QUIZ - 44

(1.) What is true about GIT? **Ans.** Git is open-source Git is an example of distributed version control system Used for handling the development of small and large projects All of the above (2.)A ____ keeps track of the contribution of the developers working as a team on the projects. Ans. CVS **DVF VCS** LFS (3.) A repository is a file structure where git stores all the project-based files. Ans. True False Can be true or false Can not say Which command creates an empty Git repository in the specified directory? (4.) **Ans.** git reset git log git init git new Git and GitHub both are the same. (5.) Ans. True **False** (6.)Which of the following is not a git command? Ans. add commit

(7.) Which of the following is the correct git command to set your username during initial setup?

Ans. git config -global user.name "your name"

git config –global user "your name" git init config –global user.name "your name" git –global user.name "your name"

(8.) What is a repository in git?

Ans. A folder in your computer

push **Upload**

A collection of folders and files that are tracked by git

A collection of links to other GitHub repositories A social networking profile on GitHub

What command do you run to view the commit history of your repository? (9.) **Ans.** git history git log git commit -h git past (10.) How do you check the state of your local git repository since your last commit? Ans. git diff ait check git commit git status (11.) What's a shortcut to staging all the changes you have? **Ans.** git commit add git commit git stage -a git add (12.) How do you enter a commit message into a commit? Ans. git commit -m "I'm Coding!" git message "I'm Coding!" git add "I'm Coding!" git commit "I'm Coding!" (13.) What's the git command that downloads your repository from GitHub to your computer? Ans. git fork git push git commit git clone (14.) Which of the following commands join two or more development branches together? Ans. git join git merge git branch git concat (15.) Which of the following command is used in switching between branches? **Ans.** git merge git switch git checkout git branch (16.) ____ is a version of the repository that diverges from the main working project. Ans. master branch fork clone

(17.) The act of transferring commits from your local repository to a remote repository is known as —

Ans. push

pull

clone

rebase

(18.) Which of the following statement is true about the git ignore file?

Ans. The .gitignore file contains all the formats and files that should be ignored while commit We can create multiple ignore files in a different directory

Both of the above

None of the above

(19.) What is a commit?

Ans. A snapshot of all the files in the repository

A snapshot of just the changes from one time to the other

A collection of branches

Ancothe name for a repository

(20.) Which of the following command will create a new branch?

Ans. git checkout new-branch

git checkout -b new-branch

git clone new-branch

git create-branch new-branch

(21.) What are the characteristics of a good commit message?

Ans. Short, less than 50 characters

Describe the change introduced by the commit

Tell the story of how your project has evolved

Commit message are optional

(22.) Which of the following commands will merge branch-one into the master branch?

Ans. git checkout master and git merge branch-one

git checkout branch-one and git merge master git merge master and git checkout branch-one

git merge branch-one and git checkout master

(23.) What does the command git branch (witout options) do?

Ans. Shows a list of your local repository

Creates a new branch

Deletes a branch

Renames a branch

(24.) A command to see repositories history

Ans. git log

git commit

git clone

git push

(25.) Which is the correct order to submit your changes from the working directory all the way to the remote repository?

Ans. git commit - git push - git add

git add - git commit - git push

git push - git commit - git add

git add - git push - git commit