

Longest Palindromic Substring | Set 2

Given a string, find the longest palindromic substring. For example, if the given string is "forgeeksskeegf", the output should be "gkeeksg".

Recommended: Please solve it on "PRACTICE" first, before moving on to the solution.

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We have discussed dynamic programming solution in the [previous post](#). The time complexity of the Dynamic Programming based solution is $O(n^2)$ and it requires $O(n^2)$ extra space. We can find the longest palindrome substring in (n^2) time with $O(1)$ extra space. The idea is to generate all even length and odd length palindromes and keep track of the longest palindrome seen so far.

Step to generate odd length palindrome:

Fix a centre and expand in both directions for longer palindromes.

Step to generate even length palindrome

Fix two centre (low and high) and expand in both directions for longer palindromes.

C++

```
// A O(n^2) time and O(1) space program to
// find the longest palindromic substring
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
```

```

// A utility function to print a substring str[low..high]
void printSubStr(char* str, int low, int high)
{
    for( int i = low; i <= high; ++i )
        cout << str[i];
}

// This function prints the longest palindrome substring (LPS)
// of str[]. It also returns the length of the longest palindrome
int longestPalSubstr(char *str)
{
    int maxLength = 1; // The result (length of LPS)

    int start = 0;
    int len = strlen(str);

    int low, high;

    // One by one consider every character as center point of
    // even and length palindromes
    for (int i = 1; i < len; ++i)
    {
        // Find the longest even length palindrome
        // with center points as i-1 and i.
        low = i - 1;
        high = i;
        while (low >= 0 && high < len && str[low] == str[high])
        {
            if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
            {
                start = low;
                maxLength = high - low + 1;
            }
            --low;
            ++high;
        }

        // Find the longest odd length palindrome with center
        // point as i
        low = i - 1;
        high = i + 1;
        while (low >= 0 && high < len && str[low] == str[high])
        {
            if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
            {
                start = low;
                maxLength = high - low + 1;
            }
            --low;
            ++high;
        }
    }

    cout<<"Longest palindrome substring is: ";
    printSubStr(str, start, start + maxLength - 1);

    return maxLength;
}

```

```
// Driver program to test above functions
int main()
{
    char str[] = "forgeeksskeegfor";
    cout<<"\nLength is: "<<longestPalSubstr(str)<<endl;
    return 0;
}

// This code is contributed by rathbhupendra
```

C

```
// A O(n^2) time and O(1) space program to find the longest palindromic substring
#include <stdio.h>
#include <string.h>

// A utility function to print a substring str[low..high]
void printSubStr(char* str, int low, int high)
{
    for( int i = low; i <= high; ++i )
        printf("%c", str[i]);
}

// This function prints the longest palindrome substring (LPS)
// of str[]. It also returns the length of the longest palindrome
int longestPalSubstr(char *str)
{
    int maxLength = 1; // The result (length of LPS)

    int start = 0;
    int len = strlen(str);

    int low, high;

    // One by one consider every character as center point of
    // even and length palindromes
    for (int i = 1; i < len; ++i)
    {
        // Find the longest even length palindrome with center points
        // as i-1 and i.
        low = i - 1;
        high = i;
        while (low >= 0 && high < len && str[low] == str[high])
        {
            if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
            {
                start = low;
                maxLength = high - low + 1;
            }
            --low;
            ++high;
        }
    }
}
```

```

// Find the longest odd length palindrome with center
// point as i
low = i - 1;
high = i + 1;
while (low >= 0 && high < len && str[low] == str[high])
{
    if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
    {
        start = low;
        maxLength = high - low + 1;
    }
    --low;
    ++high;
}

printf("Longest palindrome substring is: ");
printSubStr(str, start, start + maxLength - 1);

return maxLength;
}

```

```

// Driver program to test above functions
int main()
{
    char str[] = "forgeeksskeegfor";
    printf("\nLength is: %d", longestPalSubstr( str ) );
    return 0;
}

```

Java

```

// Java implementation of O(n^2) time and O(1) space method
// to find the longest palindromic substring
public class LongestPalinSubstring
{
    // A utility function to print a substring str[low..high]
    static void printSubStr(String str, int low, int high) {
        System.out.println(str.substring(low, high + 1));
    }

    // This function prints the longest palindrome substring
    // (LPS) of str[]. It also returns the length of the
    // longest palindrome
    static int longestPalSubstr(String str) {
        int maxLength = 1; // The result (length of LPS)

        int start = 0;
        int len = str.length();

        int low, high;

        // One by one consider every character as center
        // point of even and length palindromes

```

```

for (int i = 1; i < len; ++i)
{
    // Find the longest even length palindrome with
    // center points as i-1 and i.
    low = i - 1;
    high = i;
    while (low >= 0 && high < len
           && str.charAt(low) == str.charAt(high)) {
        if (high - low + 1 > maxLength) {
            start = low;
            maxLength = high - low + 1;
        }
        --low;
        ++high;
    }

    // Find the longest odd length palindrome with
    // center point as i
    low = i - 1;
    high = i + 1;
    while (low >= 0 && high < len
           && str.charAt(low) == str.charAt(high)) {
        if (high - low + 1 > maxLength) {
            start = low;
            maxLength = high - low + 1;
        }
        --low;
        ++high;
    }
}

System.out.print("Longest palindrome substring is: ");
printSubStr(str, start, start + maxLength - 1);

return maxLength;
}

// Driver program to test above function
public static void main(String[] args) {

    String str = "forgeeksskeegfor";
    System.out.println("Length is: " +
                       longestPalSubstr(str));
}

}
// This code is contributed by Sumit Ghosh

```

Python

A $O(n^2)$ time and $O(1)$ space program to find the
#longest palindromic substring

This function prints the longest palindrome substring (LPS)

```

# of str[]. It also returns the length of the longest palindrome
def longestPalSubstr(string):
    maxLength = 1

    start = 0
    length = len(string)

    low = 0
    high = 0

    # One by one consider every character as center point of
    # even and length palindromes
    for i in xrange(1, length):
        # Find the longest even length palindrome with center
        # points as i-1 and i.
        low = i - 1
        high = i
        while low >= 0 and high < length and string[low] == string[high]:
            if high - low + 1 > maxLength:
                start = low
                maxLength = high - low + 1
            low -= 1
            high += 1

        # Find the longest odd length palindrome with center
        # point as i
        low = i - 1
        high = i + 1
        while low >= 0 and high < length and string[low] == string[high]:
            if high - low + 1 > maxLength:
                start = low
                maxLength = high - low + 1
            low -= 1
            high += 1

    print "Longest palindrome substring is:",
    print string[start:start + maxLength]

    return maxLength

# Driver program to test above functions
string = "forgeeksskeegfor"
print "Length is: " + str(longestPalSubstr(string))

# This code is contributed by BHAVYA JAIN

```

C#

```

// C# implementation of O(n^2) time
// and O(1) space method to find the
// longest palindromic substring
using System;

class GFG

```

```

{
// A utility function to print
// a substring str[low..high]
public static void printSubStr(string str,
                                int low, int high)
{
    Console.WriteLine(str.Substring(low,
                                    (high + 1) - low));
}

// This function prints the longest
// palindrome substring (LPS) of str[].
// It also returns the length of the
// longest palindrome
public static int longestPalSubstr(string str)
{
    int maxLength = 1; // The result (length of LPS)

    int start = 0;
    int len = str.Length;

    int low, high;

    // One by one consider every
    // character as center point
    // of even and length palindromes
    for (int i = 1; i < len; ++i)
    {
        // Find the longest even length
        // palindrome with center points
        // as i-1 and i.
        low = i - 1;
        high = i;
        while (low >= 0 && high < len &&
                str[low] == str[high])
        {
            if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
            {
                start = low;
                maxLength = high - low + 1;
            }
            --low;
            ++high;
        }

        // Find the longest odd length
        // palindrome with center point as i
        low = i - 1;
        high = i + 1;
        while (low >= 0 && high < len &&
                str[low] == str[high])
        {
            if (high - low + 1 > maxLength)
            {
                start = low;
                maxLength = high - low + 1;
            }
            --low;

```

```

        ++high;
    }
}

Console.Write("Longest palindrome substring is: ");
printSubStr(str, start, start + maxLength - 1);

return maxLength;
}

// Driver Code
public static void Main(string[] args)
{
    string str = "forgeeksskeegfor";
    Console.WriteLine("Length is: " +
        longestPalSubstr(str));
}
}

// This code is contributed by Shrikant13

```

PHP

```

<?php
// A O(n^2) time and O(1) space program to find the longest palindromic substrin

// A utility function to print a substring str[low..high]
function printSubStr($str, $low, $high)
{
    for( $i = $low; $i <= $high; ++$i )
        echo $str[$i];
}

// This function prints the longest palindrome substring (LPS)
// of str[]. It also returns the length of the longest palindrome
function longestPalSubstr($str)
{
    $maxLength = 1; // The result (length of LPS)

    $start = 0;
    $len = strlen($str);

    // One by one consider every character as center point of
    // even and length palindromes
    for ($i = 1; $i < $len; ++$i)
    {
        // Find the longest even length palindrome with center points
        // as i-1 and i.
        $low = $i - 1;
        $high = $i;
        while ($low >= 0 && $high < $len && $str[$low] == $str[$high])
        {
            if ($high - $low + 1 > $maxLength)
            {
                $start = $low;
            }
        }
    }
}

```



```

        $maxLength = $high - $low + 1;
    }
    --$low;
    ++$high;
}

// Find the longest odd length palindrome with center
// point as i
$low = $i - 1;
$high = $i + 1;
while ($low >= 0 && $high < $len && $str[$low] == $str[$high])
{
    if ($high - $low + 1 > $maxLength)
    {
        $start = $low;
        $maxLength = $high - $low + 1;
    }
    --$low;
    ++$high;
}

echo "Longest palindrome substring is: ";
printSubStr($str, $start, $start + $maxLength - 1);

return $maxLength;
}

// Driver program to test above functions

$str = "forgeeksskeegfor";
echo "\nLength is: ". longestPalSubstr( $str ) ;
return 0;
?>

```

Output:

```

Longest palindrome substring is: geeksskeeg
Length is: 10

```

Time complexity: $O(n^2)$ where n is the length of input string.

Auxiliary Space: $O(1)$

We will soon be adding more optimized method as separate post.

Please write comments if you find anything incorrect, or you want to share more information about the topic discussed above.

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