Started on	Monday, 17 March 2025, 3:32 PM	
State	Finished	
Completed on	Monday, 17 March 2025, 3:37 PM	
Time taken	4 mins 50 secs	
Marks	15.00/15.00	
Grade	100.00 out of 100.00	
Question 1		
Complete		
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00		
	rulnerable code, what type of attack can be performed?	
exec(`ping \${req.bod	y.host}`, (error, stdout, stderr) => { });	
a. SQL Injectio		
b. CSRF Attack		
c. Command I		
d. Cross-Site S	cripting (XSS)	
Question 2		
Complete		
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00		
Wark 1.00 out of 1.00		
How can Broken Acc	ess Control be exploited?	
	n with the wrong password	
	oo many API requests	
	g JWT tokens or accessing restricted APIs	
d. By using a st	crong password	
Question 3		
Complete		
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00		
	g function be exploited?	
app.post('/track-vehi	cle', (req, res) => {	
const { plateNumb	er } = req.body;	
exec(`echo Trackin	g vehicle \${plateNumber}`, (error, stdout, stderr) => { });	
}) ;		
	shell commands in the plateNumber field	
b. By making n	nultiple requests at the same time	
c. By sending a	n empty request body	
d. By using a V	PN	

Question 4			
Complete			
Mark 1.00 out o	f 1.00		
If a user in	outs `ABC123 && rm -rf /`, what will happen on a Linux server?		
O - NI			
	othing will happen e entire file system could be deleted		
	·		
	e vehicle tracking system will show an error		
O d. Th	e server will shut down immediately		
Question 5			
Complete			
Mark 1.00 out o	f 1.00		
What com	mand could an attacker enter in the `/track-vehicle` endpoint to delete files on a Windows system?		
vviiat comi	mand could an attacker enter in the /track-vehicle endpoint to delete lifes on a windows system:		
O a. AE	3C123 && shutdown -h now		
b. AE	3C123 && del C:\Windows\System32		
O c. AE	3C123; rm -rf /		
O d. AE	3C123 && mv /etc/passwd /dev/null		
Question 6			
Complete			
Mark 1.00 out o	f 1.00		
What is the	e best way to prevent command injection attacks?		
	ow user input directly in system commands		
O b. Us	e an insecure API to execute shell commands		
O c. Us	e eval() to process user input		
⊚ d. Us	e parameterized queries and sanitize input		
Question 7			
Complete			
Mark 1.00 out o	f 1.00		
What is the	e correct way to restrict access to admin users only?		
a. if (decoded.role !== 'admin') return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });		
	·		
○ d. if (!decoded.role) return res.status(403).json({ error: 'Forbidden' });			

of 1.00		
e impact of Broken Access Control on an application?		
ttackers can execute arbitrary commands on the server		
 b. Unauthorized users can access restricted information or perform admin actions 		
ne database gets automatically deleted		
allows Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)		
of 1.00		
ack of input validation when executing system commands		
oor network security configuration		
correct use of loops in JavaScript		
sing HTTPS instead of HTTP		
of 1.00		
e safest way to execute system commands in Node.js?		
sing eval()		

Question 11 Complete Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What security flaw exists in the following '/users' endpoint?

```
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {
  const token = req.headers.authorization;
  jwt.verify(token, SECRET_KEY, (err, decoded) => {
    db.query('SELECT id, username, role FROM users', (err, results) => {
      res.json({ users: results });
    });
  });
});

a. It does not store passwords securely
    b. It does not return JSON data
    c. It does not verify the user's role before returning data
    d. It is vulnerable to SQL injection
```

Question 12

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

What would happen if an attacker modified a JWT token to escalate their privileges?

- a. The token would expire immediately
- b. They would get logged out
- c. They could access admin-only features
- Od. The server would detect the modification and reject the request

Question 13

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

Which function is the most dangerous when handling user input in Node.js?

- a. exec()
- b. parseInt()
- c. console.log()
- d. JSON.stringify()

Question 14	
Complete	
Mark 1.00 out of 1.00	

Which of the following is an effective way to prevent Broken Access Control?

- a. Allow users to modify their own JWT tokens
- b. Store JWT tokens in Local Storage without encryption
- o. Remove authentication from sensitive endpoints
- od. Validate user roles and permissions before processing requests

Question 15

Complete

Mark 1.00 out of 1.00

```
Why is the following endpoint a security risk?
app.get('/users', (req, res) => {
    db.query('SELECT id, username, role FROM users', (err, results) => {
      res.json({ users: results });
    });
});

a. It is vulnerable to CSRF
b. It allows SQL Injection
c. It exposes all users' details without authentication
d. It uses HTTPS instead of HTTP
```