	✓ Congratulations! You passed! 10 PAGE 27% or higher	Keep Learning	100
	Functions LATGET EXPRESSION GRADES		
	LATES SUBMISSION GRADE 100% Try again		
	Consider the following Python function definition: def cake_root(val):	1/19	aint
ow l	Feedback Civen number, return the cube root of the number return vol ** (2 / 3)		
	Which of the expression below is a valid call to the function cube_root?		
	cube_root.value(1.0) cube_root(1.0)		
	(cube_root "1.0"		
	√ Carrect		
	Correct.		
	 Running the following program results in the error SyntaxError: bad input on line 5 ('return'). 	1/19	aint
	Which of the following describes the problem?		
	1 def mom_sf_X(whil, whiZ): 2		
	5 return voiz 7 def mm_ef_[(vol1, vol2, vol3); 8 return mm_ef_[(vol1, mm_ef_((vol2, vol3))]		
	0		
	Maspelled function name Masing colon		
	Incorrect indentation Minopelled variable name		
	Misspelled keyword Wrong number of arguments in function call		
	Extra parenthenis Missing parenthesis		
	✓ Connect		
	Correct. The else clause of the function definition for max_of_2() should be indented, but it not.	: ins	
	The following code has a number of syntactic errors in it. The intended math calculations are correct, so the only errors are syntactic. Fix these errors.	1/1p	aint
	Once the code has been fully corrected, it should print out two numbers. The first should be 1,00688451155, Submit the second number printed in <u>CodeSkulptor</u> . Make sure that you enter least four digits after the decimal point.	rat	
	Heast rour ought after the decimal point. define project to distance(point, x point, y distance): dist_to_origin = (pointx * 2 + point, y distance): scale = distance / dist_to_origin = (pointx * 2 + pointy * 2) * 0.5 scale = distance / dist_to_origin = (pointx * 2) * 0.5 project pointx * scale, pointx, y scale		
	1 scole == distance / dist_tso_origin 4 price point, "* scole, point, y * scole 5 project-to-distance(2, 7, 4)		
	1.846095793563233		
	✓ Correct Correct.		
	A. A common error for beginning programmers is to confuse the behavior of print statements a return statements.	nd 1/1p	ains
	return statements. • print statements can appear anywhere in your program and print a specified value(s) in the console. Note that execution of your Python program continues onward to the following		
	conside. Note that execution of your Python program continues onward to the following statement. Remember that executing a print statement inside a function definition does n return a value from the function.	not	
	 return statements appear inside functions. The value associated with the return stateme substituted for the expression that called the function. Note that executing a return state terminates execution of the function definition immediately. Any statements in the function 	nt is ment	
	terminates execution of the function definition immediately. Any statements in the function definition following the return statement are ignored. Execution of your Python code result with the execution of the statement after the function call.	nes	
	As an example to illustrate these points, consider the following piece of code: 1 def do_stuff(): 2 ***		
	3 Example of print vs. return		
	print("Malto morie") return "Is it over yet?" print("Comby crust morid") print("Go, stuff())		
	Note that this code calls the function do_stuff in the last print statement. The definition of do_stuff includes two print statements and one return statement.		
	Which of the following is the console output that results from executing this piece of code? Will it trivial to solve this question by outling and pasting this code into Codeskulptor, we suggest tyou first attempt this question by attempting to execute this code in your mind.	nile it that	
	you first attempt this question by attempting to execute this code in your mind. 1 Helio world 2 Is it over yet? 3 Goodye creat world!		
	S to it over yet and a S Coolbye creat world!		
	Theiloworld I Helloworld I is to over yet? Goodbye creat world! I is to over yet?		
	3 Goodbys crust world! 4 Is it over yet?		
	1 Helto morld 2 Is it over yet?		
	1 Metto world		
	✓ Connect		
	I trademontale probabilist forming (In) — 5-3 : 67-3 : 67 as States forming Through	ne 1/1p	
	5. Implement the mathematical function $f(x)=-5x^3+67x^2-47$ as a Python function. Then to python to compute the function values $f(0)$, $f(1)$, $f(2)$, and $f(3)$. Inter the maximum (largest these four values calculated below.		
	A common error for this question is to fall to read the directions above carefully and submit yo answer in the incorrect form. As a coder, always remember to note exactly what answers your (and quiz questions) should produce.	sur code	
	61		
	✓ Correct		
	When investing money, an important concept to know is compound interest.	1/1p	aint
	The equation $FV = PV(1+rate)^{proinh}$ relates the following four quantities.		
	 The present value (PF) of your money is how much money you have now. The future value (FF) of your money is how much money you will have in the future. 		
	 The nominal interest rate per period (rate) is how much interest you earn during a particulal length of time, before accounting for compounding. This is typically expressed as a percente The number of periods (periods) is how many periods in the future this calculation is for. 	ge.	
	Finish the following code, run it, and submit the printed number. Provide at least four digits of precision after the decimal point.		
	1 def future_volue[present_volue, annual_rate, periods_per_year, years): 2 3		
	4 Output: future volue based on formula given in question 5 "" 6 rets_per_period = onnual_rote / periods_per_year 7 periods_per_year " years 9 years		
	9 # Put your code here. 18 11		
	38 11 12 print(*51880 at 2% compounded doily for 4 years yields 5*, future_value(1880,85, 365, 43)]		
	Before submitting your answer, test your function on the following example. future_value(500, .04, 10, 10) should return 745.317442E24		
	Hint: If you are stuck on this question, try working problem 7 of the Practice Exercises for Func	tions.	
	1083.2846/3430586 ✓ Connect		
	 For this final question, your task is to find the formula for a simple geometric problem using G and then implement that formula in Python. While you may think that it is silly that we don't; 	oogle 1/1p	ains
	give you the formula, scripting in Python often requires one to do a substantial amount of sea for information. This question requires you to practice this important task.	rching	
		one of mula pute a	
	square root of a number in Python by raising that number to the 0.5 power using the ** opera As a test, your area function should return an area of 1.72205000757 for an equilateral triangle sides of langth 2. Now, use this function to compute the area of equilateral triangle with sides langth 3. Enter this area as a number (and not the units) with a least four digits of epocision at		
	sides of length 2. Now, use this function to compute the area of equilateral triangle with sides length 5. Enter this area as a number (and not the units) with at least four digits of precision at the decimal point.	ter	
	10.82531754730548		
	✓ Correct		