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Class: M.Sc. Computer Science Part II
Subject: ROBOTICS – Practical Journal

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Paper IV (Robotics) MSG (Computer Science) Semester-I" 2022-23

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MSG (Computer Science) Semester-I" 2022-23							
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PRACTICAL 1A

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH GEAR AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

Description:

1] NxtRobot() -

Class that represents a simulated NXT robot brick. Parts (e.g. motors, sensors) may be assembled into the robot to make it doing the desired job.

2] Gear() -

Creates a gear instance with right motor plugged into port A, left motor plugged into port B.

3] addPart(Part) -

Assembles the given part into the robot.

4] setSpeed(int) -

Sets the speed to the given value (arbitrary units)

5] forward() -

Starts the forward movement

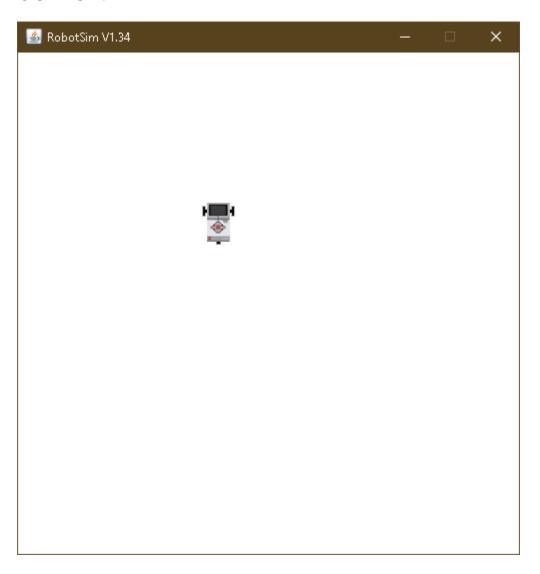
6] left() -

Starts to rotate left (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes).

7] right() -

Starts to rotate right (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes).

```
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_1a {
  Prac_1a(){
    NxtRobot robot = new NxtRobot();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    robot.addPart(g);
    g.setSpeed(100);
    g.forward(500);
    g.left(250);
    g.forward(500);
    g.right(250);
    g.forward(500);
  }
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    new Prac_1a();
}
```



PRACTICAL 1B

AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITHOUT GEAR AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

```
Description:
TurtleRobot() -
Creates a turtle robot instance.
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_1b {
  Prac_1b(){
     TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot();
    t.forward(100);
    t.left(90);
    t.forward(100);
    t.right(90);
    t.forward(100);
  }
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    new Prac_1b();
```

```
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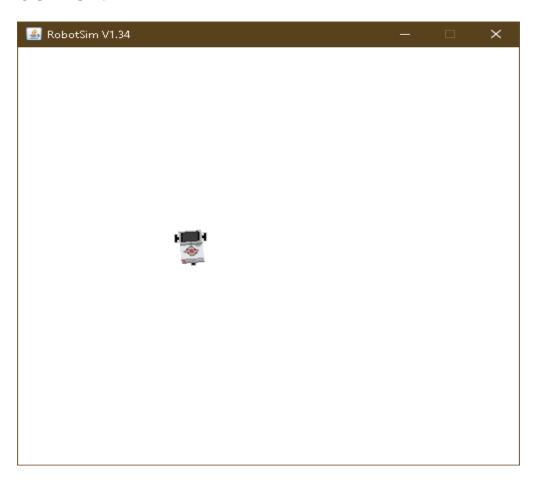
```
}
```



AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH 2 MOTORS AND MOVE IT FORWARD, LEFT, RIGHT.

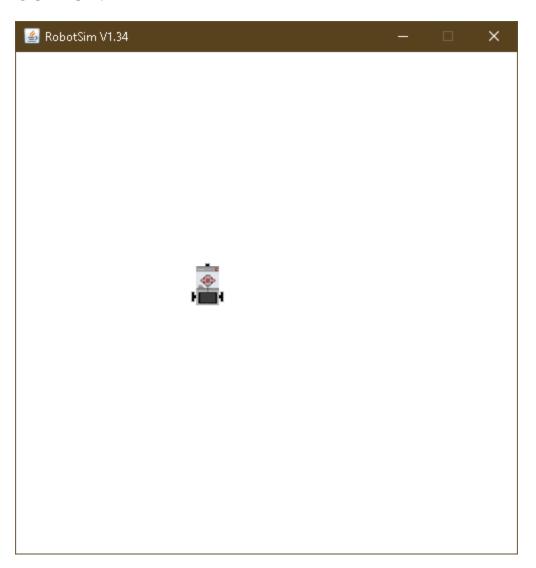
```
DESC:
1] Motor() -
Creates a motor instance that is plugged into given port.
2] Tools.delay() -
     Suspends execution of the current thread for the given amount of
     time.
3] stop() –
Stops the rotation.
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_2 {
  Prac_2(){
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot();
    Motor m1 = new Motor(MotorPort.A);
    Motor m2 = new Motor(MotorPort.B);
    r.addPart(m1);
    r.addPart(m2);
```

```
m1.forward();
  Tools.delay(1090);
  m2.forward();
  Tools.delay(1090);
  m1.stop();
  m2.forward();
  Tools.delay(1090);
  m1.forward();
  m1.stop();
  m2.stop();
}
public static void main(String args[]){
  new Prac_2();
}
```



AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO DO A SQUARE USING A WHILE LOOP.

```
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_3 {
  Prac_3(){
    NxtRobot robot = new NxtRobot();
    Gear g = new Gear();
    robot.addPart(g);
    g.setSpeed(100);
    while (true){
       g.forward(600);
       g.left(280);
  }
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    new Prac_3();
```



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AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT WITH LIGHT SENSORS TO FOLLOW A LINE.

Description:

1] RobotContext() -

Creates a RobotContext instance.

2] setStartPosition(int, int) –

Sets the Nxt starting position (x-y-coordinates 0..500, origin at upper left).

3] useBackground(String) –

Use the given image as background (playground size 501 x 501).

4] LegoRobot() -

Creates a robot with its playground using defaults from RobotContext.

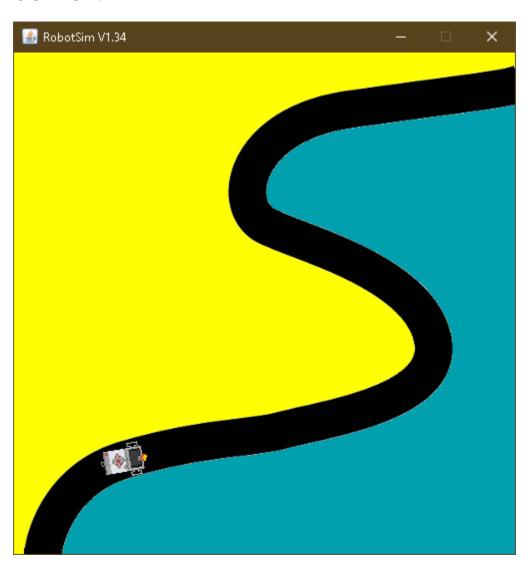
5] LightSensor(SensorPort) -

Creates a sensor instance pointing downwards connected to the given port.

6] getValue() –

For sensor ports 1, 2, 3, 4: returns the brightness of the background at the current location.

```
7] leftArc() –
     Starts to move to the left on an arc with given radius.
8] rightArc() -
     Starts to move to the right on an arc with given radius.
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_4 {
  static {
    RobotContext.setStartPosition(32,495);
    RobotContext.useBackground("sprites/road.gif");
   }
  Prac_4(){
    LegoRobot r=new LegoRobot();
     Gear g = new Gear();
    LightSensor ls= new LightSensor(SensorPort.S3);
    r.addPart(g);
    r.addPart(ls);
     g.forward();
     g.setSpeed(50);
     while(true){
       int v =ls.getValue();
```



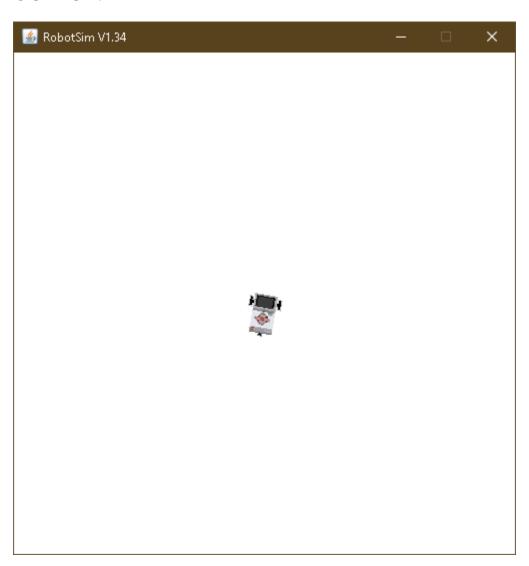
AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A ROBOT THAT DOES A CIRCLE USING 2 MOTORS.

```
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_5 {
  Prac_5() {
    NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot();
    Motor A = new Motor(MotorPort.A);
    Motor B = new Motor(MotorPort.B);
    r.addPart(B);
    r.addPart(A);
    A.setSpeed(100);
    B.setSpeed(100);
    A.forward();
    B.forward();
    while (true){
       Tools.delay(200);
       A.stop();
       Tools.delay(200);
```

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```
A.forward();
}
public static void main(String arg[]) {
   new Prac_5();
}
```

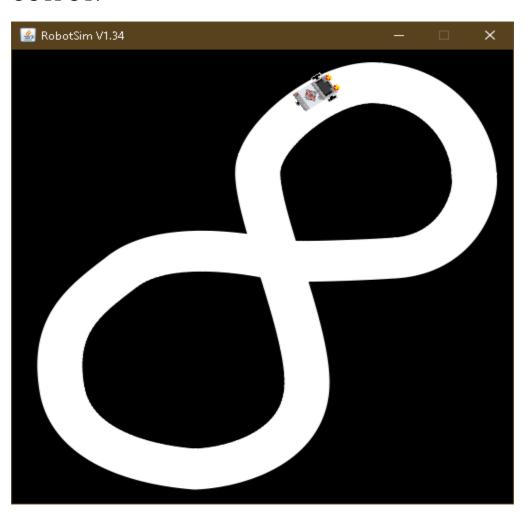


AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO CREATE A PATH FOLLOWING ROBOT.

```
Description:
1] setStartDirection(double) -
     Sets the Nxt starting direction (zero to EAST).
CODE:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_6 {
  Prac 6(){
    NxtRobot robot=new NxtRobot();
    Gear gear=new Gear();
    LightSensor ls1=new LightSensor(SensorPort.S1);
    LightSensor ls2=new LightSensor(SensorPort.S2);
    robot.addPart(gear);
    robot.addPart(ls1);
    robot.addPart(ls2);
    gear.forward();
    gear.setSpeed(100);
```

```
while(true)
  {
    int rightValue=ls1.getValue();
     int leftValue=ls2.getValue();
     if(leftValue < 10)
       gear.rightArc(0.05);
    if(rightValue < 10)
       gear.leftArc(0.05);
     if(leftValue > 10 && rightValue > 10)
       gear.forward();
  }
public static void main(String args[])
  new Prac_6();
static
  NxtContext.setStartPosition(267,232);
  NxtContext.setStartDirection(-90);
  NxtContext.useBackground("sprites/path.gif");
```

}



AIM: WRITE A PROGRAM TO RESIST OBSTACLES.

Description:

1] TouchSensor(SensorPort) -

Creates a sensor instance connected to the given port.

2] isPressed() –

Polls the touch sensor and returns true, if there is a collision with any of the collision obstacles.

3] backward() –

Starts moving backward and returns immediately.

4] useObstacle(Obstacle) –

Defines the given obstacle to be used as touch obstacle.

CODE:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Prac_7 {
    Prac_7(){
        LegoRobot r=new LegoRobot();
        Gear g = new Gear();
        TouchSensor t1= new TouchSensor(SensorPort.S1);
```

```
TouchSensor t2 = new TouchSensor(SensorPort.S2);
r.addPart(g);
r.addPart(t1);
r.addPart(t2);
g.forward();
g.setSpeed(50);
while(true){
  Boolean b1 = t1.isPressed();
  Boolean b2 = t2.isPressed();
  if(b1 && b2){
     g.backward(150);
     g.right(400);
     g.forward();
  }
  if(b1){
     g.backward(150);
     g.left(200);
     g.forward();
  }
  if(b2){
     g.backward(150);
     g.right(200);
```

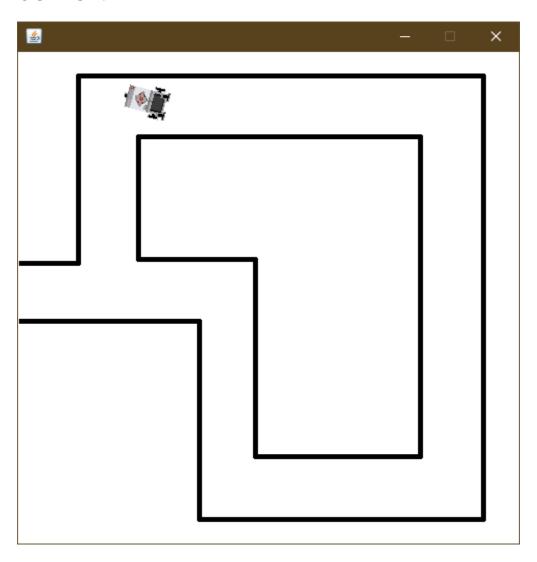
```
g.forward();
}

static {

RobotContext.setStartPosition(100,250);

RobotContext.useObstacle(RobotContext.channel);
}

public static void main(String args[]){
    new Prac_7();
}
```



AIM: ULTRASONIC SENSOR.

DESC:

1] UltrasonicSensor(SensorPort) -

The port selection determines the position of the sensor and the direction of the beam axis.

2] setBeamAreaColor(Color) -

Sets the color of the beam area (two sector border lines and axis).

3] setProximityCircleColor(Color) –

Sets the color of the circle with center at sensor location and radius equals to the current distance value.

4] getDistance() -

Returns the distance to the nearest target object.

5] useTarget(String, Point[], int, int) –

Creates a target for the ultrasonic sensor using the given sprite image.

CODE:

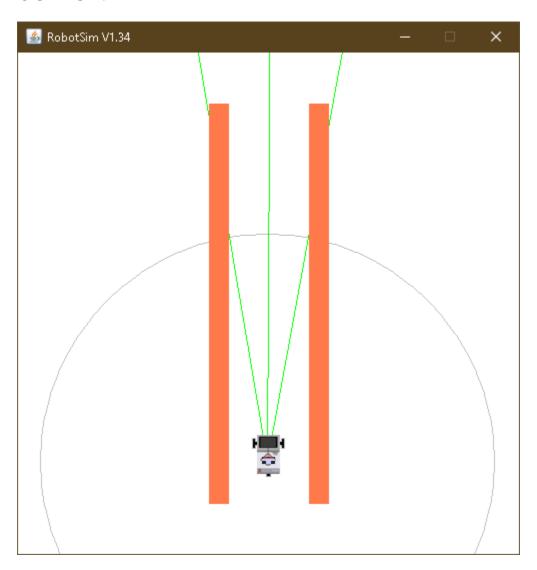
```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
import java.awt.Color;
import java.awt.Point;
public class Prac_8 {
  Prac_8() {
    LegoRobot robot = new LegoRobot();
    Gear gear = new Gear();
    robot.addPart(gear);
    UltrasonicSensor us = new UltrasonicSensor(SensorPort.S1);
    robot.addPart(us);
    us.setBeamAreaColor(Color.green);
    us.setProximityCircleColor(Color.lightGray);
    double arc = 0.5;
     gear.setSpeed(50);
    gear.rightArc(arc);
    boolean isRightArc = true;
    int oldDistance = 0;
    while (true)
      Tools.delay(100);
      int distance = us.getDistance();
```

```
if (distance == -1)
   continue;
  if (distance < oldDistance)
   if (isRightArc)
     gear.leftArc(arc);
     isRightArc = false;
    }
   else
     gear.rightArc(arc);
    isRightArc = true;
  oldDistance = distance;
static{
 Point[] mesh_bar =
 {
  new Point(10, 200), new Point(-10, 200),
```

```
new Point(-10, -200), new Point(10, -200)
};
RobotContext.useTarget("sprites/bar1.gif", mesh_bar, 200, 250);
RobotContext.useTarget("sprites/bar1.gif", mesh_bar, 300, 250);
RobotContext.setStartPosition(250, 460);
}
public static void main(String[] args) {
    new Prac_8();
}
```

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PRACTICAL 11(A)

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Aim: Write a program to create a robot to perform rectangular motion using gears

Description:

1] NxtRobot():

Class that represents a simulated NXT robot brick. Parts (e.g. motors, sensors) may be assembled into the robot to make it doing the desired job.

2] Gear():

Creates a gear instance with right motor plugged into port A, left motor plugged into port B.

3] addPart():

Assembles the given part into the robot.

4] setSpeed():

Sets the speed to the given value (arbitrary units).

5] forward():

Starts the forward movement for the given duration (in ms) and stops. Method returns at the end of the given duration.

6] left():

Starts to rotate left (center of rotation at middle of the wheel axes). Method returns immediately, while the movement continues

Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.NxtRobot;
import ch.aplu.robotsim.Gear;
public class assignment1A {
  public assignment1A() {
     NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
     Gear g = new Gear();
    r.addPart (g);
     g.setSpeed (100);
     while (true){
       g.forward (800);
       g.left (280);
     }
  }
  public static void main (String [] args){
    new assignment1A ();
  }
}
```

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Output:





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PRACTICAL 11(B)

Aim: Write a program to create a robot to perform circular motion using gears

Description:

```
1] rightArc():
```

Starts to move to the right on arc with given radius. Method returns immediately, while the movement continues.

•

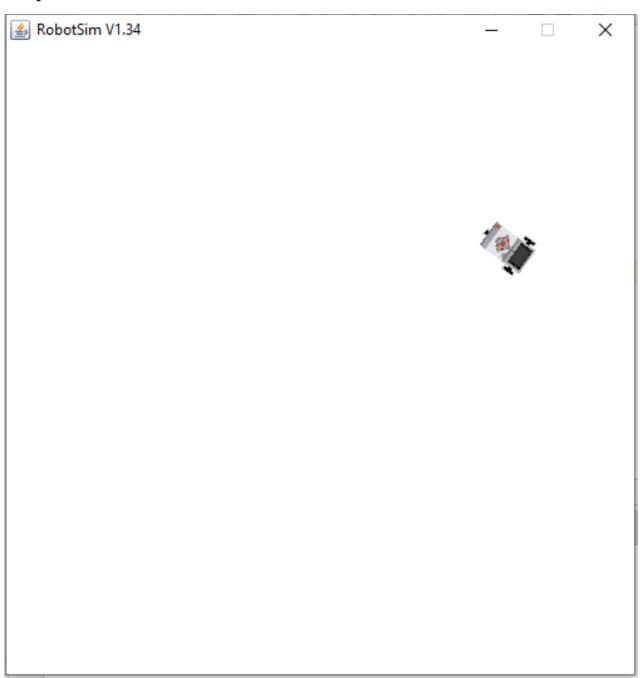
Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.NxtRobot;
import ch.aplu.robotsim.Gear;
public class assignment1B {
   public assignment1B () {
     NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
     Gear g = new Gear ();
     r.addPart (g);
     g.setSpeed (100);
     while (true) {
        g.rightArc (0.5);
     }
   }
   public static void main (String [] args){
     new assignment1B ();
   }
}
```

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}

Output:

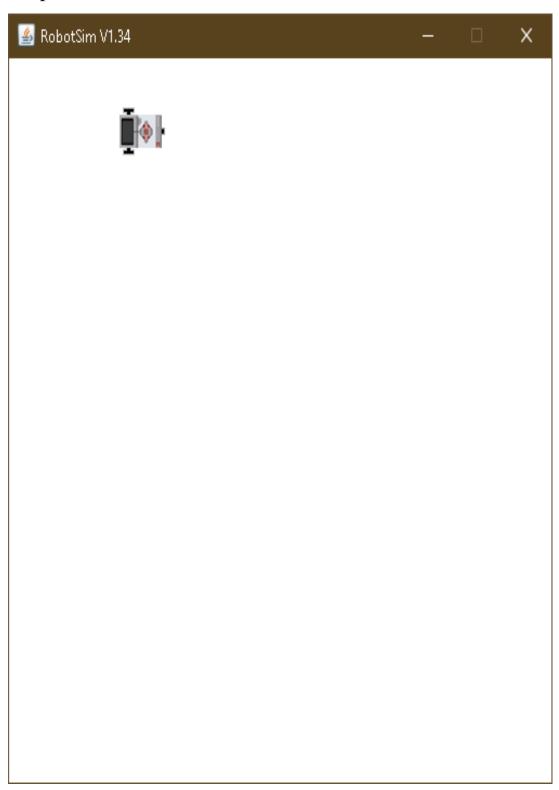


PRACTICAL 12(A)

Aim: Write a program to create robot to perform a square motion without using gear.

```
Code:
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
public class Assignment_2a {
  Assignment_2a() {
       TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot ();
       t.setTurtleSpeed (100);
       while (true){
         t.forward(200);
         t.left (90);
       }
     }
  public static void main (String [] args) {
    new Assignment_1a ();
  }
}
```

Output:



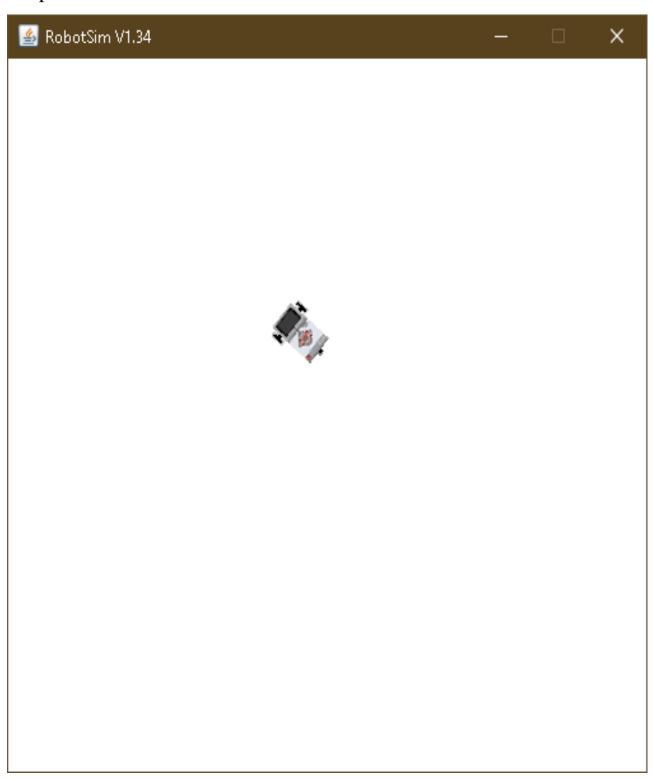
PRACTICAL 12 (B)

Aim: Write a program to create robot to perform a circular motion without using gear.

Code: import ch.aplu.robotsim.*; public class Assignment_2b { Assignment_2b () { TurtleRobot t = new TurtleRobot (); t.setTurtleSpeed (100); while (true) { t.forward (2); t.left (2); } } public static void main (String [] args) { new Assignment_1b (); }

}

Output:



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Aim: Write a program to do a square using while or for loop, change direction based on condition and control motor movement

PRACTICAL 13

Description:

1] Motor():

Creates a motor instance that is plugged into given port.

2] Tools.delay():

Suspends execution of the current thread for the given amount of time.

Code:

```
import ch.aplu.robotsim.*;
import java.util.*;
public class assignment2 {
   assignment2 () {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        NxtRobot r = new NxtRobot ();
        Motor m1 = new Motor (MotorPort.A);
        Motor m2 = new Motor (MotorPort.B);
        r.addPart (m1);
        r.addPart (m2);
        System.out.println ("Enter 1 for left and 2 for right :");
        int direction = sc.nextInt ();
        switch (direction) {
```

```
case 1:
       for (int i=0; i<4; i++){
         m1.forward();
         Tools.delay (1090);
         m2.forward();
         Tools.delay (1090);
         m1.stop ();
         m2.stop();
       }
    break;
     case 2:
       for (int i=0; i<4; i++){
         m2.forward ();
         Tools.delay (1090);
         m1.forward();
         Tools.delay (1090);
         m1.stop();
         m2.stop();
    break;
  }
}
public static void main (String args[]){
  new assignment2 ();
```

```
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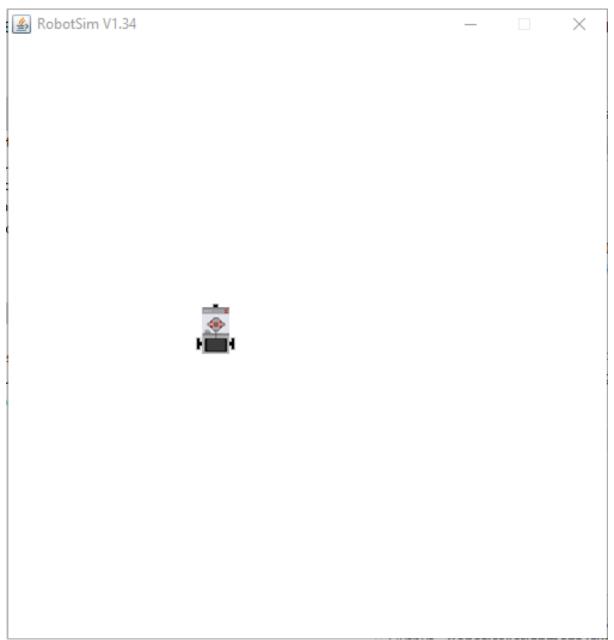
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```
}
```

}

Output:

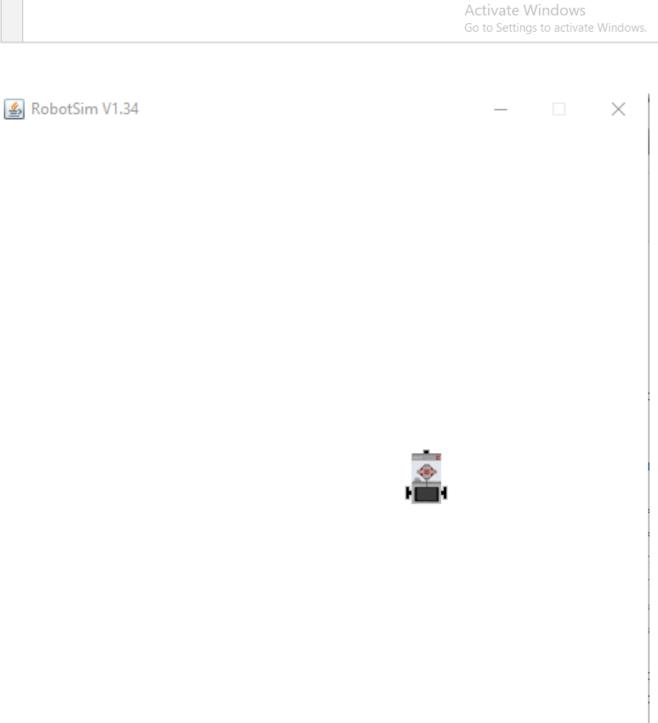




```
Output - RoboticsAssignment (run) ×

run:
Enter 1 for left and 2 for right:
2

Activate Windows
Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```



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