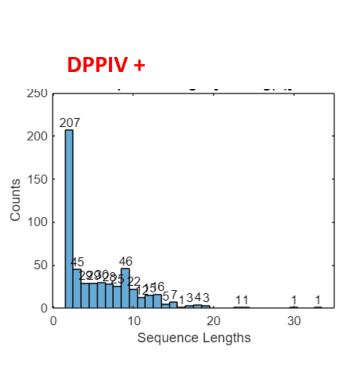
Fig S1: The bar plot of count of peptides at each sequence length for both classes—DPP-IV inhibitory (DPPIV +) and non-inhibitory (DPPIV -)—from the original dataset (Wang et al., 2024). DPPIV +

Sequenc e Length	Counts
2	207
3	45
4	29
5	29
6	30
7	28
8	25
9	46
10	22
11	12
12	15
13	<mark>16</mark>
14	5
15	7
16	1
17	3
18	4
19	3
23	1
24	1
30	1
33	1



Sequence Length	Counts
27	2
28	3
29	3
30	3
32	3
34	3
37	3
38	2
39	4
40	3
41	1
42	2
43	1
46	2
48	1
55	1
60	1
75	1
79	1
83	2
88	1
90	1

Length	Counts
<mark>5</mark>	<mark>54</mark>
6	43
7	16
8	9
9	8
10	14
11	10
12	25
13	14
14	13
15	96
16	21
17	23
18	25
19	8
20	67
21	15
22	9
23	4
24	12
25	2

Sequence

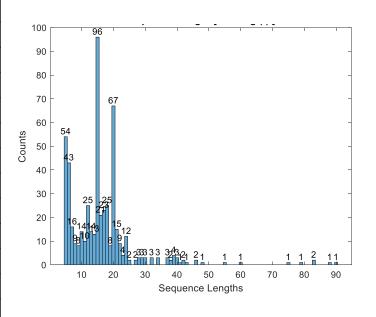


Fig S2: The peptide sequence length distribution from whole dataset (DPPIV +: 664; DPPIV -: 629)

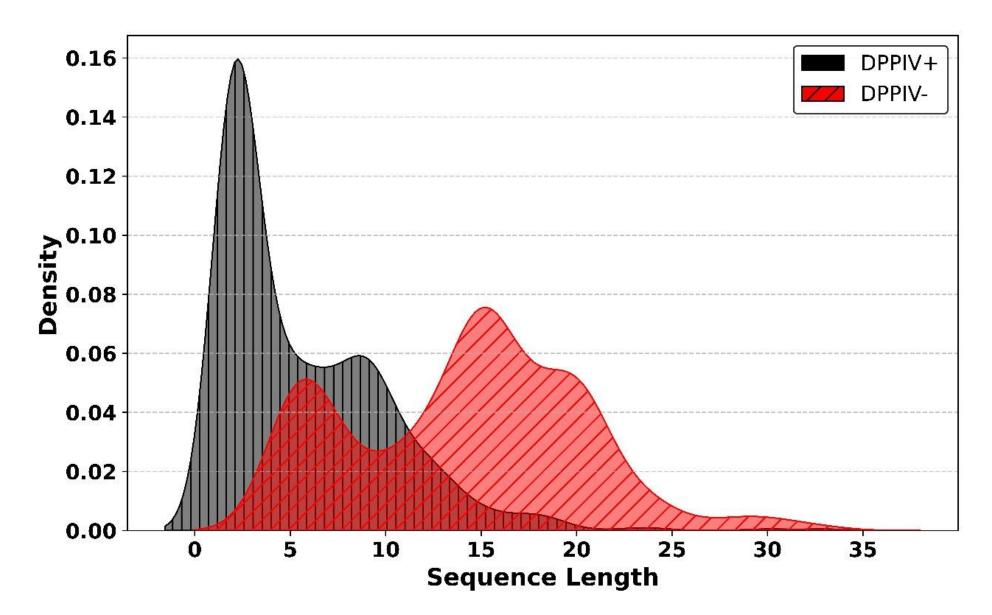
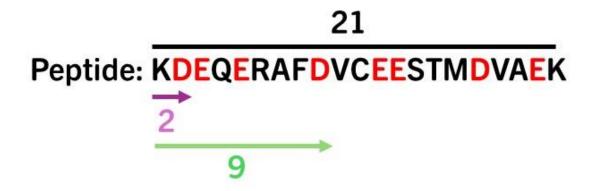


Fig S3: Illustration of the calculations of distribution descriptor (D) with a sample peptide sequence



The first residue of the negative charge class at the position from the N-terminal of the peptide sequence: 2/21 = 0.095

The 50% residue of the negative charge class: total no. of negative residue $x \cdot 0.5 = 8 \times 0.25 = 4$

The 50% residue of the negative charge class (2 residues) at the position from the N-terminal of the peptide sequence: 9/21 = 0.429

Residue = amino acid

Fig S4: CTD-C descriptor differences between DPPIV+ and DPPIN- classes

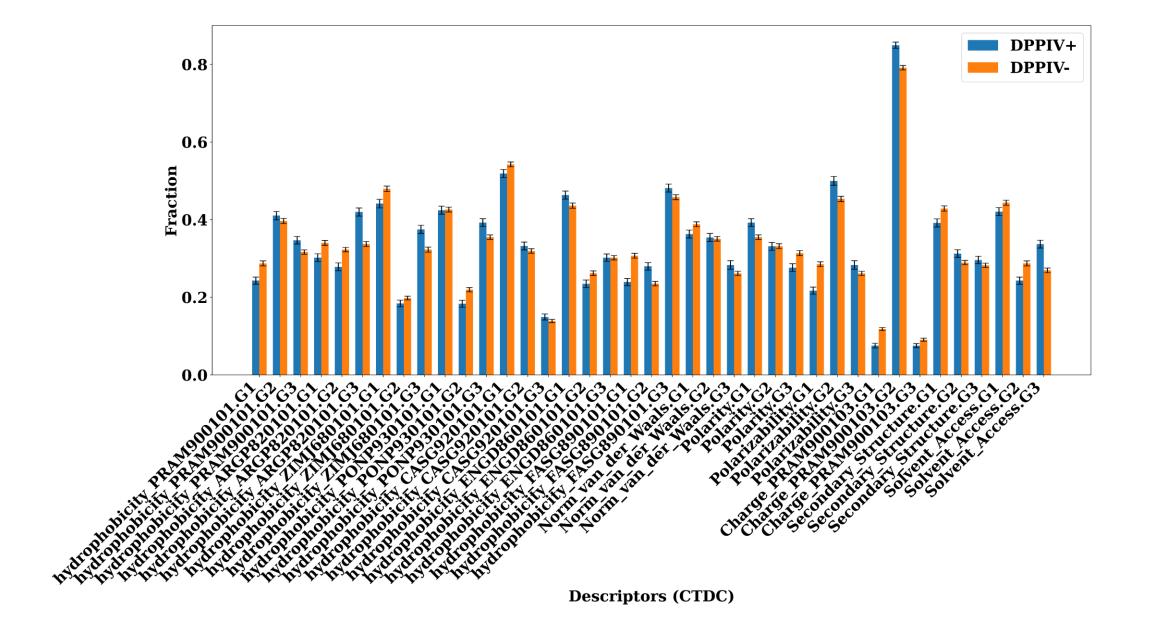


Fig S5: CTD-T descriptor differences between DPPIV+ and DPPIN- classes

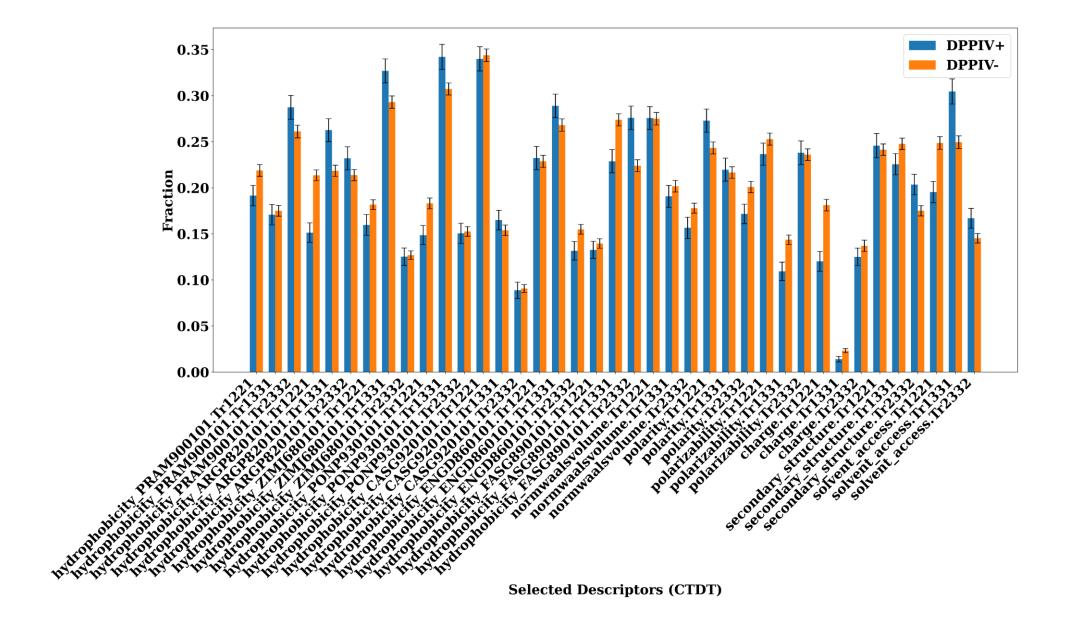


Fig S6: CTD-D descriptor differences between DPPIV+ and DPPIN- classes

