

# QUIZ - 34

(1.) How do you create a self-invoking function in JavaScript?

Ans. By wrapping the function definition in parenthesis and adding an extra set of parentheses at the end

By wrapping the function definition in brackets and adding an extra set of brackets at the end  
By wrapping the function definition in braces and adding an extra set of braces at the end

(2.) Are self-invoking functions called immediately after being defined?

Ans. Yes

No

(3.) Can you pass arguments to a self-invoking function in JavaScript?

Ans. Yes

No

(4.) How can you add properties to an object in JavaScript?

Ans. By using the dot notation

By using the square bracket notation

Both A and B

(5.) How can you access the value of a property in an object in JavaScript?

Ans. By using the dot notation

By using the square bracket notation

Both A and B

(6.) Can you add a method to an object in JavaScript?

Ans. Yes

No

(7.) What is the syntax for creating an object using object literal notation in JavaScript?

Ans. var myObj = new Object();

var myObj = {};

var myObj = Object();

(8.) How can you create an object in JavaScript?

Ans. By using object literal notation

By using object constructor notation

Both A and B

(9.) Can you mix required and unlimited parameters in the same function in JavaScript?

Ans. Yes

No

**(10.) How can you access the individual parameters passed to a function with unlimited parameters in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** By using the arguments object

**By accessing the individual elements of the rest operator**

By using both arguments object and the rest operator

**(11.) What is the syntax of a function with unlimited parameters using the rest operator in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** `function(params, ...args){...}`

**`function(...params){...}`**

`function(args){...}`

**(12.) What is the method used to add a property to an object in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** `add()`

`push()`

`assign()`

**`Object.defineProperty()`**

**(13.) What is an object in JavaScript?**

A primitive data type

**A data structure that stores multiple values**

A function

A method

**(14.) Which keyword is used to create a new object in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** `object`

`this`

**`new`**

`var`

**(15.) How do you access a property of an object in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** Using the dot notation

Using square brackets

**Both a and b**

None of the above

**(16.) How do you add a new property to an existing object in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** Using the dot notation

Using square brackets

**Both a and b**

None of the above

**(17.) What is the difference between null and undefined in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** They are the same

**null means that a variable has no value assigned to it, while undefined means that a variable has been declared but not assigned a value**

undefined means that a variable has no value assigned to it, while null means that a variable has been declared but not assigned a value

None of the above

**(18.) How do you check if a property exists in an object in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** Using the hasOwnProperty() method

Using the in operator

**Both a and b**

None of the above

**(19.) How do you iterate over the properties of an object in JavaScript?**

**Ans.** Using a for loop

Using the Object.keys() method

Using the Object.values() method

**Both a and b**

**(20.) What is the difference between a method and a property in JavaScript objects?**

**Ans.** They are the same thing

**A property is a value stored in an object, while a method is a function stored in an object**

A method is a value stored in an object, while a property is a function stored in an object

None of the above