CSE 601: Data Mining and Bioinformatics

Project 1: Dimensionality Reduction & Association Analysis

Part 2: Association Analysis

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Generating Frequent Itemset using Apriori Algorithm

Packages used:

- 1. "import itertools" To iterate through each frequent itemsets to generate candoate rules.
- 2. "import pandas as pd" To store and retrieve RULES | HEAD | BODY for obtaining template results.

Functions implemented:

• freq_items_generation(candidate_items, tr_list, support, length)

The function freq_items_generation(candidate_items, tr_list, support, length) generates a list of frequent itemset.

Inputs:

- 1. candidate_items A set of candidate frequent itemset for generating frequent itemsets for the corresponding threshold.
- 2. tr_list Transaction list or list of all rows from the original data to find the support count for candidate frequent itemset.
- 3. support Minimum Support Threshold in percentage.
- 4. length Length of the candidate frequent itemset

Output:

1. list(frequent_dict.keys()) - A list of frequent itemset.

• candidate_set_generation(items, length)

The function candidate_set_generation(items, length) generates a set of candidate frequent itemset.

Inputs:

- 1. items A set of frequent itemset for generating next length candidate frequent itemset.
- 2. length Length of the itemset.

Output:

- 1. candidate_items A set of candidate frequent itemset.
- *open_file(filename)*

The function open_file(filename) generates a list of candidate frequent itemset of length 1 and a transaction list or list of all rows from the original data to find the support count for candidate frequent itemset.

Inputs:

1. filename - Name of the original gene data file.

Output:

- 1. candidate_items_11 A list of candidate frequent itemset of length 1.
- tr_list Transaction list or list of all rows from the original data to find the support count for candidate frequent itemset.

• def apriori_imp_template(filename, support)

```
def apriori imp_template(filename, support|):
          candidate_items_l1, tr_list = open_file(filename)
 3
4
5
6
7
          candidate_items = candidate_items_l1
          freq_items = freq_items_generation(candidate_items, tr_list, support, length)
ans = [len(freq_items)]
while True:
 8
                lenath += 1
                candidate_items = candidate_set_generation(freg_items, length)
               freq_items = freq_items_generation(candidate_items, tr_list, support, length)
if len(freq_items) == 0:
10
12
                     break
13
               else:
          ans.append(len(freq_items))
print("Support is set to be "+ str(support)+"%")
for i in range(len(ans)):
14
15
16
          print("number of length-"+str(i+1)+ " frequent itemsets: "+str(ans[i]))
print("number of all lengths frequent itemsets: "+str(sum(ans))+"\n\n")
```

The function apriori_imp_template(filename, support) generates the template for part 1 of Apriori Algorithm in generating the frequent itemset for the given support.

Inputs:

- 1. filename Name of the original gene data file.
- 2. support Minimum Support Threshold in percentage.

Output:

- 1. The template for part 1 of Apriori Algorithm in generating the frequent itemsets for the given support.
- apriori_imp_result(filename, support)

```
def apriori_imp_result(filename, support):
    candidate_items_l1, tr_list = open_file(filename)
 3
           length = 1
 4
5
6
7
8
           candidate_items = candidate_items_l1
           freq_items = freq_items_generation(candidate_items, tr_list, support, length)
result = set(freq_items)
           while True:
                length += 1
                candidate_items = candidate_set_generation(freq_items, length)
freq_items = freq_items_generation(candidate_items, tr_list, support, length)
10
                if len(freq_items) == 0:
12
                      break
13
                else:
          result = result | set(freq_items)
return result, tr_list
14
15
```

Results for given support values [30%, 40%, 50%, 60%, 70%]

```
support_values = [30, 40, 50, 60, 70]
for val in support_values:
            apriori_imp_template("association-rule-test-data.txt", val)
Support is set to be 30% number of length-1 frequent itemsets: 196 number of length-2 frequent itemsets: 5340
number of length-3 frequent itemsets: 5287 number of length-4 frequent itemsets: 1518
number of length-5 frequent itemsets: 438
number of length-6 frequent itemsets: 88 number of length-7 frequent itemsets: 11
number of length-8 frequent itemsets:
number of all lengths frequent itemsets: 12879
Support is set to be 40%
number of length-1 frequent itemsets: 167
number of length-2 frequent itemsets: 753
number of length-3 frequent itemsets: 149 number of length-4 frequent itemsets: 7
number of length-5 frequent itemsets:
number of all lengths frequent itemsets: 1077
Support is set to be 50%
number of length-1 frequent itemsets: 109
number of length-2 frequent itemsets: 63
number of length-3 frequent itemsets: 2
number of all lengths frequent itemsets: 174
Support is set to be 60% number of length-1 frequent itemsets: 34 number of length-2 frequent itemsets: 2
number of all lengths frequent itemsets: 36
Support is set to be 70% number of length-1 frequent itemsets: 7
number of all lengths frequent itemsets: 7
```

Generating Association Rules from frequent itemset

• freq_count(freq_itemset, tr_list)

```
1 def freq_count(freq_itemset, tr_list):
2    freq_itemset = set(freq_itemset)
3    count = 0
4    for row in tr_list:
5        if(freq_itemset.issubset(row)):
             count+=1
7    return count
```

The function freq_count(freq_itemset, tr_list) generates the count for the given itemset in the transaction database.

Inputs:

- 1. freq_itemset A frequent itemset for the given support threshold.
- 2. tr_list Transaction list or list of all rows from the original data to find the support count for candidate frequent itemset.

Output:

1. count = The count for the given frequent itemset in the tr_list.

• association_rules(filename, support, confidence)

```
def association_rules(filename, support, confidence):
   import itertools
         import pandas as pd
rules = set()
rules_list = []
result, tr_list = apriori_imp_result(filename, support)
result = list(result)
for in respector
 3
 5
 6
         8
 9
10
11
12
                   rule_cnt = freq_count(freq_itemset, tr_list)
for i in range(len(freq_itemset) - 1 , 0, -1):
13
14
                        head_list = list(itertools.combinations(freq_itemset, i))
15
                        16
17
18
19
20
21
22
                                  rule_set = set(head|body)
rule = ",".join(head) + " " + "->" + " " + ",".join(body)
23
24
25
                                  if rule not in rules:
         rules.add(rule)
rules_list.append([rule, rule_set, head, body, rule_confidence])
rules_df = pd.DataFrame(rules_list, columns= ["RULE_SET", "RULE", "HEAD", "BODY", "Confidence"])
26
27
28
29
         return rules_df
```

Generating Association Rules with a minimum Support Threshold of 50% and Confidence Threshold of 70%.

```
rules = association_rules("association-rule-test-data.txt", 50, 70)
rules
```

	RULE_SET	RULE	HEAD	BODY	Confidence
0	G72_UP,G59_UP -> G82_DOWN	{G72_UP, G82_DOWN, G59_UP}	{G72_UP, G59_UP}	{G82_DOWN}	83.87
1	G82_DOWN,G59_UP -> G72_UP	{G72_UP, G82_DOWN, G59_UP}	{G82_DOWN, G59_UP}	{G72_UP}	91.23
2	G82_DOWN,G72_UP -> G59_UP	{G82_DOWN, G59_UP, G72_UP}	{G82_DOWN, G72_UP}	{G59_UP}	89.66
3	G72_UP -> G82_DOWN,G59_UP	{G82_DOWN, G59_UP, G72_UP}	{G72_UP}	{G82_DOWN, G59_UP}	70.27
4	G82_DOWN -> G72_UP,G59_UP	{G72_UP, G59_UP, G82_DOWN}	{G82_DOWN}	{G72_UP, G59_UP}	76.47
112	G88_DOWN -> G24_DOWN	{G88_DOWN, G24_DOWN}	{G88_DOWN}	{G24_DOWN}	70.42
113	G59_UP -> G88_DOWN	{G88_DOWN, G59_UP}	{G59_UP}	{G88_DOWN}	72.37
114	G88_DOWN -> G59_UP	{G88_DOWN, G59_UP}	{G88_DOWN}	{G59_UP}	77.46
115	G88_DOWN -> G38_DOWN	{G88_DOWN, G38_DOWN}	{G88_DOWN}	{G38_DOWN}	70.42
116	G2_DOWN -> G38_DOWN	{G38_DOWN, G2_DOWN}	{G2_DOWN}	{G38_DOWN}	75.76
117 rows × 5 columns					

• asso_rule_template1(a, b, c)

```
def asso_rule_template1(a, b, c):
    c = set(",".join(c).upper().split(','))
    result = []

for i in range(len(rules)):
    if b == 'ANY' and len(c & rules.iloc[i][a]) > 0:
        result.append(rules.iloc[i]["RULE_SET"])
    elif b == 'NONE' and len(c & rules.iloc[i][a]) == 0:
        result.append(rules.iloc[i]["RULE_SET"])
    elif b == 1 and len(c & rules.iloc[i][a]) == 1:
        result.append(rules.iloc[i]["RULE_SET"])
    return result, len(result)
```

The function asso_rule_template1(a, b, c) generates the results for template 1 for the given query.

Inputs:

```
    a - "RULE" | "HEAD" | "BODY"
    b - "ANY" | "NONE" | 1
    c - ["Gene", ...]
```

Output:

- 1. result A list of rules for the given query.
- 2. len(result) Total number of rules generated for the given query.

Template 1 results

(support = 50%, confidence = 70%)

• asso_rule_template2(a, b)

```
def asso_rule_template2(a, b):
    result = []
    count = 0
    for i in range(len(rules)):
        if len(rules.iloc[i][a]) >= b:
            result.append(rules.iloc[i]["RULE_SET"])
        count += 1
    return result, count
```

The function asso_rule_template2(a, b) generates the results for template 2 for the given query.

Inputs:

- 1. a "RULE" | "HEAD" | "BODY"
- 2. b integer (length)

Output:

- 1. result A list of rules for the given query.
- 2. count Total number of rules generated for the given query.

Template 2 results

```
template2_query = [["RULE", 3], ["HEAD", 2], ["BODY", 1]]
for val in template2_query:
    result, count = asso_rule_template2(val[0], val[1])
    print("The total number of rules generated for the template 2 query "+"'"+val[0]+","+" "+str(val[1])+"

The total number of rules generated for the template 2 query 'RULE, 3': 9
The total number of rules generated for the template 2 query 'HEAD, 2': 6
The total number of rules generated for the template 2 query 'BODY, 1': 117
```

temp_operator(string)

```
def temp_operator(string):
    if len(string) == 4:
        string = string.split("or")
        string.append("or")
elif len(string) == 5:
        string = string.split("and")
        string.append("and")
return string
```

The function temp_operator(string) splits the first input for template 3 into respective template value and the corresponding operator.

Inputs:

```
1. string - "1or1", "2or2", "1or2", "1and1", "2and2", "1and2".
```

Output:

1. list - [template number, template number, operator]

• asso_rule_template3(a,b,c,d,e,f=None,g=None)

```
def asso_rule_template3(a,b,c,d,e,f=None,g=None):
            a = temp_operator(a)
if a[0] == '1' and a[1] == '1':
            result1, count1 = asso_rule_template1(b, c, d)
result2, count2 = asso_rule_template1(e, f, g)
elif a[0] == '2' and a[1] == '2':
 5
 6
            result1, count1 = asso_rule_template2(b, c)
result2, count2 = asso_rule_template2(d, e)
elif a[0] == '1' and a[1] == '2':
 8
 9
          result1, count1 = asso_rule_template1(b, c, d)
result2, count2 = asso_rule_template2(e, f)
elif a[0] == '2' and a[1] == '1':
10
11
12
13
                  result1, count1 = asso_rule_template2(b, c)
14
                   result2, count2 = asso_rule_template1(d, e, f)
15
           if a[2] == "and":
16
                  final = set(result1) & set(result2)
final = set(final)
count = len(final)
17
18
19
           return final, count if a[2] == "or":
20
21
22
                   final = result1 +
                  final = set(final)
count = len(final)
23
24
25
                  return final, count
```

The function asso_rule_template2(a, b) generates the results for template 3 for the given query.

Inputs:

- 1. a "1or1", "2or2", "1or2", "1and1", "2and2", "1and2".
- 2. b "RULE" | "HEAD" | "BODY"
- 3. c "ANY" | "NONE" | 1 (or) integer
- 4. d ["Gene", ...] (or) "RULE" | "HEAD" | "BODY"
- 5. e "RULE" | "HEAD" | "BODY" (or) "ANY" | "NONE" | 1
- 6. f "ANY" | "NONE" | 1 (or) ["Gene", ...] (or) None
- 7. g ["Gene", ...] (or) None

Output:

- 1. final A set of rules for the given query.
- 2. count Total number of rules generated for the given query.

Template 3 results

```
template3_query = [["lor1", "HEAD", "ANY", ['G10_Down'], "B0DY", 1, ['G59_UP']], ["land1", "HEAD", "ANY", for val in template3_query:
    if len(val) == 7:
        result, count = asso_rule_template3(val[0], val[1], val[2], val[3], val[4], val[5], val[6])
        print("The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query "+str(val)+": "+ str(count)+"\
    elif len(val) == 6:
        result, count = asso_rule_template3(val[0], val[1], val[2], val[3], val[4], val[5])
        print("The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query "+str(val)+": "+ str(count)+"\
    elif len(val) == 5:
        result, count = asso_rule_template3(val[0], val[1], val[2], val[3], val[4])
        print("The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query "+str(val)+": "+ str(count)+"\
        result, count = asso_rule_template3(val[0], val[1], val[2], val[3], val[4])
        print("The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query "+str(val)+": "+ str(count)+"\
        result, count = asso_rule_template3(val[0], val[1], val[2], val[3], val[4])
        print("The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query ['lor1', 'HEAD', 'ANY', ['G10_Down'], 'B0DY', 1, ['G59_UP']]: 24

The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query ['lor2', 'HEAD', 'ANY', ['G10_Down'], 'B0DY', 1, ['G59_UP']]: 1

The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query ['lor2', 'HEAD', 'ANY', ['G10_Down'], 'B0DY', 2]: 11

The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query ['lor2', 'HEAD', 'ANY', ['G10_Down'], 'B0DY', 2]: 11

The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query ['lor2', 'HEAD', 1, 'B0DY', 2]: 117

The total number of rules generated for the template 3 query ['lor2', 'HEAD', 1, 'B0DY', 2]: 3
```