

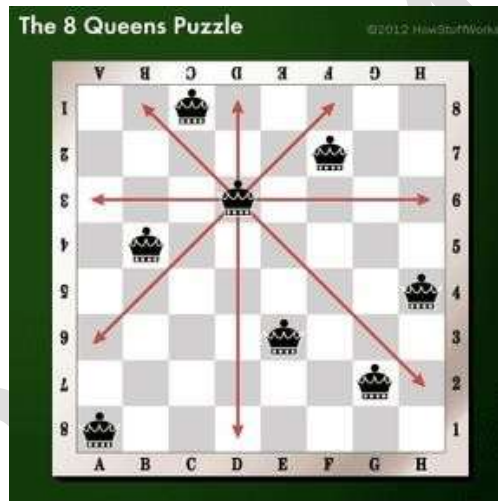
8- QUEENS PROBLEM

AIM:

To implement an 8-Queens problem using Python.

You are given an 8x8 board; find a way to place 8 queens such that no queen can attack any other queen on the chessboard. A queen can only be attacked if it lies on the same row, same column, or the same diagonal as any other queen. Print all the possible configurations.

To solve this problem, we will make use of the Backtracking algorithm. The backtracking algorithm, in general checks all possible configurations and test whether the required result is obtained or not. For the given problem, we will explore all possible positions the queens can be relatively placed at. The solution will be correct when the number of placed queens = 8.



PROGRAM:

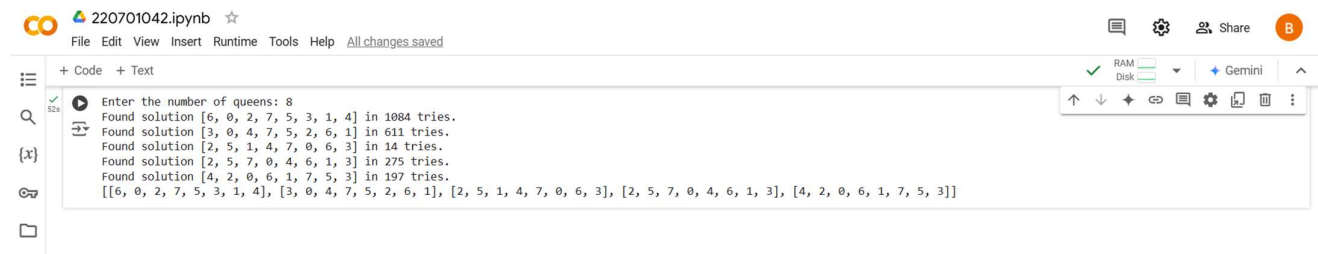
```
def share_diagonal(x0, y0, x1, y1):
    dx = abs(x0 - x1)
    dy = abs(y0 - y1)
    return dy == dx

def col_clashes(bs, c):
    for i in range(c):
        if share_diagonal(i, bs[i], c, bs[c]):
            return True
    return False

def has_clashes(the_board):
```

```
for col in range(1, len(the_board)):
    if col_clashes(the_board, col):
        return True
return False
def main():
    import random
    n=int(input("Enter the number of queens: "))
    rng = random.Random()
    bd = list(range(n))
    num_found = 0
    tries = 0
    result = []
    while num_found < 5:
        rng.shuffle(bd)
        tries += 1
        if not has_clashes(bd) and bd not in result:
            print("Found solution {0} in {1} tries.".format(bd, tries))
            tries = 0
            num_found += 1
            result.append(list(bd))
    print(result)
main()
```

OUTPUT:



The screenshot shows a Jupyter Notebook window titled "220701042.ipynb". The interface includes a menu bar (File, Edit, View, Insert, Runtime, Tools, Help) and a toolbar with icons for running, saving, and sharing. The notebook contains a single code cell with the following output:

```
Enter the number of queens: 8
Found solution [6, 0, 2, 7, 5, 3, 1, 4] in 1084 tries.
Found solution [3, 0, 4, 7, 5, 2, 6, 1] in 611 tries.
Found solution [2, 5, 1, 4, 7, 0, 6, 3] in 14 tries.
Found solution [2, 5, 7, 0, 4, 6, 1, 3] in 275 tries.
Found solution [4, 2, 0, 6, 1, 7, 5, 3] in 197 tries.
[[6, 0, 2, 7, 5, 3, 1, 4], [3, 0, 4, 7, 5, 2, 6, 1], [2, 5, 1, 4, 7, 0, 6, 3], [2, 5, 7, 0, 4, 6, 1, 3], [4, 2, 0, 6, 1, 7, 5, 3]]
```

RESULT:

Thus, the 8Queens problem was implemented successfully using backtracking algorithm.