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Assignment 11

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Download the latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Bharat437/Matrix Theory/tree/master/Assignment11

1 Problem

(UGC-dec2016,73):

Let $\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$ and let α_n and β_n denote the two eigenvalues of \mathbf{A}^n such that $|\alpha_n| \ge |\beta_n|$. Then

- 1) $\alpha_n \to \infty$ as $n \to \infty$
- 2) $\beta_n \to 0$ as $n \to \infty$
- 3) β_n is positive if n is even.
- 4) β_n is negative if n is odd.

2 Solution

Options	Solutions	True/False
1.	Given	
	$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$	
	Now lets find the eigen values of matrix A	
	$ \mathbf{A} - \lambda \mathbf{I} = 0$	
	$\implies \begin{vmatrix} 1 - \lambda & 1 \\ 1 & -\lambda \end{vmatrix} = 0$	
	$\implies \lambda^2 - \lambda - 1 = 0$	True
	On solving we get 2 eigen values	
	$\alpha_1 = \frac{1+\sqrt{5}}{2}$ $\beta_1 = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$	
	We know that if eigenvalue of A is λ then eigenvalue of A ⁿ is λ ⁿ .	
	In this problem we can say that the eigenvalues α_n and β_n of \mathbf{A}^n are	
	$\alpha_n = \alpha_1^n \beta_n = \beta_1^n$	
	Since $\alpha_1 > 1$ we can say that $\alpha_n \to \infty$ as $n \to \infty$.	
2.	We got $\beta_1 = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$ and $\beta_n = \beta_1^n$.	
	Since $-1 < \beta_1 < 0$, we can say that $\beta_n \to 0$ as $n \to \infty$.	True
3.	We got $\beta_1 = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$ and $\beta_n = \beta_1^n$.	
	Since β_1 is negative because $-1 < \beta_1^2 < 0$, if n is even then β_n is positive.	True
4.	We got $\beta_1 = \frac{1-\sqrt{5}}{2}$ and $\beta_n = \beta_1^n$.	
	Since β_1 is negative, if n is odd then β_n is negative.	True