

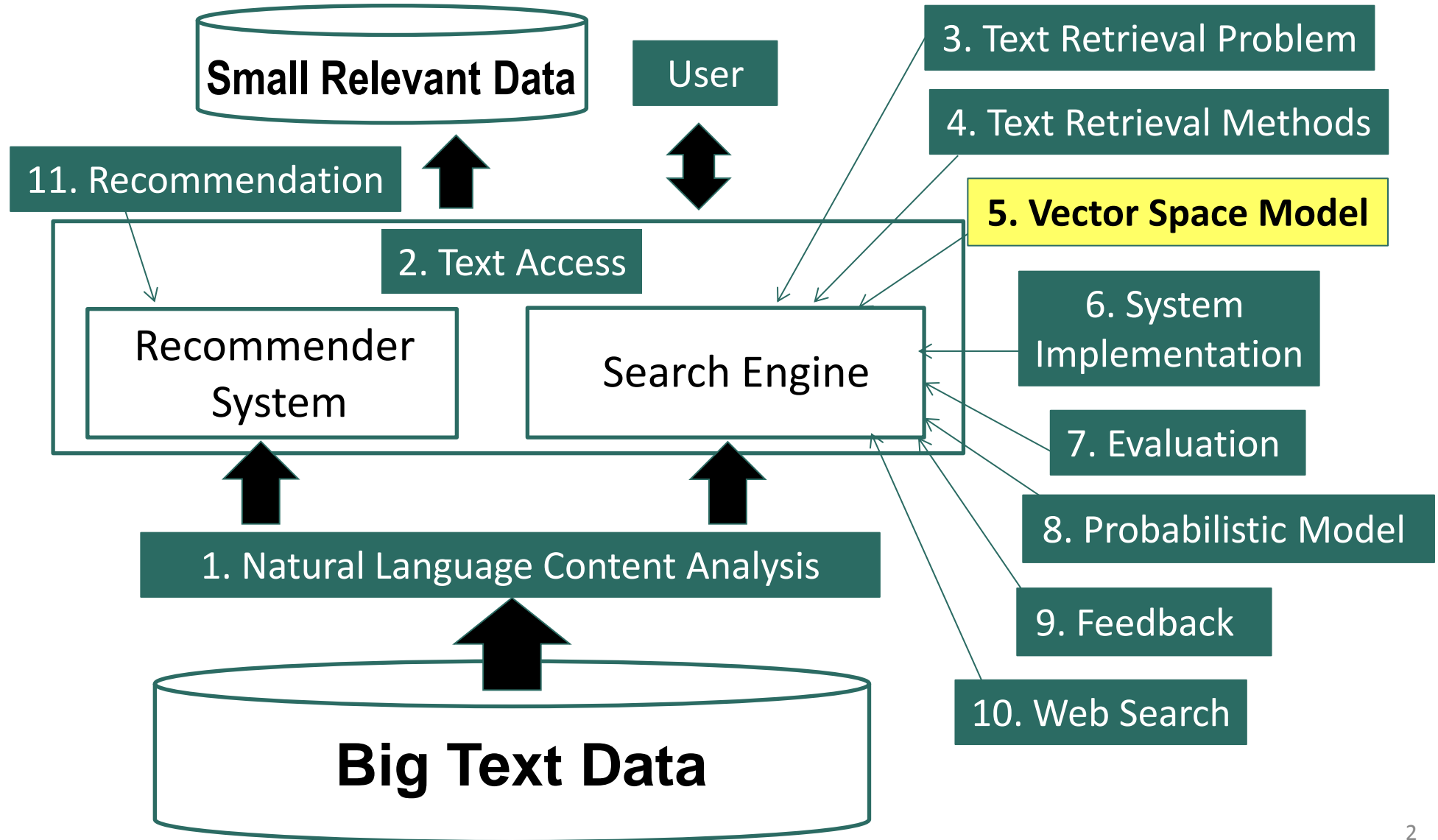


# Text Retrieval and Search Engines

## Vector Space Retrieval Model: Basic Idea

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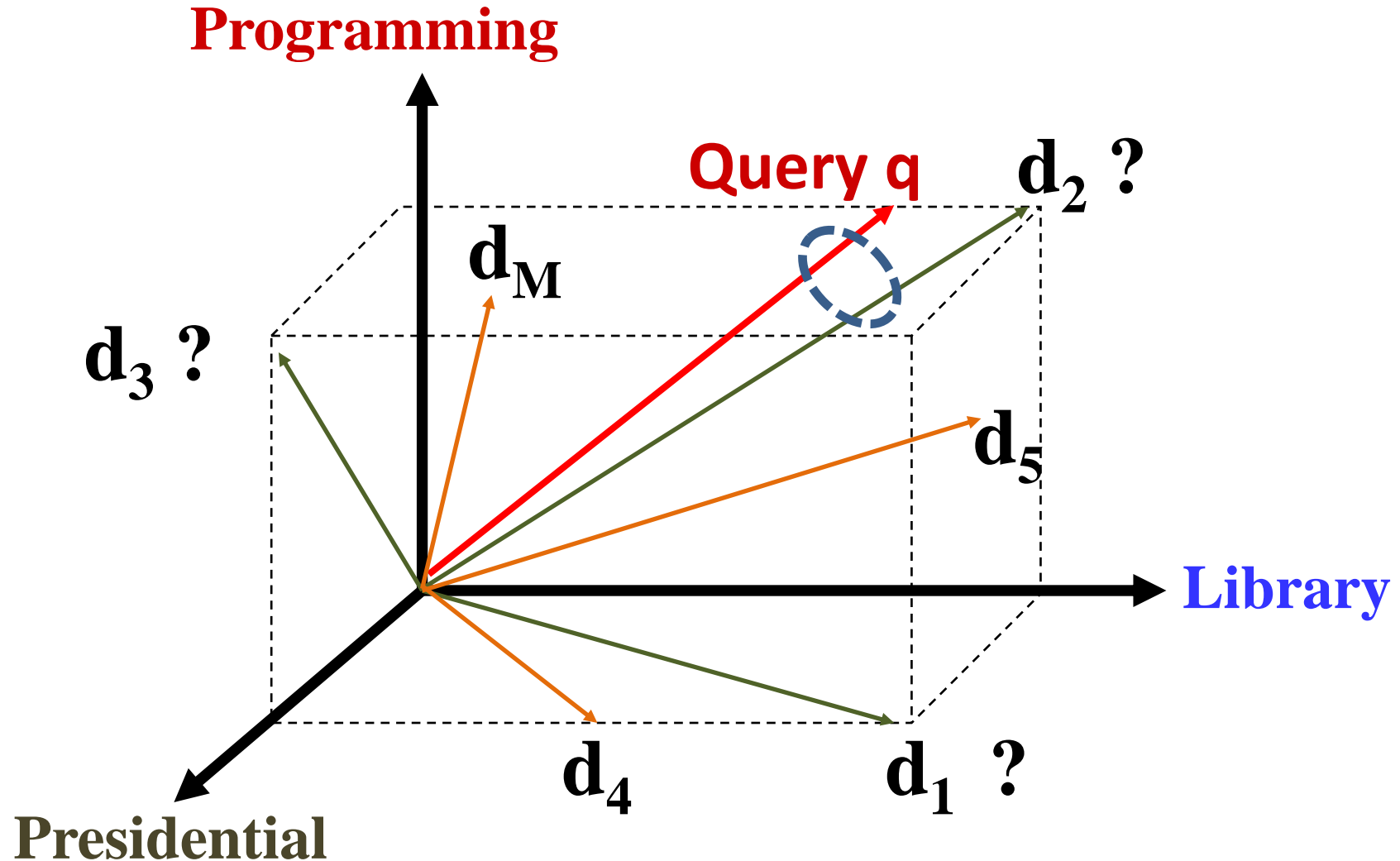
# Course Schedule



# Many Different Retrieval Models

- Similarity-based models:  $f(q,d) = \text{similarity}(q,d)$ 
  - Vector space model

# Vector Space Model (VSM): Illustration



# VSM Is a Framework

- Represent a doc/query by a term vector
  - **Term**: basic concept, e.g., word or phrase
  - Each term defines one dimension
  - N terms define an **N-dimensional space**
  - **Query** vector:  $\mathbf{q}=(x_1, \dots x_N)$ ,  $x_i \in \mathbb{R}$  is query term weight
  - **Doc** vector:  $\mathbf{d}=(y_1, \dots y_N)$ ,  $y_j \in \mathbb{R}$  is doc term weight
- $\text{relevance}(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{d}) \propto \text{similarity}(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{d}) = f(\mathbf{q}, \mathbf{d})$

# What VSM Doesn't Say

- How to define/select the “basic concept”
  - Concepts are assumed to be orthogonal
- How to place docs and query in the space (= how to assign term weights)
  - Term weight in query indicates importance of term
  - Term weight in doc indicates how well the term characterizes the doc
- How to define the similarity measure