

SRM Institute of Science and Technology
DEPARTMENT OF MATHEMATICS
ASSIGNMENT-1

Subject Code: 18MAB302T

Subject: Discrete Mathematics

Chapter-I Sets, Relations and Functions

PART-B

1. Prove that $(A - B) \cap (C - B) = \phi$ analytically.
2. If R is the relation on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$ such that $(a, b) \in R$ iff $a + b$ is even, find the relation matrix M_R , $M_{R^{-1}}$ and M_{R^2} .
3. If $f(x) = x + 2$, $g(x) = x - 2$ for $x \in R$ then prove that $f \circ g = g \circ f$.
4. If $f, g : R \rightarrow R$, where $f(x) = ax + b$, $g(x) = 1 - x + x^2$ and $(g \circ f)(x) = 9x^2 - 9x + 3$, find the values of a, b .
5. Verify whether the given relation R on the set $A = \{a, b, c, d\}$ is an equivalence relation or not justify your answer $R = \{(a, a), (a, c), (a, d), (b, b), (c, a), (c, c), (d, a), (d, d)\}$.
6. Find the matrix representation of $R \cup S$ and $R \cap S$ where $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 3), (2, 2)\}$ and $S = \{(1, 2), (1, 3), (2, 1), (2, 2), (3, 3)\}$ are the relations defined on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3\}$.

PART-C

1. State and prove Demorgan's Law of set theory.
2. If A, B and C are sets then prove the statement $(A \cap B) - C = (A - C) \cap (B - C)$ analytically.
3. If R is a relation on the set of positive integers such that $(a, b) \in R$ if and only if $a^2 + b$ is even, prove that R is an equivalence relation.
4. If R is a relation on the set of integers such that $(a, b) \in R$ if and only if $a^m = b$ for some positive integer m , show that R is partial ordering.
5. Let $R = \{(1, 1), (1, 3), (1, 5), (2, 3), (2, 4), (3, 3), (3, 5), (4, 2), (4, 4), (5, 4)\}$ be a relation on the set $A = \{1, 2, 3, 4, 5\}$. Find the transitive closure using Warshall's algorithm.
6. Show that the composition of invertible function is invertible.
7. Draw the Digraph and Hasse diagram for the divisibility relation on $\{2, 4, 5, 10, 12, 20, 25\}$.
8. If $f : Z \rightarrow N$ is defined by $f(x) = \begin{cases} 2x - 1 & \text{if } x > 0 \\ -2x & \text{if } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$. Prove that f is bijective.
9. If $f : R \rightarrow R$ defined by $f = \{(x, y) | ax + by = c, b \neq 0\}$ determine whether f is invertible if so find inverse.
10. Prove that R is an equivalence relation where aRb iff $3a + b$ is a multiple of 4.