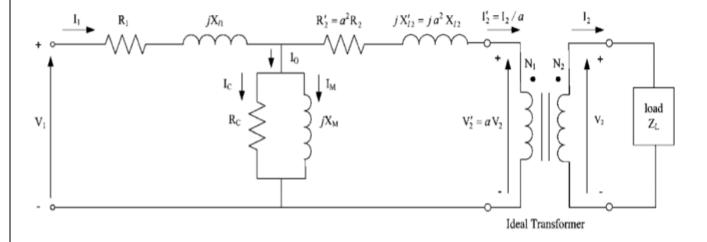
Title of the Exercise: Open and Short Circuit Test on Single Phase Transformer

Date: 25.10.2020

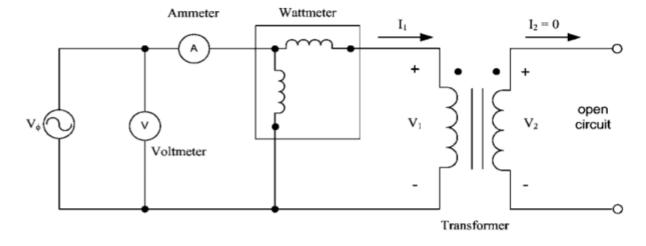
Aim: To perform open and short-circuited test on a two winding Transformer and find out equivalent circuit parameter as well as predetermination of efficiency under various loaded condition.

Tool used: MATLAB/Simscape Power System

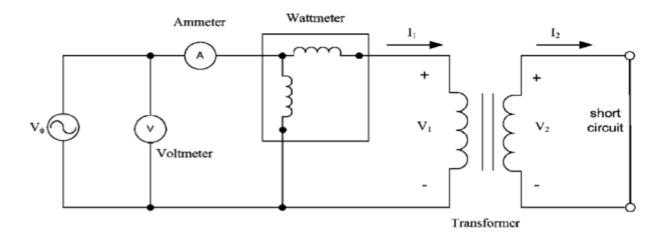
Electrical Circuit



Open Circuit Test



Short Circuit Test



Parameters used for the study

Transformer rating = 50KVA

 $V_1 = 2400 \text{ Volts}$ Primary Voltage in RMS $V_2 = 240 \text{ Volts}$ Secondary Voltage in RMS

f = 50Hz Frequency

 $R_1 = 0.7488 \text{ Ohms}$ Primary winding resistance $R_2 = 0.007488 \text{ Ohms}$ Secondary winding resistance $X_{11} = 1.00224 \text{ Ohms}$ Primary winding reactance $X_{12} - 0.0100224 \text{ Ohms}$ Secondary winding reactance

 $X_M = 5008 \text{ Ohms}$ Magnetizing reactance $R_C = 33,391 \text{ Ohms}$ Resistance for core losses

Theoretical Analysis:

For Open Circuit

$$\begin{aligned} |Y_E| &= G_c - jB_M = \frac{I_{oc}}{V_{oc}} \\ PF_{oc} &= cos\theta = \frac{P_{oc}}{V_{oc}I_{oc}} \\ G_c &= |Y_E|cos\theta, \ R_c = \frac{1}{G_c} \\ B_M &= |Y_E|sin\theta, \ X_M = \frac{1}{B_M} \end{aligned}$$

For Short Circuit

$$|Z_{eq}| = |Z_{sc}| = \frac{V_{sc}}{I_{sc}}$$

$$R_{eq} = R_{sc} = \frac{P_{sc}}{I_{sc}^2}$$

$$X_{eq} = X_{sc} = \sqrt{|Z_{eq}|^2 - R_{eq}^2}$$

$$R_{eq} = R_1 + a^2 R_2$$

$$X_{eq} = X_{11} + a^2 X_{12}$$

For predetermination of efficiency

Pc=Woc=Poc=Iron losses

Psc =full load copper losses

 $Wsc = {(IL/If)^2}*Psc = Pcu$

Wsc= copper losses at different loaded conditions

W_T= Pc+ Pcu-Total power losses

 $I_L = Load current$

I_F = Full load current

 $Cos\Phi = Power factor$

Efficiency = (Po/Pi)*100

Calculations (Predetermination)

 $I_{\rm f} = 207.4~A$ (From short circuit test) (Current at full load)

Woc = 174.3 W (From open circuit test) (Iron losses)

We calculate efficiency of transformer at different load current as 1,2.....10 and power factor as 1

$$\underline{At \ I_L = 1A}$$

 $Wsc = Pcu = \{(1/207.4)^2\}*644.2 = 0.0149 Watts$

Power output = $I_L * 240 = 1 * 240 = 240$ Watts

Total Power Loss = 174.3 + 0.0149 = 174.3149 Watts

Power Input = Power output + Total power loss

$$= 240 + 174.3149 = 414.3149$$

Efficiency = (240/414.3149)*100 % = 57.9269%

Therefore, efficiency of transformer at load current 1 is <u>57.92%</u>

At $I_L = 2A$

 $Wsc = Pcu = \{(2/207.4)^2\}*644.2 = 0.0599 Watts$

Power output = $I_L * 240 = 2 * 240 = 480$ Watts

Total Power Loss = 174.3 + 0.0599 = 174.3599 Watts

Power Input = Power output + Total power loss

$$=480+174.3599=654.3599$$

Efficiency = (480/654.3599)*100 % = 73.33541%

Therefore, efficiency of transformer at load current 1 is <u>73.35%</u>

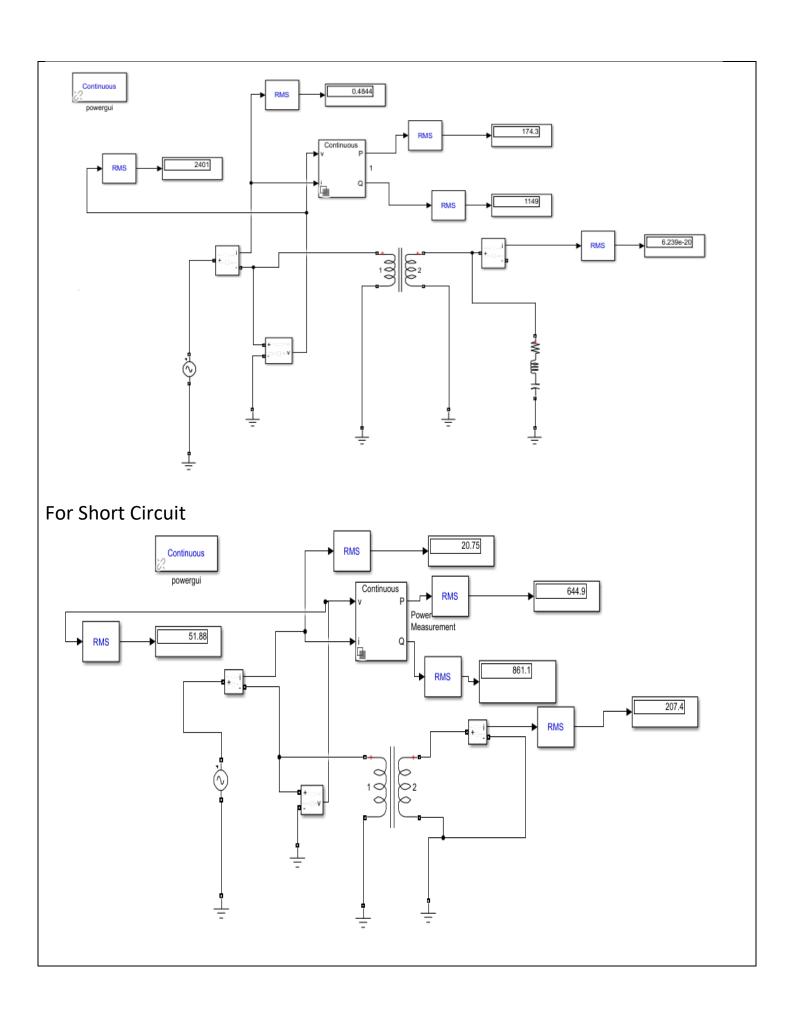
Now, similarly we can find efficiency for load current 3,4...10.

Procedure for simulation study

- Initialize the input parameters and write coding as per the requirement of plots in m file and save it.
- Open new Simulink and make mathematical modelling as per circuit diagram and save it.
- Run Simulink file and then run m file.
- Calculate the equivalent parameters and plot the necessary graphs.

Simulation Diagram and m. file coding

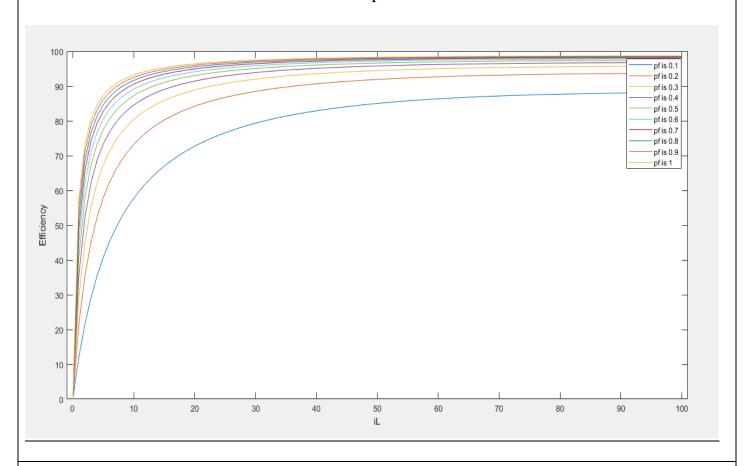
For Open Circuit



```
M file coding -
%Open Circuit
Poc = 174.3;
Voc = 2400;
Ioc = 0.4844;
PFoc=Poc/(Voc*Ioc);
%Short Circuit
Isc = 207.4;
Vsc = 51.9;
Psc = 644.2;
iL = (0:1:10);
pfi = (0.1:0.1:1);
for i = 1:10
   pf = pfi(i);
    Po = (240*iL)*pf;
    Wsc = ((iL/Isc).^2)*Psc;
    Wt = Wsc + Poc;
    Pi = Po + Wt;
    Eff = 100*(Po./Pi);
    plot(iL, eff);
    hold on
end
hold off
xlim([-1 101])
legend("pf is "+string((0.1:0.1:1)))
xlabel('iL');
ylabel('Efficiency');
```

Results and Discussions-

This section contains waveforms of different speed control characteristics.



Comparison (Observations)

S.No	Load	Constant	Copper	Total	O/P	I/P	%η
	Current(I _L)	Losses(W _{oc})	Losses(W _{sc})	Losses(W _T)	Power(w)	Power(w)	
1	1	174.3	0.0150	174.3150	240	414.3	57.9269
2	2	174.3	0.0599	174.3599	480	654.4	73.3541
3	3	174.3	0.1348	174.4348	720	894.4	80.4978
4	4	174.3	0.2396	174.5396	960	1134.5	84.6158
5	5	174.3	0.3744	174.6744	1200	1374.7	87.2934
6	6	174.3	0.5391	174.8391	1440	1614.8	89.1730
7	7	174.3	0.7338	175.0388	1680	1855.0	90.5644
8	8	174.3	0.9585	175.2585	1920	2095.3	91.6355
9	9	174.3	1.2131	175.5131	2160	2335.5	92.4850
10	10	174.3	1.4976	175.7976	2400	2575.8	93.1750

Conclusion:

Open circuit and short circuit test have been done and equivalent circuit parameter as well as predetermination of efficiency under various loaded condition has also been obtained.

Inference:

Our predetermined values match with the simulation value which are tabulated in above table.

References:

• https://in.mathworks.com/