Assignment: 14

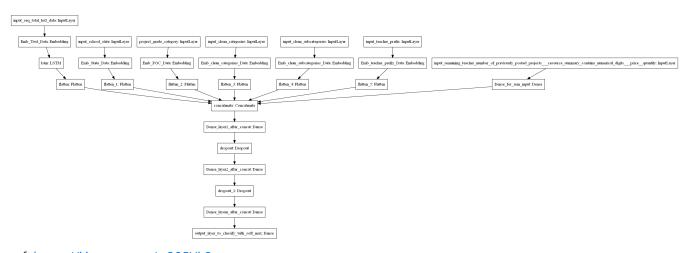
- 1. You can work with preprocessed_data.csv for the assignment. You can get the data from Data folder
- 2. Load the data in your notebook.
- 3. After step 2 you have to train 3 types of models as discussed below.
- 4. For all the model use 'auc' as a metric. check this and this for using auc as a metric
- 5. You are free to choose any number of layers/hidden units but you have to use same type of architectures shown below.
- 6. You can use any one of the optimizers and choice of Learning rate and momentum.
- 7. For all the model's use TensorBoard and plot the Metric value and Loss with epoch. While submitting, take a screenshot of plots and include those images in a separate pad and write your observations about them.
- 8. Make sure that you are using GPU to train the given models.

```
In []: #you can use gdown modules to import dataset for the assignment
#for importing any file from drive to Colab you can write the syntax as !gdown --id file
#you can run the below cell to import the required preprocessed data.csv file and glove

In []: #!gdown --id 1GpATd_pM4mcnWWIs28-s1lgqdAg2Wdv-
#!gdown --id 1pGd5tLwA30M7wkbJKdXHaae9tYVDICJ_
```

Model-1

Build and Train deep neural network as shown below



ref: https://i.imgur.com/w395Yk9.png

- Input_seq_total_text_data --- You have to give Total text data columns. After this use the Embedding layer to get word vectors. Use given predefined glove word vectors, don't train any word vectors. After this use LSTM and get the LSTM output and Flatten that output.
- **Input_school_state** --- Give 'school_state' column as input to embedding layer and Train the Keras Embedding layer.
- **Project_grade_category** --- Give 'project_grade_category' column as input to embedding layer and Train the Keras Embedding layer.

- **Input_clean_categories** --- Give 'input_clean_categories' column as input to embedding layer and Train the Keras Embedding layer.
- Input_clean_subcategories --- Give 'input_clean_subcategories' column as input to embedding layer
 and Train the Keras Embedding layer.
- Input_clean_subcategories --- Give 'input_teacher_prefix' column as input to embedding layer and Train the Keras Embedding layer.
- Input_remaining_teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects._resource_summary_contains_nume ---concatenate remaining columns and add a Dense layer after that.

Below is an example of embedding layer for a categorical columns. In below code all are dummy values, we gave only for reference.

```
In [ ]: # https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/270546/how-does-keras-embedding-layer-work
input_layer = Input(shape=(n,))
embedding = Embedding(no_1, no_2, input_length=n)(input_layer)
flatten = Flatten()(embedding)
```

1. Go through this blog, if you have any doubt on using predefined Embedding values in Embedding layer -

https://machinelearningmastery.com/use-word-embedding-layers-deep-learning-keras/

2. Please go through this link https://keras.io/getting-started/functional-api-guide/ and check the 'Multi-input and multi-output models' then you will get to know how to give multiple inputs.

```
In [1]: #Getting the glove_vectors, preprocessed data from google drive
        !gdown --id 1yFnPSoYrnYGBXl vTeKJpEEna2Vl5kFp
        !gdown --id 111-bcIjgYZ850hYN6ML1spMVCGV5noxW
       /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/gdown/cli.py:131: FutureWarning: Option `--id` wa
       s deprecated in version 4.3.1 and will be removed in 5.0. You don't need to pass it anym
       ore to use a file ID.
         category=FutureWarning,
       Downloading...
       From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=1yFnPSoYrnYGBXl vTeKJpEEna2Vl5kFp
       To: /content/glove vectors
       100% 128M/128M [00:03<00:00, 42.1MB/s]
       /usr/local/lib/python3.7/dist-packages/gdown/cli.py:131: FutureWarning: Option `--id` wa
       s deprecated in version 4.3.1 and will be removed in 5.0. You don't need to pass it anym
       ore to use a file ID.
         category=FutureWarning,
       Downloading...
       From: https://drive.google.com/uc?id=111-bcIjgYZ850hYN6ML1spMVCGV5noxW
       To: /content/preprocessed data.csv
       100% 124M/124M [00:02<00:00, 56.1MB/s]
```

Model-1

```
In [127... # import all the libraries
#make sure that you import your libraries from tf.keras and not just keras
import tensorflow as tf
import numpy as np
from tensorflow.keras.layers import Input, Dense, Embedding, Flatten, Concatenate, Dropo
from tensorflow.compat.v1.keras.layers import CuDNNLSTM
from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.text import Tokenizer
```

```
from tensorflow.keras import Model
         import pickle
         import warnings
         warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
In [3]:
         #read the csv file
         import pandas as pd
         df = pd.read csv('preprocessed data.csv')
         df.head()
In [4]:
Out[4]:
           school_state teacher_prefix project_grade_category teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects project_is_ap
         0
                                mrs
                                             grades_prek_2
                                                                                               53
                    ca
                                                                                                4
                    ut
                                 ms
                                                grades_3_5
         2
                                                                                               10
                                             grades_prek_2
                    ca
                                mrs
                                                                                                2
         3
                    ga
                                mrs
                                             grades_prek_2
         4
                                                grades_3_5
                                                                                                2
                   wa
                                mrs
         #combining all the numerical data into single column
In [5]:
         df['remaining input'] = df['teacher number of previously posted projects'] +\
                                    df['price']
In [6]:
         y = df['project is approved']
         df.drop(['project_is_approved', 'teacher_number_of_previously_posted_projects', 'price']
                  inplace = True)
         df.head()
Out[6]:
           school_state teacher_prefix project_grade_category clean_categories clean_subcategories
                                                                                               essay remaining
         0
                                             grades_prek_2
                                                             math science
                                                                              appliedsciences
                    ca
                                mrs
                                                                             health_lifescience
                                                                                            fortunate
                                                                                             enough
```

from tensorflow.keras.preprocessing.sequence import pad sequences

```
use fairy
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                                                                                   specialneeds
                                                                                                   third
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                                                                                                classroo...
                                                                                                  having
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         2
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                     ca
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                                                                                                  comes
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                                                                                                i recently
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                                                                                                     my
                                                                                                students
                                                                                                   crave
         4
                                                  grades_3_5 literacy_language
                                                                                        literacy
                                                                                               challenge
                    wa
                                  mrs
                                                                                                obstacles
                                                                                                  brea...
In [7]:
         df.isnull().apply(sum)
                                        0
         school state
Out[7]:
         teacher_prefix
                                        0
         project grade category
                                        0
         clean categories
                                        0
                                        0
         clean subcategories
                                        0
         essay
         remaining input
                                        0
         dtype: int64
         sum(y.isnull())
In [8]:
Out[8]:
         # perform stratified train test split on the dataset
         from sklearn.model selection import train test split
         x temp, x test, y temp, y test = train test split(df, y, test size = 0.2, random state =
         x train, x cv, y train, y cv = train test split(x temp, y temp, test size = 0.1, random
                                                                  stratify = y temp)
         print(x train.shape)
         print(x cv.shape)
         print(x test.shape)
         (78658, 7)
         (8740, 7)
```

1.1 Text Vectorization

(21850, 7)

```
In [ ]: #since the data is already preprocessed, we can directly move to vectorization part
         #first we will vectorize the text data
         #for vectorization of text data in deep learning we use tokenizer, you can go through be
         # https://www.kdnuggets.com/2020/03/tensorflow-keras-tokenization-text-data-prep.html
         #https://stackoverflow.com/questions/51956000/what-does-keras-tokenizer-method-exactly-d
         # after text vectorization you should get train padded docs and test padded docs
In [10]: my tokenizer = Tokenizer()
         my tokenizer.fit on texts(x train['essay'])
         sequences train = my tokenizer.texts to sequences(x train['essay'])
         padded train = pad sequences (sequences train, padding = 'post', truncating = 'pre', maxl
         sequences cv = my tokenizer.texts to sequences(x cv['essay'])
         padded cv = pad sequences (sequences cv, padding = 'post', truncating = 'pre', maxlen = 2
         sequences test = my tokenizer.texts to sequences(x test['essay'])
         padded test = pad sequences (sequences test, padding = 'post', truncating = 'pre', maxlen
In [11]: #after getting the padded_docs you have to use predefined glove vectors to get 300 dim r
         # we will be storing this data in form of an embedding matrix and will use it while defi
         # Please go through following blog's 'Example of Using Pre-Trained GloVe Embedding' sect
         # https://machinelearningmastery.com/use-word-embedding-layers-deep-learning-keras/
In [12]: import pickle
         with open('glove vectors', 'rb') as f:
             glove vec = pickle.load(f)
         glove vec['nipping'].shape
         (300,)
Out[12]:
In [13]: tokenz = my tokenizer.word index
         len(tokenz)
         49677
Out[13]:
In [14]: vocab_size = len(tokenz) + 1
         weight matrix = np.zeros((vocab size, 300))
         for word, i in tokenz.items():
             if word in glove vec:
                 weight matrix[i] = glove vec[word]
         weight matrix.shape
In [15]:
         (49678, 300)
Out[15]:
```

1.2 Categorical feature Vectorization

0

1.1.1

school state

teacher prefix

In []:

```
In []: # for model 1 and model 2, we have to assign a unique number to each feature in a partic # you can either use tokenizer, label encoder or ordinal encoder to perform the task # label encoder gives an error for 'unseen values' (values present in test but not in tr # handle unseen values with label encoder - https://stackoverflow.com/a/56876351 # ordinal encoder also gives error with unseen values but you can use modify handle_unkn # documentation of ordianl encoder https://scikit-learn.org/stable/modules/generated/skl # after categorical feature vectorization you will have column_train_data and column_tes
```

```
clean categories
                                   0
         clean subcategories
In [16]: #for school state
         from sklearn.preprocessing import OrdinalEncoder
         enc = OrdinalEncoder()
         school state train = enc.fit transform(x train['school state'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         print(school state train.shape)
         enc.categories
         (78658, 1)
         [array(['ak', 'al', 'ar', 'az', 'ca', 'co', 'ct', 'dc', 'de', 'fl', 'ga',
Out[16]:
                 'hi', 'ia', 'id', 'il', 'in', 'ks', 'ky', 'la', 'ma', 'md', 'me',
                 'mi', 'mn', 'mo', 'ms', 'mt', 'nc', 'nd', 'ne', 'nh', 'nj', 'nm',
                 'nv', 'ny', 'oh', 'ok', 'or', 'pa', 'ri', 'sc', 'sd', 'tn', 'tx',
                 'ut', 'va', 'vt', 'wa', 'wi', 'wv', 'wy'], dtype=object)]
In [17]: school state cv = enc.transform(x cv['school state'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         school state test = enc.transform(x test['school state'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [18]: #for teacher prefix
         enc1 = OrdinalEncoder()
         teacher prefix train = enc1.fit transform(x train['teacher prefix'].values.reshape(-1,1)
         print(teacher prefix train.shape)
         enc1.categories
         (78658, 1)
        [array(['dr', 'mr', 'mrs', 'ms', 'teacher'], dtype=object)]
Out[18]:
In [19]: teacher prefix cv = enc1.transform(x cv['teacher prefix'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         teacher prefix test = enc1.transform(x test['teacher prefix'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [20]: #for project_grade_category
         enc2 = OrdinalEncoder()
         project grade category train = enc2.fit transform(x train['project grade category'].valu
         print(project grade category train.shape)
         enc2.categories
         (78658, 1)
         [array(['grades 3 5', 'grades 6 8', 'grades 9 12', 'grades prek 2'],
Out[20]:
               dtype=object)]
In [21]: project grade category cv = enc2.transform(x cv['project grade category'].values.reshape
         project grade category test = enc2.transform(x test['project grade category'].values.res
In [22]: #for clean categories
         enc3 = OrdinalEncoder()
         clean categories train = enc3.fit transform(x train['clean categories'].values.reshape(-
        print(clean categories train.shape)
         enc3.categories
         (78658, 1)
        [array(['appliedlearning', 'appliedlearning health sports',
Out[22]:
                 'appliedlearning history civics',
                 'appliedlearning literacy language',
                 'appliedlearning math science', 'appliedlearning music arts',
                 'appliedlearning specialneeds',
                 'appliedlearning warmth care hunger', 'health sports',
                 'health sports appliedlearning', 'health sports history civics',
                 'health sports literacy language', 'health sports math science',
                 'health sports music arts', 'health sports specialneeds',
                 'health sports warmth care hunger', 'history civics',
```

project grade category

```
'history civics literacy language', 'history civics math science',
                  'history civics music arts', 'history civics specialneeds',
                  'history_civics warmth care_hunger', 'literacy language',
                 'literacy language appliedlearning',
                 'literacy language health sports',
                 'literacy language history civics',
                 'literacy language math science', 'literacy language music arts',
                 'literacy language specialneeds',
                 'literacy language warmth care hunger', 'math science',
                 'math_science appliedlearning', 'math_science health_sports',
'math_science history_civics', 'math_science literacy_language',
                  'math science music arts', 'math science specialneeds',
                  'math science warmth care hunger', 'music arts',
                 'music_arts appliedlearning', 'music_arts health_sports',
'music_arts history_civics', 'music_arts specialneeds',
                 'music arts warmth care hunger', 'specialneeds',
                  'specialneeds health sports', 'specialneeds music arts',
                  'specialneeds warmth care hunger', 'warmth care hunger'],
                dtype=object)]
In [23]: clean categories cv = enc3.transform(x cv['clean categories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         clean categories test = enc3.transform(x test['clean categories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [24]: #for clean subcategories
         enc4 = OrdinalEncoder(handle unknown='use encoded value', unknown value=-1)
         clean subcategories train = enc4.fit transform(x train['clean subcategories'].values.res
         print(clean subcategories train.shape)
         enc4.categories
         (78658, 1)
         [array(['appliedsciences', 'appliedsciences charactereducation',
Out[24]:
                  'appliedsciences civics government',
                 'appliedsciences college careerprep',
                  'appliedsciences communityservice',
                  'appliedsciences earlydevelopment', 'appliedsciences economics',
                 'appliedsciences environmentalscience', 'appliedsciences esl',
                  'appliedsciences extracurricular',
                  'appliedsciences financialliteracy',
                  'appliedsciences foreignlanguages', 'appliedsciences gym fitness',
                  'appliedsciences health lifescience',
                  'appliedsciences health wellness',
                  'appliedsciences history geography', 'appliedsciences literacy',
                  'appliedsciences literature writing',
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                  'appliedsciences specialneeds', 'appliedsciences teamsports',
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                 'charactereducation health lifescience',
                  'charactereducation health wellness',
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                 'charactereducation literature writing',
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'history civics appliedlearning', 'history civics health sports',

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'mathematics performingarts', 'mathematics socialsciences',
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'music visualarts', 'nutritioneducation',
                 'nutritioneducation other', 'nutritioneducation socialsciences',
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                 'nutritioneducation visualarts',
                 'nutritioneducation warmth care hunger', 'other',
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                 'other visualarts', 'other warmth care hunger',
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                 'specialneeds visualarts', 'specialneeds warmth care hunger',
                 'teamsports', 'teamsports visualarts', 'visualarts',
                 'visualarts warmth care_hunger', 'warmth care_hunger'],
                dtype=object)]
In [25]: clean subcategories cv = enc4.transform(x cv['clean subcategories'].values.reshape(-1,1)
         clean subcategories test = enc4.transform(x test['clean subcategories'].values.reshape(-
        1.3 Numerical feature Vectorization
 In [ ]: # you have to standardise the numerical columns
         # stack both the numerical features
         #after numerical feature vectorization you will have numerical data train and numerical
In [26]: from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler
         std = StandardScaler()
         remaining input train = std.fit transform(x train['remaining input'].values.reshape(-1,1
In [27]: remaining input cv = std.transform(x cv['remaining input'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         remaining input test = std.transform(x test['remaining input'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         Getting the target variable in this case class label column ready for processing.
In [28]: from sklearn.preprocessing import OneHotEncoder
         from sklearn.utils import compute class weight
         y train coded = OneHotEncoder().fit transform(y train.values.reshape(-1,1)).toarray()
         y test coded = OneHotEncoder().fit transform(y test.values.reshape(-1,1)).toarray()
         y cv coded = OneHotEncoder().fit transform(y cv.values.reshape(-1,1)).toarray()
         class wts = compute class weight('balanced', classes = np.unique(y), y = y)
In [29]: y_train coded.shape
        (78658, 2)
Out[29]:
In [30]: class wts = \{0: class wts[0], 1: class wts[1]\}
         class wts
```

{0: 3.3021400072542617, 1: 0.5892175263736975}

Out[30]:

'mathematics specialneeds', 'mathematics teamsports', 'mathematics visualarts', 'music', 'music other', 'music parentinvolvement', 'music performingarts',

'music socialsciences', 'music specialneeds', 'music teamsports',

```
In [31]: print("school_state: ",len(enc.categories_[0]))
    print("teacher_prefix: ",len(enc1.categories_[0]))
    print("project_grade_category: ",len(enc2.categories_[0]))
    print("clean_categories: ",len(enc3.categories_[0]))
    print("clean_subcategories: ",len(enc4.categories_[0]))

school_state: 51
    teacher_prefix: 5
    project_grade_category: 4
    clean_categories: 51
    clean_subcategories: 395
```

1.4 Defining the model

```
The Third Control of the Spirit Control of t
```

```
In [ ]: # as of now we have vectorized all our features now we will define our model.
         # as it is clear from above image that the given model has multiple input layers and hen
         # Please go through - https://keras.io/guides/functional api/
         # it is a good programming practise to define your complete model i.e all inputs , inter
         # while defining your model make sure that you use variable names while defining any len
         #for ex. - you should write the code as 'input text = Input(shape=(pad length,))' and not
         # the embedding layer for text data should be non trainable
         # the embedding layer for categorical data should be trainable
         # https://stats.stackexchange.com/questions/270546/how-does-keras-embedding-layer-work
         # https://towardsdatascience.com/deep-embeddings-for-categorical-variables-cat2vec-b05c8
         #print model.summary() after you have defined the model
         #plot the model using utils.plot model module and make sure that it is similar to the ab
In [38]: import math
         from sklearn.metrics import roc auc score
         def auc( y true, y pred ) :
            score = tf.py_function( lambda y_true, y_pred : roc_auc score( y true, y pred, avera
                                 [y true, y pred],
                                 'float32',
                                name='sklearnAUC' )
             return score
        len(tokenz)
In [39]:
        49677
Out[39]:
         from tensorflow.keras.initializers import HeNormal
In [40]:
         from tensorflow.keras.regularizers import L2
         from tensorflow.keras.optimizers import Adam
         #input 1
         input1 = Input(shape=(250,))
```

embed1 = Embedding(input dim = 49678, output dim = 300, weights = [weight matrix], train

```
dropout layer = SpatialDropout1D(0.3) (embed1)
lstm layer = CuDNNLSTM(128, return sequences=True) (dropout layer)
flat1 = Flatten()(lstm layer)
cat vars = ["teacher prefix", "school_state", "project_grade_category", "clean_categories",
cat sizes = {}
cat embsizes = {}
for cat in cat vars:
   cat sizes[cat] = x train[cat].nunique()
   cat embsizes[cat] = min(50, cat sizes[cat]//2+1)
#input 2
input2 = Input(shape = (1,))
embed2 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['school state']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['school
flat2 = Flatten() (embed2)
#input 3
input3 = Input(shape = (1,))
embed3 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['teacher prefix']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['tea
flat3 = Flatten()(embed3)
#input 4
input4 = Input(shape = (1,))
embed4 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['project grade category']+1, output dim=cat embsi
flat4 = Flatten()(embed4)
#input 5
input5 = Input(shape = (1,))
embed5 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean categories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['c
flat5 = Flatten() (embed5)
#input 6
input6 = Input(shape = (1,))
embed6 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean subcategories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes
flat6 = Flatten()(embed6)
#input 7
input7 = Input(shape=(1,))
dense1 = Dense(16,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
concat = Concatenate()([flat1, flat2, flat3, flat4, flat5, flat6, dense1])
dense2 = Dense(128,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulari
dropout1 = Dropout(0.5)(dense2)
dense3 = Dense(64,activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regularizer
dropout2 = Dropout(0.5) (dense3)
batch norm = BatchNormalization()(dropout2)
dense4 = Dense(32,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
dropout3 = Dropout(0.5)(dense4)
output = Dense(2, activation = 'softmax') (dropout3)
model1 = Model([input1, input2, input3, input4, input5, input6, input7], output)
model1.compile(loss = 'categorical crossentropy', optimizer = Adam(learning rate = 0.000
print(model1.summary())
Model: "model"
Layer (type)
                              Output Shape Param #
                                                             Connected to
______
========
```

[]

input_1 (InputLayer) [(None, 250)] 0

embedding (Embedding)	(None, 250, 300)	14903400	['input_1[0][0]']
<pre>spatial_dropout1d (SpatialDrop out1D)</pre>	(None, 250, 300)	0	['embedding[0][0]']
<pre>input_2 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>input_3 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>input_4 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>input_5 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>input_6 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>cu_dnnlstm (CuDNNLSTM) [0]']</pre>	(None, 250, 128)	220160	['spatial_dropout1d[0]
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 26)	1352	['input_2[0][0]']
embedding_2 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 3)	18	['input_3[0][0]']
embedding_3 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 3)	15	['input_4[0][0]']
embedding_4 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 26)	1352	['input_5[0][0]']
embedding_5 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 50)	19800	['input_6[0][0]']
input_7 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 32000)	0	['cu_dnnlstm[0][0]']
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None, 26)	0	['embedding_1[0][0]']

flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None,	3)	0	['embedding_2[0][0]']
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None,	3)	0	['embedding_3[0][0]']
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None,	26)	0	['embedding_4[0][0]']
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None,	50)	0	['embedding_5[0][0]']
dense (Dense)	(None,	16)	32	['input_7[0][0]']
concatenate (Concatenate)	(None,	32124)	0	<pre>['flatten[0][0]', 'flatten_1[0][0]', 'flatten_2[0][0]', 'flatten_3[0][0]', 'flatten_4[0][0]', 'flatten_5[0][0]',</pre>
				'dense[0][0]']
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	128)	4112000	'dense[0][0]'] ['concatenate[0][0]']
<pre>dense_1 (Dense) dropout (Dropout)</pre>	(None,		4112000	
		128)		['concatenate[0][0]']
dropout (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0	['concatenate[0][0]'] ['dense_1[0][0]']
dropout (Dropout) dense_2 (Dense)	(None,	128) 64)	0 8256	['concatenate[0][0]'] ['dense_1[0][0]'] ['dropout[0][0]']
<pre>dropout (Dropout) dense_2 (Dense) dropout_1 (Dropout) batch_normalization (BatchNormalization)</pre>	(None,	128) 64) 64)	0 8256 0	['concatenate[0][0]'] ['dense_1[0][0]'] ['dropout[0][0]']

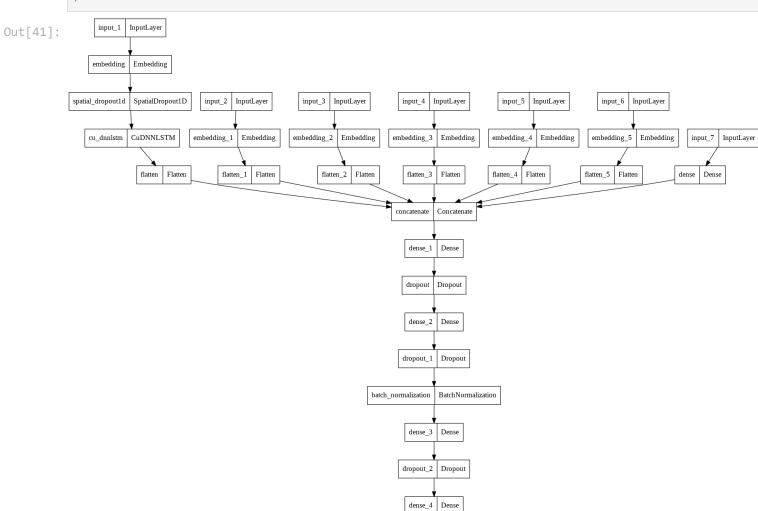
66

========

Total params: 19,268,787
Trainable params: 4,365,259
Non-trainable params: 14,903,528

None

```
In [41]: tf.keras.utils.plot_model(
    model1, to_file='model_1.png', show_shapes=False, show_layer_names=True,
    rankdir='TB', expand_nested=False, dpi=96
)
```



```
In [42]: tf.keras.backend.clear_session()
!rm -rf ./logs/
```

```
Epoch 1/20
Epoch 1: val auc improved from -inf to 0.44269, saving model to weights copy.best.hdf5
308/308 [============ ] - 18s 52ms/step - loss: 0.6974 - auc: 0.5183 -
val loss: 0.4936 - val auc: 0.4427
Epoch 2/20
Epoch 2: val auc did not improve from 0.44269
val loss: 0.5187 - val auc: 0.4389
Epoch 3/20
Epoch 3: val auc improved from 0.44269 to 0.67520, saving model to weights copy.best.hdf
308/308 [============ ] - 15s 49ms/step - loss: 0.4813 - auc: 0.5682 -
val loss: 0.4757 - val auc: 0.6752
Epoch 4/20
Epoch 4: val auc did not improve from 0.67520
val loss: 0.4787 - val auc: 0.6245
Epoch 5/20
Epoch 5: val auc improved from 0.67520 to 0.71764, saving model to weights copy.best.hdf
308/308 [============= ] - 15s 48ms/step - loss: 0.4456 - auc: 0.6086 -
val loss: 0.4698 - val auc: 0.7176
Epoch 6/20
Epoch 6: val auc improved from 0.71764 to 0.72950, saving model to weights copy.best.hdf
308/308 [============= ] - 15s 48ms/step - loss: 0.4233 - auc: 0.6882 -
val loss: 0.4559 - val auc: 0.7295
Epoch 7/20
Epoch 7: val auc improved from 0.72950 to 0.74720, saving model to weights copy.best.hdf
308/308 [============= ] - 15s 48ms/step - loss: 0.4135 - auc: 0.7091 -
val loss: 0.4181 - val auc: 0.7472
Epoch 8/20
Epoch 8: val auc did not improve from 0.74720
val loss: 0.3998 - val auc: 0.7465
Epoch 9/20
Epoch 9: val auc improved from 0.74720 to 0.75143, saving model to weights copy.best.hdf
308/308 [============= ] - 15s 48ms/step - loss: 0.4011 - auc: 0.7287 -
val loss: 0.3993 - val auc: 0.7514
Epoch 10/20
Epoch 10: val auc improved from 0.75143 to 0.75223, saving model to weights copy.best.hd
308/308 [============= ] - 15s 48ms/step - loss: 0.3969 - auc: 0.7331 -
val loss: 0.4017 - val auc: 0.7522
Epoch 11/20
Epoch 11: val auc improved from 0.75223 to 0.75927, saving model to weights copy.best.hd
```

f5

```
val loss: 0.4244 - val auc: 0.7593
    Epoch 12/20
    Epoch 12: val auc did not improve from 0.75927
    308/308 [============== ] - 14s 46ms/step - loss: 0.3910 - auc: 0.7430 -
    val loss: 0.3967 - val auc: 0.7557
    Epoch 13/20
    Epoch 13: val auc improved from 0.75927 to 0.76013, saving model to weights copy.best.hd
    val loss: 0.3971 - val auc: 0.7601
    Epoch 14/20
    Epoch 14: val auc did not improve from 0.76013
    val loss: 0.3852 - val auc: 0.7593
    Epoch 15/20
    Epoch 15: val auc improved from 0.76013 to 0.76254, saving model to weights copy.best.hd
    val loss: 0.3898 - val auc: 0.7625
    Epoch 16/20
    Epoch 16: val auc improved from 0.76254 to 0.76436, saving model to weights copy.best.hd
    308/308 [============= ] - 15s 48ms/step - loss: 0.3835 - auc: 0.7646 -
    val loss: 0.3922 - val auc: 0.7644
    Epoch 17/20
    Epoch 17: val auc improved from 0.76436 to 0.76702, saving model to weights copy.best.hd
    308/308 [============== ] - 15s 48ms/step - loss: 0.3823 - auc: 0.7699 -
    val loss: 0.3917 - val auc: 0.7670
    Epoch 18/20
    Epoch 18: val auc did not improve from 0.76702
    308/308 [============= ] - 14s 46ms/step - loss: 0.3792 - auc: 0.7807 -
    val loss: 0.3866 - val auc: 0.7659
    Epoch 19/20
    Epoch 19: val auc did not improve from 0.76702
    val loss: 0.4007 - val auc: 0.7635
    Epoch 20/20
    Epoch 20: val auc did not improve from 0.76702
    val loss: 0.3921 - val auc: 0.7630
    <keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f7ae250a7d0>
Out[43]:
    %tensorboard --logdir logs/fits
In [44]:
```

Observations:

- 1. The histograms keep varying well as the epochs progress. Therefore, the we can infer that the model is training well.
- 2. The difference between train auc and validation auc is low therefore there is no overfit.

3. The train and validation loss did converge well for the 20 epochs we ran as can be noticed from the graph.

1.5 Compiling and fititng your model

```
In [ ]: #define custom auc as metric , do not use tf.keras.metrics
         # https://stackoverflow.com/a/46844409 - custom AUC reference 1
         # https://www.kaggle.com/c/santander-customer-transaction-prediction/discussion/80807
         # compile and fit your model
In [45]: #input 1
         input1 = Input(shape=(250,))
         embed1 = Embedding(input dim = 49678, output dim = 300, weights = [weight matrix], train
         dropout layer = SpatialDropout1D(0.3) (embed1)
         lstm layer = CuDNNLSTM(128, return sequences=True) (dropout layer)
         flat1 = Flatten()(lstm layer)
         cat vars = ["teacher prefix", "school state", "project grade category", "clean categories",
         cat sizes = {}
         cat embsizes = {}
         for cat in cat vars:
             cat sizes[cat] = x train[cat].nunique()
             cat embsizes[cat] = min(50, cat sizes[cat]//2+1)
         #input 2
         input2 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed2 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['school state']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['school
         flat2 = Flatten()(embed2)
         #input 3
         input3 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed3 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['teacher prefix']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['tea
         flat3 = Flatten()(embed3)
         #input 4
         input4 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed4 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['project grade category']+1, output dim=cat embsi
         flat4 = Flatten()(embed4)
         #input 5
         input5 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed5 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean categories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['c
         flat5 = Flatten()(embed5)
         #input 6
         input6 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed6 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean subcategories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes
         flat6 = Flatten()(embed6)
         #input 7
         input7 = Input(shape=(1,))
         dense1 = Dense(16,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         concat = Concatenate()([flat1, flat2, flat3, flat4, flat5, flat6, dense1])
         dense2 = Dense(128,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulari
         dropout1 = Dropout(0.5) (dense2)
         dense3 = Dense(64,activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regularizer
         dropout2 = Dropout(0.5)(dense3)
         batch norm = BatchNormalization()(dropout2)
         dense4 = Dense(32,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         dropout3 = Dropout(0.5)(dense4)
```

```
output = Dense(2, activation = 'softmax') (dropout3)

model1 = Model([input1, input2, input3, input4, input5, input6, input7], output)
model1.load_weights(filepath)
model1.compile(loss = 'categorical_crossentropy', optimizer = Adam(learning_rate = 0.000)
print(model1.summary())
```

Model: "model"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #	Connected to
======================================	[(None, 250)]	0	[]
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 250, 300)	14903400	['input_1[0][0]']
<pre>spatial_dropout1d (SpatialDrop out1D)</pre>	(None, 250, 300)	0	['embedding[0][0]']
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
input_3 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
input_4 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
input_5 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
input_6 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>cu_dnnlstm (CuDNNLSTM) [0]']</pre>	(None, 250, 128)	220160	['spatial_dropout1d[0]
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 26)	1352	['input_2[0][0]']
embedding_2 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 3)	18	['input_3[0][0]']
embedding_3 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 3)	15	['input_4[0][0]']

embedding_4 (Embedding)	(None,	1, 26)	1352	['input_5[0][0]']
embedding_5 (Embedding)	(None,	1, 50)	19800	['input_6[0][0]']
<pre>input_7 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None,	1)]	0	[]
flatten (Flatten)	(None,	32000)	0	['cu_dnnlstm[0][0]']
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None,	26)	0	['embedding_1[0][0]']
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None,	3)	0	['embedding_2[0][0]']
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None,	3)	0	['embedding_3[0][0]']
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None,	26)	0	['embedding_4[0][0]']
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None,	50)	0	['embedding_5[0][0]']
dense (Dense)	(None,	16)	32	['input_7[0][0]']
concatenate (Concatenate)	(None,	32124)	0	<pre>['flatten[0][0]', 'flatten_1[0][0]', 'flatten_2[0][0]', 'flatten_3[0][0]', 'flatten_4[0][0]', 'flatten_5[0][0]', 'dense[0][0]']</pre>
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	128)	4112000	['concatenate[0][0]']
dropout (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0	['dense_1[0][0]']
dense_2 (Dense)	(None,	64)	8256	['dropout[0][0]']

```
dropout 1 (Dropout)
                                    (None, 64)
                                                                    ['dense 2[0][0]']
        batch normalization (BatchNorm (None, 64) 256
                                                                    ['dropout 1[0][0]']
         alization)
        dense 3 (Dense)
                                    (None, 32)
                                                        2080
                                                                   ['batch normalization
        [0][0]
         dropout 2 (Dropout)
                                                                    ['dense 3[0][0]']
                             (None, 32)
                                                        Ω
         dense 4 (Dense)
                                    (None, 2)
                                                 66
                                                                    ['dropout 2[0][0]']
        ========
        Total params: 19,268,787
        Trainable params: 4,365,259
        Non-trainable params: 14,903,528
        None
In [55]: train_pred = model1.predict([padded_train, school_state train, teacher prefix train, pro
                   clean categories train, clean subcategories train, remaining input train])
                   clean categories cv, clean subcategories cv, remaining input cv])
```

```
cv pred = model1.predict([padded cv, school state cv, teacher prefix cv, project grade c
test pred = model1.predict([padded test, school state test, teacher prefix test, project
           clean categories test, clean subcategories test, remaining input test])
```

```
In [58]: print("Train AUC: ",roc auc score(y train, train pred[:,1]))
         print("CV AUC: ",roc auc score(y cv, cv pred[:,1]))
        print("Test AUC: ", roc auc score(y test, test pred[:,1]))
```

Train AUC: 0.8110597746003532 CV AUC: 0.7673032810265807 Test AUC: 0.7701849339197511

Model-2

Use the same model as above but for 'input_seq_total_text_data' give only some words in the sentance not all the words. Filter the words as below.

- 1. Fit TF-IDF vectorizer on the Train data
- 2. Get the idf value for each word we have in the train data. Please go through this

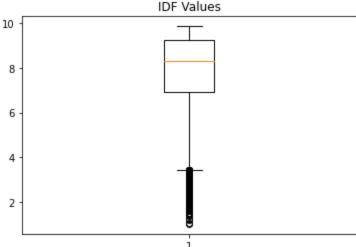
3. Do some analysis on the Idf values and based on those values choose the low and high threshold value. Because very frequent words and very very rare words don't give much information. Hint - A preferable IDF range is 2-11 for model 2.

- 4. Remove the low idf value and high idf value words from the train and test data. You can go through each of the sentence of train and test data and include only those features (words) which are present in the defined IDF range.
- 5. Perform tokenization on the modified text data same as you have done for previous model.
- 6. Create embedding matrix for model 2 and then use the rest of the features similar to previous model.
- 7. Define the model, compile and fit the model.

```
In [60]: from sklearn.feature_extraction.text import TfidfVectorizer
    vectorizer = TfidfVectorizer(min_df=10) #Defining TFIDF with min_df=10
    tfidf_vals = vectorizer.fit(x_train['essay'])

In [62]: idf_vals = vectorizer.idf_

In [64]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    plt.boxplot(idf_vals)
    plt.title("IDF Values")
    plt.show()
```



```
In [66]: print("25th percentile value: ",np.quantile(idf_vals, 0.25))
print("75th percentile value: ",np.quantile(idf_vals, 0.75))

25th percentile value: 6.945001164173634
75th percentile value: 9.277145059409225

In [67]: print("10th percentile value: ",np.quantile(idf_vals, 0.1))
print("90th percentile value: ",np.quantile(idf_vals, 0.9))

10th percentile value: 5.435437279661449
90th percentile value: 9.70792797550168

In [68]: print("5th percentile value: ",np.quantile(idf_vals, 0.05))
print("95th percentile value: ",np.quantile(idf_vals, 0.95))
```

5th percentile value: 4.559494781292484

95th percentile value: 9.787970683175216

The idf range selected here is 4.5-9.7 since 5th percentile to 95th percentile values.

```
In [74]: vocab idf = zip(tfidf vals.get feature names(),idf vals)
         vocabulary = []
         for i, j in vocab idf:
             if j \ge 4.5 and j \le 9.7:
                 vocabulary.append(i)
         print(len(vocabulary))
         12393
In [76]: def imp_words_alone(essay text):
          Method to retain only words between 5th and 95th percentile
           1.1.1
          imp text = []
           for sent in essay text:
            words = sent.split()
            final sent = ''
            for word in words:
              if(word in vocabulary):
                 final sent += ' ' + word
             imp text.append(final sent)
           return imp text
         #getting imp words alone for each essay in train, cv and test.
In [81]:
         train idf = imp words alone(x train['essay'])
         cv idf = imp words alone(x cv['essay'])
         test idf = imp words alone(x test['essay'])
In [82]: with open('train idf.pkl', 'wb') as f:
           pickle.dump(train idf, f)
In [83]: with open('test idf.pkl', 'wb') as f:
           pickle.dump(test idf, f)
In [84]:
        with open('cv idf.pkl', 'wb') as f:
           pickle.dump(cv idf, f)
In [85]: my_tokenizer1 = Tokenizer()
         my tokenizer1.fit on texts(train idf)
         sequences train1 = my tokenizer.texts to sequences(train idf)
         padded train1 = pad sequences(sequences train, padding = 'post', truncating = 'pre', max
         sequences cv1 = my tokenizer1.texts to sequences(cv idf)
         padded cv1 = pad sequences(sequences cv, padding = 'post', truncating = 'pre', maxlen =
         sequences test1 = my tokenizer1.texts to sequences(test idf)
         padded test1 = pad sequences(sequences test, padding = 'post', truncating = 'pre', maxle
         tokenz1 = my tokenizer1.word index
In [90]:
         len(tokenz1)
         12393
Out[90]:
```

```
In [91]: vocab_size1 = len(tokenz1) + 1
         weight matrix1 = np.zeros((vocab size1, 300))
         for word, i in tokenz1.items():
             if word in glove vec:
                 weight matrix1[i] = glove vec[word]
In [92]: len(weight matrix1)
Out[92]: 12394
In [104... #input 1
         input1 = Input(shape=(250,))
         embed1 = Embedding(input dim = 12394, output dim = 300, weights = [weight matrix1], trai
         dropout layer = SpatialDropout1D(0.3) (embed1)
         lstm layer = CuDNNLSTM(128, return sequences=True) (dropout layer)
         flat1 = Flatten()(lstm layer)
         cat vars = ["teacher prefix", "school state", "project grade category", "clean categories",
         cat sizes = {}
         cat embsizes = {}
         for cat in cat vars:
             cat sizes[cat] = x train[cat].nunique()
             cat embsizes[cat] = min(50, cat sizes[cat]//2+1)
         #input 2
         input2 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed2 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['school state']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['school
         flat2 = Flatten() (embed2)
         #input 3
         input3 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed3 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['teacher prefix']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['tea
         flat3 = Flatten()(embed3)
         #input 4
         input4 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed4 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['project grade category']+1, output dim=cat embsi
         flat4 = Flatten()(embed4)
         #input 5
         input5 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed5 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean categories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['c
         flat5 = Flatten() (embed5)
         #input 6
         input6 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed6 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean subcategories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes
         flat6 = Flatten()(embed6)
         #input 7
         input7 = Input(shape=(1,))
         dense1 = Dense(16,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         concat = Concatenate()([flat1, flat2, flat3, flat4, flat5, flat6, dense1])
         dense2 = Dense(128,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulari
         dropout1 = Dropout(0.5) (dense2)
         dense3 = Dense(64,activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regularizer
         dropout2 = Dropout(0.5)(dense3)
         batch norm = BatchNormalization()(dropout2)
         dense4 = Dense(32,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         dropout3 = Dropout(0.5)(dense4)
         output = Dense(2, activation = 'softmax') (dropout3)
```

Model: "model"

Model.			
Layer (type)	Output Shape		
======================================			[]
embedding (Embedding)	(None, 250, 300)	3718200	['input_1[0][0]']
<pre>spatial_dropout1d (SpatialDrop out1D)</pre>	(None, 250, 300)	0	['embedding[0][0]']
input_2 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
input_3 (InputLayer)	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>input_4 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>input_5 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>input_6 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>cu_dnnlstm (CuDNNLSTM) [0]']</pre>	(None, 250, 128)	220160	['spatial_dropout1d[0]
embedding_1 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 26)	1352	['input_2[0][0]']
embedding_2 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 3)	18	['input_3[0][0]']
embedding_3 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 3)	15	['input_4[0][0]']
embedding_4 (Embedding)	(None, 1, 26)	1352	['input_5[0][0]']

embedding_5 (Embedding)	(None,	1, 50)	19800	['input_6[0][0]']
<pre>input_7 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None,	1)]	0	[]
flatten (Flatten)	(None,	32000)	0	['cu_dnnlstm[0][0]']
flatten_1 (Flatten)	(None,	26)	0	['embedding_1[0][0]']
flatten_2 (Flatten)	(None,	3)	0	['embedding_2[0][0]']
flatten_3 (Flatten)	(None,	3)	0	['embedding_3[0][0]']
flatten_4 (Flatten)	(None,	26)	0	['embedding_4[0][0]']
flatten_5 (Flatten)	(None,	50)	0	['embedding_5[0][0]']
dense (Dense)	(None,	16)	32	['input_7[0][0]']
concatenate (Concatenate)	(None,	32124)	0	['flatten[0][0]', 'flatten_1[0][0]', 'flatten_2[0][0]', 'flatten_3[0][0]', 'flatten_4[0][0]', 'flatten_5[0][0]', 'dense[0][0]']
dense_1 (Dense)	(None,	128)	4112000	['concatenate[0][0]']
dropout (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0	['dense_1[0][0]']
dense_2 (Dense)	(None,	64)	8256	['dropout[0][0]']
 dropout_1 (Dropout)	(None,	64)	0	['dense_2[0][0]']

```
batch normalization (BatchNorm (None, 64)
                                                                          256 ['dropout 1[0][0]']
            alization)
            dense 3 (Dense)
                                      (None, 32)
                                                                2080
                                                                                          ['batch normalization
            [0][0]
            dropout 2 (Dropout)
                                                                                          ['dense 3[0][0]']
                                                (None, 32)
                                                                          0
            dense 4 (Dense)
                                                 (None, 2)
                                                               66
                                                                                          ['dropout 2[0][0]']
           ______
           ========
           Total params: 8,083,587
           Trainable params: 4,365,259
           Non-trainable params: 3,718,328
           None
           tf.keras.utils.plot model(
 In [105...
                model2, to file='model 2.png', show shapes=False, show layer names=True,
                rankdir='TB', expand nested=False, dpi=96
               input_1 | InputLayer
Out[105]:
               embedding
                     Embedding
                                                                              input_5 InputLayer
            spatial_dropout1d | SpatialDropout1D
                                input_2 InputLayer
                                               input_3 | InputLayer
                                                               input_4 InputLayer
                                                                                              input_6 InputLayer
                    CuDNNLSTM
                              embedding_1 Embedding
                                              embedding_2 Embedding
                                                             embedding_3 Embedding
                                                                             embedding_4 Embedding
                                                                                                            input_7 InputLayer
              cu\_dnnlstm
                                                                                             embedding_5 | Embedding
                          Flatten
                                   flatten_1 Flatten
                                                  flatten_2 Flatten
                                                                     Flatten
                                                                             flatten_4 Flatten
                                                                                            flatten_5 Flatten
                      flatten
                                                                flatten_3
                                                                                                          dense
                                                                                                              Dense
                                                              concatenate
                                                                    Concatenate
                                                                     Dense
                                                                dropout
                                                                    Dropout
                                                                dense_2
                                                                     Dense
                                                               dropout_1
                                                                     Dropout
                                                          batch normalization
                                                                     BatchNormalization
                                                                dense_3
                                                                     Dense
                                                               dropout_2
                                                                     Dropout
                                                                     Dense
```

```
tf.keras.backend.clear session()
In [106...
      !rm -rf ./logs/
In [107... %load_ext tensorboard
      import datetime, os
      from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
      filepath="weights copy1.best.hdf5"
      checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath, monitor='val auc', verbose=1, save best only=True
      log dir = os.path.join("logs",'fits', datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S"))
      tensorboard callback = tf.keras.callbacks.TensorBoard(log dir=log dir,histogram freq=1,w
      model2.fit(x = [padded_train1, school_state_train, teacher prefix train, project grade c
              clean categories train, clean subcategories train, remaining input train], y
              epochs = 20, verbose=1,
             batch size=256,
             validation data = ([padded cv1, school state cv, teacher prefix cv, project gr
              clean categories cv, clean subcategories cv, remaining input cv] , y cv code
              callbacks = [checkpoint, tensorboard callback])
      The tensorboard extension is already loaded. To reload it, use:
       %reload ext tensorboard
      Epoch 1/20
      Epoch 1: val auc improved from -inf to 0.54525, saving model to weights copy1.best.hdf5
      308/308 [============== ] - 17s 46ms/step - loss: 0.7208 - auc: 0.5092 -
      val loss: 0.4899 - val auc: 0.5453
      Epoch 2/20
      Epoch 2: val auc did not improve from 0.54525
      val loss: 0.4831 - val auc: 0.4477
      Epoch 3/20
      Epoch 3: val auc did not improve from 0.54525
      val loss: 0.4735 - val auc: 0.4329
      Epoch 4/20
      Epoch 4: val auc did not improve from 0.54525
      308/308 [============= ] - 14s 44ms/step - loss: 0.4734 - auc: 0.5229 -
      val loss: 0.4613 - val auc: 0.5241
      Epoch 5/20
      Epoch 5: val auc improved from 0.54525 to 0.62222, saving model to weights copy1.best.hd
      308/308 [============ ] - 14s 45ms/step - loss: 0.4618 - auc: 0.5381 -
      val loss: 0.4674 - val auc: 0.6222
      Epoch 6/20
      Epoch 6: val auc improved from 0.62222 to 0.65134, saving model to weights copy1.best.hd
      val loss: 0.4447 - val auc: 0.6513
      Epoch 7/20
      Epoch 7: val auc improved from 0.65134 to 0.66505, saving model to weights copy1.best.hd
      308/308 [============== ] - 14s 45ms/step - loss: 0.4430 - auc: 0.5990 -
      val loss: 0.4341 - val auc: 0.6650
      Epoch 8/20
      Epoch 8: val auc improved from 0.66505 to 0.68433, saving model to weights copy1.best.hd
      308/308 [============= ] - 14s 45ms/step - loss: 0.4339 - auc: 0.6309 -
      val loss: 0.4357 - val auc: 0.6843
```

Epoch 9/20

```
Epoch 9: val auc improved from 0.68433 to 0.69657, saving model to weights copy1.best.hd
val loss: 0.4369 - val_auc: 0.6966
Epoch 10/20
Epoch 10: val auc improved from 0.69657 to 0.71000, saving model to weights copy1.best.h
val loss: 0.4238 - val auc: 0.7100
Epoch 11/20
Epoch 11: val auc improved from 0.71000 to 0.71925, saving model to weights copy1.best.h
df5
308/308 [============= ] - 14s 45ms/step - loss: 0.4214 - auc: 0.6939 -
val loss: 0.4299 - val auc: 0.7193
Epoch 12/20
Epoch 12: val auc improved from 0.71925 to 0.72247, saving model to weights copy1.best.h
val loss: 0.4423 - val auc: 0.7225
Epoch 13/20
Epoch 13: val auc improved from 0.72247 to 0.72572, saving model to weights copy1.best.h
308/308 [============= ] - 14s 45ms/step - loss: 0.4210 - auc: 0.7333 -
val loss: 0.4249 - val auc: 0.7257
Epoch 14/20
Epoch 14: val auc did not improve from 0.72572
308/308 [============= ] - 13s 44ms/step - loss: 0.4220 - auc: 0.7531 -
val loss: 0.4404 - val auc: 0.7228
Epoch 15/20
Epoch 15: val auc did not improve from 0.72572
308/308 [============= ] - 13s 44ms/step - loss: 0.4223 - auc: 0.7752 -
val loss: 0.4483 - val auc: 0.7236
Epoch 16/20
Epoch 16: val auc did not improve from 0.72572
val loss: 0.4756 - val auc: 0.7130
Epoch 17/20
Epoch 17: val auc did not improve from 0.72572
308/308 [============== ] - 13s 44ms/step - loss: 0.4184 - auc: 0.8280 -
val loss: 0.4992 - val auc: 0.7069
Epoch 18/20
Epoch 18: val auc did not improve from 0.72572
308/308 [============= ] - 14s 44ms/step - loss: 0.4152 - auc: 0.8581 -
val loss: 0.5305 - val auc: 0.7018
Epoch 19/20
Epoch 19: val auc did not improve from 0.72572
val loss: 0.5711 - val auc: 0.6942
Epoch 20/20
Epoch 20: val auc did not improve from 0.72572
val loss: 0.6105 - val auc: 0.6886
<keras.callbacks.History at 0x7f7a36590510>
```

Out[107]:

In [108... %tensorboard --logdir logs/fits

Observations:

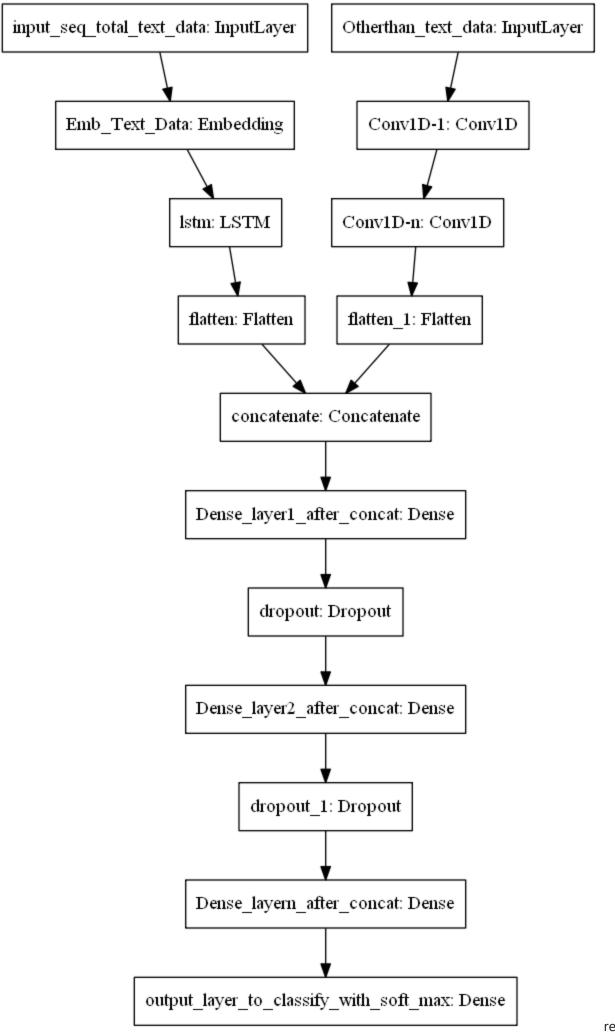
- 1. The model is starting to overfit as the epochs progress as can be seen from the epoch vs loss graph for both train and validation data.
- 2. The overfit can be reduced by experimenting by increasing dropout rate of dropout layers.

```
In [109... #input 1
         input1 = Input(shape=(250,))
         embed1 = Embedding(input dim = 12394, output dim = 300, weights = [weight matrix1], trai
         dropout layer = SpatialDropout1D(0.3) (embed1)
         lstm layer = CuDNNLSTM(128, return sequences=True) (dropout layer)
         flat1 = Flatten()(lstm layer)
         cat vars = ["teacher prefix", "school_state", "project_grade_category", "clean_categories",
         cat sizes = {}
         cat embsizes = {}
         for cat in cat vars:
            cat sizes[cat] = x train[cat].nunique()
            cat embsizes[cat] = min(50, cat sizes[cat]//2+1)
         #input 2
         input2 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed2 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['school state']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['school
         flat2 = Flatten()(embed2)
         #input 3
         input3 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed3 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['teacher prefix']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['tea
         flat3 = Flatten() (embed3)
         #input 4
         input4 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed4 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['project grade category']+1, output dim=cat embsi
         flat4 = Flatten()(embed4)
         #input 5
         input5 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed5 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean categories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes['c
         flat5 = Flatten()(embed5)
         #input 6
         input6 = Input(shape = (1,))
         embed6 = Embedding(input dim=cat sizes['clean subcategories']+1, output dim=cat embsizes
         flat6 = Flatten()(embed6)
         #input 7
         input7 = Input(shape=(1,))
         dense1 = Dense(16,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         concat = Concatenate()([flat1, flat2, flat3, flat4, flat5, flat6, dense1])
         dense2 = Dense(128,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulari
         dropout1 = Dropout(0.5)(dense2)
         dense3 = Dense(64,activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regularizer
         dropout2 = Dropout(0.5)(dense3)
         batch norm = BatchNormalization()(dropout2)
         dense4 = Dense(32,activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         dropout3 = Dropout(0.5) (dense4)
```

output = Dense(2, activation = 'softmax') (dropout3)

Train AUC: 0.80211/600/551988 CV AUC: 0.7235825524313362 Test AUC: 0.7299088105737789

Model-3



ref:

flat1 = Flatten()(lstm layer)

```
In [ ]: #in this model you can use the text vectorized data from model1
         #for other than text data consider the following steps
         # you have to perform one hot encoding of categorical features. You can use onehotencode
         # Stack up standardised numerical features and all the one hot encoded categorical featu
         #the input to convld layer is 3d, you can convert your 2d data to 3d using np.newaxis
         # Note - deep learning models won't work with sparse features, you have to convert them
In [ ]: print("school state: ",len(enc.categories [0]))
         print("teacher prefix: ",len(enc1.categories [0]))
         print("project grade category: ",len(enc2.categories [0]))
         print("clean categories: ",len(enc3.categories [0]))
         print("clean subcategories: ",len(enc4.categories [0]))
In [113... #one hot encoding school state col
         onehot = OneHotEncoder()
         ss train = onehot.fit transform(x train['school state'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         ss cv = onehot.transform(x cv['school state'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         ss test = onehot.transform(x test['school state'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [114... | #one hot encoding teacher title
         onehot = OneHotEncoder()
         tp train = onehot.fit transform(x train['teacher prefix'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         tp cv = onehot.transform(x cv['teacher prefix'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         tp test = onehot.transform(x test['teacher prefix'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [115... onehot = OneHotEncoder()
         pgc train = onehot.fit transform(x train['project grade category'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         pgc cv = onehot.transform(x cv['project grade category'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         pgc test = onehot.transform(x test['project grade category'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [116... onehot = OneHotEncoder()
         cc train = onehot.fit transform(x train['clean categories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         cc cv = onehot.transform(x cv['clean categories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         cc test = onehot.transform(x test['clean categories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [118... onehot = OneHotEncoder(handle unknown = 'ignore')
         cs train = onehot.fit transform(x train['clean subcategories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         cs cv = onehot.transform(x cv['clean subcategories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
         cs test = onehot.transform(x test['clean subcategories'].values.reshape(-1,1))
In [125... from scipy.sparse import hstack
         train non text = hstack((ss train, tp train, pgc train, cc train, cs train, remaining in
         cv non text = hstack((ss cv, tp cv, pgc cv, cc cv, cs cv, remaining input cv)).toarray()
         test non text = hstack((ss test, tp test, pgc test, cc test, cs test, remaining input te
In [126... | print(train_non text.shape)
         print(cv non text.shape)
         print(test non text.shape)
         (78658, 507)
         (8740, 507)
         (21850, 507)
In [129... # input 1
         input1 = Input(shape=(250,))
         embed1 = Embedding(input dim = 49678, output dim = 300, weights = [weight matrix], train
         dropout layer = SpatialDropout1D(0.3) (embed1)
         lstm layer = CuDNNLSTM(256,return sequences=True)(dropout layer)
```

```
# input 2
input2 = Input(shape=(507, 1))
conv1 = Conv1D(filters = 64, kernel size = 3, strides = 1)(input2)
conv2 = Conv1D(filters = 64, kernel size = 3, strides = 1)(conv1)
flat2 = Flatten()(conv2)
# merging both the inputs
concat = Concatenate()([flat1, flat2])
dense1 = Dense(300, activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regular
dropout1 = Dropout(0.4)(dense1)
dense2 = Dense(256, activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
dropout2 = Dropout(0.5) (dense2)
batch norm = BatchNormalization()(dropout2)
dense3 = Dense(128, activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
dropout3 = Dropout(0.6)(dense3)
output = Dense(2, activation = 'softmax') (dropout3)
# create model with two inputs
model3 = Model([input1, input2], output)
model3.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer = Adam(learning rate = 0.0006)
print(model3.summary())
Model: "model 1"
```

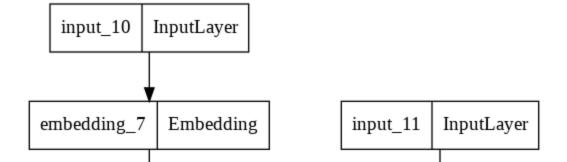
_				
Layer (type)	Output	Shape		Connected to
input_10 (InputLayer)	[(None	, 250)]		[]
embedding_7 (Embedding)	(None,	250, 300)	14903400	['input_10[0][0]']
<pre>input_11 (InputLayer)</pre>	[(None	, 507, 1)]	0	[]
<pre>spatial_dropout1d_2 (SpatialDr opout1D)</pre>	(None	, 250, 300)	0	['embedding_7[0][0]']
convld_2 (ConvlD)	(None,	505, 64)	256	['input_11[0][0]']
<pre>cu_dnnlstm_2 (CuDNNLSTM) [0][0]']</pre>	(None,	250, 256)	571392	['spatial_dropout1d_2
conv1d_3 (Conv1D)	(None,	503, 64)	12352	['conv1d_2[0][0]']
flatten_8 (Flatten)	(None,	64000)	0	['cu_dnnlstm_2[0][0]']
flatten_9 (Flatten)	(None,	32192)	0	['conv1d_3[0][0]']

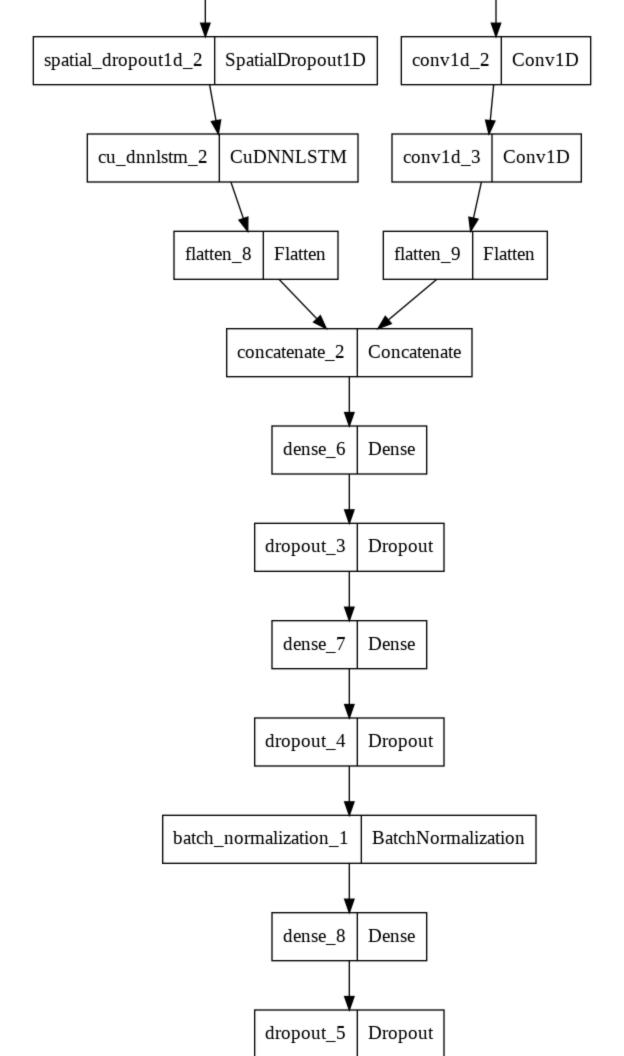
concatenate_2 (Concatenate)	(None,	96192)	0	['flatten_8[0][0]', 'flatten_9[0][0]']
dense_6 (Dense)	(None,	300)	28857900	['concatenate_2[0][0]']
dropout_3 (Dropout)	(None,	300)	0	['dense_6[0][0]']
dense_7 (Dense)	(None,	256)	77056	['dropout_3[0][0]']
dropout_4 (Dropout)	(None,	256)	0	['dense_7[0][0]']
<pre>batch_normalization_1 (BatchNo rmalization)</pre>	(None	, 256)	1024	['dropout_4[0][0]']
dense_8 (Dense) [0][0]']	(None,	128)	32896	['batch_normalization_1
dropout_5 (Dropout)	(None,	128)	0	['dense_8[0][0]']
dense_9 (Dense)	(None,	2)	258	['dropout_5[0][0]']
Total params: 44,456,534 Trainable params: 29,552,622 Non-trainable params: 14,903,912				

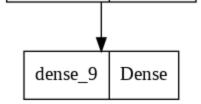
```
In [130...

tf.keras.utils.plot_model(
    model3, to_file='model_3.png', show_shapes=False, show_layer_names=True,
    rankdir='TB', expand_nested=False, dpi=96
)
```

Out[130]:







```
In [131... tf.keras.backend.clear session()
     !rm -rf ./logs/
In [132... %load_ext tensorboard
     import datetime, os
     from tensorflow.keras.callbacks import ModelCheckpoint
     filepath="weights copy2.best.hdf5"
     checkpoint = ModelCheckpoint(filepath, monitor='val auc', verbose=1, save best only=True
     log dir = os.path.join("logs",'fits', datetime.datetime.now().strftime("%Y%m%d-%H%M%S"))
     tensorboard callback = tf.keras.callbacks.TensorBoard(log dir=log dir,histogram freq=1,w
     model3.fit(x = [padded train, train non text], y = y train coded,
           epochs = 20, verbose=1,
           batch size=256,
          validation data = ([padded cv, cv non text] , y cv coded),
           callbacks = [checkpoint, tensorboard callback])
     The tensorboard extension is already loaded. To reload it, use:
      %reload ext tensorboard
     Epoch 1/20
     Epoch 1: val auc improved from -inf to 0.57373, saving model to weights copy2.best.hdf5
     val loss: 0.5992 - val auc: 0.5737
     Epoch 2/20
     Epoch 2: val auc did not improve from 0.57373
     val loss: 0.5903 - val auc: 0.4211
     Epoch 3/20
     Epoch 3: val auc did not improve from 0.57373
     val loss: 0.6335 - val auc: 0.5527
     Epoch 4/20
     Epoch 4: val auc improved from 0.57373 to 0.71733, saving model to weights copy2.best.hd
     val loss: 0.5202 - val auc: 0.7173
     Epoch 5/20
     Epoch 5: val auc improved from 0.71733 to 0.74428, saving model to weights copy2.best.hd
     val loss: 0.5124 - val auc: 0.7443
     Epoch 6/20
     Epoch 6: val auc improved from 0.74428 to 0.75712, saving model to weights copy2.best.hd
     val loss: 0.5204 - val auc: 0.7571
     Epoch 7/20
     Epoch 7: val auc improved from 0.75712 to 0.76104, saving model to weights copy2.best.hd
     val loss: 0.4960 - val auc: 0.7610
```

Epoch 8/20

```
Epoch 8: val auc improved from 0.76104 to 0.76329, saving model to weights copy2.best.hd
val loss: 0.4717 - val auc: 0.7633
Epoch 9/20
Epoch 9: val auc did not improve from 0.76329
val loss: 0.4566 - val auc: 0.7613
Epoch 10/20
Epoch 10: val auc improved from 0.76329 to 0.76578, saving model to weights copy2.best.h
val loss: 0.4722 - val auc: 0.7658
Epoch 11/20
Epoch 11: val auc did not improve from 0.76578
308/308 [============= ] - 30s 98ms/step - loss: 0.4166 - auc: 0.7631 -
val loss: 0.4345 - val auc: 0.7525
Epoch 12/20
Epoch 12: val auc improved from 0.76578 to 0.76835, saving model to weights copy2.best.h
val loss: 0.4407 - val auc: 0.7683
Epoch 13/20
Epoch 13: val auc did not improve from 0.76835
308/308 [============= ] - 30s 99ms/step - loss: 0.4107 - auc: 0.7727 -
val loss: 0.4328 - val auc: 0.7657
Epoch 14/20
Epoch 14: val auc did not improve from 0.76835
308/308 [============= ] - 30s 98ms/step - loss: 0.4108 - auc: 0.7752 -
val loss: 0.4334 - val auc: 0.7683
Epoch 15/20
Epoch 15: val auc did not improve from 0.76835
val loss: 0.4487 - val auc: 0.7681
Epoch 16/20
Epoch 16: val auc improved from 0.76835 to 0.77143, saving model to weights copy2.best.h
val loss: 0.4346 - val auc: 0.7714
Epoch 17/20
Epoch 17: val auc did not improve from 0.77143
308/308 [============== ] - 30s 98ms/step - loss: 0.4016 - auc: 0.7980 -
val loss: 0.4227 - val auc: 0.7637
Epoch 18/20
Epoch 18: val auc did not improve from 0.77143
308/308 [============== ] - 30s 99ms/step - loss: 0.3981 - auc: 0.8057 -
val loss: 0.4447 - val auc: 0.7655
Epoch 19/20
Epoch 19: val auc did not improve from 0.77143
308/308 [============== ] - 30s 98ms/step - loss: 0.3950 - auc: 0.8152 -
val loss: 0.4345 - val auc: 0.7589
Epoch 20/20
Epoch 20: val auc did not improve from 0.77143
```

Observations:

- 1. Unlike the previous model there isn't any overfitting in this case.
- 2. The train and validation loss have converged well as epochs progressed.
- 3. After few epochs, there was no improvement in auc score. Architectural modifications would be needed to increase the auc score further.

```
In [134... # input 1
         input1 = Input(shape=(250,))
         embed1 = Embedding(input dim = 49678, output dim = 300, weights = [weight matrix], train
         dropout layer = SpatialDropout1D(0.3) (embed1)
         lstm layer = CuDNNLSTM(256, return sequences=True) (dropout layer)
         flat1 = Flatten()(lstm layer)
         # input 2
         input2 = Input(shape=(507, 1))
         conv1 = Conv1D(filters = 64, kernel size = 3, strides = 1)(input2)
         conv2 = Conv1D(filters = 64, kernel size = 3, strides = 1)(conv1)
         flat2 = Flatten()(conv2)
         # merging both the inputs
         concat = Concatenate()([flat1, flat2])
         dense1 = Dense(300, activation = 'relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regular
         dropout1 = Dropout(0.4)(dense1)
         dense2 = Dense(256, activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         dropout2 = Dropout(0.5) (dense2)
         batch norm = BatchNormalization()(dropout2)
         dense3 = Dense(128, activation='relu', kernel initializer = HeNormal(), kernel regulariz
         dropout3 = Dropout(0.6)(dense3)
         output = Dense(2, activation = 'softmax') (dropout3)
         # create model with two inputs
         model3 = Model([input1, input2], output)
         model3.load weights(filepath)
         model3.compile(loss='categorical crossentropy', optimizer = Adam(learning rate = 0.0006)
In [135... train pred2 = model3.predict([padded train, train non text])
         cv pred2 = model3.predict([padded_cv, cv_non_text])
         test pred2 = model3.predict([padded test, test non text])
In [136... | print("Train AUC: ",roc auc score(y train, train pred2[:,1]))
         print("CV AUC: ",roc auc score(y cv, cv pred2[:,1]))
         print("Test AUC: ",roc auc score(y test, test pred2[:,1]))
         Train AUC: 0.8333919894598538
         CV AUC: 0.771462843372934
         Test AUC: 0.7724210335514641
```

SUMMARY

- 1. The use of idf values to reduce the no. of text features, help clamp down the no. of parameters, thereby reducing the training time and computational resources requires without very significant negative impact on the accuracy, compared to the first model where no such reduction of text features was implemented.
- 2. The addition of convulution along with LSTM did help improve the to a very slight extent compared to the first model but the no. of parameters increased significantly due to which the training time and computational resuources required also increased.

```
from prettytable import PrettyTable
In [137...
      x = PrettyTable()
      x.field names = ["Features", "Model", "Epochs", "Train AUC", "CV AUC", "Test AUC"]
      x.add row(["Text embedding using glove vec and ordinal encoded categorical features", "C
      x.add row(["TFIDF based text + glove vec and ordinal encoded categorical features", "CuD
      x.add row(["Text embedding using glove vec and one-hot encoded categorical features", "C
      print(x)
      +-----
      ----+
                                                                  Model
           | Epochs | Train AUC | CV AUC | Test AUC |
                                          -----+-----
      ______
      | Text embedding using glove vec and ordinal encoded categorical features |
                                                               CuDNNLST
         | 20 | 0.811 | 0.767 | 0.77
      | TFIDF based text + glove vec and ordinal encoded categorical features | CuDNNLST
        | 20 | 0.802 | 0.724 | 0.73 |
      \mid Text embedding using glove vec and one-hot encoded categorical features \mid CuDNNLSTM +
      Conv1D | 20 | 0.833 | 0.771 | 0.772 |
      +-----
```
