

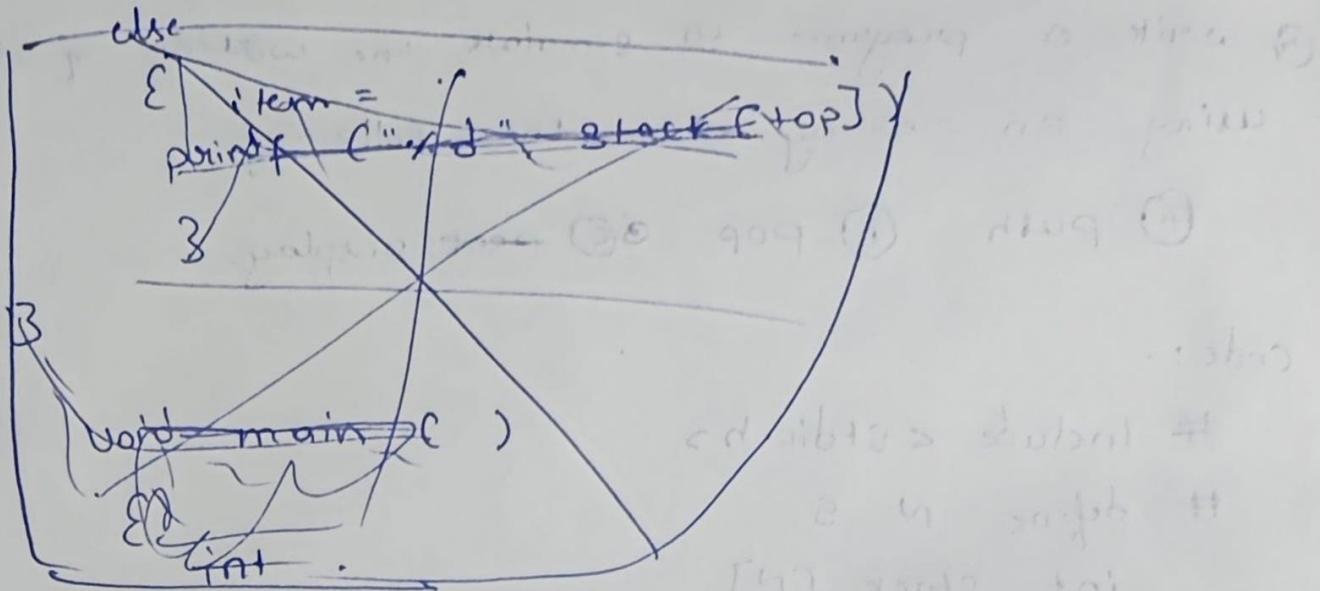
- ⑦ write a program to simulate the working of stack using an array with the following
 ① push ② pop ③ peek, display.

code:-

```
#include <stdio.h>
#define N 5
int stack[N];
int top = -1;

void push()
{
    int x;
    printf("Enter the element to be pushed");
    scanf("%d", &x);
    if (top == N - 1)
        printf("Stack overflow");
    else
        top++;
    stack[top] = x;
}

void pop()
{
    int item;
    if (top == -1)
        "Underflow";
    else
        item = stack[top];
        top--;
        printf("Popped element is %d", item);
}
```



else

۳

~~item = stack [top];~~ now b10v

Top - - :

```
printf("%d, item);
```

3

```
void expect ( ) { do it () } } } } } } } } } }
```

{ if (top == -1)

{ "underflow"

3
class

printf ("%d", stack [top])

3

3

() 909

giov

```

Void main ( )
{
    int a;
    printf ("Enter choice ; 1. push 2.pop 3.peek
            4. display");
    scanf ("%d", &a);
    switch (a)
    {
        case 1 : push ();
                    break;
        case 2 : pop ();
                    break;
        case 3 : peek ();
                    break;
        case 4 : if (top == -1)
                    printf ("stack is empty");
                else
                    for (int i = top; i > 0; i--)
                        printf ("%d", stack[i]);
                    break;
        default : printf ("invalid choice");
                    break;
    }
}

```

O/P

Enter choice :

1. push
2. pop
3. peek
4. display
5. Exit

y

Enter the elements to be pushed : 4

Enter Choice :

2.

The removed element is: 4

Enter choice :

3

stack is empty

Enter choice - (q) : p

(programmer) : 4

stack is empty

26. Enter choice of = (n) : 16

5

(16) : Exiting "b.v" program

8

; ended

; (b.v) b.linux) ; writing : userfb

names