

AB Testing Analysis (Facebook vs Adwords)

March 30, 2025

1 A/B Testing Analysis - Facebook VS Adword

Business Problem

Our marketing agency is focused on maximizing ROI for our client's advertising campaigns. To evaluate platform effectiveness, we have conducted two ad campaigns one on Facebook and another on AdWords. Our goal is to analyze which platform performs better in terms of clicks, conversions, and overall cost-efficiency. By determining the most effective option, we can optimize resource allocation and enhance our advertising strategies to drive better outcomes for our clients.

1.1 Importing Libraries and Dataset

```
[1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
import scipy.stats as stats
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
```

```
[2]: !wget 17Ux7Bj_nKYK0ac6DnruytjxPjzuEnKet
df = pd.read_csv('/content/A_B_testing_dataset.csv')
```

Downloading...

From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=17Ux7Bj_nKYK0ac6DnruytjxPjzuEnKet

To: /content/A_B_testing_dataset.csv

0% 0.00/93.2k [00:00<?, ?B/s] 100% 93.2k/93.2k [00:00<00:00, 64.1MB/s]

Dataset Description

- **date_of_campaign:** The date of each campaign, ranging from 2021 to 2024.
- **facebook_ad_campaign:** The name of the Facebook ad campaign.
- **facebook_ad_views:** The number of people who viewed the Facebook ad.
- **facebook_ad_clicks:** The number of people who clicked the Facebook ad after viewing it.
- **facebook_ad_conversions:** The number of people who became customers after clicking the Facebook ad.
- **facebook_cost_per_ad:** The cost (in USD \$) of running a Facebook ad.

- **facebook_ctr:** Facebook Click-Through Rate in % $\Rightarrow (\text{facebook_ad_clicks} / \text{facebook_ad_views}) \times 100$
- **facebook_conversion_rate:** Facebook conversion rate in % $\Rightarrow (\text{facebook_ad_conversions} / \text{facebook_ad_clicks}) \times 100$
- **facebook_cost_per_click:** Cost per click for Facebook ads (in USD \$) $\Rightarrow (\text{facebook_cost_per_ad} / \text{facebook_ad_clicks})$
- **adword_ad_campaign:** The name of the AdWords campaign.
- **adword_ad_views:** The number of people who viewed the AdWords ad.
- **adword_ad_clicks:** The number of people who clicked the AdWords ad after viewing it.
- **adword_ad_conversions:** The number of people who became customers after clicking the AdWords ad.
- **adword_cost_per_ad:** The cost (in USD) of running an AdWords ad.
- **adword_ctr:** AdWords Click-Through Rate in % (CTR) $\Rightarrow (\text{adword_ad_clicks} / \text{adword_ad_views}) \times 100$
- **adword_conversion_rate:** AdWords conversion rate in % $\Rightarrow (\text{adword_ad_conversions} / \text{adword_ad_clicks}) \times 100$
- **adword_cost_per_click:** Cost per click for AdWords ads (in USD \$) $\Rightarrow (\text{adword_cost_per_ad} / \text{adword_ad_clicks})$

```
[3]: df.head()
```

```
[3]:  date_of_campaign  facebook_ad_campaign  facebook_ad_views  \
0      2021-12-22      FACEBOOK AD      3172
1      2021-12-24      FACEBOOK AD      3211
2      2021-12-25      FACEBOOK AD      1936
3      2021-12-25      FACEBOOK AD      1194
4      2021-12-26      FACEBOOK AD      2479

      facebook_ad_clicks  facebook_ad_conversions  facebook_cost_per_ad  \
0              62              14              141
1              38              9              186
2              53              15              66
3              45              9              71
4              44              12              174

      facebook_ctr  facebook_conversion_rate  facebook_cost_per_click  \
0              1.95              22.58              2.27
1              1.18              23.68              4.89
2              2.74              28.30              1.25
3              3.77              20.00              1.58
4              1.77              27.27              3.95
```

	adword_ad_campaign	adword_ad_views	adword_ad_clicks	\
0	ADWORD AD	5754	64	
1	ADWORD AD	4954	73	
2	ADWORD AD	4702	38	
3	ADWORD AD	3718	58	
4	ADWORD AD	5562	63	

	adword_ad_conversions	adword_cost_per_ad	adword_ctr	\
0	9	177	1.11	
1	6	54	1.47	
2	9	187	0.81	
3	3	161	1.56	
4	4	162	1.13	

	adword_conversion_rate	adword_cost_per_click
0	14.06	2.77
1	8.22	0.74
2	23.68	4.92
3	5.17	2.78
4	6.35	2.57

```
[4]: df.shape
```

```
[4]: (1000, 17)
```

```
[5]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 1000 entries, 0 to 999
Data columns (total 17 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   date_of_campaign                      1000 non-null   object
1   facebook_ad_campaign                  1000 non-null   object
2   facebook_ad_views                     1000 non-null   int64
3   facebook_ad_clicks                   1000 non-null   int64
4   facebook_ad_conversions                1000 non-null   int64
5   facebook_cost_per_ad                  1000 non-null   int64
6   facebook_ctr                           1000 non-null   float64
7   facebook_conversion_rate               1000 non-null   float64
8   facebook_cost_per_click                1000 non-null   float64
9   adword_ad_campaign                     1000 non-null   object
10  adword_ad_views                        1000 non-null   int64
11  adword_ad_clicks                       1000 non-null   int64
12  adword_ad_conversions                  1000 non-null   int64
13  adword_cost_per_ad                     1000 non-null   int64
14  adword_ctr                             1000 non-null   float64
```

```

15  adword_conversion_rate    1000 non-null    float64
16  adword_cost_per_click    1000 non-null    float64
dtypes: float64(6), int64(8), object(3)
memory usage: 132.9+ KB

```

```
[6]: # checking duplicates
df.duplicated().sum()
```

```
[6]: 0
```

```
[7]: #changing datatype of date column
df['date_of_campaign'] = pd.to_datetime(df['date_of_campaign'])
```

```
[8]: df.describe().T
```

```
[8]:
```

	count	mean \
date_of_campaign	1000	2023-07-04 07:13:26.399999744
facebook_ad_views	1000.0	2152.031
facebook_ad_clicks	1000.0	44.196
facebook_ad_conversions	1000.0	11.975
facebook_cost_per_ad	1000.0	156.61
facebook_ctr	1000.0	2.28316
facebook_conversion_rate	1000.0	32.69608
facebook_cost_per_click	1000.0	4.3105
adword_ad_views	1000.0	4771.438
adword_ad_clicks	1000.0	60.128
adword_ad_conversions	1000.0	5.933
adword_cost_per_ad	1000.0	124.741
adword_ctr	1000.0	1.28095
adword_conversion_rate	1000.0	10.80751
adword_cost_per_click	1000.0	2.26554

	min	25% \
date_of_campaign	2021-12-22 00:00:00	2022-10-07 18:00:00
facebook_ad_views	1050.0	1600.25
facebook_ad_clicks	15.0	30.0
facebook_ad_conversions	5.0	8.0
facebook_cost_per_ad	60.0	110.0
facebook_ctr	0.49	1.3675
facebook_conversion_rate	6.85	18.0525
facebook_cost_per_click	0.96	2.3375
adword_ad_views	3715.0	4258.25
adword_ad_clicks	31.0	45.0
adword_ad_conversions	3.0	4.0
adword_cost_per_ad	50.0	86.0
adword_ctr	0.54	0.94
adword_conversion_rate	3.37	6.97

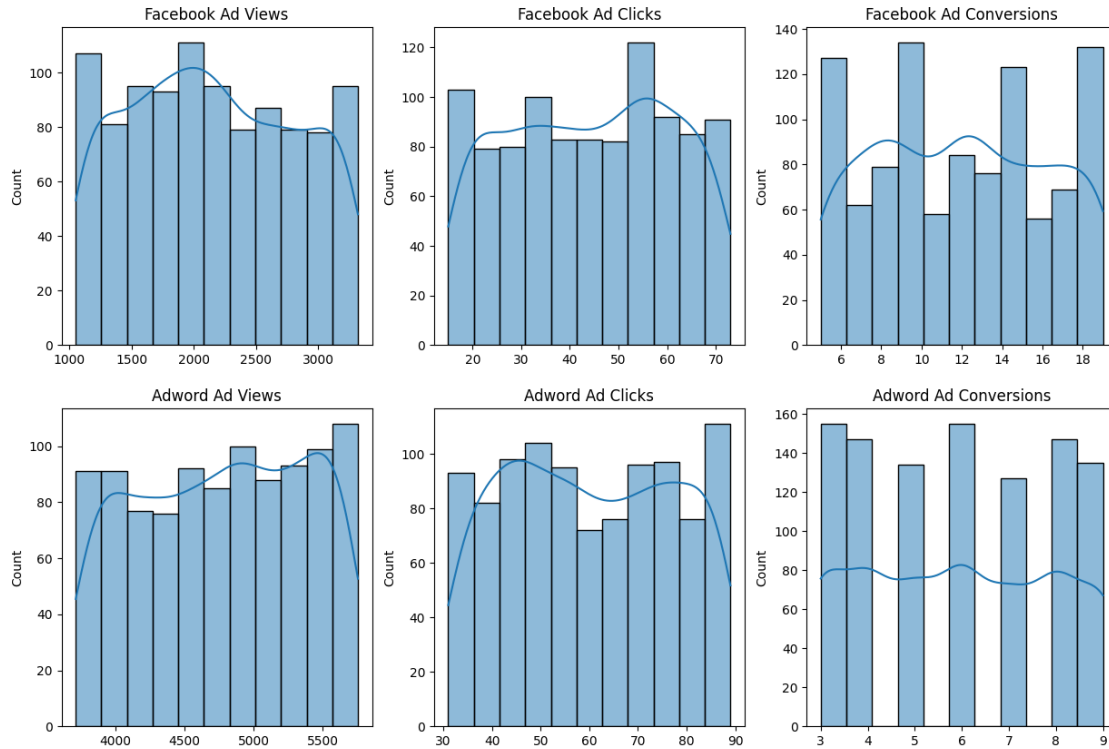
adword_cost_per_click	0.58	1.47
	50%	75% \
date_of_campaign	2023-07-20 12:00:00	2024-03-24 00:00:00
facebook_ad_views	2123.5	2706.25
facebook_ad_clicks	44.5	58.0
facebook_ad_conversions	12.0	16.0
facebook_cost_per_ad	156.0	205.0
facebook_ctr	2.07	2.9225
facebook_conversion_rate	27.12	41.88
facebook_cost_per_click	3.6	5.61
adword_ad_views	4808.5	5300.75
adword_ad_clicks	60.0	75.0
adword_ad_conversions	6.0	8.0
adword_cost_per_ad	124.0	163.0
adword_ctr	1.26	1.57
adword_conversion_rate	9.72	13.485
adword_cost_per_click	2.03	2.8025
	max	std
date_of_campaign	2024-12-20 00:00:00	NaN
facebook_ad_views	3320.0	661.982166
facebook_ad_clicks	73.0	16.833328
facebook_ad_conversions	19.0	4.298471
facebook_cost_per_ad	250.0	54.918904
facebook_ctr	6.86	1.2067
facebook_conversion_rate	118.75	20.570796
facebook_cost_per_click	16.53	2.751582
adword_ad_views	5754.0	598.647684
adword_ad_clicks	89.0	17.047822
adword_ad_conversions	9.0	2.011606
adword_cost_per_ad	200.0	43.809053
adword_ctr	2.37	0.402492
adword_conversion_rate	29.03	5.205133
adword_cost_per_click	6.19	1.101846

- Average Click through rate of Facebook is 2.28%
- Average Conversion rate of Facebook is 32.7%
- Average Click through rate of Adwords is 1.28%
- Average Conversion rate of Adwords is 10.8%

1.2 Ad campaign performance comparision

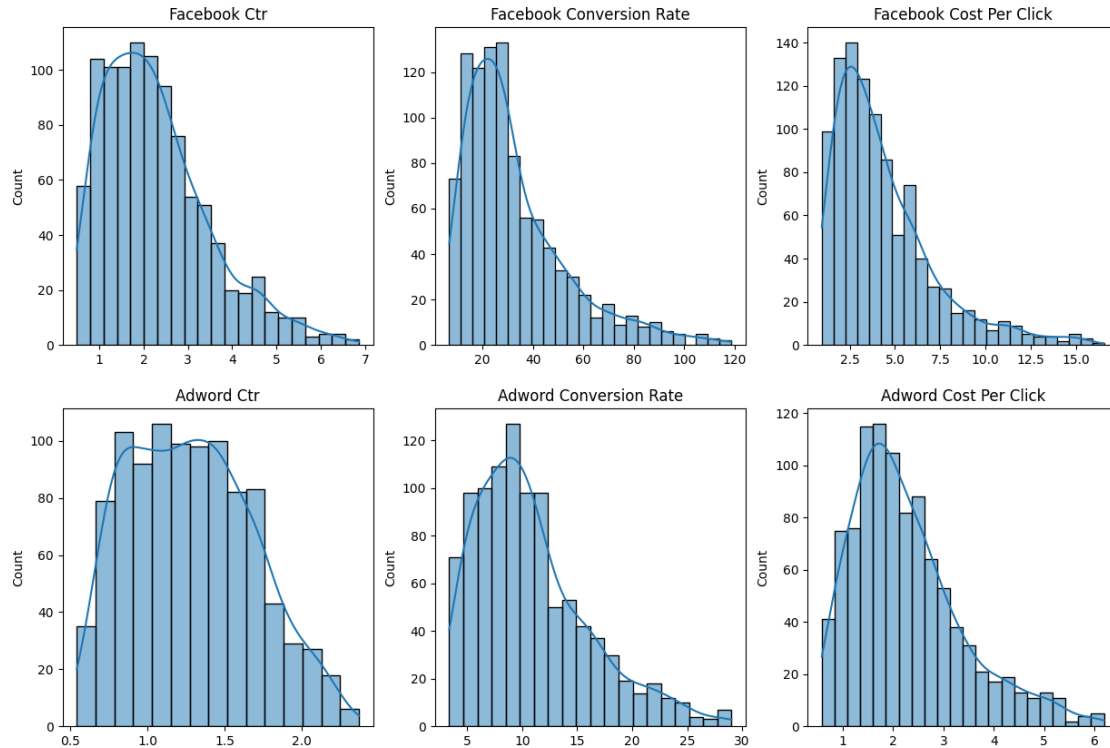
```
[9]: cols = ['facebook_ad_views', 'facebook_ad_clicks', 'facebook_ad_conversions',
           ↪ 'adword_ad_views', 'adword_ad_clicks', 'adword_ad_conversions']
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
for i in cols:
```

```
plt.subplot(2,3,cols.index(i)+1)
plt.title(i.replace('_', ' ').title())
sns.histplot(df[i], kde=True)
plt.xlabel('')
```



Seems like views, clicks and conversions of both the ad platforms are evenly distributed with no outliers but has variance.

```
[10]: cols = ['facebook_ctr', 'facebook_conversion_rate', 'facebook_cost_per_click', 'adword_ctr', 'adword_conversion_rate', 'adword_cost_per_click']
plt.figure(figsize=(15,10))
for i in cols:
    plt.subplot(2,3,cols.index(i)+1)
    plt.title(i.replace('_', ' ').title())
    sns.histplot(df[i], kde=True)
    plt.xlabel('')
```



We can see that CTR, Conversion rates and Cost per clicks of both platforms are right skewed having outliers.

1.2.1 Conversions comparison

```
[11]: def conersion_category(x):
        if x < 6:
            return '0-5'
        elif x < 11:
            return '6-10'
        elif x < 16:
            return '11-15'
        elif x < 21:
            return '16-20'
        else:
            return '20+'
```

```
[12]: df['facebook_ad_conversions'].apply(lambda x: conersion_category(x)).
        ↪value_counts().reset_index()
```

```
[12]: facebook_ad_conversions  count
0                11-15      341
1                6-10      337
```

2	16-20	257
3	0-5	65

```
[13]: df['adword_ad_conversions'].apply(lambda x: conersion_category(x)).
      ↪value_counts().reset_index()
```

```
[13]: adword_ad_conversions  count
0          6-10          564
1          0-5           436
```

```
[14]: fb_conversions = df['facebook_ad_conversions'].apply(lambda x:
      ↪conersion_category(x)).value_counts().reset_index()
fb_conversions = fb_conversions.rename(columns={'facebook_ad_conversions':
      ↪'category', 'count': 'Facebook'})
adw_conversions = df['adword_ad_conversions'].apply(lambda x:
      ↪conersion_category(x)).value_counts().reset_index()
adw_conversions = adw_conversions.rename(columns={'adword_ad_conversions':
      ↪'category', 'count': 'AdWords'})
ad_conversions_category = pd.merge(fb_conversions, adw_conversions,
      ↪how='outer', on='category')
ad_conversions_category
```

```
[14]: category  Facebook  AdWords
0      0-5          65      436.0
1     11-15         341         NaN
2     16-20         257         NaN
3      6-10         337      564.0
```

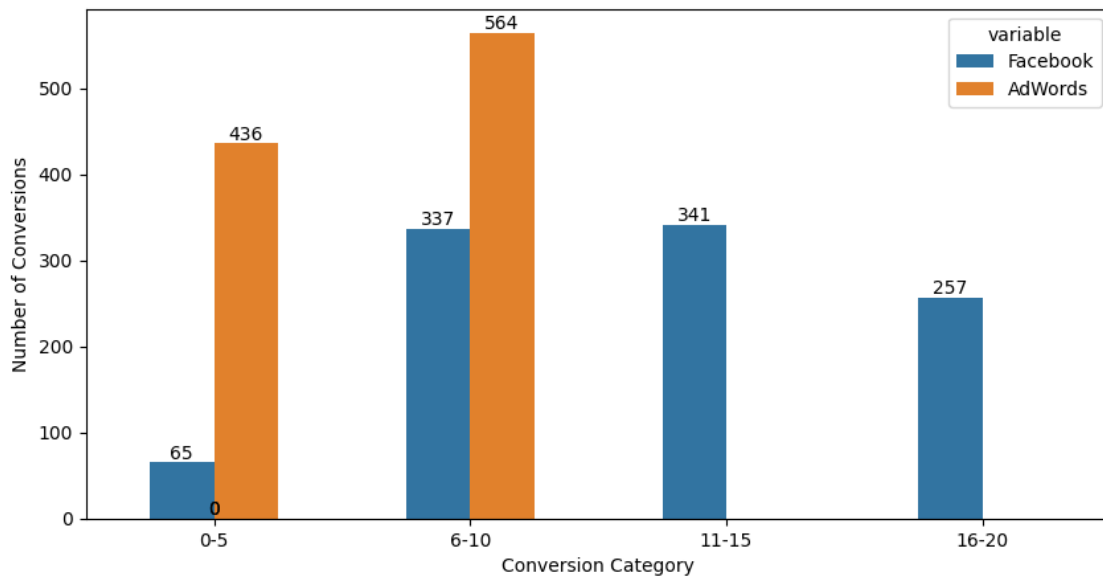
```
[15]: ad_conversions_category = ad_conversions_category.reindex([0,3,1,2]).
      ↪reset_index(drop=True)
ad_conversions_category
```

```
[15]: category  Facebook  AdWords
0      0-5          65      436.0
1      6-10         337      564.0
2     11-15         341         NaN
3     16-20         257         NaN
```

```
[51]: plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
g = sns.barplot(data=ad_conversions_category.melt(id_vars=['category'],
      ↪value_vars=['Facebook', 'AdWords']),
      x='category', y='value', hue='variable', width=0.5)
plt.ylabel('Number of Conversions')
plt.xlabel('Conversion Category')
for p in g.patches:
    g.text(p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2, p.get_height(), f'{p.get_height():.
      ↪0f}', ha='center', va='bottom')
```



```
plt.show()
```



- This data shows that Facebook has high more high-conversion days than Adwords.
- There is a significant variance in the number of high-conversion days between two platforms.
- Adwords has conversions of 10 or below in each day where as Facebook has 20 or below.

1.2.2 Which platform has higher conversion rates?

```
[17]: df[['facebook_conversion_rate', 'adword_conversion_rate']].mean()
```

```
[17]: facebook_conversion_rate    32.69608  
adword_conversion_rate         10.80751  
dtype: float64
```

- **Null Hypothesis:** Both Facebook and AdWords have same average conversion rates
- **Alternate Hypothesis:** Facebook has higher average conversion rates than AdWords

```
[18]: H0 = 'Both Facebook and AdWords have same average conversion rates'  
Ha = 'Facebook has higher average conversion rates than AdWords'  
alpha = 0.05  
  
t_stat, p_val = stats.ttest_ind(df['facebook_conversion_rate'],  
                                df['adword_conversion_rate'], equal_var=False, alternative='greater')  
  
print(f't-statistic: {t_stat}')  
print(f'p-value: {p_val}\n')  
  
if p_val < alpha:
```

```

print('Result: Reject Null Hypothesis')
print(Ha)
else:
    print('Result: Failed to reject Null Hypothesis')
    print(H0)

```

t-statistic: 32.62045547744514
p-value: 3.5580132532960424e-165

Result: Reject Null Hypothesis
Facebook has higher average conversion rates than AdWords

1.2.3 Which platform has lesser cost per click?

```
[19]: df[['facebook_cost_per_click', 'adword_cost_per_click']].mean()
```

```
[19]: facebook_cost_per_click    4.31050
adword_cost_per_click          2.26554
dtype: float64
```

- **Null Hypothesis:** Both Facebook and AdWords have same average Cost per click
- **Alternate Hypothesis:** Adword has lesser average Cost per click than Facebook

```
[20]: H0 = 'Both Facebook and AdWords have same average Cost per click'
Ha = 'Adword has lesser average Cost per click than Facebook'
alpha = 0.05

t_stat, p_val = stats.ttest_ind(df['adword_cost_per_click'],
                                df['facebook_cost_per_click'], equal_var=False, alternative='less')

print(f't-statistic: {t_stat}')
print(f'p-value: {p_val}\n')

if p_val < alpha:
    print('Result: Reject Null Hypothesis')
    print(Ha)
else:
    print('Result: Failed to reject Null Hypothesis')
    print(H0)

```

t-statistic: -21.81761965852683
p-value: 1.3950540029254255e-90

Result: Reject Null Hypothesis
Adword has lesser average Cost per click than Facebook

1.2.4 Which platform has higher views?

```
[21]: df[['facebook_ad_views', 'adword_ad_views']].mean()
```

```
[21]: facebook_ad_views    2152.031
      adword_ad_views      4771.438
      dtype: float64
```

- **Null Hypothesis:** Both Facebook and AdWords have same average views
- **Alternate Hypothesis:** Adword has more average views than Facebook

```
[22]: H0 = 'Both Facebook and AdWords have same average views'
      Ha = 'Adword has more average views than Facebook'
      alpha = 0.05

      t_stat, p_val = stats.ttest_ind(df['adword_ad_views'], df['facebook_ad_views'],
      equal_var=False, alternative='greater')

      print(f't-statistic: {t_stat}')
      print(f'p-value: {p_val}\n')

      if p_val < alpha:
          print('Result: Reject Null Hypothesis')
          print(Ha)
      else:
          print('Result: Failed to reject Null Hypothesis')
          print(H0)
```

```
t-statistic: 92.80748119475
p-value: 0.0
```

```
Result: Reject Null Hypothesis
Adword has more average views than Facebook
```

1.2.5 Which platform has higher ctr (user engagement)?

```
[23]: df[['facebook_ctr', 'adword_ctr']].mean()
```

```
[23]: facebook_ctr    2.28316
      adword_ctr      1.28095
      dtype: float64
```

- **Null Hypothesis:** Both Facebook and AdWords have same average CTRs
- **Alternate Hypothesis:** Facebook has higher average CTR than AdWords

```
[24]: H0 = 'Both Facebook and AdWords have same average CTRs'
      Ha = 'Facebook has higher average CTR than AdWords'
      alpha = 0.05
```

```

t_stat, p_val = stats.ttest_ind(df['facebook_ctr'], df['adword_ctr'],
    equal_var=False, alternative='greater')

print(f't-statistic: {t_stat}')
print(f'p-value: {p_val}\n')

if p_val < alpha:
    print('Result: Reject Null Hypothesis')
    print(Ha)
else:
    print('Result: Failed to reject Null Hypothesis')
    print(H0)

```

t-statistic: 24.914527350282636

p-value: 2.244609815844214e-111

Result: Reject Null Hypothesis

Facebook has higher average CTR than AdWords

1.2.6 Which platform has high Return on Ad Spend?

```

[25]: df['facebook_total_spend'] = df['facebook_cost_per_click'] *
    df['facebook_ad_clicks']
df['adword_total_spend'] = df['adword_cost_per_click'] * df['adword_ad_clicks']

# Assume average revenue per conversion
avg_revenue_per_conversion = 50

df['facebook_revenue'] = df['facebook_ad_conversions'] *
    avg_revenue_per_conversion
df['adword_revenue'] = df['adword_ad_conversions'] * avg_revenue_per_conversion

fb_roas = df['facebook_revenue'].sum() / df['facebook_total_spend'].sum()
adw_roas = df['adword_revenue'].sum() / df['adword_total_spend'].sum()

print(f"Facebook ROAS: {fb_roas:.2f}")
print(f"AdWords ROAS: {adw_roas:.2f}\n")

if fb_roas > adw_roas:
    print('Facebook has higher ROAS than Adwords')
else:
    print('Adwords has higher ROAS than Facebook')

```

Facebook ROAS: 3.82

AdWords ROAS: 2.38

Facebook has higher ROAS than Adwords

1.2.7 Which platform has lower Cost Per Acquisition?

```
[26]: fb_cpa = df['facebook_total_spend'].sum() / df['facebook_ad_conversions'].sum()
      adw_cpa = df['adword_total_spend'].sum() / df['adword_ad_conversions'].sum()

      print(f"Facebook CPA: {fb_cpa:.2f}")
      print(f"AdWords CPA: {adw_cpa:.2f}\n")

      if fb_cpa < adw_cpa:
          print('Facebook has lower CPA than Adwords')
      else:
          print('Adwords has lower CPA than Facebook')
```

Facebook CPA: 13.08

AdWords CPA: 21.03

Facebook has lower CPA than Adwords

1.2.8 Comparison of Facebook vs AdWords

```
[27]: metrics = ['Conversion Rate', 'CTR', 'CPC', 'ROAS', 'CPA']
      facebook_values = [df['facebook_conversion_rate'].mean(), df['facebook_ctr'].
      ↪mean(),
      df['facebook_cost_per_click'].mean(), fb_roas, fb_cpa]

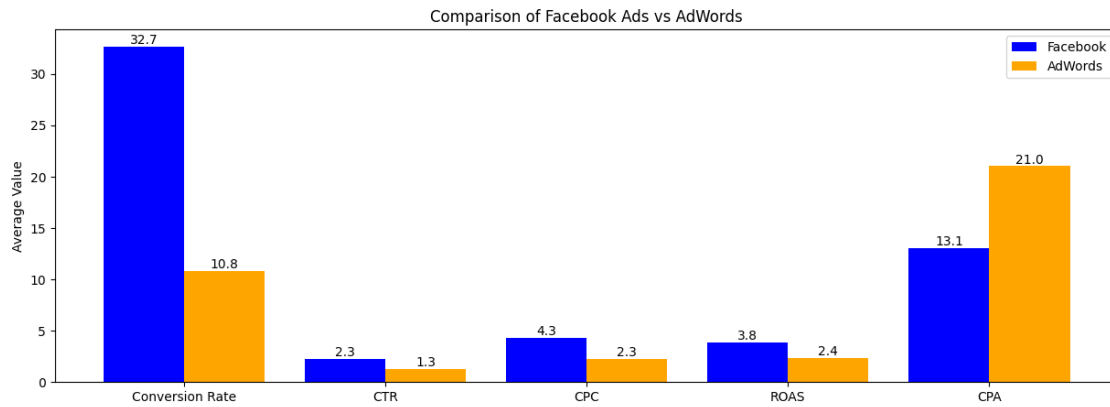
      adword_values = [df['adword_conversion_rate'].mean(), df['adword_ctr'].mean(),
      df['adword_cost_per_click'].mean(), adw_roas, adw_cpa]

      x = range(len(metrics))

      plt.figure(figsize=(15, 5))
      p1 = plt.bar(x, facebook_values, width=0.4, label='Facebook', align='center',
      ↪color='blue')
      for p in p1:
          plt.text(p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2, p.get_height(), f'{p.get_height():.
          ↪1f}', ha='center', va='bottom')
      p2 = plt.bar([i + 0.4 for i in x], adword_values, width=0.4, label='AdWords',
      ↪align='center', color='orange')
      for p in p2:
          plt.text(p.get_x() + p.get_width() / 2, p.get_height(), f'{p.get_height():.
          ↪1f}', ha='center', va='bottom')

      plt.xticks([i + 0.2 for i in x], metrics)
      plt.ylabel('Average Value')
      plt.title('Comparison of Facebook Ads vs AdWords')
```

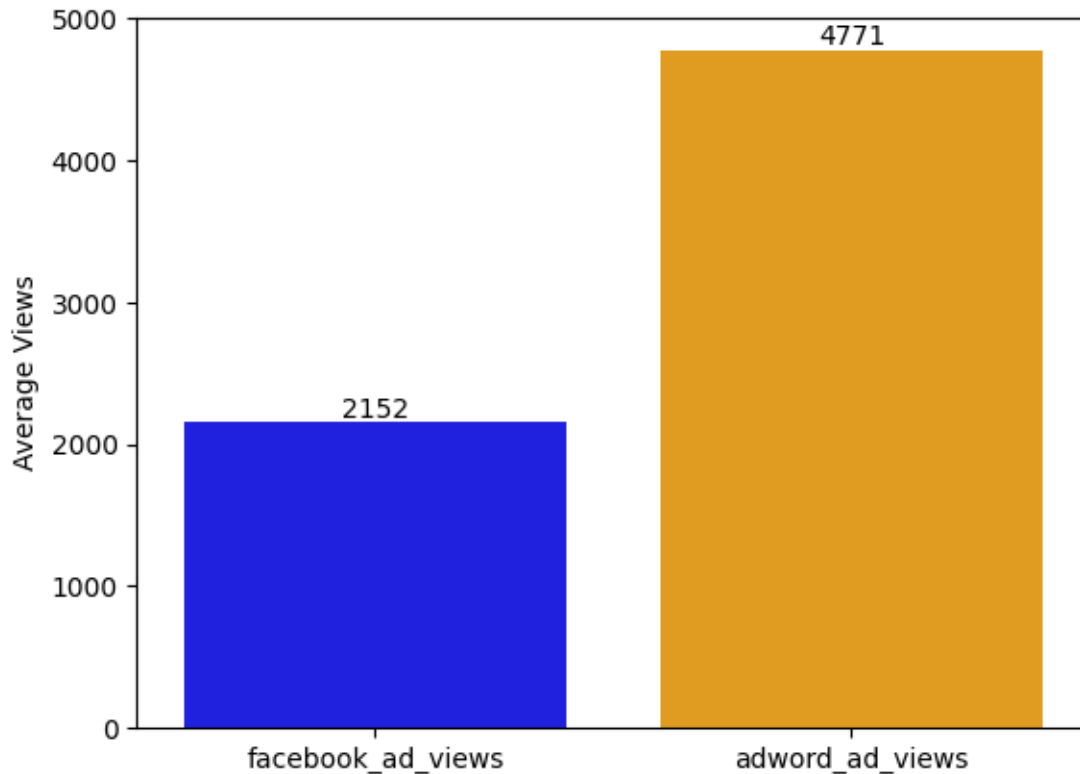
```
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
[28]: views = df[['facebook_ad_views', 'adword_ad_views']].mean().
      ↪reset_index(name='avg_value')
views = views.rename(columns={'index':'platform'})
views
```

```
[28]:      platform  avg_value
0  facebook_ad_views    2152.031
1    adword_ad_views    4771.438
```

```
[50]: p = sns.barplot(data=views, x='platform', y='avg_value', palette =['blue', 'orange'])
      for i in p.patches:
          p.text(i.get_x() + i.get_width() / 2, i.get_height(), f'{i.get_height():.0f}', ha='center', va='bottom')
plt.xlabel('')
plt.ylabel('Average Views')
plt.show()
```



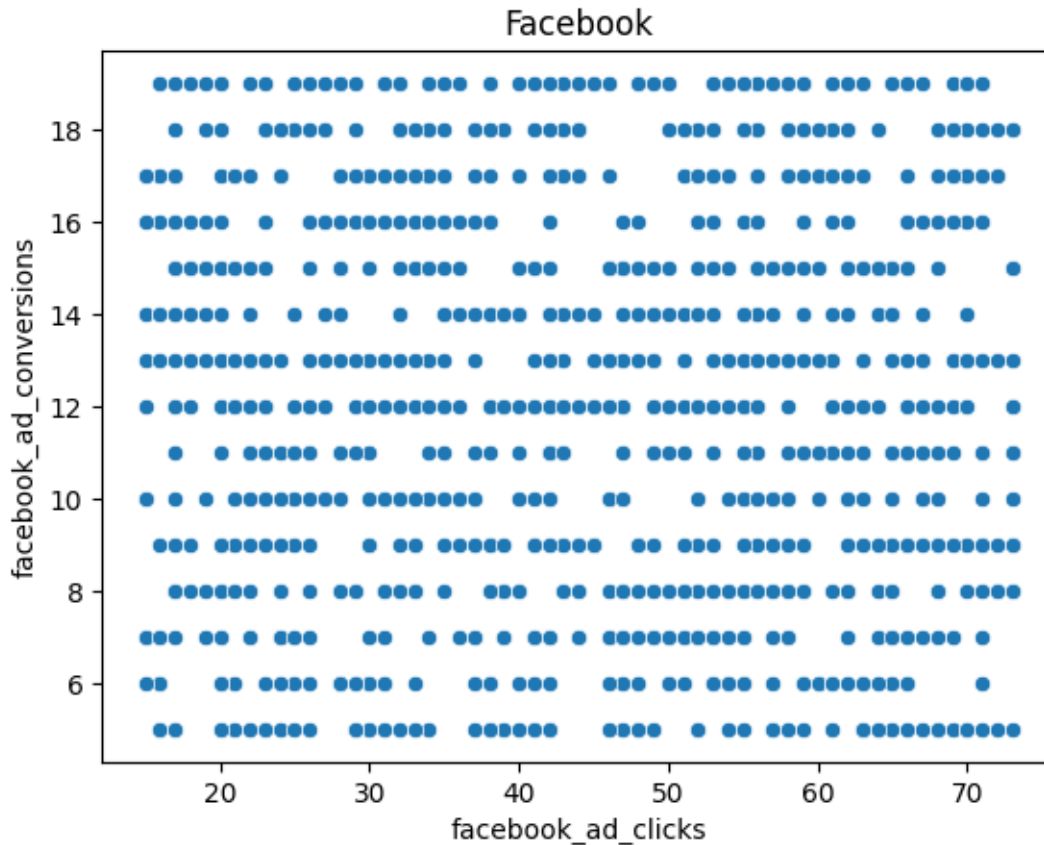
We found that - Facebook has higher average Conversion Rates than AdWords - Facebook has higher average Click Through Rates (CTR) than AdWords - Adword has lesser average Cost per Click than Facebook - Adword has more average Views than Facebook - Facebook has higher Return on Ad Spend (ROAS) than Adwords - Facebook has lower Cost Per Acquisition (CPA) than Adwords

So we can say that - Facebook is more efficient in terms of Conversion Rate, CTR, ROAS, and CPA. - AdWords is more cost-effective per click and gets more views, but conversions are lower.

If our goal is to increase brand awareness then we can invest in AdWords, but here we are looking for a platform which is better in terms of clicks, conversions, and overall cost-efficiency. So we are choosing Facebook.

1.3 Facebook platform Clicks to Conversion analysis

```
[30]: sns.scatterplot(data=df, x='facebook_ad_clicks', y='facebook_ad_conversions')  
      plt.title('Facebook')  
      plt.show()
```



Seems like there is no correlation between number of clicks and number of conversions.

```
[31]: df[['facebook_ad_clicks', 'facebook_ad_conversions']].corr()
```

```
[31]:
```

	facebook_ad_clicks	facebook_ad_conversions
facebook_ad_clicks	1.000000	-0.005009
facebook_ad_conversions	-0.005009	1.000000

Facebook has a very weak negative correlation of -0.005 which states that number of clicks are not impacting the conversions.

1.4 Facebook campaign metrics analysis over time

```
[60]: fb_df = df[['date_of_campaign', 'facebook_ad_views', 'facebook_ad_clicks',
↪ 'facebook_ad_conversions', 'facebook_ctr', 'facebook_conversion_rate',
↪ 'facebook_cost_per_ad', 'facebook_total_spend']]
fb_df['month'] = fb_df['date_of_campaign'].dt.month_name()
fb_df['day'] = fb_df['date_of_campaign'].dt.day_name()
fb_df.head()
```



```
[60]:
```

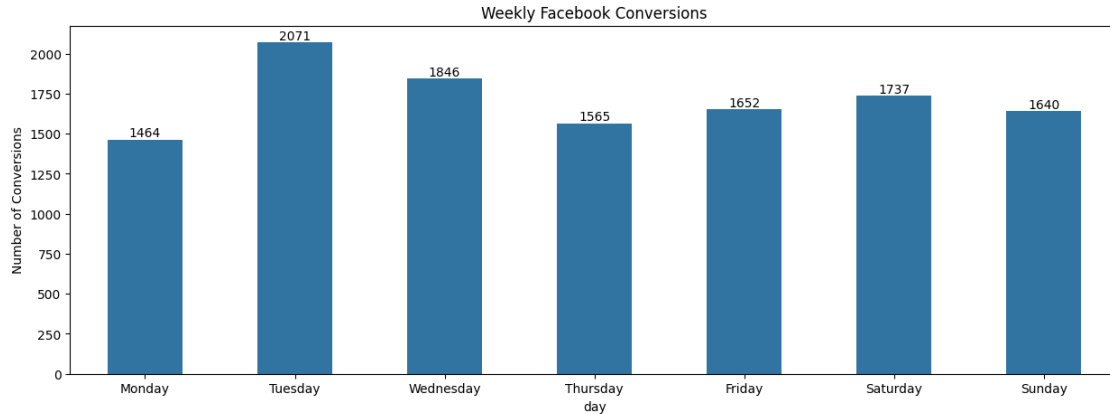
	date_of_campaign	facebook_ad_views	facebook_ad_clicks	\
0	2021-12-22	3172	62	
1	2021-12-24	3211	38	
2	2021-12-25	1936	53	
3	2021-12-25	1194	45	
4	2021-12-26	2479	44	

	facebook_ad_conversions	facebook_ctr	facebook_conversion_rate	\
0	14	1.95	22.58	
1	9	1.18	23.68	
2	15	2.74	28.30	
3	9	3.77	20.00	
4	12	1.77	27.27	

	facebook_cost_per_ad	facebook_total_spend	month	day
0	141	140.74	December	Wednesday
1	186	185.82	December	Friday
2	66	66.25	December	Saturday
3	71	71.10	December	Saturday
4	174	173.80	December	Sunday

1.4.1 Weekly Conversions

```
[61]: days = ['Monday', 'Tuesday', 'Wednesday', 'Thursday', 'Friday', 'Saturday',
             ↪ 'Sunday']
weekly_fb_conversions = fb_df.groupby('day')[['facebook_ad_conversions']].sum()
weekly_fb_conversions = weekly_fb_conversions.reindex(days).reset_index()
plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
p = sns.barplot(data=weekly_fb_conversions, x='day',
             ↪ y='facebook_ad_conversions', width=0.5)
for i in p.patches:
    p.text(i.get_x() + i.get_width() / 2, i.get_height(), f'{i.get_height():.
             ↪ 0f}', ha='center', va='bottom')
plt.title('Weekly Facebook Conversions')
plt.ylabel('Number of Conversions')
plt.show()
```



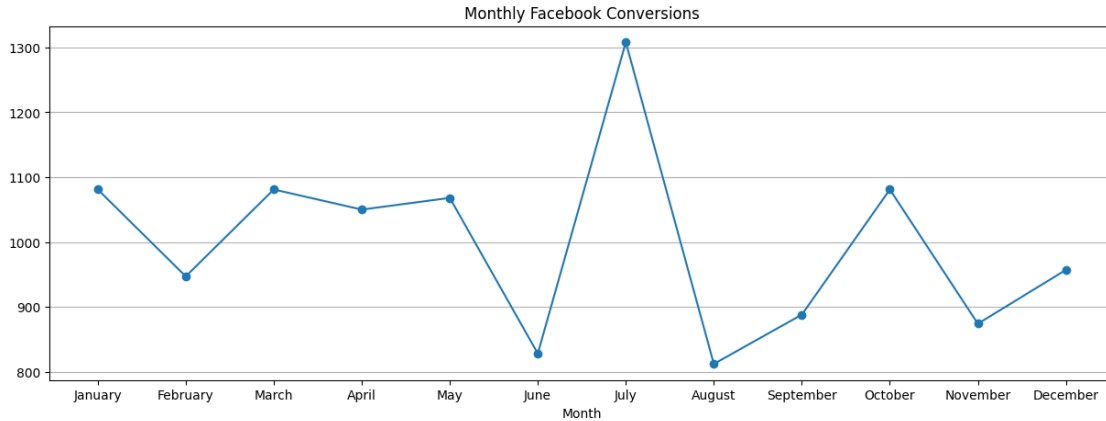
Tuesdays exhibit high conversion compared to others.

1.4.2 Monthly Conversion

```
[62]: months = ['January', 'February', 'March', 'April', 'May', 'June', 'July',
    ↪ 'August', 'September', 'October', 'November', 'December']
monthly_fb_conversions = fb_df.groupby('month')[['facebook_ad_conversions']].
    ↪sum()
monthly_fb_conversions = monthly_fb_conversions.reindex(months).reset_index()
monthly_fb_conversions
```

```
[62]:      month  facebook_ad_conversions
0    January                1081
1  February                 947
2    March                 1081
3    April                 1050
4     May                 1068
5     June                 828
6     July                 1308
7   August                 812
8  September                 888
9   October                 1081
10 November                 874
11  December                 957
```

```
[63]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
plt.plot(monthly_fb_conversions['month'],
    ↪monthly_fb_conversions['facebook_ad_conversions'], marker='o')
plt.title('Monthly Facebook Conversions')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.grid(axis='y')
plt.show()
```



There are noticeable variations in Facebook ad conversions, with a peak in July (~1300 conversions) and dips in June, August, and November, indicating possible seasonal trends, campaign effectiveness, or external factors impacting engagement.

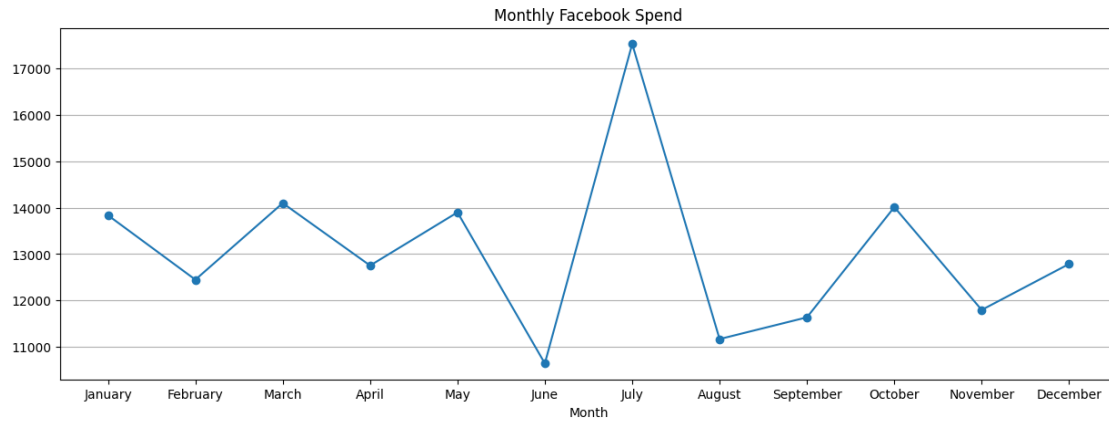
1.4.3 Monthly Facebook Ad Spend

```
[65]: monthly_fb_spend = fb_df.groupby('month')[['facebook_total_spend']].sum()
monthly_fb_spend = monthly_fb_spend.reindex(months).reset_index()
monthly_fb_spend
```

```
[65]:
```

	month	facebook_total_spend
0	January	13836.17
1	February	12449.20
2	March	14098.77
3	April	12753.89
4	May	13899.43
5	June	10645.88
6	July	17527.35
7	August	11170.16
8	September	11637.98
9	October	14012.03
10	November	11797.56
11	December	12787.44

```
[67]: plt.figure(figsize=(15,5))
plt.plot(monthly_fb_spend['month'], monthly_fb_spend['facebook_total_spend'],
        marker='o')
plt.title('Monthly Facebook Spend')
plt.xlabel('Month')
plt.grid(axis='y')
plt.show()
```



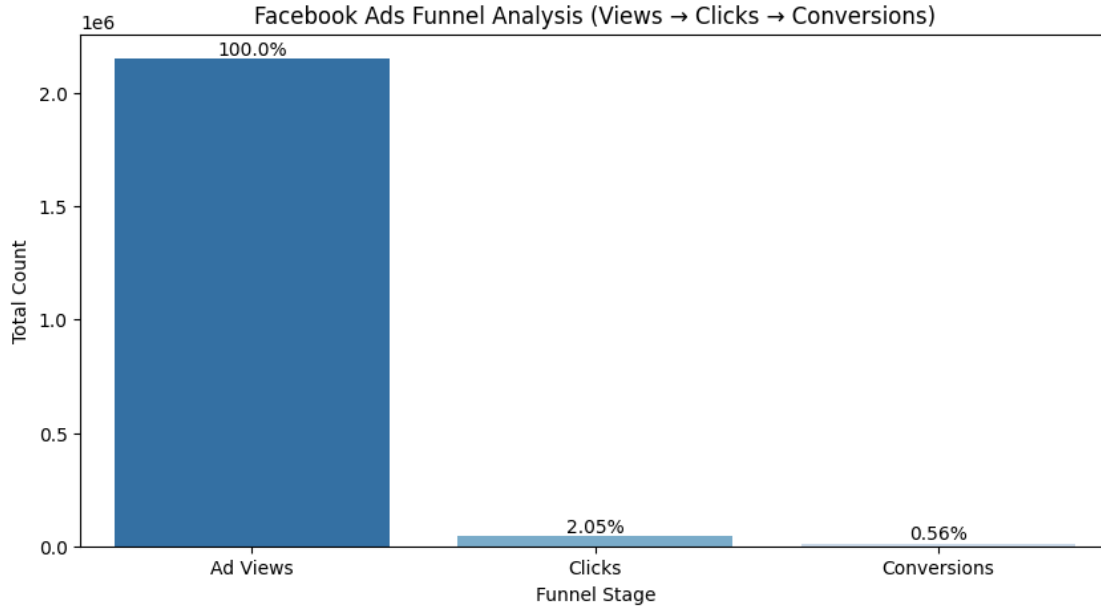
Seems like ad spend has similar trend like that of conversions.

1.4.4 Facebook ad funnel analysis

```
[55]: funnel = pd.DataFrame({
    'Stage': ['Ad Views', 'Clicks', 'Conversions'],
    'Value': [df['facebook_ad_views'].sum(), df['facebook_ad_clicks'].sum(),
    ↪ df['facebook_ad_conversions'].sum()]
})

plt.figure(figsize=(10,5))
p = sns.barplot(x='Stage', y='Value', data=funnel, palette="Blues_r")
for i in p.patches:
    p.text(i.get_x() + i.get_width() / 2, i.get_height(),
        s = str(round((i.get_height()/df['facebook_ad_views'].
    ↪ sum()*100,2))+'%',
        ha='center', va='bottom')

plt.xlabel("Funnel Stage")
plt.ylabel("Total Count")
plt.title("Facebook Ads Funnel Analysis (Views → Clicks → Conversions)")
plt.show()
```



2% of the total ad views are getting clicks whereas 0.5% of the total ad views are getting converted.

2 Insights and Recommendations

2.1 Insights

- Average Click through rate of Facebook is 2.28% and average Conversion rate is 32.7%
- Average Click through rate of Adwords is 1.28% and average Conversion rate is 10.8%
- Facebook has high more high-conversion days than Adwords.
- There is a significant variance in the number of high-conversion days between two platforms.
- Adwords has conversions of 10 or below in each day where as Facebook has 20 or below.
- Facebook has higher average Conversion Rates than AdWords
- Facebook has higher average Click Through Rates (CTR) than AdWords
- Adword has lesser average Cost per Click than Facebook
- Adword has more average Views than Facebook
- Facebook has higher Return on Ad Spend (ROAS) than Adwords
- Facebook has lower Cost Per Acquisition (CPA) than Adwords
- Facebook is more efficient in terms of Conversion Rate, CTR, ROAS, and CPA.
- AdWords is more cost-effective per click and gets more views, but conversions are lower.
- We are choosing **Facebook** as we are looking for a platform which is better in terms of clicks, conversions, and overall cost-efficiency.
- There is no correlation between number of clicks and number of conversions which states that number of clicks are not impacting the conversions.
- Tuesdays exhibit high conversion compared to others.
- There are noticable variations in Facebook ad conversions, with a peak in July (~1300 conversions) and dips in June, August, and November, indicating possible seasonal trends, campaign

effectiveness, or external factors impacting engagement.

- Facebook's total ad spend and conversions show a similar trend over time, but this does not imply a direct causal relationship.
- 2% of the total ad views are getting clicks whereas 0.5% of the total ad views are getting converted.

2.2 Recommendations

2.2.1 Recommendations for Stakeholders

1. Focus More on Facebook Ads

- Facebook has **higher conversion rates and better returns on ad spend** than AdWords.
- Shift more budget towards Facebook to get better results.

2. Run Ads on the Best Days

- **Tuesdays** have the highest conversions, so increase spending on this day.
- Reduce spending in **June, August, and November**, as conversions are lower.

3. Improve Click-to-Conversion Rate

- Since more clicks don't always mean more conversions, focus on **better ad content, landing pages, and call-to-actions**.
- Test different ad creatives and messages to find what works best.

4. Use Better Targeting on Facebook

- Retarget people who clicked but didn't convert.
- Use Facebook's **Lookalike Audiences** to find similar potential customers.

5. Use Both Platforms Smartly

- **AdWords is cheaper per click and good for brand awareness**, so use it for visibility.
- **Facebook is better for conversions**, so use it for sales and customer engagement.