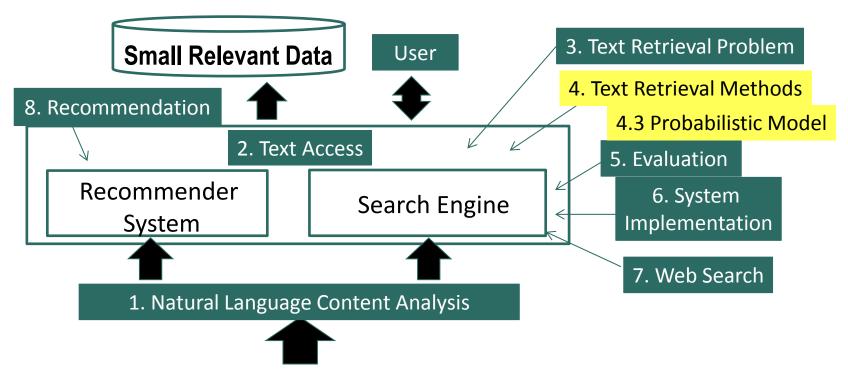
# Text Retrieval and Search Engines

Probabilistic Retrieval Model: Query Likelihood

ChengXiang "Cheng" Zhai
Department of Computer Science
University of Illinois at Urbana-Champaign

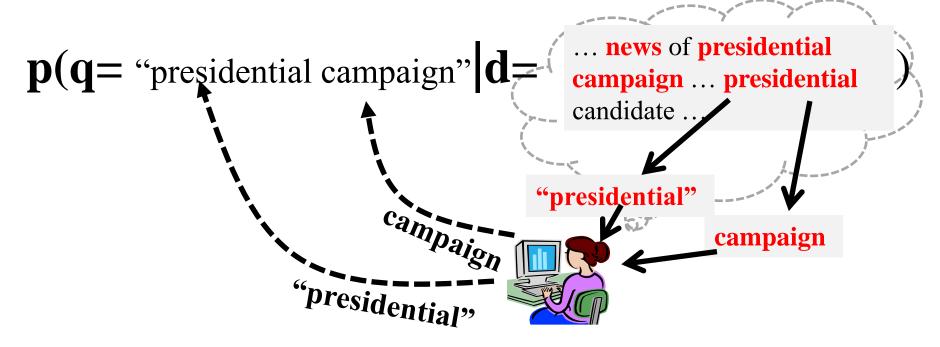
#### Probabilistic Retrieval Model: Query Likelihood



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#### Query Generation by Sampling Words from Doc



If the user is **thinking of this doc**, how likely would she **pose this query**?

### Unigram Query Likelihood

$$\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q} = \text{"presidential campaign"} | \mathbf{d} = \frac{\text{... news of presidential campaign ... presidential campaign ... presidential campaign ... presidential campaign ... presidential candidate ...}$$

$$= \mathbf{p}(\text{"presidential"}, d) * \mathbf{p}(\text{"campaign"}, d)$$

$$= \frac{c(\text{"presidential"}, d)}{|d|} * \frac{c(\text{"campaign"}, d)}{|d|}$$

Assumption:
Each query word is generated independently

### Does Query Likelihood Make Sense?

$$p(q = "presidential \ campaign" | \ d) = \frac{c("presidential", d)}{|\ d\ |} * \frac{c("campaign", d)}{|\ d\ |}$$

$$\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d4} = \dots \text{ news of } \mathbf{presidential } \text{ campaign} \\ \dots \mathbf{presidential } \text{ candidate } \dots ) = \frac{2}{|d4|} * \frac{1}{|d4|}$$

$$\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d3} = \dots \text{ news of } \mathbf{presidential } \text{ campaign } \dots ) = \frac{1}{|d3|} * \frac{1}{|d3|}$$

$$\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d2} = \frac{\dots \text{ news about organic food}}{\text{campaign}...}) = \frac{0}{|d2|} * \frac{1}{|d2|} = \mathbf{0}$$

d4> d3 > d2 as we expected

### Try a Different Query?

**q** = "presidential campaign update"

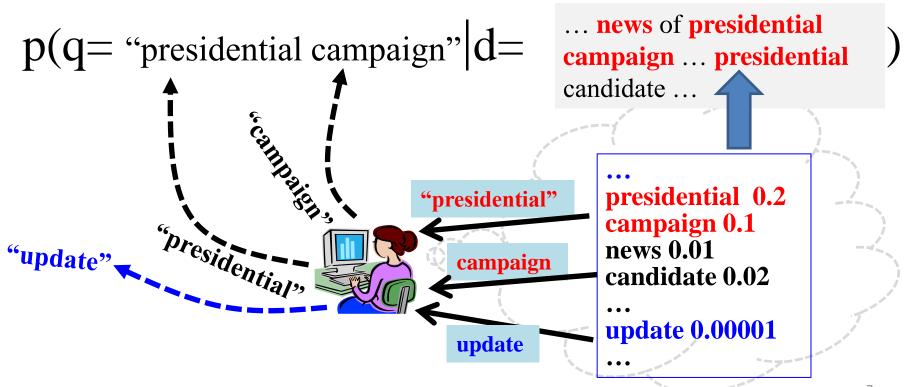
$$p(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d4} = \dots \text{ news of } \frac{\mathbf{presidential } \text{ campaign}}{\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d3} = \dots \text{ news of } \frac{\mathbf{presidential } \text{ camdidate}}{\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d3} = \dots \text{ news of } \frac{\mathbf{presidential } \text{ campaign}}{\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d3} = \dots \text{ news of } \frac{\mathbf{presidential } \text{ campaign}}{\mathbf{p}(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d3} = \dots \text{ news about organic food}}) = \frac{1}{|d2|} * \frac{1}{|d2|} * \frac{1}{|d2|} * \frac{0}{|d2|} = \mathbf{0}!$$

$$p(\mathbf{q}|\mathbf{d3} = \dots \text{ news about organic food} = \frac{0}{|d2|} * \frac{1}{|d2|} * \frac{0}{|d2|} = \mathbf{0}$$

What assumption has caused this problem? How do we fix it?

#### Improved Model: Sampling Words from a Doc Model

How likely would we observe this query from this doc model?



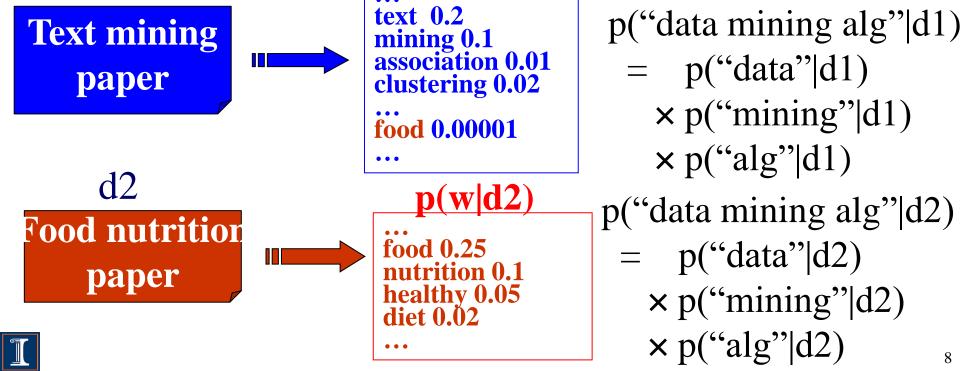
## Computation of Query Likelihood

**Document LM** 

Document

Query q =

"data mining algorithms"



#### Summary: Ranking based on Query Likelihood

$$q = w_1 w_2 ... w_n$$
  $p(q | d) = p(w_1 | d) \times .... \times p(w_n | d)$ 

$$f(q,d) = \log p(q \mid d) = \sum_{i=1}^{n} \log p(w_i \mid d) = \sum_{w \in V} c(w,q) \log p(w \mid d)$$

**Document language model** 

Retrieval problem  $\rightarrow$  Estimation of  $p(w_i|d)$ 

Different estimation methods → different ranking functions