Remaking the journal article

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To redo the comparison of breakpoint detection models in the article, first put this code in your .Rprofile

```
> options(repos=c(
             "http://www.bioconductor.org/packages/release/bioc",
            "http://r-forge.r-project.org",
            "http://cran.ism.ac.jp"))
 works_with_R <- function(Rvers,...){</pre>
    pkg_ok_have <- function(pkg,ok,have){</pre>
      stopifnot(is.character(ok))
      if(!as.character(have) %in% ok){
        warning("works with ",pkg," version ",
                paste(ok,collapse=" or "),
                 ", have ",have)
      }
    pkg_ok_have("R",Rvers,getRversion())
    pkg.vers <- list(...)</pre>
    for(pkg in names(pkg.vers)){
      if(!suppressWarnings(require(pkg, character.only=TRUE))){
        install.packages(pkg)
      }
      pkg_ok_have(pkg, pkg.vers[[pkg]], packageVersion(pkg))
      library(pkg, character.only=TRUE)
    }
+ }
```

This is for installing required packages and checking if version numbers match. More info here http://sugiyama-www.cs.titech.ac.jp/~toby/org/HOCKING-reproducible-research-with-R.html Then install bams and its dependencies.

> install.packages("bams",dep=TRUE)

All of the article source files can then be found in the bams/article directory, which you can find by executing the following code in R:

```
> system.file("article",package="bams")
```

To redo the calculations in the article, simply type make in the bams/article directory, which should create HOCKING-model-selection-breakpoint-annotations.pdf.

One of the first steps of the analysis is to download the segmentation.list.RData file, which saves the breakpoint locations detected for all the profiles, algorithms, and parameters. The reason why these calculations are not re-done by default is that they take a LONG TIME. If you want to re-do these calculations,

seg-commands.R can help, optionally using a cluster that has qsub. The results are saved to the ~/seg directory, which is parsed and converted to segmentation.list.RData by segmentation.list.R.

To speed up this process, you can redo the smoothing models for each profile in parallel, if you have access to a cluster with the command line program qsub. Try installing the bams package on the cluster, then executing the code in bams/article/smoothing-commands.R, which should use the cluster to make a smooth directory with result files. Then from the cluster, execute the code in bams/article/make.all.stats.R to remake zzz.stats.RData, copy this file to the bams/article directory, and type make.