Data Structure

Tutorial 2:

Memory Allocation

1. For a given C code and mentioned scenarios, what will be the output with respect to the memory layout in C? Explain with reason. (Note: Use size command)

A.) Original File

Code:

Original Code Size:

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc A.c -o A (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size A text data bss dec hex filename 1943 616 8 2567 a07 A
```

1.) When variable "number" is declared as a Global variable

Q1 Initialized Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int n);
int number = 10; // Intialised Global Variable Stored in data segment
int main()
    int result:
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
    return 0;
int sum(int n)
    int p = n;
    if (n != 0)
        return n + sum(n - 1);
    else
        return n;
```

Q1 Initialized Code Size:

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q1.c -o Q1 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q1 text data bss dec hex filename 1802 612 4 2418 972 Q1
```

Q1 Uninitialized Code Size (Uncommenting Second Line):

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q1.c -o Q1 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q1 text data bss dec hex filename 1802 608 8 2418 972 Q1
```

Reason: We can clearly observe a <u>difference of 4 bytes</u> due to the fact that: *Initialized Global Variable* is stored in **data segment** and *Uninitialized Global Variable* is stored in **BSS Segment**. Therefore, <u>Global Variables are stored data Segment or BSS depending on whether they are initialized or not</u>.

2.) When variable "number" is declared as a Static variable

Q2 Initialized Code:

```
// C Code : Sum of n Natural Numbers Using Recursion
#include <stdio.h>

//When variable "number" is declared as a Static variable
int sum(int n);
int main()
{

    static int number = 5; // Itialised Static Variable Stored in data segment
    //static int number; // Unitialised Static Variable Stored in bss segment

    int result;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", %number);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
    return 0;
}
```

```
int sum(int n)
{
    int p = n;
    if (n != 0)
        // sum() function calls itself
        return n + sum(n - 1);
    else
        return n;
}
```

Q2 Initialized Code Size:

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q2.c -o Q2 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q2 text data bss dec hex filename 1802 612 4 2418 972 Q2
```

Q2 Uninitialized Code Size (Uncommenting Second Line):

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q2.c -o Q2 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q2 text data bss dec hex filename 1802 608 8 2418 972 Q2
```

Reason: We can clearly observe a <u>difference of 4 bytes</u> due to the fact that: *Initialized Static Variable* is stored in **data segment** and *Uninitialized Static Variable* is stored in **BSS Segment**. Therefore, <u>Static Variables are stored data Segment or BSS depending on whether they are initialized or not.</u>

- 3.) When variable "number" is declared as an Extern variable
- Q3 "Extfile.h"

```
int number = 1000; // Intialised External Variable
//int number; // Unintialized External Variable
```

Q3 Initialized Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include "ExtFile.h"
int sum(int n);
int main()
    int result:
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
    return 0;
int sum(int n)
    int p = n;
    if (n != 0)
        return n + sum(n - 1);
    else
        return n;
```

Q3 Initialized Code Size:

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q3.c -o Q3 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q3 text data bss dec hex filename 1802 612 4 2418 972 Q3
```

Q3 Uninitialized Code Size (Uncommenting Second Line in header file):

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q3.c -o Q3 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q3 text data bss dec hex filename 1802 608 8 2418 972 Q3
```

Reason: We can clearly observe a <u>difference of 4 bytes</u> due to the fact that:

Initialized Extern Variable is stored in **data segment** and Uninitialized Extern Variable is stored in **BSS Segment**. Extern Variable is Stored in "ExtFile.h" header file. Therefore, Extern Variables are stored data Segment or BSS depending on whether they are initialized or not.

4.) When variable "number" is declared as a Constant variable

Q4 Initialized Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int n);
int main()
    const int number = 100; // number is declared as constant int
    int result;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
    return 0;
int sum(int n)
    int p = n;
    if (n != 0)
        return n + sum(n - 1);
    else
        return n;
```

Q4 Initialized Code Size:

Reason: We can clearly observe <u>Rise in 4 bytes in "data"</u> Segment as compared to Initialized Code Size (i.e. 612). Therefore, <u>constant are stored in Stack Section of Data Segment.</u>

5.) When variable "number" is declared as an Auto variable

Q5 Initialized Code:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int n);
int main()
    auto number = 0; // auto "number"
    int result;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
    return 0;
int sum(int n)
    int p = n;
    if (n != 0)
        return n + sum(n - 1);
    else
        return n;
```

Q5 Initialized Code Size:

Reason: We can clearly observe <u>Rise in 4 bytes in "data"</u> Segment as compared to Initialized Code Size (i.e. 612). Therefore, "<u>auto" are stored in Stack Section of Data Segment.</u>

6.) When variable "number" is declared as a Register variable

Q6 Initialized Code:

```
// C Code : Sum of n Natural Numbers Using Recursion
#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int n);

// When variable "number" is declared as a Register variable
int main()
{
    int number = 0; //itialised register
    //int number; //unitialised register

    register int *num_add = &number;
    int result;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", num_add);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
    return 0;
}
int sum(int n)
{
    int p = n;
```

```
if (n != 0)
    // sum() function calls itself
    return n + sum(n - 1);
else
    return n;
}
```

Q6 Initialized Code Size:

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q6.c -o Q6 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q6 text data bss dec hex filename 1967 616 8 2591 a1f Q6
```

Q6 Uninitialized Code Size:

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q6.c -o Q6 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q6 text data bss dec hex filename 1951 616 8 2575 a0f Q6
```

Reason: We can clearly observe <u>Rise in 4 bytes in "data"</u> Segment as compared to Initialized Code Size (i.e. 612). Therefore, "<u>register" are stored in Stack Section of Data Segment and Initializing does not have any effect in memory.</u>

7.) When variable "p" is declared as an Auto variable

Q7 Initialized Code:

```
// C Code : Sum of n Natural Numbers Using Recursion

#include <stdio.h>

int sum(int n);

int main()
{
    int number, result;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
    return 0;
```

Q7 Initialized Code Size:

Reason: We can clearly observe <u>Rise in 4 bytes in "data"</u> Segment as compared to Initialized Code Size (i.e. 612). Therefore, "<u>auto" are stored in Stack Section of Data Segment.</u>

8.) When variable "p" is declared as a Static variable

Q8 Initialized Code:

```
// C Code : Sum of n Natural Numbers Using Recursion

#include <stdio.h>
int sum(int n);
int main()
{
    int number, result;
    printf("Enter a positive integer: ");
    scanf("%d", &number);
    result = sum(number);
    printf("sum = %d", result);
```

Q8 Initialized Code Size:

```
(base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ gcc Q8.c -o Q8 (base) bhagya@bhagyarana:~/Desktop/Tut_2_20_8_2020$ size Q8 text data bss dec hex filename 1943 616 8 2567 a07 Q8
```

Reason: We can clearly observe <u>Rise in 4 bytes in "data"</u> Segment as compared to Initialized Code Size (i.e. 612). Therefore, <u>Static Variables are stored data Segment since they are initialized with value of n.</u>

Submitted By: Roll Number: **U19CS012** (*D-12*)

Name: Bhagya Rana