SALES ANALYSIS 2021-2024

1. View Creation

-- Create a unified view combining two years of sales data with a source identifier

CREATE VIEW sales_analysis AS

SELECT *, 'year_21_22' AS source_year FROM sales_2021_2022

UNION ALL

SELECT *, 'year 23 24' AS source year FROM sales 2023 2024;

2. Customer Analysis

-- Total number of customers

SELECT COUNT(*) AS total_customers FROM sales_analysis;

-- Total customers by gender

SELECT gender, COUNT(customer_id) AS total_customers

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY gender;

-- Total customers by year and gender

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, gender, COUNT(customer_id) AS total_customers

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY YEAR(date), gender;

-- Total customers by year and month

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, MONTH(date) AS month, COUNT(customer id) AS total customers

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY YEAR(date), MONTH(date)

ORDER BY month;

-- Total customers by product category

SELECT product_category, COUNT(customer_id) AS total_customers FROM sales_analysis GROUP BY product_category ORDER BY total_customers DESC;

3. Demographics

-- Average age of customers by product category

SELECT product_category, AVG(age) AS Avg_Age
FROM sales_analysis
GROUP BY product_category;

4. Quantity Sold

-- Total quantity sold

SELECT SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity_sold FROM sales_analysis;

-- Quantity sold by product category

SELECT product_category, SUM(quantity) AS total_quantity_sold
FROM sales_analysis
GROUP BY product_category;

-- Average quantity sold by product category

SELECT product_category, AVG(quantity) AS avg_quantity_sold FROM sales_analysis GROUP BY product_category;

-- Quantity sold by year

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, SUM(quantity) AS quantity_sold FROM sales_analysis GROUP BY year;

-- Min and max quantity sold by product category and year

```
SELECT product_category, year
MIN(quantity) AS min_quantity_sold,
MAX(quantity) AS max_quantity_sold
FROM (
    SELECT product_category, YEAR(date) AS year, quantity
    FROM sales_analysis
) AS sub
GROUP BY product_category, year;
```

§ 5. Price Analysis

-- Average price per unit

SELECT ROUND(AVG(price_per_unit), 2) AS avg_priceperunit FROM sales_analysis;

-- Min and max price per unit by year

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, MIN(price_per_unit) AS min_price, MAX(price_per_unit) AS max_price FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY year;

-- Average price per unit by product category

SELECT product_category, ROUND(AVG(price_per_unit)) AS avg_priceperunit FROM sales_analysis GROUP BY product_category;

-- Min and max price per unit by product category and year

SELECT product_category, YEAR(date) AS year,

MIN(price_per_unit) AS minimum_price,

MAX(price_per_unit) AS maximum_price

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY product_category, year

ORDER BY year;



-- Average cost per unit

SELECT ROUND(AVG(cost_per_unit), 2) AS avg_costperunit FROM sales_analysis;

-- Min and max cost per unit by year

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, MIN(cost_per_unit) AS min_cost, MAX(cost_per_unit) AS max_cost FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY year;

-- Average cost per unit by product category

SELECT product_category, ROUND(AVG(cost_per_unit)) AS avg_costperunit
FROM sales_analysis
GROUP BY product_category;

-- Min and max cost per unit by product category

SELECT product_category,

MIN(cost_per_unit) AS minimum_cost,

MAX(cost_per_unit) AS maximum_cost

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY product_category;

7. Profit Analysis

-- Average profit per unit

SELECT ROUND(AVG(profit_per_unit), 2) AS avg_profitperunit FROM sales_analysis;

-- Min and max profit per unit by year

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, MIN(profit_per_unit) AS min_profit, MAX(profit_per_unit) AS max_profit FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY year;

-- Average profit per unit by product category

SELECT product_category, ROUND(AVG(profit_per_unit)) AS avg_profitperunit FROM sales_analysis GROUP BY product_category;

-- Min and max profit per unit by product category

SELECT product_category,

MIN(profit_per_unit) AS minimum_price,

MAX(profit_per_unit) AS maximum_price
FROM sales_analysis
GROUP BY product_category;

-- Total revenue

```
SELECT SUM(total amount) AS Total Revenue FROM sales analysis;
```

-- Total revenue by year

```
SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, SUM(total_amount) AS Total_Revenue FROM sales_analysis GROUP BY year;
```

-- Total revenue by product category and year

```
SELECT product_category, SUM(total_amount) AS Total_Revenue, YEAR(date) AS year FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY product_category, year;
```

-- Revenue growth rate year-over-year

```
SELECT curr.year AS current_year,

ROUND(((curr.total_amount - prev.total_amount) / NULLIF(prev.total_amount, 0)) * 100,
2) AS revenue_growth_rate

FROM (

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, SUM(total_amount) AS total_amount

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY YEAR(date)
) AS curr

JOIN (

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, SUM(total_amount) AS total_amount

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY YEAR(date)

AS prev ON curr.year = prev.year + 1;
```

-- Revenue percentage contribution by year

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year,

SUM(total amount) AS revenue,

ROUND((SUM(total_amount) / (SELECT SUM(total_amount) FROM sales_analysis WHERE YEAR(date) IN (2021,2022,2023, 2024))) * 100, 2) AS revenue_percentage

FROM sales analysis

WHERE YEAR(date) IN (2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

GROUP BY YEAR(date)

ORDER BY year;



-- Total profit

SELECT SUM(profit) AS Total_Profit FROM sales_analysis;

-- Total profit by year

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, SUM(profit) AS Total Profit

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY year;

-- Total profit by product category and year

SELECT product_category, SUM(profit) AS Total_Profit, YEAR(date) AS year

FROM sales analysis

GROUP BY product category, year;

-- Profit percentage contribution by year

SELECT YEAR(date) AS year,

SUM(profit) AS revenue,

ROUND((SUM(profit) / (SELECT SUM(profit) FROM sales_analysis WHERE YEAR(date) IN (2021,2022,2023, 2024))) * 100, 2) AS Profit_Percentage FROM sales_analysis

WHERE YEAR(date) IN (2021, 2022, 2023, 2024)

GROUP BY YEAR(date)

ORDER BY year;

```
-- Profit growth rate year-over-year
SELECT curr.year AS current_year,
   ROUND(((curr.profit - prev.profit) / NULLIF(prev.profit, 0)) * 100, 2) AS
profit_growth_rate
FROM (
  SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, SUM(profit) AS profit
  FROM sales_analysis
  GROUP BY YEAR(date)
) AS curr
JOIN (
  SELECT YEAR(date) AS year, SUM(profit) AS profit
  FROM sales_analysis
  GROUP BY YEAR(date)
) AS prev ON curr.year = prev.year + 1;
10. Payment Analysis
-- Total customers by payment type
SELECT payment, COUNT(customer_id) AS total_customers
FROM sales_analysis
GROUP BY payment
ORDER BY total_customers DESC;
-- Payment type by product category
SELECT product_category, payment, COUNT(customer_id) AS total_customers
FROM sales_analysis
GROUP BY payment, product category
ORDER BY payment DESC;
```

-- Percentage usage of each payment method

SELECT payment,

COUNT(*) AS payment usage,

ROUND((COUNT(*) / (SELECT COUNT(*) FROM sales analysis)) * 100, 2) AS usage_percentage

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY payment;



(Customer Type Analysis

-- Total customers by type

SELECT customer_type, COUNT(customer_id) AS customers

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY customer type;

-- Customer type by product category

SELECT product category, customer type, COUNT(customer id) AS customers

FROM sales analysis

GROUP BY customer type, product category

ORDER BY customer_type;



12. Customer Satisfaction

-- Overall average customer satisfaction

SELECT AVG(customer_satisfication) AS avg_customer_satisfication FROM sales_analysis;

-- Average satisfaction by product category

SELECT product_category, ROUND(AVG(customer_satisfication), 2) AS avg_customer_satisfication

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY product_category;

-- Average satisfaction by customer type

SELECT customer_type, ROUND(AVG(customer_satisfication), 2) AS avg_customer_satisfication

FROM sales_analysis

GROUP BY customer_type;