queues operations using Circular Array implementation.	
5	01/10/2020	Write a program to search an element from a list. Give user the option to perform Linear or Binary search.	
6	09/10/2020	WAP to sort a list of elements. Give user the option to perform sorting using Insertion sort, Bubble sort or Selection sort.	
7	16/10/2020	Implement the following for Hashing: a) Write a program to implement the collision technique. b) Write a program to implement the concept of linear probing.	
8	23/10/2020	Write a program for inorder, postorder and preorder traversal of tree.	

PRACTICAL 1 A

```
class ArrayModification:

    def linear_search(self,lst,n):
        for i in range(len(lst)):
            if lst[i] == n:
                return f'Position :{i}'
        return -1

    def insertion_sort(self,lst):
        for i in range(len(lst)):

            index = lst[i]

            k = i - 1

            while k >= 0 and lst[k] > index:
                lst[k + 1] = lst[k]
                k -= 1

            lst[k+1] = index

        return lst

    def merge(self,lst,lst2):
        lst.extend(lst2)
        print(lst)

    def reverse(self,lst):
        return lst[::-1]

lst = [2,9,1,7,3,5,2]
lst2 = [4,6,8,9,4,5]
Arrmod = ArrayModification()
print(Arrmod.linear_search(lst,3))
print(Arrmod.merge(lst,lst2))
print(Arrmod.insertion_sort(lst))
print(Arrmod.reverse(lst))
```

PRACTICAL 1B

```
Mat1 = [[3, 4, -6],
        [12, 71, 24],
        [21, 3, 21]]

Mat2 = [[2, 16, -16],
        [1, 7, -3],
        [-1, 3, 3]]
Mat3 = [[0, 0, 0, ],
        [0, 0, 0, ],
        [0, 0, 0, ]]

# Matrix Addition
for i in range(len(Mat1)):
    for j in range(len(Mat2[0])):
        for k in range(len(Mat2)):
            Mat3[i][j] += Mat1[i][k] + Mat2[k][j]

print(Mat3)

# Matrix Multiplication

Mat3 = [[0, 0, 0, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 0],
        [0, 0, 0, 0]]

for i in range(len(Mat1)):
    for j in range(len(Mat2[0])):
        for k in range(len(Mat2)):
            Mat3[i][j] += Mat1[i][k] * Mat2[k][j]

print(Mat3)

#matrix transpose
for i in map(list, zip(*Mat1)):
    print(i)
```

PRACTICAL 2

```
class Node:

    def __init__(self, element, next = None ):
        self.element = element
        self.next = next
        self.previous = None
    def display(self):
        print(self.element)

class LinkedList:

    def __init__(self):
        self.head = None
        self.size = 0

    def __len__(self):
        return self.size

    def get_head(self):
        return self.head

    def is_empty(self):
        return self.size == 0

    def display(self):
        if self.size == 0:
            print("No element")
            return
        first = self.head
        print(first.element)
        first = first.next
        while first:
            if type(first.element) == type(list1.head.element):
                print(first.element)
                first = first.next
            print(first.element)
            first = first.next

    def reverse_display(self):
        if self.size == 0:
            print("No element")
            return None
        last = list1.get_tail()
        print(last.element)
        while last.previous:
```

```

        if type(last.previous.element) == type(list1.head):
            print(last.previous.element.element)
            if last.previous == self.head:
                return None
            else:
                last = last.previous
        print(last.previous.element)
        last = last.previous

def add_head(self,e):
    #temp = self.head
    self.head = Node(e)
    #self.head.next = temp
    self.size += 1

def get_tail(self):
    last_object = self.head
    while (last_object.next != None):
        last_object = last_object.next
    return last_object

def remove_head(self):
    if self.is_empty():
        print("Empty Singly linked list")
    else:
        print("Removing")
        self.head = self.head.next
        self.head.previous = None
        self.size -= 1

def add_tail(self,e):
    new_value = Node(e)
    new_value.previous = self.get_tail()
    self.get_tail().next = new_value
    self.size += 1

def find_second_last_element(self):
    #second_last_element = None

    if self.size >= 2:
        first = self.head
        temp_counter = self.size - 2
        while temp_counter > 0:
            first = first.next
            temp_counter -= 1
        return first

```

```

        else:
            print("Size not sufficient")

        return None

def remove_tail(self):
    if self.is_empty():
        print("Empty Singly linked list")
    elif self.size == 1:
        self.head == None
        self.size -= 1
    else:
        Node = self.find_second_last_element()
        if Node:
            Node.next = None
            self.size -= 1

def get_node_at(self, index):
    element_node = self.head
    counter = 0
    if index == 0:
        return element_node.element
    if index > self.size-1:
        print("Index out of bound")
        return None
    while(counter < index):
        element_node = element_node.next
        counter += 1
    return element_node

def get_previous_node_at(self, index):
    if index == 0:
        print('No previous value')
        return None
    return list1.get_node_at(index).previous

def remove_between_list(self, position):
    if position > self.size-1:
        print("Index out of bound")
    elif position == self.size-1:
        self.remove_tail()
    elif position == 0:
        self.remove_head()
    else:
        prev_node = self.get_node_at(position-1)
        next_node = self.get_node_at(position+1)
        prev_node.next = next_node
        next_node.previous = prev_node
        self.size -= 1

```

```

def add_between_list(self, position, element):
    element_node = Node(element)
    if position > self.size:
        print("Index out of bound")
    elif position == self.size:
        self.add_tail(element)
    elif position == 0:
        self.add_head(element)
    else:
        prev_node = self.get_node_at(position-1)
        current_node = self.get_node_at(position)
        prev_node.next = element_node
        element_node.previous = prev_node
        element_node.next = current_node
        current_node.previous = element_node
        self.size += 1

def search (self, search_value):
    index = 0
    while (index < self.size):
        value = self.get_node_at(index)
        if type(value.element) == type(list1.head):
            print("Searching at " + str(index) + " and value is "
+ str(value.element.element))
        else:
            print("Searching at " + str(index) + " and value is "
+ str(value.element))
        if value.element == search_value:
            print("Found value at " + str(index) + " location")
            return True
        index += 1
    print("Not Found")
    return False

def merge(self, linkedlist_value):
    if self.size > 0:
        last_node = self.get_node_at(self.size-1)
        last_node.next = linkedlist_value.head
        linkedlist_value.head.previous = last_node
        self.size = self.size + linkedlist_value.size

    else:
        self.head = linkedlist_value.head
        self.size = linkedlist_value.size

l1 = Node('element 1')
list1 = LinkedList()
list1.add_head(l1)
list1.add_tail('element 2')
list1.add_tail('element 3')
list1.add_tail('element 4')
list1.get_head().element.element

```



```
list1.add_between_list(2,'element between')
list1.remove_between_list(2)

list2 = LinkedList()
l2 = Node('element 5')
list2.add_head(l2)
list2.add_tail('element 6')
list2.add_tail('element 7')
list2.add_tail('element 8')
list1.merge(list2)
list1.get_previous_node_at(3).element
list1.reverse_display()
list1.search('element 6')
```

PRACTICAL 3 A

```
class Stack:

    def __init__(self):
        self.stack_arr = []

    def push(self,value):
        self.stack_arr.append(value)

    def pop(self):
        if len(self.stack_arr) == 0:
            print('Stack is empty!')
            return None
        else:
            self.stack_arr.pop()

    def get_head(self):
        if len(self.stack_arr) == 0:
            print('Stack is empty!')
            return None
        else:
            return self.stack_arr[-1]

    def display(self):
        if len(self.stack_arr) == 0:
            print('Stack is empty!')
            return None
        else:
            print(self.stack_arr)

stack = Stack()
stack.push(4)
stack.push(5)
stack.push(6)
stack.pop()
stack.display()
stack.get_head()
```

PRACTICAL 3 B

```
class Stack:

    def __init__(self):
        self.stack_arr = []

    def push(self,value):
        self.stack_arr.append(value)

    def pop(self):
        if len(self.stack_arr) == 0:
            print('Stack is empty!')
            return None
        else:
            self.stack_arr.pop()

    def get_head(self):
        if len(self.stack_arr) == 0:
            print('Stack is empty!')
            return None
        else:
            return self.stack_arr[-1]

    def display(self):
        if len(self.stack_arr) == 0:
            print('Stack is empty!')
            return None
        else:
            print(self.stack_arr)

A = Stack()
B = Stack()
C = Stack()
def towerOfHanoi(n, fromrod,to,temp):
    if n == 1:
        fromrod.pop()
        to.push('disk 1')
        if to.display() != None:
            print(to.display())

    else:

        towerOfHanoi(n-1, fromrod, temp, to)
        fromrod.pop()
        to.push(f'disk {n}')
        if to.display() != None:
            print(to.display())
        towerOfHanoi(n-1, temp, to, fromrod)

n = int(input('Enter the number of the disk in rod A : '))
```

```
for i in range(n):  
    A.push(f'disk {i+1} ')  
  
towerOfHanoi(n, A, C, B)
```

PRACTICAL 3 C

```
class Node:

    def __init__(self, element, next = None ):
        self.element = element
        self.next = next
        self.previous = None
    def display(self):
        print(self.element)

class LinkedList:

    def __init__(self):
        self.head = None
        self.size = 0

    def _len_(self):
        return self.size

    def get_head(self):
        return self.head

    def is_empty(self):
        return self.size == 0

    def display(self):
        if self.size == 0:
            print("No element")
            return
        first = self.head
        print(first.element.element)
        first = first.next
        while first:
            if type(first.element) == type(my_list.head.element):
                print(first.element.element)
                first = first.next
            print(first.element)
            first = first.next

    def reverse_display(self):
        if self.size == 0:
            print("No element")
            return None
        last = my_list.get_tail()
        print(last.element)
        while last.previous:
            if type(last.previous.element) == type(my_list.head):
                print(last.previous.element.element)
                if last.previous == self.head:
                    return None
            else:
                last = last.previous
        print(last.previous.element)
```

```

        last = last.previous

def add_head(self,e):
    #temp = self.head
    self.head = Node(e)
    #self.head.next = temp
    self.size += 1

def get_tail(self):
    last_object = self.head
    while (last_object.next != None):
        last_object = last_object.next
    return last_object

def remove_head(self):
    if self.is_empty():
        print("Empty Singly linked list")
    else:
        print("Removing")
        self.head = self.head.next
        self.head.previous = None
        self.size -= 1

def add_tail(self,e):
    new_value = Node(e)
    new_value.previous = self.get_tail()
    self.get_tail().next = new_value
    self.size += 1

def find_second_last_element(self):
    #second_last_element = None

    if self.size >= 2:
        first = self.head
        temp_counter = self.size - 2
        while temp_counter > 0:
            first = first.next
            temp_counter -= 1
        return first

    else:
        print("Size not sufficient")

    return None

def remove_tail(self):
    if self.is_empty():
        print("Empty Singly linked list")
    elif self.size == 1:
        self.head == None

```

```

        self.size -= 1
    else:
        Node = self.find_second_last_element()
        if Node:
            Node.next = None
            self.size -= 1

def get_node_at(self, index):
    element_node = self.head
    counter = 0
    if index == 0:
        return element_node.element
    if index > self.size-1:
        print("Index out of bound")
        return None
    while(counter < index):
        element_node = element_node.next
        counter += 1
    return element_node

def get_previous_node_at(self, index):
    if index == 0:
        print('No previous value')
        return None
    return my_list.get_node_at(index).previous

def remove_between_list(self, position):
    if position > self.size-1:
        print("Index out of bound")
    elif position == self.size-1:
        self.remove_tail()
    elif position == 0:
        self.remove_head()
    else:
        prev_node = self.get_node_at(position-1)
        next_node = self.get_node_at(position+1)
        prev_node.next = next_node
        next_node.previous = prev_node
        self.size -= 1

def add_between_list(self, position, element):
    element_node = Node(element)
    if position > self.size:
        print("Index out of bound")
    elif position == self.size:
        self.add_tail(element)
    elif position == 0:
        self.add_head(element)
    else:
        prev_node = self.get_node_at(position-1)
        current_node = self.get_node_at(position)
        prev_node.next = element_node
        element_node.previous = prev_node
        element_node.next = current_node
        current_node.previous = element_node
        self.size += 1

```

```

def search (self,search_value):
    index = 0
    while (index < self.size):
        value = self.get_node_at(index)
        if value.element == search_value:
            return value.element
        index += 1
    print("Not Found")
    return False

def merge(self,linkedlist_value):
    if self.size > 0:
        last_node = self.get_node_at(self.size-1)
        last_node.next = linkedlist_value.head
        linkedlist_value.head.previous = last_node
        self.size = self.size + linkedlist_value.size

    else:
        self.head = linkedlist_value.head
        self.size = linkedlist_value.size

my_list = LinkedList()
order = int(input('Enter the order for polynomial : '))
my_list.add_head(Node(int(input(f"Enter coefficient for power {order} : "))))
for i in reversed(range(order)):
    my_list.add_tail(int(input(f"Enter coefficient for power {i} : ")))

my_list2 = LinkedList()
my_list2.add_head(Node(int(input(f"Enter coefficient for power {order} : "))))
for i in reversed(range(order)):
    my_list2.add_tail(int(input(f"Enter coefficient for power {i} : ")))

for i in range(order + 1):
    print(my_list.get_node_at(i).element + my_list2.get_node_at(i).element)

```


PRACTICAL 3 D

```
factorial = 1
n = int(input('Enter Number: '))
for i in range(1,n+1):
    factorial = factorial * i

print(f'Factorial is : {factorial}')

fact = []
for i in range(1,n+1):
    if (n/i).is_integer():
        fact.append(i)

print(f'Factors of the given numbers is : {fact}')

factorial = 1
index = 1
n = int(input("Enter number : "))
def calculate_factorial(n,factorial,index):
    if index == n:
        print(f'Factorial is : {factorial}')
        return True
    else:
        index = index + 1
        calculate_factorial(n,factorial * index,index)
calculate_factorial(n,factorial,index)

fact = []
def calculate_factors(n,factors,index):
    if index == n+1:
        print(f'Factors of the given numbers is : {factors}')
        return True
    elif (n/index).is_integer():
        factors.append(index)
        index += 1
        calculate_factors(n,factors,index)
    else:
        index += 1
        calculate_factors(n,factors,index)

index = 1
factors = []
calculate_factors(n,factors,index)
```

PRACTICAL 4

```
class ArrayQueue:
    """FIFO queue implementation using a Python list as underlying
    storage."""
    DEFAULT_CAPACITY = 10          # moderate capacity for all new
    queues

    def __init__(self):
        """Create an empty queue."""
        self._data = [None] * ArrayQueue.DEFAULT_CAPACITY
        self._size = 0
        self._front = 0
        self._back = 0

    def __len__(self):
        """Return the number of elements in the queue."""
        return self._size

    def is_empty(self):
        """Return True if the queue is empty."""
        return self._size == 0

    def first(self):
        """Return (but do not remove) the element at the front of the
        queue.
        Raise Empty exception if the queue is empty.
        """
        if self.is_empty():
            raise Empty('Queue is empty')
        return self._data[self._front]

    def dequeueStart(self):
        """Remove and return the first element of the queue (i.e.,
        FIFO).
        Raise Empty exception if the queue is empty.
        """
        if self.is_empty():
            raise Empty('Queue is empty')
        answer = self._data[self._front]
        self._data[self._front] = None          # help garbage
        collection
        self._front = (self._front + 1) % len(self._data)
        self._size -= 1
        self._back = (self._front + self._size - 1) % len(self._data)
        return answer

    def dequeueEnd(self):
        """Remove and return the Last element of the queue.
        Raise Empty exception if the queue is empty.
```

```

    """
    if self.is_empty():
        raise Empty('Queue is empty')
    back = (self._front + self._size - 1) % len(self._data)
    answer = self._data[back]
    self._data[back] = None          # help garbage collection
    self._front = self._front
    self._size -= 1
    self._back = (self._front + self._size - 1) % len(self._data)
    return answer

def enqueueEnd(self, e):
    """Add an element to the back of queue."""
    if self._size == len(self._data):
        self._resize(2 * len(self._data))    # double the array
size
    avail = (self._front + self._size) % len(self._data)
    self._data[avail] = e
    self._size += 1
    self._back = (self._front + self._size - 1) % len(self._data)

def enqueueStart(self, e):
    """Add an element to the start of queue."""
    if self._size == len(self._data):
        self._resize(2 * len(self._data))    # double the array
size
    self._front = (self._front - 1) % len(self._data)
    avail = (self._front + self._size) % len(self._data)
    self._data[self._front] = e
    self._size += 1
    self._back = (self._front + self._size - 1) % len(self._data)

def _resize(self, cap):
    # we assume cap >=
len(self)
    """Resize to a new list of capacity >= len(self)."""
    old = self._data          # keep track of
existing list
    self._data = [None] * cap    # allocate list with
new capacity
    walk = self._front
    for k in range(self._size):
        # only consider
existing elements
        self._data[k] = old[walk]    # intentionally shift
indices
        walk = (1 + walk) % len(old)    # use old size as
modulus
    self._front = 0          # front has been
realigned
    self._back = (self._front + self._size - 1) % len(self._data)

queue = ArrayQueue()
queue.enqueueEnd(1)

```

```
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue._data
queue.enqueueEnd(2)
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue._data
queue.dequeueStart()
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue.enqueueEnd(3)
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue.enqueueEnd(4)
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue.dequeueStart()
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue.enqueueStart(5)
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue.dequeueEnd()
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
queue.enqueueEnd(6)
print(f"First Element: {queue._data[queue._front]}, Last Element:
{queue._data[queue._back]}")
```

PRACTICAL 5

```
def linear_search(lst,n):
    for i in range(len(lst)):
        if lst[i] == n:
            return print('Position:',i)
    return print("Number not found")

def binary_search(lst,n,start,end):
    if start <= end:
        mid = (end + start) // 2
        if lst[mid] == n:
            return print('Position:',mid)
        elif lst[mid] > n:
            return binary_search(lst,n,start,mid-1)
        else:
            return binary_search(lst,n,mid + 1,end)
    else:
        return print("Number not found")

def run():
    while True:
        print("Press 1 for linear search")
        print("Press 2 for binary search")
        print("Press 3 to exit")
        c = int(input())
        if c == 1:
            n = int(input("Enter number to search:"))
            linear_search(lst,n)
            break
        elif c == 2:
            s_lst = sorted(lst)
            n = int(input("Enter number to search:"))
            binary_search(s_lst,n,0,len(s_lst)-1)
            break
        else:
            break

lst = [26,74,12,3,48,2,37,15]
run()
```

PRACTICAL 6

```
def bubble_sort(lst):
    for i in range(len(lst)):
        for j in range(len(lst)):
            if lst[i] < lst[j]:
                lst[i],lst[j] = lst[j],lst[i]
    return lst

def insertion_sort(lst):
    for i in range(1, len(lst)):
        index = lst[i]
        j = i-1
        while j >= 0 and index < lst[j] :
            lst[j + 1] = lst[j]
            j -= 1
        lst[j + 1] = index
    return lst

def selection_sort(lst):
    for i in range(len(lst)):
        smallest_element = i
        for j in range(i+1,len(lst)):
            if lst[smallest_element] > lst[j]:
                smallest_element = j
        lst[i],lst[smallest_element] =
lst[smallest_element],lst[i]
    return lst

def run():
    while True:
        print("Press 1 for bubble sort")
        print("Press 2 for insertion sort")
        print("Press 3 for selection sort")
        print("Press 4 to exit")
        print("List:",lst)
        c = int(input())
        if c == 1:
            print("Sorted list",bubble_sort(lst))
        elif c == 2:
            print("Sorted list",insertion_sort(lst))
        elif c == 3:
            print("Sorted list",selection_sort(lst))
        else:
            break

lst = [26,74,12,3,48,2,37,15]
run()
```

PRACTICAL 7 A

```
class Hash:
    def __init__(self, keys: int, lower_range: int, higher_range: int) ->
None:
        self.value = self.hash_function(keys, lower_range, higher_range)

    def get_key_value(self) -> int:
        return self.value

    @staticmethod
    def hash_function(keys: int, lower_range: int, higher_range: int) -> int:
        if lower_range == 0 and higher_range > 0:
            return keys % higher_range

if __name__ == '__main__':
    linear_probing = True
    list_of_keys = [23, 43, 1, 87]
    list_of_list_index = [None]*4
    print("Before : " + str(list_of_list_index))
    for value in list_of_keys:
        list_index = Hash(value, 0, len(list_of_keys)).get_key_value()
        print("Hash value for " + str(value) + " is :" + str(list_index))
        if list_of_list_index[list_index]:
            print("Collision detected for " + str(value))
            if linear_probing:
                old_list_index = list_index
                if list_index == len(list_of_list_index) - 1:
                    list_index = 0
                else:
                    list_index += 1
                list_full = False
                while list_of_list_index[list_index]:
                    if list_index == old_list_index:
                        list_full = True
                        break
                    if list_index + 1 == len(list_of_list_index):
                        list_index = 0
                else:
                    list_index += 1
                if list_full:
                    print("List was full . Could not save")
            else:
                list_of_list_index[list_index] = value
        else:
            list_of_list_index[list_index] = value
    print("After: " + str(list_of_list_index))
```

PRACTICAL 7 B

```
size_list = 6

def hash_function(val):
    global size_list
    return val%size_list

def map_hash_function(hash_return_values):
    return hash_return_values

def create_hash_table(list_values,main_list):
    for values in list_values:
        hash_return_values = hash_function(values)
        list_index = map_hash_function(hash_return_values)
        if main_list[list_index]:
            print("collision detected")
            linear_probing(list_index,values,main_list)
        else:
            main_list[list_index]=values

def linear_probing(list_index,value,main_list):
    global size_list
    list_full = False
    old_list_index=list_index
    if list_index == size_list - 1:
        list_index = 0
    else:
        list_index += 1

    while main_list[list_index]:
        if list_index+1 == size_list:
            list_index = 0
        else:
            list_index += 1
        if list_index == old_list_index:
            list_full = True
            break
    if list_full == True:
        print("list was full. could not saved")

def search_list(key,main_list):
    #for i in range(size_list):
    val = hash_function(key)
    if main_list[val] == key:
        print("list found",val)
```



```
    else:  
        print("not found")
```

```
list_values = [1,3,8,6,5,14]
```

```
main_list = [None for x in range(size_list)]  
print(main_list)  
create_hash_table(list_values,main_list)  
print(main_list)  
search_list(5,main_list)
```



```
self.value = data
```

```
if __name__ == '__main__':  
    root = Node(10)  
    root.left = Node(12)  
    root.right = Node(5)  
    print("Without any order")  
    root.PrintTree()  
    root_1 = Node(None)  
    root_1.insert(28)  
    root_1.insert(4)  
    root_1.insert(13)  
    root_1.insert(130)  
    root_1.insert(123)  
    print("Now ordering with insert")  
    root_1.PrintTree()  
    print("Pre order")  
    root_1.Printpreorder()  
    print("In Order")  
    root_1.Printinorder()  
    print("Post Order")  
    root_1.Printpostorder()
```