Week 4 Report

Name: Bharath Rajashekar

USN: 1DT21CG008

College: Dayananda Sagar Academy of Technology and Management

Superset ID: 5099403

Overview

This report details my learning and hands-on experience with ServiceNow scripting. The primary focus was on practical application, enabling efficient development and customization within the ServiceNow platform. The knowledge gained extends beyond theoretical concepts, emphasizing real-world scenarios for effective workflow automation and user experience improvement.

1. Introduction to ServiceNow Scripting

The learning journey began with an overview of ServiceNow, emphasizing its role as a powerful IT Service Management (ITSM) platform. Scripting in ServiceNow allows for significant automation and customization, enabling the modification of default functionality to meet complex business requirements.

- **Purpose**: Scripting enhances the ability to automate processes, customize workflows, and implement complex business logic.
- **Importance**: Custom scripts allow developers to tailor ServiceNow to meet specific business needs, moving beyond standard out-of-the-box functionality.

2. Client-Side Scripting

Client-side scripting is used to interact with the user interface (UI) in the browser. It plays a crucial role in enhancing user experience by enabling real-time interaction with forms and fields.

- **Definition**: Code that runs directly in the user's browser, affecting the form's behavior based on user inputs or conditions.
- Types of Client-Side Scripts:
 - UI Policies: Used to make dynamic changes to forms, such as showing/hiding fields or making them mandatory based on user inputs.
 - Client Scripts: Scripts that execute in real-time to validate data, modify fields, or interact with form elements.
- Use Cases:

- Show or hide fields dynamically based on dropdown selections.
- o Populate default values when specific conditions are met.
- Real-time validation of field inputs before submitting the form.

• Best Practices:

- Minimize script execution time to preserve browser performance.
- o Keep client scripts as lightweight as possible to ensure quick loading times.
- o Avoid heavy processing on the client side, which may degrade the user experience.

3. Server-Side Scripting

Server-side scripting is executed on the server, handling backend processes like data manipulation and enforcing business logic.

• **Definition**: Code that runs on the server to manipulate records, enforce business rules, and manage backend processes.

• Types of Server-Side Scripts:

- Business Rules: Automated scripts that run when records are created, updated, or deleted. They ensure data integrity and enforce business logic.
- Script Includes: Reusable server-side scripts that can be invoked from other scripts.
 These modular scripts promote efficient and maintainable code.
- Scheduled Jobs: Scripts scheduled to run at predefined intervals, often used to automate routine tasks such as notifications, reporting, or maintenance activities.

• Use Cases:

- o Automatically assign incoming requests to specific teams or individuals.
- Create notifications based on changes in incident status.
- Execute complex queries to retrieve or modify data across multiple records.

• Best Practices:

- Use server-side scripts judiciously to maintain system performance.
- Implement proper error handling to ensure smooth execution of background processes.
- Modularize code using Script Includes to promote reuse and maintainability.

4. Access Control Rules (ACLs)

Access Control Rules (ACLs) ensure that users only have access to the data they are authorized to view or modify, maintaining security and confidentiality.

• **Purpose**: To enforce strict control over data access, ensuring that only authorized users can interact with certain records or fields.

• Components of ACLs:

- o Roles: Define user permissions, specifying which roles have access to certain data.
- Conditions: Logical rules that determine when access should be allowed or denied based on specific criteria.
- Scripts: Custom scripts can be integrated into ACLs to handle more complex access conditions.

Importance:

- Protects sensitive data from unauthorized access.
- Essential for compliance with data privacy regulations, particularly in environments handling confidential information.

5. Script Includes and Libraries

Script Includes are reusable code modules that can be invoked across multiple scripts. This approach allows for cleaner, more efficient, and maintainable code.

• **Definition**: A Script Include is a reusable function or library of functions that can be accessed by other scripts in ServiceNow.

• Use Cases:

- o Performing complex calculations that are needed in multiple locations.
- Shared utility functions that process data across different business rules or client scripts.

• Best Practices:

- Organize script includes logically by grouping related functions together.
- o Keep scripts modular and reusable to minimize duplication.
- o Document code properly to ensure maintainability by other developers.

6. Integrations with External Systems

ServiceNow's integration capabilities allow for seamless communication with third-party systems, enabling a unified IT infrastructure.

- Purpose: To extend ServiceNow's functionality by interacting with external applications and services.
- Techniques Used:

- REST and SOAP APIs: ServiceNow's APIs allow for data exchange with external systems via REST and SOAP protocols.
- HTTP Requests: Scripts can make API calls to send or retrieve data from external systems, handling JSON or XML responses effectively.

• Real-World Scenarios:

- o Integrating with a Customer Relationship Management (CRM) system to automate ticket creation and updates.
- Exchanging data with other IT service management platforms for multi-system synchronization.

7. Debugging and Testing Scripts

Effective debugging and testing are critical for ensuring scripts function as intended without causing issues in production.

Debugging Tools:

 ServiceNow provides built-in debugging tools such as the script debugger, which allows developers to identify and resolve issues within their code.

• Testing Best Practices:

- Test scripts in different environments (e.g., development, testing, production) using ServiceNow's update sets.
- Create test cases for scripts to validate their functionality under various conditions.
- Use version control to manage changes and track script updates over time.

• Logging and Error Handling:

- Implement effective logging practices to track script execution and capture errors for easier troubleshooting.
- Use structured error handling to ensure smooth execution and minimal impact on users.

Hands-On Exercises

- **Interactive Learning**: The exercises focused on solving real-world issues that developers face in ServiceNow scripting.
- **Collaborative Coding**: Peer-to-peer coding sessions helped foster teamwork and problem-solving skills.
- **Challenge Scenarios**: Realistic business scenarios were presented, requiring the application of learned concepts to develop robust solutions.

Hands-on tutorial 2

1. Agenda Overview

- Definition of ServiceNow: Explanation of ServiceNow as a cloud-based platform.
- Core Features: Overview of ServiceNow's essential features.
- Access to Free Instances: Information on obtaining free ServiceNow instances.
- Career Opportunities: Exploration of career prospects with ServiceNow expertise.
- Components and Modules: Breakdown of ServiceNow's various modules.
- Development and Scripting: Insights into development processes and scripting within ServiceNow.

2. What is ServiceNow?

- **Cloud-Based Platform**: ServiceNow operates as a cloud-based platform, allowing access from anywhere with an internet connection.
- **Platform as a Service (PaaS)**: Provides a platform for building applications with minimal coding, focusing on customization and workflow creation.
- **Cloud Features**: Utilizes cloud storage, security, and global accessibility.

4. Services Provided by ServiceNow

- IT Service Management (ITSM): Core module encompassing Incident Management, Problem Management, and Change Management. Used by approximately 95% of organizations.
- **Human Resource Management (HRM)**: Manages HR activities such as onboarding and offboarding.
- **Governance, Risk, and Compliance (GRC)**: Focuses on security and compliance, particularly for banking and finance sectors.
- **Financial Operations Management**: Aids financial institutions with risk analysis and compliance.
- Integration and Asset Management: Facilitates integration with third-party systems and tracks IT assets.
- Business Management: Manages and monitors business operations.

5. Free ServiceNow Instances

- Access: Register at <u>developer.servicenow.com</u> to obtain free instances.
- Registration Steps: Instructions for signing up, creating a development environment, and starting application development.
- **Instance Expiration**: Personal instances go dormant after 10 days of inactivity but can be reactivated if inactive for less than 24 hours.

6. Becoming a ServiceNow Developer

- Qualifications: Recommended but not restricted to a bachelor's degree. Non-IT professionals, including those from diverse fields, can also pursue ServiceNow.
- **Basic Knowledge**: Familiarity with JavaScript or other scripting languages is advantageous but not required. ServiceNow uses a proprietary scripting language called Glide.
- **Learning Path**: Covers necessary modules and components, enabling proficiency in ServiceNow without prior coding experience.

7. Hands-On Experience

- **App Engine Studio**: Instructions for creating applications using App Engine Studio, which supports no-code development.
- Personal Instances: Demonstrates how to navigate and develop applications on personal ServiceNow instances.

8. Key Takeaways

- **Cloud-Based Platform**: ServiceNow facilitates building and managing applications in a secure cloud environment.
- **Minimal Coding Required**: Allows creation of workflows and applications with minimal coding, accessible to non-technical professionals.
- **Comprehensive Services**: Offers a wide range of modules, including ITSM, HRM, GRC, and more.
- Free Access: Provides opportunities to practice and develop skills using free instances.
- **Career Growth**: Proficiency in ServiceNow can lead to various career opportunities in IT service management, HR operations, risk management, and business operations.

9. Conclusion

ServiceNow is a critical tool for organizations transitioning to cloud-based services. Mastery
of the platform can significantly enhance career prospects. The structured learning approach,
free access to instances, and practical experience make it a valuable skill for both IT and nonIT professionals.