A00.

400

CEO



£001

DETAILS

Name

SIDIGONDE BHARATH KUMAR

Roll Number

TEMPBTech-ECE004

EXPERIMENT

Title

REVERSE PACK

Description

Given an array of positive integers, you need to create a new list where:

Each element represents the frequency count of occurrence of all unique numbers in the original array. Each frequency count occurs the number of times in the new list equal to the value of the corresponding unique number in the original array. Finally, Sort the new list and display.

Input Format:

The first line contains an integer n, denoting the size of the array.

The second line contains n space-separated integers, representing the elements of the array.

Sample Input:

EOOLIEW

3 3 1 1 1 2

Sample Output:

[1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3]

Explanation:

[3, 3, 1, 1, 2] we have {3:2,1:3,2:1}. So now 2 has to appear 3 times and 3 has to appear 1 time and 1 has to appear 2 times. THE HAR BELLEVIER BELLEVIE

So the list we get is [2, 2, 2, 3, 1, 1] sorting the list we have [1, 1, 2, 2, 2, 3] ECEDOA TEMPBIECH, ECEDOA TEMPB Tae9a-0 ECHOOA TENDA TEMPBTECH, ECHOOATEMPBTECH, ECHOOATEMPBT ECEOOA TEMPBTECH. ECEOOA TEMPBTECH. E

TEMP Brech, ECEOOA TEMP Brech, ECEOOA TEMPBTECH-EC. **Source Code:** LEW BLE

https://practice.reinprep.com/student/get-report/9c72ad23-7bed-11ef-ae9a-0e411ed3c76b

ELER RATE OF THE RESIDENCE OF THE PROPERTY OF

```
n=int(input())
a=list(map(int,input()))
d={}
for i in a:
    if i not in d:
        d[i]=1
    else:
        d[i]+=1
res=[]
for key,val in d.items():
    res+=[val]*key
res.sort()
print(res)

RESULT

0/5 Test Cases Passed | 0 %
```