# How to work with SweaveListingUtils

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r-project.org/svnroot/distr/pkg/ SweaveListingUtils/vignettes/ ExampleSweaveListingUtils.Rnw

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#### Abstract

In this vignette, we give short examples how to use package "SweaveListingUtils".

# 1 What package SweaveListingUtils is for

Package "SweaveListingUtils" provides utilities for combining Sweave, confer Leisch (2002a,b, 2003), with functionality of TeX-package-listings, confer Heinz and Moses (2007). In particular, we define R / Rd as TeX-package-listings "language" and functionality to include R / Rd source file (sniplets) copied from an url, by default from the svn server at R-forge, confer R-Forge Administration and Development Team (2008) in its most recent version, thereby avoiding inconsistencies between vignette and documented source code. In this respect it supports (and to some extent enhances) Sweave.

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### 2 Preparations: Preamble

You should include into the preamble of your .Rnw file something like

```
χ ------
\RequirePackage { fancyvrb }
\RequirePackage{listings}
% 7%% important: keep the following comment in
\%\%\% (see https://mailman.stat.ethz.ch/pipermail/r-help/2009-July/204747.html)
% this comment persuades Sweave not to insert \usepackage{Sweave}
 ______
\SweaveOpts{keep.source=TRUE}
% ------
<< SweaveListingsPreparations, results=tex, echo=FALSE, strip.white=FALSE>>=
require (SweaveListingUtils)
SweaveListingPreparations()
## setToBeDefinedPkgs (....) line just necessary for the example:
    may be skipped in general
##
###
    you may also wish to pass arguments to SweaveListingPreparations()
    see ?SweaveListingPreparations
setToBeDefinedPkgs(pkgs = c("SweaveListingUtils","distr"),
               keywordstyles = c("\bf\color{blue}","\bf\color{red}"))
```

Actually, after Sweave-ing the .Rnw file to a corresponding .tex file, will expand to a rather long form (depending on which packages you have attached), but you should not worry about your document getting very long, as the inserted TEXcommands (or more precisely listings-package commands) only declare the list(s) of registered keywords (for later markup). In our case this should expand to something like

```
\RequirePackage { fancyvrb }
\RequirePackage { listings }
%\usepackage{Sweave}
%Preparations for Sweave and Listings
                  \RequirePackage{color}
\definecolor{Rcolor}{rgb}{0, 0.5, 0.5}
definecolor (RRecomdcolor) (rgb) (0, 0.6, 0.4)
\definecolor \{Rbcolor\}\{rgb\}\{0, 0.6, 0.6\}
\definecolor{Routcolor}{rgb}{0.461, 0.039, 0.102}
\definecolor \{Rcommentcolor\} \{rgb\} \{0.101, 0.043, 0.432\}
\lstdefinelanguage {Rd} [common] {TeX} %
{ moretexcs={acronym, alias, arguments, author, bold, cite, %
          code, command, concept, cr, deqn, describe, %
          description, details, dfn, doctype, dots, %
          dontrun, dontshow, donttest, dQuote, %
          email, emph, enc, encoding, enumerate, env, eqn, %
          examples, file, format, item, itemize, kbd, keyword, %
          ldots, link, linkS4class, method, name, note, %
```

```
option, pkg, preformatted, R, Rdopts, Rdversion, %
          references, S3method, S4method, Sexpr, samp, section, %
          seealso, source, sp, special, %
          sQuote, strong, synopsis, tab, tabular, testonly, %
          title , url , usage , value , var , verb } ,
   sensitive=true, %
  morecomment = [1] \ 2008/9 Peter Ruckdeschel
} [keywords, comments] %%
\lstdefinestyle {RstyleO1}{fancyvrb=true, escapecharğ=,language=R, %
       % ğ just for convenience replacing the accent grave
       % (which would escape the rest here, which we do not want for
       % printing out the original code)
                          basicstyle = {\setminus color \{Rcolor\} \setminus small\}, %}
                          keywordstyle={\bf\color{Rcolor}},%
                          commentstyle={\color{Rcommentcolor}\ttfamily\itshape}, %
                          literate = \{\langle -\} \{ \{\$ \setminus leftarrow\$ \} \} 2 \{\langle -\} \{ \{\$ \setminus two head leftarrow\$ \} \} 2 \% \}
                                        {\tilde{s}}_{{\tilde{s}}} = {{\tilde{s}}_{{\tilde{s}}}} = {{\tilde{s}}_{{\tilde{s}}}} = {{\tilde{s}}_{{\tilde{s}}}} 
                                        2{\hat{s}}{\{\hat{s}\in \hat{style}\in \hat{s}\}}1, 
                          alsoother = \{\$\}, \%
                          alsoletter={.<-}, %
                          escapeinside = \{(*)\}\{*\}\}%
% note: we define styles RstyleO<num> incrementally, i.e.
        \lstdefinestyle{RstyleO<num>}{style = RstyleO<num-1>,
%
                                      <further definitions for RstyleO<num> > }
% and then overwrite each time style Rstyle by
     \lstdefinestyle{Rstyle}{style=RstyleO<num>}
\lstdefinestyle { Rstyle } { style=RstyleO1}
\lstdefinestyle{Rdstyle}{fancyvrb=true,language=Rd,keywordstyle={\bf},%
                         basicstyle={\color{black}\footnotesize},%
                         commentstyle={\ttfamily\itshape}, %
                         alsolanguage=R} %
                                            -----%
\global\def\Rlstset\{\lstset\{style=Rstyle\}\}\
\global\def\Rdlstset {\lstset {style=Rdstyle}} %
\global\def\Rinlstset {\lstset { style=Rinstyle }} %
\global\def\Routlstset {\lstset { style=Routstyle }} %
\global\def\Rcodelstset\{\lstset\{style=Rcodestyle\}\}\
\ Rlstset
×------
%copying relevant parts of Sweave.sty
\RequirePackage{graphicx, fancyvrb}%
\IfFileExists { upquote . sty } {\RequirePackage { upquote }} {} %
\RequirePackage{ifthen}%
\newboolean{Sweave@gin} %\setboolean{Sweave@gin} {true} %
\setkeys\{Gin\}\{width=0.8\textwidth\}\%
\newboolean { Sweave@ae }
\setboolean {Sweave@ae}{ true} %
\RequirePackage [T1] { fontenc }
\RequirePackage { ae }
```

```
\newenvironment{Schunk}{}{}
 \newcommand{\Sconcordance}[1]{ %
 \ifx\pdfoutput\undefined%
 \csname newcount\endcsname\pdfoutput\fi%
 \ifcase\pdfoutput\special{#1}%
 \ensuremath{\setminus} else \ensuremath{\mid} mediate \ensuremath{\mid} pdfobj \{\#1\} \ensuremath{\setminus} fi \}
 % ---- end of parts of Sweave.sty
 x-----x
 \lstdefinestyle {RinstyleO}{ style=Rstyle, fancyvrb=true, %
                                                                                                             basicstyle = \color\{Rcolor\}\small\}%
 basicstyle=\color {Rcolor}\small}%
 \label{linear_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_control_contro
 \lstdefinestyle{Routstyle}{fancyvrb=false, basicstyle=\color{Routcolor}\small}%
 \lstnewenvironment { Soutput } {\ Routlstset } {\ Rlstset }
 \lstdefinestyle \{\text{RcodestyleO}\} \{\text{style=Rstyle}, \text{fancyvrb=true}, \text{fontshape=sl}, \%
                                                                                                                     \verb|basicstyle=|color{Rcolor}| %
 \lstdefinestyle { Rcodestyle } { style=Rstyle , fancyvrb=true , fontshape=sl , %
                                                                                                                  basicstyle=\color {Rcolor}} %
 \label{likelihood} $\left\{ \operatorname{Scode} \right\} \left\{ \operatorname{Rcodelstset} \right\} \left\{ \operatorname{Rlstset} \right\} $
 \let\code\lstinline
 \def\Code#1{\{\tt\color\Rcolor\}\#1\}}
 \def\file#1{{\tt #1}}
\def\pkg#1{{\tt "#1"}}
  \newcommand{ \pkgversion } { \tt 2.2 } 
 \lstdefinestyle {RstyleO2} { style=RstyleO1, %
 % -----
 more keywords = \{[2]\ taglist\ , Sweave Listing Preparations\ , Sweave Listing Options\ , \% and Sweave Listing\ , \% and Sweave Listing\ , \% and Sweave Listi
 SweaveListingoptions, SweaveListingMASK, setToBeDefinedPkgs, setBaseOrRecommended, %
 readSourceFrom RForge\ , readPkgVersion\ , lstsetRout\ , lstsetRin\ , lstsetRd\ , lstsetRcode\ , \% and the property of the p
 lstsetR, lstsetLanguage, lstset, lstinputSourceFromRForge, isBaseOrRecommended, %
 getSweaveListingOption, copySourceFromRForge, changeKeywordstyles%
 },%
 keywordstyle = \{ [2] \{ \backslash bf \} \}, \%
 % -----
 % Registration of package startupmsg
 morekeywords = \{[3] suppressStartupMessages, startupType, startupPackage, %
 StartupMessage, startupMessage, startupEndline, readVersionInformation, %
 readURLInformation, pointertoNEWS, onlytypeStartupMessages, %
NEWS, mystartupMessage , mySMH
andler , infoShow , buildStartupMessage \%
 },%
 keywordstyle = \{[3] \{ \setminus bf \} \}, \%
       -----
 %
 %
 snipped expanded (TEX) (see how the original (('\TeX')) gets escaped!)
 code for registration of packages
```

Finally to clean up things (in particular unmask the base functions require and library again) at the end of your document you should append something like

```
<<cleanup , echo=FALSE>>=
unloadNamespace("SweaveListingUtils")

@
```

Remark: As suggested by Andrew Ellis, ETH Zürich, SweaveListingPreparations from version 0.3 has two more options: First, by setting argument withOwnFileSection (default FALSE), one can have one's own definition of LATEX environments for Sinput, Soutput, Scode, be it in an extra file or in a section in one's .Rnw file. Second, and this is Andrew's suggestion, by means of argument withVerbatim (default FALSE), you may from now on use LATEX environments for Sinput, Soutput, Scode using listings-command \lstnewenvironment instead of the original fancyvrb definitions provided in the original Sweave.sty file by Fritz Leisch. This way we also solve the escaping problem (as noted by Frank E. Harrell): the escaping mechanisms provided by listings command lstset (as e.g. escapechar, escapeinline) as described in detail in (Heinz and Moses, 2007, section 4.14) are now available; in particular one can place LATEX references \ref{...}, \label{...} within comments.

Just to show some little example:

```
\lstdefinestyle{Rinstyle}{style=RinstyleO, frame=trBL, backgroundcolor=\color{gray90}, %
         numbers=left , numberstyle=\tiny , stepnumber=1, numbersep=7pt }
\lstdefinestyle{Routstyle}{style=RoutstyleO, frame=trBL, frameround=fttt, %
         backgroundcolor = \langle color \{gray 95\}, numbers = left, number style = \langle tiny, \% \rangle
         stepnumber=1,numbersep=7pt}
\begin { quotation }
<<exam00, eval = TRUE>>=
x \leftarrow rnorm(3) \# define random numbers -> insert a label < here > (*\label{comment}*)
print(round(x,2))
f < -function(x) \sin(x) \# here is a ref: section(*~\ref{PrepSec}*)
a < -2; b < -3
# compute (*\$\int_a^b f(x)\,dx\$*)
integrate (f, lower=a, upper=b) $value
Note that line \sim ref\{comment\} contains a comment.
\end{quotation}
\lstdefinestyle{Rinstyle}{style=RinstyleO, frame=none, backgroundcolor=\color{white}, %
         numbers=none}
\lstdefinestyle{Routstyle}{style=RoutstyleO, frame=none, backgroundcolor=\color{white}, %
```

```
numbers=none}
```

becomes

```
> x \leftarrow rnorm(3) # define random numbers -> insert a label <here>
  > \mathbf{print}(\mathbf{round}(x,2))
   [1] -1.55
                  1.80 0.43
|\mathbf{x}| > \mathbf{f} \leftarrow \mathbf{function}(\mathbf{x}) \ \mathbf{sin}(\mathbf{x}) \ \text{## here is a ref: section } 2
|z| > a \leftarrow 2; b \leftarrow 3
| > # compute \int_a^b f(x) dx
  > integrate(f, lower=a, upper=b)$value
   [1] 0.5738457
```

Note that line 1 contains a comment.

Note that for easier reference later on, we produce copies of the original listings styles Rinstyle, Routstyle, Rcodestyle, named RinstyleO, RoutstyleO, RcodestyleO, respectively. If you really want to have background colors, frames and the like, however, you might wish to specify the corresponding options in the preparational chunk to have something like.

```
% ------
\RequirePackage { fancyvrb }
\RequirePackage{listings}
\verb|\SweaveOpts{keep.source=TRUE}| 
x ------
<< SweaveListingsPreparations, results=tex, echo=FALSE, strip.white=FALSE>>>=
require (SweaveListingUtils)
## we are only appending new options so use
## c(getSweaveListingOption(.), < newoptions >)
SweaveListingPreparations(#
       Rin = c(getSweaveListingOption("Rin"),
              frame = "trBL",
              backgroundcolor = "\\color {gray 90}",
             numbers = "left",
              numberstyle = "\\tiny",
             stepnumber = "1"
             numbersep = "7 pt"),
      Rout = c(getSweaveListingOption("Rout"),
              frame = "trBL",
              frameround = "fttt",
              backgroundcolor = "\\color \{ gray 95 \}",
              numbers = "left",
              numberstyle = "\\tiny",
              stepnumber="3",
              numbersep = "5 pt"))
```

### 3 Listings markup

#### 3.1 Example of code coloring

Any keyword of some new R package "loaded in" by require or library which is on the search list item of this package afterwords when used in \lstinline{ .... } or \begin{lstlisting} .... \end{lstlisting} or in some Sweave chunk is typeset in style keywordstyle. More specifically, with argument keywordstyles of functions setToBeDefinedPkgs or lstsetLanguage all packages may obtain their own style; in the preamble, for instance, package "SweaveListingUtils" is colored blue, and package "distr" (to be attached just now) will be colored red. Also, comments are set in a different style (by default using color Rcommentcolor). Of course, instead of colors, you may use any other markup, like different font shapes, fonts, font sizes or whatever comes into your mind. For this purpose, commands setToBeDefinedPkgs and changeKeywordstyles are helpful.

Note that in order to define these new keywords correctly, they must not be included into a **begin{Schunk}** .... **end{Schunk}** environment, so we use

```
<<Pre><<Pre>require(distr)
## preparation: load package distr and register its keywords
```

The next example takes up package "distr", confer Ruckdeschel et al. (2006), to illustrate particular markup for a particular package.

Example (note the different colorings):

```
<<exam1, eval=TRUE>>=
require (distr)
N \leftarrow Norm(mean = 2, sd = 1.3)
P \leftarrow Pois(lambda = 1.2)
Z < -2*N + 3 + P
p(Z)(0.4)
q(Z)(0.3)
which gives
> require(distr)
> N \leftarrow Norm(mean = 2, sd = 1.3)
> P \leftarrow Pois(lambda = 1.2)
> Z \leftarrow 2*N + 3 + P
> Z
Distribution Object of Class: AbscontDistribution
> p(Z)(0.4)
[1] 0.002415387
> q(Z)(0.3)
[1] 6.705068
```

**Remark:** .Rd keywords will be taken from file Rdlistings.sty in the TeX subfolder of this package, which is according to Murdoch (2010).

#### 3.2 Changing the markup

Triggered by an e-mail by David Carslaw, this subsection lists some possibilities how to change the (default) markup of code.

**Changing the global settings:** The default markup for R code is set in a global option Rset to be inspected by

```
> getSweaveListingOption("Rset")
$fancyvrb
[1] "true"
$escapechar
[1] "`"
$extendedchars
[1] "false"
$language
[1] "R"
$basicstyle
[1] "{\\color{Rcolor}\\small}"
$kevwordstyle
[1] ^{(\bf\\color{Rcolor})}"
$commentstyle
[1] "{\\color{Rcommentcolor}\\ttfamily\\itshape}"
$alsoother
[1] "{$}"
$alsoletter
[1] "{. \(\cup \)}"
$otherkeywords
[1] \quad \text{``}\{!,!=,\sim,\$,*,\backslash\&,\backslash\%/\backslash\%,\backslash\%*\backslash\%,\backslash\%,\leftarrow,\leftarrow,/\}
$escapeinside
[1] "{*)"
```

Similarly, default markup for Rd code is set in a global option Rset to be inspected by

#### > getSweaveListingOption("Rdset")

```
$fancyvrb
[1] "true"

$language
[1] "Rd"

$keywordstyle
[1] "{\\bf}"

$basicstyle
[1] "{\\color{black}\\footnotesize}"

$commentstyle
[1] "{\\ttfamily\\itshape}"

$alsolanguage
[1] "R"
```

The inspection / modification mechanism for these global options is the same as for the R global options, i.e., instead of the functions options, getOption, we have functions SweaveListingOptions, getSweaveListingOption; see also ?getSweaveListingOption.

Some comments are due:

The items of this list are just the tagged name = value list items to be passed as arguments to (TEX-)listings command lstset, and you may include any name = value pair allowed for . For details confer the documentation of the listings package, Heinz and Moses (2007).

As usual in R, backslashes have to be escaped, giving the double appearance in the examples listed above.

For cooperation of listings with Sweave, it is necessary, however, to use the tagged pair "fancyvrb" = "true".

The colors used in the default setting are also set as global (SweaveListing-)options — i.e.; Rcolor, Rcommentcolor, Rdcolor.

Item "literate" will be discussed in the next subsection.

Using the escape character defined as item "escapechar", you may force TeXto typeset (parts of) your comments in TeXstyle, which is handy for mathematical formula.

In an e-mail, Frank Harrell suggested to use R color names to assign markup colors as Rcolor. As in  $T_EX$  we are just using the command \color which expects a comma-separated list of the three rgb coordinates (scaled to be in [0,1]), a good way to do this is, as Frank suggested, to use  $col2rgb(\dots)/255$  to transform them to  $T_EX$ -digestible format.

Changing the markup settings without changing defaults at startup: Alternatively, you may change global markup without modifying (SweaveListing-)option "Rset". To this end you may build up your own (local) "Rset"-list, say Rset0. This is most easily done by first copying the global default list and then by modifying some items by simple R list operations. This might give the following alternative preparatory chunk to be inserted at the beginning of your .Rnw file.

```
<<SweaveListingsPreparations, results=tex, echo=FALSE, strip.white=FALSE>>=
require(SweaveListingUtils)
### just want to modify 1 entry of option Rset
### so first copy the default settings:
Rset0 <- getSweaveListingOption("Rset")
### change item "basicstyle" in the local copy
Rset0$"basicstyle" <- "{\\color{Rcolor}\\footnotestyle}"
SweaveListingOptions(intermediate = FALSE)
SweaveListingPreparations(Rset=Rset0)</pre>
```

**Changing the markup locally:** If you want to change the markup style within some .Rnw file, use something like:

```
<<changeStyle , results=tex , echo=FALSE, strip.white=FALSE>>=
lstsetR(Rset = list("basicstyle" = "{\\tiny}"))
```

This will add/replace item "basicstyle" to/in the existing items. For Rd-style you may use a respective call to lstsetRd(), and if you only want to modify the Sinput, Soutput, or Scode environments, you may use respective calls to lstsetRin, lstsetRout, lstsetRcode, respectively.

#### 3.3 Using literate programming

This is —to some degree— a matter of taste: R has two assignment operators, which when typed look like  $\leftarrow$  and  $\leftarrow$ ; now literally these are interpreted as one token; the same goes for comparison operators like  $\leftarrow$ . One idea of literate programming is to replace these tokens by special symbols like  $\leftarrow$ ,  $\leftarrow$ ,  $\leq$  for printing to enhance readability — think of easy confusions arising between  $\leftarrow$  and  $\leftarrow$   $\rightarrow$ .

TeX-package listings, confer Heinz and Moses (2007), to this end has the directive literate, and in our default setting for R markup, we use it at least for the replacement of the assignments.

Note that the .Rnw file still contains valid R code in the chunks; stangle will work just fine — the chunks are just output by T<sub>F</sub>X in a somewhat transformed way.

A considerable part of R users would rather prefer to see the code output "as you type it"; if you tend to think you like this, you are free of course to change the default markup as described in the previous section.

## 4 Including Code Sniplets from R Forge

When documenting code, which is not necessarily of the same package, and be it R code or .Rd-code, we provide helper functions to integrate code sniplets from an url (by default, we use the svn server at R-forge in its most recent version). This can be useful to stay consistent with the current version of the code without having to update vignettes all the time. To this end, besides referencing by line numbers, <a href="https://linear.com/linear.c

For instance, to refer to some code of file R/AllClasses.R in package "distr", we would use:

```
<< AllClass, results=tex, echo=FALSE, strip.white=FALSE>>= lstinputSourceFromRForge("distr","R","AllClasses.R","distr",
```

```
"## Class: BinomParameter", "#-")
(Q)
   which returns
   lines 187–196
## Class: BinomParameter
setClass("BinomParameter",
           representation = representation(size = "numeric", prob = "numeric"),
           prototype = prototype(size = 1, prob = 0.5, name =
                         gettext("Parameter of a Binomial distribution")
                         ),
            contains = "Parameter"
#-
   Note the referencing with regular expressions instead of line numbers, which helps if you later
on add/delete (other) code in this file.
   To refer to a whole .Rd file, use something like the following chunk:
<<BinomParam, results=tex, echo=FALSE, strip.white=FALSE>>=
lstinputSourceFromRForge\ ("distr","man","BinomParameter-class\ .Rd","distr")
   giving
\name{BinomParameter-class}
\docType{class}
\alias {BinomParameter-class}
\alias { initialize , BinomParameter-method}
\title{Class "BinomParameter"}
\description { The parameter of a binomial distribution, used by Binom-class}
\section{Objects from the Class}{
Objects can be created by calls of the form
      \code{new("BinomParameter", prob, size)}.
Usually an object of this class is not needed on its own, it is generated
automatically when an object of the class Binom
is instantiated.
\section{Slots}{
  \describe{
    \item{\code{prob}}{Object of class \code{"numeric"}: the probability of a binomial distribution }
    \item{\code{size}}}{Object of class \code{"numeric"}:
           the size of a binomial distribution }
    \item{\code{name}}}{Object of class \code{"character"}:
           a name / comment for the parameters }
  }
\section { Extends } {
Class \code{"Parameter"}, directly.
\section { Methods } {
  \describe{
```

```
\item{initialize}{\code{signature(.Object = "BinomParameter")}:
              initialize method }
     \item{prob}{\code{signature(object = "BinomParameter")}: returns the slot
              \code{prob} of the parameter of the distribution }
     \operatorname{item} \{\operatorname{prob} \leftarrow\} \{\operatorname{code} \{\operatorname{signature} (\operatorname{object} = \operatorname{"BinomParameter"})\} : \operatorname{modifies} \operatorname{the} \operatorname{slot}
              \code{prob} of the parameter of the distribution }
     \widetilde{size}_{code}{signature(object = "BinomParameter")}: returns the slot
     \code{size} of the parameter of the distribution \colored{\{} \colored{tem{size} \leftarrow }{\code{signature(object = "BinomParameter")}: modifies the slot
              \code{size} of the parameter of the distribution}
  }
}
\setminus author {
  Thomas Stabla \email{statho3@web.de},\cr
  Florian \ Camphausen \ \backslash \mathbf{email} \{fcampi@gmx.\mathbf{de}\}\,, \backslash \mathbf{cr}
  Peter Ruckdeschel \email{peter.ruckdeschel@uni-oldenburg.de},\cr
  Matthias Kohl \email{Matthias.Kohl@stamats.de}
\seealso{
\code{\link{Binom-class}}
\code{\link{Parameter-class}}
\examples{
   W \( \text{new}(\) "BinomParameter", \( \text{prob} = 0.5 \), \( \text{size} = 1 \)
    size(W) # size of this distribution is 1.
    \mathbf{size}(\widetilde{\mathbf{W}}) \leftarrow 2 # size of this distribution is now 2.
\keyword{ distribution }
\concept { parameter }
\concept{Binomial distribution}
\concept{S4 parameter class}
```

### References

Heinz, C and Moses, B (2007) The Listings package. Manual for TeX package listings version 1.4. http://www.ctan.org/get/macros/latex/contrib/listings/listings.pdf. 1, 5, 9, 10

Leisch, F (2002a) Sweave: Dynamic generation of statistical reports. In: Härdle, W and Rönz, B (eds): Compstat 2002 - Proceedings in Computational Statistics. pp. 575–580. Physika Verlag, Heidelberg. http://www.statistik.lmu.de/~leisch/Sweave/. 1

Leisch, F (2002b) Sweave, Part I: Mixing R and LATEX. R-News, 2(3): 28-31. https://cran.r-project.org/doc/Rnews/Rnews\_2002-3.pdf. 1

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