Two Pointers

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Problem 1

Distance between two coordinates \mathbf{x} and \mathbf{y} is defined as absolute difference between the two.

Given an array **nums** having **n** positive integers $A_1, A_2, ..., A_n$, and an positive integer **k**.

Return the **k**th smallest distance among all the pairs of integers **nums[i]** and **nums[j]** where $0 \le i \le j \le n$.

Constraints: $1 \le n \le 10^5$, $1 \le A_i \le 10^5$.

Sliding Window

- Useful for array based problems subarray
- When to use?
- Optimization Technique
- Use of 2 pointers.
- Super useful for interviews too

Given an array, what is the maximum sum of a subarray of size k

Given an array, find the first negative number in every subarray of size k

Given an array, find the median of each subarray of size k

Given an array, find the minimum number in each subarray of size k

Solution:

- Sliding window
- Use of deque

```
vector<int> maxSlidingWindow(vector<int>& nums, int k) {
deque<int> d;
vector<int> ret;
for(int i = 0; i < k; i++){
    while(!d.empty() && nums[i] > nums[d.back()]){
        d.pop_back();
    d.push_back(i);
for(int i = k; i < nums.size(); i++){</pre>
    ret.push_back(nums[d.front()]);
    if(!d.empty() && d.front() <= i-k){</pre>
        d.pop_front();
    while(!d.empty() && nums[i] >= nums[d.back()]){
        d.pop_back();
    d.push_back(i);
ret.push_back(nums[d.front()]);
return ret;
```