

# HR Analysis SQL Query Documentation

## Database Setup

### -- Create the HR\_Analysis database

- CREATE DATABASE HR\_Analysis;

### -- View all records in the hr\_analysis table

- SELECT \* FROM hr\_analysis;

### -- Describe the structure of the hr\_analysis table

- DESCRIBE hr\_analysis;

## Column Normalization

### -- Convert startDate from string to proper DATE format

- UPDATE hr\_analysis  
SET startDate = STR\_TO\_DATE(startDate, "%m/%d/%Y");

### -- Modify StartDate column to DATE type

- ALTER TABLE hr\_analysis  
MODIFY COLUMN StartDate DATE;

### -- Rename and standardize column names for clarity and consistency

- ALTER TABLE hr\_analysis  
CHANGE `Job Role` job\_role VARCHAR(20),  
CHANGE `Employee ID` employee\_id INT,  
CHANGE `Performance Score` performance\_score VARCHAR(50),  
CHANGE `Engagement Score` engagement\_score INT,  
CHANGE EmployeeClassificationType employee\_type VARCHAR(50),  
CHANGE `current employee rating` current\_employee\_rating INT,  
CHANGE `satisfaction score` satisfaction\_score INT,  
CHANGE `work-life balance score` work\_life\_balance\_score INT;
- ALTER TABLE hr\_analysis  
CHANGE `Training Program Name` training\_program VARCHAR(50),  
CHANGE `Training Type` training\_type VARCHAR(50),  
CHANGE `Training Outcome` training\_outcome VARCHAR(50),  
CHANGE `Training Months` training\_months VARCHAR(50),  
CHANGE `Training Cost` training\_cost VARCHAR(50);

## Employee Demographics

### -- Total number of employees

- SELECT COUNT(\*) FROM hr\_analysis;

### -- Gender-wise employee count

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id), GenderCode FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY GenderCode;

### -- Marital status-wise employee count

- SELECT MaritalDesc, COUNT(employee\_id) FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY MaritalDesc;

## Job Role Distribution

### -- Employee count per job role

- SELECT job\_role, COUNT(employee\_id) AS no\_of\_employees FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY job\_role  
ORDER BY no\_of\_employees;

### -- Top 5 job roles with highest number of employees

- SELECT job\_role, COUNT(employee\_id) AS no\_of\_employees FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY job\_role  
ORDER BY no\_of\_employees DESC  
LIMIT 5;

## Employment Status

### -- Number of active employees

- SELECT COUNT(employeestatus) AS Employees\_status FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active";

### -- Number of terminated employees

- SELECT COUNT(employeestatus) AS Employees\_status FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE EmployeeStatus = "terminated";

## Employee Type Breakdown

### -- Total employees by type (temporary, part-time, full-time)

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, employee\_type FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY employee\_type;

### -- Job role vs employee type distribution

- SELECT job\_role, employee\_type, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees  
FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY job\_role, employee\_type  
ORDER BY job\_role, total\_employees DESC;

### Status by Job Role

#### -- Active employees by job role (Top 10)

- SELECT job\_role, COUNT(employeestatus) AS Employees\_Active FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active"  
GROUP BY job\_role ORDER BY Employees\_Active DESC LIMIT 10;

#### -- Terminated employees by job role

- SELECT job\_role, COUNT(employeestatus) AS Employees\_Terminated FROM  
hr\_analysis  
WHERE EmployeeStatus = "terminated"  
GROUP BY job\_role  
ORDER BY Employees\_Terminated DESC;

### Payzone Analysis

#### -- List of payzones

- SELECT payzone FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY payzone;

#### -- Total employees per payzone

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, payzone FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY payzone  
ORDER BY total\_employees DESC;

#### -- Payzone A,B,C: breakdown by job role, division, department, and employee type

- SELECT job\_role, division, DepartmentType, employee\_type, COUNT(employee\_id)  
AS total\_employees, payzone FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE PayZone = "zone a"  
GROUP BY PayZone, job\_role, division, DepartmentType, employee\_type  
ORDER BY total\_employees DESC;

#### **-- Payzone distribution by employee type**

- SELECT employee\_type, payzone, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY employee\_type, PayZone  
ORDER BY PayZone, total\_employees DESC;

#### **-- Payzone A: distribution by marital status**

- SELECT maritaldesc, payzone, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis WHERE payzone = "zone a"  
GROUP BY maritaldesc, payzone;

#### **-- Payzone distribution by state**

- SELECT payzone, state, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY state, payzone  
ORDER BY payzone, total\_employees DESC;

#### **-- Payzone distribution by age**

- SELECT payzone, age, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY payzone, age  
ORDER BY payzone, total\_employees DESC;

### **Performance Score Analysis**

#### **-- Total employees by performance score**

- SELECT performance\_score, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY performance\_score;

#### **-- Performance score vs employee status**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, Performance\_Score, EmployeeStatus FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE performance\_score = "fully meets"  
GROUP BY Performance\_Score, EmployeeStatus;

#### **-- Active employees with "fully meets" score by job role, department, division**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, job\_role, DepartmentType, Division, performance\_score, EmployeeStatus FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE performance\_score = "fully meets" AND EmployeeStatus = "active"  
GROUP BY job\_role, DepartmentType, Division, performance\_score, EmployeeStatus  
ORDER BY total\_employees DESC;

#### **-- Active employees with "fully meets" score by state**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, Performance\_Score, EmployeeStatus, state FROM hr\_analysis WHERE performance\_score = "fully meets" AND EmployeeStatus = "active" GROUP BY Performance\_Score, EmployeeStatus, state ORDER BY total\_employees DESC;

#### **Engagement & Rating**

##### **-- Average engagement score**

- SELECT AVG(engagement\_score) AS average\_engagement\_score FROM hr\_analysis;

##### **-- Active employees by engagement score**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, engagement\_score FROM hr\_analysis WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active" GROUP BY engagement\_score;

##### **-- Average employee rating**

- SELECT AVG(current\_employee\_rating) FROM hr\_analysis;

##### **-- Average rating by job role**

- SELECT AVG(current\_employee\_rating) AS Average\_rating, job\_role FROM hr\_analysis GROUP BY job\_role ORDER BY Average\_rating DESC;

##### **-- Active employees by rating**

- SELECT current\_employee\_rating, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active" GROUP BY current\_employee\_rating;

##### **-- Active employees by rating and state**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, current\_employee\_rating, State FROM hr\_analysis WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active" GROUP BY state, current\_employee\_rating ORDER BY current\_employee\_rating DESC;

#### **-- Active male employees by age and rating**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, current\_employee\_rating, age, gendercode FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active" AND GenderCode = "male"  
GROUP BY age, GenderCode, current\_employee\_rating  
ORDER BY current\_employee\_rating DESC;

#### **Satisfaction Score**

#### **-- Average satisfaction score**

- SELECT AVG(satisfaction\_score) FROM hr\_analysis;

#### **-- Average satisfaction score by job role**

- SELECT AVG(satisfaction\_score) AS Average\_Satisfaction\_score, job\_role FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY job\_role;

#### **-- Total employees by satisfaction score**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, satisfaction\_score FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY satisfaction\_score;

#### **-- Active employees by satisfaction score**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, satisfaction\_score FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active"  
GROUP BY satisfaction\_score;

#### **-- Active employees by satisfaction score and state**

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees, satisfaction\_score, state FROM hr\_analysis  
WHERE EmployeeStatus = "active"  
GROUP BY state, Satisfaction\_Score  
ORDER BY total\_employees DESC;

## Employee Total Rank

### -- Rank employees based on combined score of performance, engagement, satisfaction, and work-life balance

- WITH scores AS ( SELECT employee\_id, EmployeeStatus, (performance\_score + engagement\_score + satisfaction\_score + work\_life\_balance\_score) AS total\_score FROM hr\_analysis )  
SELECT employee\_id, EmployeeStatus, total\_score, RANK() OVER (ORDER BY total\_score DESC) AS Rank\_Position FROM scores ORDER BY total\_score DESC;

## Training Program Analysis

### -- Training programs by job role

- SELECT job\_role, training\_program FROM hr\_analysis  
ORDER BY job\_role;

### -- Total employees by training type

- SELECT COUNT(employee\_id), training\_type FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY training\_type;

### -- Total employees by training outcome

- SELECT training\_outcome, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis GROUP BY training\_outcome  
ORDER BY training\_type;

### -- Total employees by training outcome

- SELECT training\_outcome, COUNT(employee\_id) AS total\_employees FROM hr\_analysis  
GROUP BY training\_outcome  
ORDER BY total\_employees DESC;

### -- Average training duration in months

- SELECT AVG(training\_months) AS average\_training\_months FROM hr\_analysis;

### -- Total training cost

- SELECT SUM(CAST(REPLACE(training\_cost, '\$', ' ') AS DEC