# **AWS Infrastructure Project Walkthrough**

## 1. VPC Setup

- **Region**: Choose any AWS region (e.g., *us-east-1*).
- Create VPC:
  - o CIDR block: 10.0.0.0/16
  - o Enable DNS hostnames and DNS resolution.
- Attach Internet Gateway (IGW):
  - Create IGW and attach it to the VPC.

### 2. Subnet Configuration

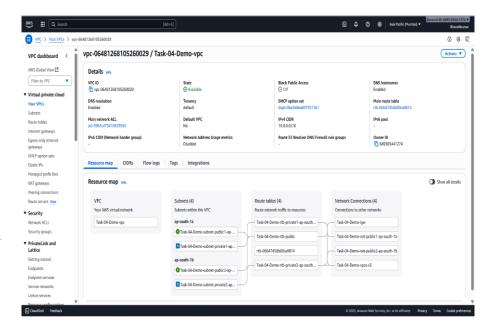
- Public Subnets:
  - o 10.0.1.0/24 (e.g., *us-east-la*)
  - o 10.0.2.0/24 (e.g., *us-east-1b*)
  - o Enable auto-assign public IP.
- Private Subnets:
  - o 10.0.3.0/24 (e.g., *us-east-1a*)
  - o 10.0.4.0/24 (e.g., *us-east-1b*)

### 3. Routing Setup

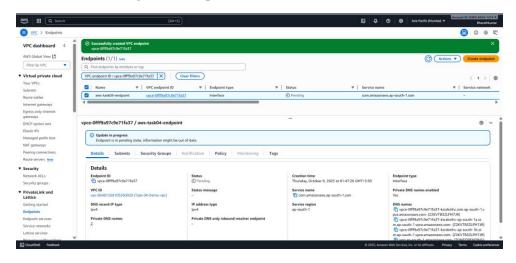
- Public Route Table:
  - Obstination:  $0.0.0.0/0 \rightarrow \text{Target: IGW}$
  - o Associate with public subnets.
- Private Route Table:
  - Destination:
    0.0.0.0/0 →
    Target: NAT
    Gateway
  - Associate with private subnets.

## 4. NAT Gateway

- Create Elastic IP.
- Launch NAT Gateway in one public subnet.
- Attach it to the private route table.



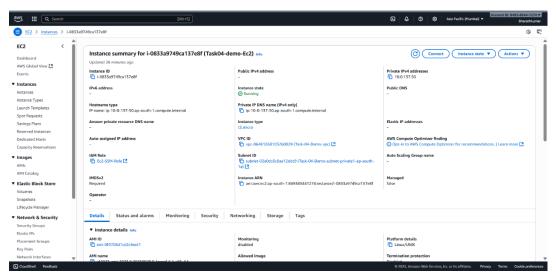
### **Creating VPC Endpoint**



**EC2 Instance Setup (Private Subnet)** 

### 5. Launch Linux EC2

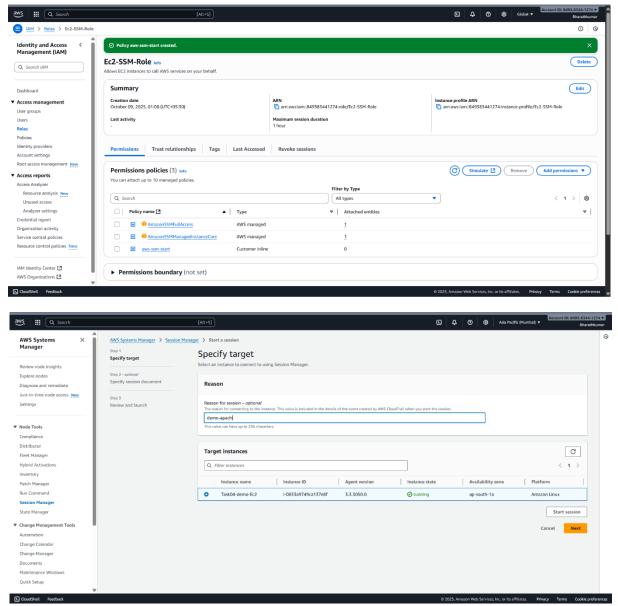
- AMI: Amazon Linux 2
- Subnet: Private (e.g., 10.0.3.0/24)
- IAM Role: Attach **SSM-enabled role** (e.g., Ec2-SSM-Role)
  - o Policies: AmazonSSMManagedInstanceCore, AmazonEC2ReadOnlyAccess
- Security Group:
  - o Inbound: Allow HTTP (port 80) and ICMP (ping) from anywhere
  - o Outbound: Allow all



6. Login via

### **Systems Manager**

• Use Session Manager in AWS Systems Manager to connect to EC2 without SSH



• Start the session

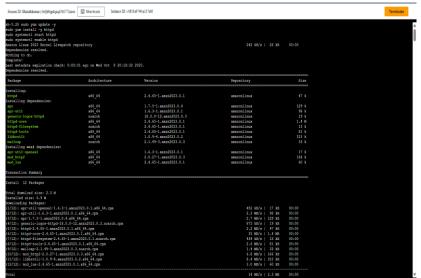
# 7. Install Apache Web Server

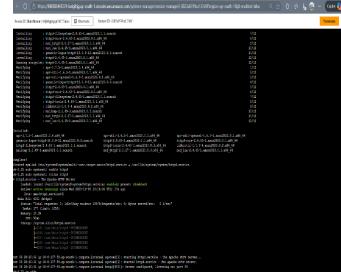
bash

sudo yum update -y sudo yum install httpd -y sudo systemctl start httpd sudo systemctl enable httpd ✓ Verify Apache is running:

bash

sudo systemctl status httpd





# **Backup & Restore**

### 8. Create AMI Backup

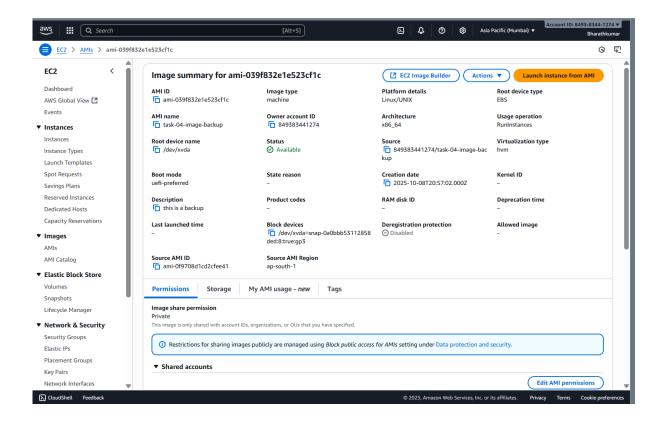
- Go to EC2  $\rightarrow$  Actions  $\rightarrow$  Create Image
- Name: tdk-ami-image-backup
- Wait for AMI to be available.

### 9. Terminate EC2

• Terminate the original EC2 instance.

### 10. Restore EC2 from AMI

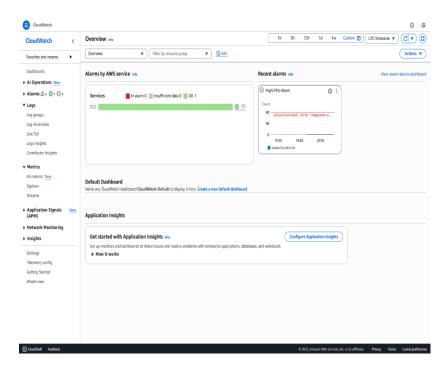
- Launch new EC2 using the created AMI.
- Use same VPC, subnet, security group, and IAM role.
- Confirm Apache is running after restore.



# **Monitoring Setup**

#### 11. Create CloudWatch Alarm

- **Metric**: CPUUtilization for EC2
- Threshold: > 80% for 5 minutes
- Alarm Name: High-CPU-Alarm
- Actions:
  - Create SNS topic (e.g., High-CPU-SNS)
  - Subscribe your email to the topic
  - Attach SNS topic to alarm



## 12. Verify Alarm

- Go to CloudWatch → Alarms
- Confirm alarm is in **OK** state

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• Simulate high CPU to test alarm trigger

### **Final Notes**

- This project demonstrates secure, scalable, and monitored infrastructure.
- No SSH keys or bastion hosts required—SSM ensures secure access.
- Backup and restore via AMI ensures resilience.
- CloudWatch + SNS provides proactive alerting.

