

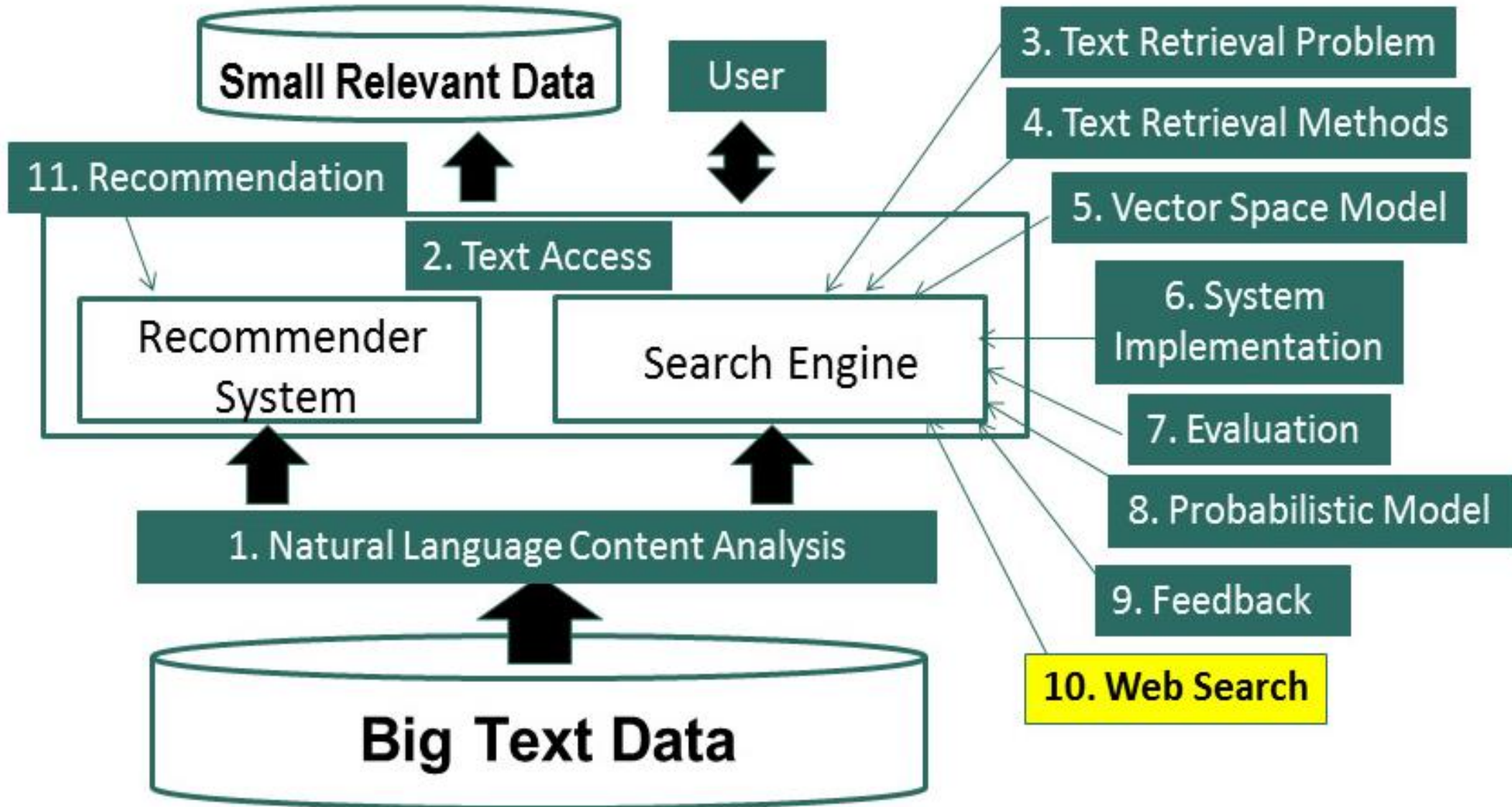


Text Retrieval and Search Engines

Web Search

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Course Schedule



Web Search: Challenges & Opportunities

- Challenges

- Scalability

→ Parallel indexing & searching (MapReduce)

- How to handle the size of the Web and ensure completeness of coverage?
 - How to serve many user queries quickly?

- Low quality information and spams

**→ Spam detection
& Robust ranking**

- Dynamics of the Web

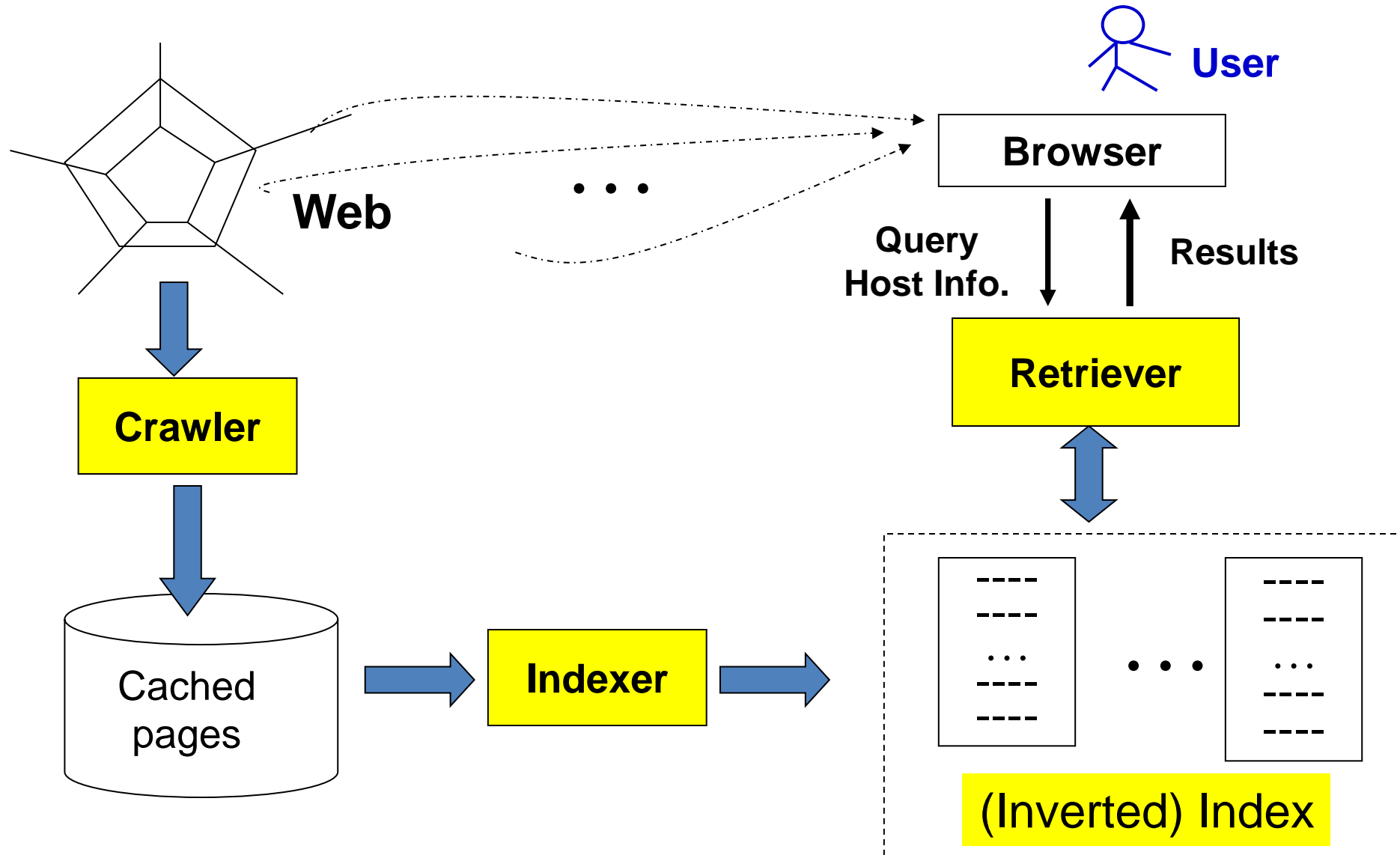
- New pages are constantly created and some pages may be updated very quickly

- Opportunities

- many additional heuristics (e.g., links) can be leveraged to improve search accuracy

→ Link analysis & multi-feature ranking

Basic Search Engine Technologies



Component I: Crawler/Spider/Robot

- Building a “toy crawler” is easy
 - Start with a set of “seed pages” in a priority queue
 - Fetch pages from the web
 - Parse fetched pages for hyperlinks; add them to the queue
 - Follow the hyperlinks in the queue
- A real crawler is much more complicated...
 - Robustness (server failure, trap, etc.)
 - Crawling courtesy (server load balance, robot exclusion, etc.)
 - Handling file types (images, PDF files, etc.)
 - URL extensions (cgi script, internal references, etc.)
 - Recognize redundant pages (identical and duplicates)
 - Discover “hidden” URLs (e.g., truncating a long URL)

Major Crawling Strategies

- Breadth-First is common (balance server load)
- Parallel crawling is natural
- Variation: focused crawling
 - Targeting at a subset of pages (e.g., all pages about “automobiles”)
 - Typically given a query
- How to find new pages (they may not linked to an old page!)
- Incremental/repeated crawling
 - Need to minimize resource overhead
 - Can learn from the past experience (updated daily vs. monthly)
 - Target at : 1) frequently updated pages; 2) frequently accessed pages

Summary

- Web search is one of the most important applications of text retrieval
 - New challenges: scalability, efficiency, quality of information
 - New opportunities: rich link information, layout, etc
- Crawler is an essential component of Web search applications
 - Initial crawling: complete vs. focused
 - Incremental crawling: resource optimization