**Bharath Kumar N** 

PS ID:10843180

Python Mock assessment 1

Linux 1.2

### **PROGRAM 3:**

File Handling Utility – Text Analyzer Objective: Read sample .txt file and display all Unique cities sample.txt ( copy the below to sample.txt file )

**EmpID, Name, Department, Location** 

E1001, Asha Rao, Data Science, Mumbai

E1002, Rahul Mehta, IT Support, Hyderabad

E1003, Neha Singh, Human Resources, Hyderabad

E1004,Vikram Das,Finance,Mumbai

E1005, Priya Kapoor, Marketing, Hyderabad

Requirements:

 $\lambda$  Ask the user for a file path; open safely with try/except for FileNotFoundError.

 $\lambda$  Use if condition whereever required

 $\lambda$  Use user defined function

Sample Input/Output:

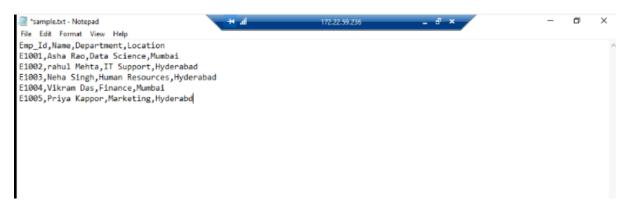
Sample Input:

Enter path to a .txt file: sample.txt

Sample Output: < all unique city names line by line >

#### **Answer**

# Step 1: Creating A Sample.txt document



Step 2: Including try .. except concept for file not found error

And using read method trying to read the file

```
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help

filepath=input("Enter the file path to open it:")

try:
    with open(filepath,'r') as f:
    content=f.read()
    print(content)

except FileNotFoundError:
    print("File Not Found")
```

Step 3: Find and iterate the location details

```
h Files.py - C:\Program Files\Python313\Files.py (3.13.3)
                                                                                                       File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
filepath=input("Enter the file path to open it:")
detail=[]
try:
  with open(filepath,'r') as f:
      line=f.read()
      newone=[]
      newone.append(line.split(","))
      detail.append(newone)
      for i in detail:
         new area=[]
         new area.append(i)
print(new area)
except FileNotFoundError:
   print("File Not Found")
                                                                                 Activate Windows
                                                                                 Go to Settings to activate Windows.
                                                                                                      Ln: 13 Col: 15
```

### Output:

> >

```
Enter the file path to open it:C:/Users/Administrator/Desktop/sample.txt.txt [[['\nE1001', 'Asha Rao', 'Data Science', 'Mumbai\nE1002', 'Rahul Mehta', 'IT Support', 'Fyderabad', '\nE1003', 'Neha Singh', 'Human Resource', 'Hyderabad\nE1004', 'Vikram Das', 'Finance', 'Mumbai\nE1005', 'Priya Kapoor', 'Marketing', 'Hyderabad']]] Unique place: ['Mumbai', 'Hyderabad']
```

### PROGRAM 4::

**List Methods — Clean & Normalize Shopping List Objective:** 

Use only list methods (append, extend, insert, remove, pop, index, count, sort, reverse, slicing).

### Requirements:

 $\lambda$  Input: a raw list like [" Milk", "eggs", "MILK ", "bread", "Eggs", " butter "].

 $\lambda$  Trim whitespace, convert to lowercase, and remove duplicates while preserving order (no set).

 $\lambda$  Print final sorted list and also reversed order.

Sample Input/Output:

Sample Input: [" Milk", "eggs", "MILK ", "bread", "Eggs", " butter "]

Sample Output: Counts: milk: 2, eggs: 2, bread: 1, butter: 1

Clean list (sorted): ['bread', 'butter', 'eggs', 'milk']

Reversed: ['milk', 'eggs', 'butter', 'bread'

### **Answer**

```
Step 1: A list is created
```

```
groceries=[" Milk"," eggs"," MILK"," Bread "," Eggs "," butter "]
print(groceries)

Output:
```

## Step 2:

Lets create a empty grocery list

Using loops we iterate each and every thing in the grocery list

Using lower() function to change it into lower case

[' Milk', ' eggs', ' MILK', ' Bread ', ' Eggs ', ' butter ']

Using strip function to trim the white spaces

Then using conditionals we added the unique elements to the new grocery list

```
Cleaned_groceries=[]
for i in range (0,len(groceries)):
    small=groceries[i].lower().strip()
    if small not in Cleaned_groceries:
        Cleaned_groceries.append(small)

print("Cleaned Groceries:",Cleaned_groceries)
```

# Step 3:

To sort the Cleaned grocery list use sorted method

```
print("Sorted Clean groceries:",sorted(Cleaned_groceries))

Cleaned Groceries: ['milk', 'eggs', 'bread', 'butter']
```

### Step 4:

Inorder to reverse the grocery list we use a new empty list

We iterate through each list and insert it at the reverse proportional value of the index

```
reversed_groceries=[]

for i in Cleaned_groceries:
    j=len(Cleaned_groceries)
    if j==0:
        break
    reversed_groceries.insert(j,i)

print("Reversed Clean groceries:",(reversed_groceries))
```

Reversed Clean groceries: ['milk', 'eggs', 'bread', 'butter']

### Overall Coding:

```
list.py - C:/Program Files/Python313/List.py (3.13.3)
                                                                                                     ×
File Edit Format Run Options Window Help
groceries=[" Milk"," eggs"," MILK"," Bread "," Eggs "," butter "]
print(groceries)
Cleaned groceries=[]
for i in range (0,len(groceries)):
   small=groceries[i].lower().strip()
   if small not in Cleaned groceries:
      Cleaned groceries.append(small)
print("Cleaned Groceries:",Cleaned_groceries)
print("Sorted Clean groceries:",sorted(Cleaned_groceries))
reversed groceries=[]
for i in Cleaned groceries:
   j=len(Cleaned_groceries)
   if j==0:
      break
   reversed_groceries.insert(j,i)
print("Reversed Clean groceries:",(reversed_groceries))
                                                                            Activate Windows
                                                                            Go to Settings to activate Windows.
```

### Overall Output: