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**Marks** 5.00/10.00

**Grade** 50.00 out of 100.00

## Question

# 1

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of  
1.00

Given the following classes, which of the following can independently replace  
INSERT IMPORTS HERE to make the code compile? (Choose all that apply)

```
package aquarium;
```

```
public class Tank { }
```

```
package aquarium.jellies;
```

```
public class Jelly { }
```

```
package visitor;
```

```
INSERT IMPORTS HERE
```

```
public class AquariumVisitor {
```

```
public void admire(Jelly jelly) { } }
```

Select one or more:

- ☒ a. `import aquarium.jellies.*;`
- ☐ b. `import aquarium.*Jelly;`
- ☒ c. `import aquarium.*;`
- ☐ d. None of these can make the code compile.
- ☒ e. `import aquarium.jellies.Jelly;`
- ☐ f. `import aquarium.jellies.Jelly.*;`

## Question

# 2

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What is the output of the following application?

```
1: public class CompareValues {  
2: public static void main(String[] args) {  
3: int x = 0;  
4: while(x++ < 10) {}  
5: String message = x > 10 ? "Greater than" : false;  
6: System.out.println(message+", "+x);  
7: }  
8: }
```

Select one or more:

- ☒ **a. The code will not compile because of line 5.**
- ☐ **b. Greater than,11**
- ☐ **c. false,11**
- ☐ **d. false,10**
- ☐ **e. The code will not compile because of line 4.**
- ☐ **f. Greater than,10**

## Question

# 3

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which are true statements? (Choose all that apply)

Select one or more:

- ☒ **a. String is immutable.**
- ☐ **b. StringBuffer is immutable**
- ☐ **c. An immutable object cannot be garbage collected.**
- ☐ **d. StringBuilder is immutable**
- ☒ **e. An immutable object can be garbage collected.**
- ☒ **f. An immutable object cannot be modified.**
- ☐ **g. An immutable object can be modified.**

## Question

# 4

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following methods compile? (Choose all that apply)

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. `public int methodF() { return;}`
- ☐ b. `public int methodE() { return 9.0;}`
- ☒ c. `public int methodD() { return 9;}`
- ☒ d. `public void methodD() {}`
- ☒ e. `public void methodA() { return;}`
- ☐ f. `public int methodG() { return null;}`
- ☒ g. `public void methodB() { return null;}`

## Question

# 5

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Which statement(s) are correct about the following code? (Choose all that apply)

```
public class Rodent {  
    protected static Integer chew() throws Exception {  
        System.out.println("Rodent is chewing");  
        return 1;  
    }  
}  
  
public class Beaver extends Rodent {  
    public Number chew() throws RuntimeException {  
        System.out.println("Beaver is chewing on wood");  
        return 2;  
    }  
}
```

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. It fails to compile because the type of the exception the method throws is a subclass of the type of exception the parent method throws.
- ☒ b. It will compile without issue.
- ☐ c. It fails to compile because of a static modifier mismatch between the two methods.
- ☐ d. It fails to compile because the return types are not covariant.
- ☐ e. It fails to compile because the method is protected in the parent class and public in the subclass.

## Question

# 6

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider the following Java code that uses a custom object as a key in a HashMap:

```
import java.util.HashMap;

class Person {

    String name;

    int age;

    Person(String name, int age) {
        this.name = name;
        this.age = age;
    }
}

public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {
        HashMap<Person, String> map = new HashMap<>();
        Person p1 = new Person("Alice", 30);
        Person p2 = new Person("Alice", 30);
        map.put(p1, "Engineer");
        System.out.println(map.get(p2));
    }
}
```

What will be the output of the above code?

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. Runtime exception
- ☐ b. Compilation error
- ☒ c. null
- ☐ d. "Engineer"

## Question

# 7

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Consider the following Java code:

```
import java.util.HashMap;

public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();

        map.put("a", 1);

        map.put("b", 2);

        map.put("a", 3);

        System.out.println(map.get("a"));

        System.out.println(map.size());

    }

}
```

What will be the output?

Select one or more:

- ☒ a. 3 and 2
- ☐ b. 1 and 3
- ☐ c. 3 and 3
- ☐ d. 1 and 2

## Question

8

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Consider the following code:

```
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.util.Map;

public class Main {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
        map.put("one", 1);
        map.put("two", 2);
        map.put("three", 3);

        for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : map.entrySet()) {
            if (entry.getKey().equals("two")) {
                map.remove("two");
            }
        }

        System.out.println(map);
    }
}
```

What will happen when this code is executed?

Select one or more:

- ☒ a. It will remove the key "two" and print {"one"]=1, "three"]=3}.
- ☒ b. It will run successfully and print {"one"]=1, "three"]=3} without any errors.
- ☐ c. It will remove the key "two" but print the original map.
- ☐ d. It will throw a `ConcurrentModificationException`.

## Question

# 9

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What will be the output of the following code?

```
import java.util.HashMap;

public class Main {

    public static void main(String[] args) {

        HashMap<String, String> map = new HashMap<>();

        map.put(null, "value1");
        map.put("key1", null);
        map.put(null, "value2");

        System.out.println(map.get(null));
        System.out.println(map.get("key1"));
    }
}
```

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. "value1" and "value1"
- ☐ b. null and "value1"
- ☒ c. "value2" and null
- ☐ d. null and null

## Question

# 10

Complete

Mark 0.00 out of 1.00

Which of the following statements is true about handling collisions in a HashMap?

Select one or more:

- ☐ a. **HashMap does not handle collisions.**
- ☐ b. **HashMap doubles its size every time a collision occurs.**
- ☒ c. **HashMap uses a linear probing mechanism for collision resolution.**
- ☒ d. **HashMap uses chaining, where each bucket contains a linked list of entries.**