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Assignment 7

AVVARU BHARAT

Download latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/Bharat437/Matrix_Theory/tree/master/Assignment7

1 Question

Q. Perform QR decomposition on matrix A

$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 3 & -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{1.0.1}$$

2 Explanation

The columns of matrix **A** can be represented in α and β as

$$\implies \alpha = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.1}$$

$$\beta = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.2}$$

For QR decomposition, matrix **A** can be expressed as

$$\mathbf{A} = \mathbf{QR} \tag{2.0.3}$$

where, **Q** and **R** are expressed as

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{u}_1 & \mathbf{u}_2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.4}$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} k_1 & r_1 \\ 0 & k_2 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.5}$$

Note that \mathbf{R} is an upper triangular matrix. Now,we calculate

$$k_1 = ||\alpha|| = \sqrt{10} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{u_1} = \frac{\alpha}{k_1} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \begin{pmatrix} 1\\3 \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$r_1 = \frac{\mathbf{u_1}^T \beta}{\|\mathbf{u_1}\|^2} = \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 3 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.8)

$$\implies r_1 = -\frac{11}{\sqrt{10}}$$
 (2.0.9)

$$\mathbf{u}_2 = \frac{\beta - r_1 \mathbf{u}_1}{\|\beta - r_1 \mathbf{u}_1\|} \tag{2.0.10}$$

Consider

$$\beta - r_1 \mathbf{u_1} = \begin{pmatrix} 4 \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} + \frac{11}{\sqrt{10}} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 3 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.11)

$$\implies \beta - r_1 \mathbf{u_1} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{51}{10} \\ -\frac{17}{10} \end{pmatrix} \qquad (2.0.12)$$

$$\|\beta - r_1 \mathbf{u_1}\| = \frac{17}{\sqrt{10}}$$
 (2.0.13)

Substitute (2.0.12),(2.0.13) in (2.0.10), we get

$$\mathbf{u_2} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \\ -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.14}$$

$$k_2 = \mathbf{u_2}^T \beta = \left(\frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} - \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}}\right) \begin{pmatrix} 4\\ -5 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.15)

$$\implies k_2 = \frac{17}{\sqrt{10}}$$
 (2.0.16)

Therefore, from (2.0.4) and (2.0.5)

$$\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} & \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.17)

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{10} & -\frac{11}{\sqrt{10}} \\ 0 & \frac{17}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.18)

Note that,

$$\mathbf{Q}^{T}\mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} & \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} & \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \mathbf{I}$$
(2.0.19)

Now matrix \mathbf{A} can be written as (2.0.3)

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 4 \\ 3 & -5 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} & \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} \\ \frac{3}{\sqrt{10}} & -\frac{1}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{10} & -\frac{11}{\sqrt{10}} \\ 0 & \frac{17}{\sqrt{10}} \end{pmatrix}$$
(2.0.20)